JOSHUA HOBSON.

as this fellow's gullet is, I prois mised him a bolus this week, which even his ap spacious swallow could not gulp. This man ep espanse ventured upon a number of assertions, as has viewhich I shall analyse, and as to all of the which I will leave the reader to draw his own condusions. There are some unintentional admisdons, both with regard to himself and "THE 10 gous KY BOY," so truly characteristic of their then and now positions, that I will leave them as written, merely wishing to impress them more forcibly upon the memory. As to this man-Joshua Hobson-I have learned, since my visit to Manchester, that William Rider was perfectly correct when he asserted

that the most humble man in that meeting rould feel himself disgraced by associating this fellow is trying to play the same part as one penny of outlay during that period. regards me, since his dismissal from my serrice, that he played to his old associates-the Socialists-when they dismissed him as printer

by' the whole of his salary. of the New Moral World, for his MODE. 20.-In May, 1840, O'Connor was sent to York Castle. RATE CHARGES. This fellow mistakes Before he was "brought up for judgment," he went round manning for ability, and reiteration of falseto all the Vorkshire and Lancashire agents, and scoured

hood for confirmation. However, not to waste them out of money. All that he could prevail upon to time with him, I shall proceed to the work of advance did so, He got £490. from One agent in advance, and good thumping sums from others. demolition at once, while, meantime, I could well afford to admit every one of his assertions at math, merely meeting them with the admitted position of himself and "The Lucky Boy;" and whose interesting narrative I shall give at foot, as the biography of Mr John Ardill written hy the biography of Mr John well afford to admit every one of his assertions

Ardill, written by the biographer who was the rupt; on the contrary, it from the first was a preperty; found against me at me, and until for the first time, I got hold of purpose. You had to go several times. Around, writed by the biographer who was the object of the two letters published in the Star of the Soth October, 1847, containing John's repudiation of community when "the payments are all on one side—as in the case of insurance, gas, and coals—or partially so— srent" 11 money, we also knew that he took plenty away. What he did with it is easily known to bimseld. Our jurnise s rent" !!

I do hope that every man, every woman, involved from his election contests; and that he was and every little child will preserve this interesting biography of "The Lucky Boy," and hand it down to posterity as a proof of the value without saving that for all the alendars and that hand it down to posterity as a proof of the value of the re-productive principle. For myself, I can only say, that such is its value, that, but for the pleasure of giving it a more extensive cir-onlation than it could possibly have through was a large balance of any company formed for any purpose within the solution that is, the Examiner of the 13th-of any company formed for any purpose within the solution to a solution of the solution of the solution of the solution that is, the Examiner of the 13th-or solution of the solution of the solution of the solution that is, the Examiner of the solution of the solution of the solution to solution of the solution of the solution of the solution that is, the Examiner of the solution of the solution the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution that is, the Examiner of the solution of the solution to solution of the solution of the solution that is, the examiner of the solution of the solution to solution of the solution of the solution to solution of the solution of the solution that is, the examiner of the solution of the solution that is, the examiner of the solution of the solution that is, the examiner of the solution of the solution that is, the examiner of the solution of the solution the solution of the sol

portions.

the pleasure of giving it a more extensive cir-orlation than it could possibly have through through the pleasure a proceeding! The letters of spology and retractation, in his own handwriting, are on my table the columns of the expiring Manchester Exa- whilet I write. miner, I should not have condescended to I now proceed to answer those twenty-four notice the ridiculous rubbish mixed up with

threats, guesses, and assertions, seriatim. this interesting narrative; but it would be a 1.-I wish Mr Hobson joy. He signed the pity that the world should lose such an inte-deed the week before last in Manchester, and resting sketch of so interesting a youth, so has, thereby, made himself particeps criminis, a tion of such prospectuses and advertisements has been pirewd a calculator, so temperate a mechanic, participator in the crime attachable by law to found to be very burdensome to the promoters of such and so stalwart a worker. Oh, that he had the registered shareholders, and, therefore, companies, and it is desirable to relieve such promoters lived in the days of Ossian! and that poet of poets would have characterised him as "Shane with the strong arm, with 2 cool head and calfendant in any suit or action brought against malating brain," who ever attached himself to the Company. So that Mr Hobson has renpromising speculations and undertakings, and dered himself liable for all the legal penalties. always abandoned them when they foretold How the wicked are sometimes caught in their dissolution. John's association with Josh. own trap! very forcibly reminds me of the quaint old

880g :---Where have you been all the day, My boy Johnny ? iy pay, My good Jossy. Was it brass or was it gold, My boy Johnny 1 It was brass and it was gold, But the sum it can't be told. My good Jonsy.



LONDON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1847.

Star first saw the light, amidst difficulties and hair- held to an indefinite period, upon the plea that with the Northern Star, nor had I time to after Josh., who borrowed 10% to bring him to have twisted so horribly to bear against me. 15 .- In a few weeks I offered John Ardill a home with myself, if he would come into my shop in the day-time and aid me there. He accepted the offer; joined my discussed. This was sent to me from the office with Sheridan, "That a lie is as good as the of type called Long Primer, useful to printers, with the said Joshua Hobson. "Like case, family hearth; had bed and board' with me till he got in print, and I put it behind the fire. The truth as long as it lasts." The rule," is a very good legal maxim, and married in November 1841; his living not costing him machinery at Harmony having failed, this cunning boy' worked heaven and earth to im-Shertly after he had joined my table, Mr O'Connor ngaged him as bookkeeper and cashier for the Star. Through our arrangement, John was enabled to 'put

12-By the thousands of others, of course, deed, and which assertion is answered in my

of any company formed for any purpose within the meaning of the said Act, are, amongst other things, required to return to the Office for the Registration of Joint-Stock companies a copy of every prospectus; handbill, or circular, or advertisement, or other such docu-

ment, at any time addressed to the public, or to the subscribers or others, relative to the formation or when Mr Hebson proceeds, he must proceed from the necessity thereof, and in lieu thereof to substi-

> repealed 14 .-- My friends, it is really past patience to have the task of commenting upon this fellow's ignorance. imposed upon one whose

2.—There were about sixteen columns of his time is precious. Read the 77th clause of the ber the same page being printed twice over in of my statements. For the present I content myself with solely to accommodate Mr. Ardill and "unmitigated rubbish," but the Conference cut Act-and here it is to refresh your memory :--- the same number ; they will remember the four the extracts that correspondent gave. They fully bear me and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, and five column leaders of rubbish about Odd out-and expose the xNAVE who could write they as he did, YOURSELF, that you went all your journies, they were all your jour out all the absurdities about births, deaths, fal for any person to commence or prosecute any Fellows, the Grey Family, Tulips, and other sub-

the mind of the Trades was not sufficiently ma- traverse Lancashire and Yorkshire. Now Leeds, started a splendid printing establish- Mr Ardill explained that his affairs had tured and informed upon the subjects to be what do you think. of this gabey? He thinks ment ; and, curious to say, animmense quantity

si, -Nay more; one house in Manchester (which you of the Pernvian Inca, who was mercifully tatoes, hay, and stock; came to Manchester charging me 12s, 6d for going there (ten miles

you a laugh at this fellow's knobstick law, I ment of my accounts, when I came out of York the office the first night the Star was printed, -belt correct or incorrect -was, that he was deeply would, content myself with referring you to Castle, it would appear as if I owed over without my engaging him at all, and remained the clause itself, and to the able treatise of 4,0001. when I was put in there.

in my favour at the end of each month, while and from which I undertake to convict him of conduct towards you. He allowed you to there's not a single entry in the cash book of a piece of monstrous villany, such as the retain money you had in your hands beone fraction advanced by Ardill, or Hobson, or greatest fiend would blush at. any man living but myself. In very truth it To conclude my observations upon Hobson's Now you well know that of the entire of was in constant jeopardy, from the very first letter in the Examiner of the 6th of November, hour of this gentleman's connection with it, and I must only say, that I wish him extreme joy, if and purposely kept so. You know that fication of such company: And whereas the registra- from the hour that I got rid of my staff to the he is still proud of his connexion with Mr present hour the Star has been a profitable Ardill, after reading his two 'community' letters

against himself, as I would make him a co-de- tute the provisions herein-after contained; beit, there- ral management of the Star from the week villany practised by Mr Hobson in the Ea- TO TELL ME. You know that the account fore enacted, that so much of the said Act as is lastly that it came to London till the week that aminer of last Saturday. He says :herein-before recited shall be and the same is hereby Messrs Ardill and Hobson left the establish-

PRICE FIVEPENCE or

and which was only used for the Star up to 21.-Now for a finisher. In October, 1839, the 9th of March, 1838, (four months after said "I must either force the payment of there was a large bill due to Messrs Wrigley its establishment) vanished from my side of the the monies due to me, or sell my property, pose the Socialist leaders as managers of the and Co., for paper, as the winding up of my street to Josh.'s side of the street. In 1840, I to enable me to meet the engagements I am National Trades' affair. money to meet this bill, in order that the Star | that, as well as I remember, cost me 100 guineas. this fellow means all who have signed the SHOULD NOT BE CRIPPLED, I went to When I wanted to purchase new type for the Ireland in October, 1839 ; thrashed out my Star, I made a contract myself, and purchased reply to proposition No. 1. 13.—This is the funniest relief ever offered at ten per cent. under the value, upon condi-to parties looking for relief. It reminds me tion of receiving ready money ; sold corn, po-other things which Josh. ordered in Bradford,

a barrister, printed in the "Labourer" for 22.-I have, shown, as far as the accounts till some time after the Star was established-

property, and, I think that this is the fitting published in the Star of the 6th inst., and I shall you asked to give security that I did not place to offer a comment or two upon the gene- now proceed to remark upon one single piece of know of it; and you even requested him Nor

was, with plenty of money of his own, (locked-up in your hands and in the hands of others); but yet unable to meet his own demands, and the demands that I had on him. It therefore became a serious question with him what he was to do. He consulted with you, and another mutual friend. By all three it was deemed the most advisable course to open a banking account FOR MR. ARDILL, so that money could be procured from thence, till Mr. Ardill could get his own out of the hands of his Pive Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter friends. It was at that conference that

words were used by Mr. Ardill, which you come to such a pass, that if he had not help from somewhere he must stop. He cannot be procured;" and he further explained that if such account could be opened, he would not press those who had his money for payment, but allow them to retain it to a more convenient season-you amongst the rest.

in your friendship for him; and that if you could serve him (and yourself) you would. there till the close; and I did not engage him Still you failed. You did not prevail on your friend to give the security asked for. longing to him.

> you, yourself, explained to the gentlemen was opened at another and a different bank

Messrs Ardill and Hobson left the establish-ment, and from that week to the present. The readers will remember that the delivery was late, four weeks in five; they will remem-ber the same page being printed twice over in the-by, Mr Ardill paid you lor); and now you would represent that the necessity was mine; and that you had endeavoured to do "Mr Ardill, who has been in my employment since the the favour for me. " Out upon you ! you The infamy of this affair consists in the hope that their doing that might possibly Now, my friends, need I say more? Have I not fully exposed " the knave who would write then as he did, knowing the facts to be untrue, or whe could say and write Now as he does, knowing the facts formerly put forth to be true Proved and word of programs add the Just allow me to ask you, what the most came. Here I print from the manuscript of Hobson; he writes a letter for me, in 1844. affords against the possibility of Ardill advanc. ing money for me; he speaks OF HIS LIA. BILITIES TO ME, and tells you how all his capital was ABSORBED in speculations ; and always bear in mind that Hobson writes the answer to Mr Hill's attack upon him. The above as ARDILL'S ANSWER, TO HILL. first is as though it was from your pen, we Perhaps there never appeared in print a thinking it would be more forcible in that more complete conviction of an accuser; yet, as shape; and the reply to the second edition, I am resolved to leave no part of this whole subject unravelled, I promise you a finish of this affair in next week's STAR, and with which I close, and in that I will not only analyse every one of this fellow's last assertions, but I will convict him, out of his own mouth, of high crimes and misdemeanours, and offences ; and promise him a revelation for which he is but I now approach your last "fact;" your little prepared. I have received numerous fess my utter want of words to describe your meanness; your unparalleled baseness, Scheme I spoilt, and who had much better mind their own affairs. There are a good treachery, and infamy. These are far be- MANY GOODDIES IN AND FROM

of John, of his relatives, his dependents, his office. abstinence, perseverance and strength; his

powers of calculation, his perception and divi- more true picture of my pecuniary resources, thriving clubs and speculations, wherein to staff, than I have given you myself, and all of derbuss? vest his funds, and not to be seduced by the

ubbish in the first Land Plan."

1 .-- I have called at the office of the Company to see the correspondence, but ' could not because Mr O'Connor and it,' and he had it because he conducted the corre-

4 .-- In the Northern Star, of June 13, 1846, there ap. pars in a letter from Mr O'Connor himself the following sutement. It is made in reference to this same Land Plan question, and the letter contains a statement of his liabilities' and ' assets.' which I shall often have to refer bere this discussion be closed. All I need at the present is the following :-- ' In October last, I was very hard preswhat Coupland told him, and I instantly wrote, ted for money; indeed I have always been so; and on

in 1839, to countermand the four-cylindered By return from the Continent I was served with a writ machine. It cost me from 701. to 801. to rein £22. 48, 6d.; the very first writ I was ever served with pair the new machine before it printed a paper, any life." 5 .- While in York Castle, he was served with a writ

and when Mr Lloyd found, in July or August, at the suit of Mr Lloyd, printing-machine maker, South-Castle, he proceeded against me for 700L, for pers who have been transformed into capi-Wirk, for the cost of a four-cylindered machine h ordered, and engaged to pay for parily before it was mady, and the remainder when ready. He could do neither : and the party with the writ was admitted into commenced ; and, knowing my chance against gainers.

paid.~

Mr Hobson, and if my very pliant editor paid

it, there is little doubt but he repaid himself,

as he brought me in a bill of two, three, and

his room at the eastle to . make service,' as is well the law, I paid Mr Lloyd 3007. to be let off known to the officials of the prison. 6 .- He was also, after his release from York Castle, this a dishonourable act? kired with a writ at the suit of Taylor, the medallist d'Birmingham, for payment for the medal struck in

moration of that incarceration. assured me that it had been paid, and, while 7.-Mr Dempsey, the reporter, of London, caused him be served with a summons for a balance of account due; and I had the 'pleasure' of settling the affair by

sying for O'Conner both debt and costs. 2.-On May 19th, 1842, Mr O'Connor wrote to a friend mine to pay £85. to his lawyers, Mesors Yates and furner, of Westminster, to save him from being articled in execution that very day; for he had given a ldge's order for the same, which was due. I have lyseen that letter, and Mr Turner's receipt for the 18; and Mr O'Connor has seen them also.

9.-On April 8th, 1844, Mr O'Connor again wrote to hat same friend, imploring him to pay £ 55, to the same clicitors, to save him from another arrest in execution ; hich letter and the receipt for the money I have also ttely seen ; and so has Mr O'Connor.

10.-In addition to all this, he was served with a writ the streets of Manchester, for a debt arising out of a Il transaction with the Mesers Hilton, formerly of Darten paper mills.

11.-In April, 1845, Mr O'Connor's present Land Plan theme; and a reference to the plan that resulted will tow that those weak points were not embodied in our

Betrades' delegates in the latter end of July, 1845. pointed Joshua Hobson, of Leeds, ACCOUNT require the payment of monies due to me, and nineteenth proposition, by which it appears ANT; (bless the mark !) as arbitrator upon his had for your "fine story. of Ardill and Hobson, the manuscript from 19-That act did and dees impose heavy penalties on these were the legal purposes to which my John gave his days to Hobson and his nights It was natural, therefore, that I should which my reply to Hill was printed, and if I ^{250ns} acting in contravention of it, or trying to evade part, and I appointed a gentleman upon my to me, and by an arrangement on the " commuinquire, and endeavour to learn what "it haven't been as good as my word, when I pres provisions; every one of which penalties Mr O' Connor 10.—This proceeding was taken by the soli-citor of the Manchester Bank, which stopped payment, having a bill of mine made payable to Messrs Hilton, papermakers, for between 4001. monies were applied. part, objecting to Mr Hobson, under any cires rendered both kimself and thousands of others liable to. cumstances, as well from incompetency as male-volence. It was then proposed to submit the accounts to Mr Richard Oastler, and to this I proves you to be the veriest rascal—the have convicted him out of his own mouth, for cumstances, as well from incompetency as male- was all about." I have inquired; and mised Josh. a belus that he wouldn't swallow. 13 .- The full extent of 'relief'is set forth above; and is very small relief indeed ! All the other penalties imain as they did, with some other new and additional acquiesced; but I am now resolved, as soon as most ungrateful and incomprehensible "MINE INEMY HATH WRITTEN A and 5001. I sent over 2001. in cash to Mr to put by the whole of that, by an arrange-14.-There is not one word of truth in the represen-Cleave's case is over, to submit them to a scoundrel on earth. thion, that the Attorney-General's consent must be had there proceedings can be taken under the Joint Stock Ardill, and Mr Ardill sent the balance in little ment made with his host Josh. 'Fore Gad, but BOOK." I remain, court of justice. Your faithful and unassailable friend, bills and notes that he had discounted for this Josh. has been a very hospitable fellow The "facts" are us follow :- That Mr "Depanies' Acts of 1841 and 1847. From the beginning ones and notes that he had discounted her firs Josh. has been a very hospitable fellow to the end of both acts, there is not a clause, a line, or a other parties, and which were not due, and at my expense; all I know is, that I put by "trd, that so provides, directs, or enacts. On the con-they are entered in my cash book as CASH nothing, and when Cleave's case is disposed of As to William Rider's slander and libel-as Ardill, who has been in my employ almost FEARGUS O'CONNOR. it is called-there was much of it I never ever since the Northern Star commenced, P.S.-Now, my friends, you must see the tax heard before, and he stated his willing-PAID on my account. Now, what does the I shall have to refresh the host's memory ness to take his oath as to the correctness had some money of his own unemployed, that the exposure of such villany imposes upon 17, the suing for the penalties is left as open as it by reader think of that dishonourable transaction, with a grateful return he received from his 13-In 1839, there was a balance due to him from with of £120. In July of that year, he (Mr O'Connor) Was tried at York; in May, 1849, he was sent to the the the hankrunts' estate was in July of that year, he was sent to the the the hankrunts' estate was in July of the was sent to the the the hankrunts' estate was in July of the was sent to the the the hankrunts' estate was in July of the day of the sent to the the the hankrunts' estate was in July of the day of ubility could be. and which he kindly lent to some of his both you and me-it monopolises my time, of his every assertion. I have now answered those several proposi- friends who could make use of it, you which may be more profitably employed for Ende, and in September, 1841, this man, who had a ing that the bankrupts' estate was indebted to able labyrinth into which this incompretions, and I'll make a flying commentary upon amongst the number. In process of time, Mr. you, and it imposes no small amount of trouble hensible ass has plunged himself. I was tried matters that are mixed up with the "Lucky Ardill entered into speculations of his own." upon me; and, therefore, having now finished at York. I think, on the 17th of March-that Boy's" interesting biography. With regard to He purchased a plot of ground, and some Tom Bailey, the "Whistler," and Hobson, they of £100 a year, alleged that there was a balance me to the amount of 230% odd. Boy's" interesting biography. With regard to He purchased a plot of ground, and some I shall leave them to your tender mer-11.—MIT HOUSON CERES you chat ms plan was at lork, I think, on the 17th of Marcin—that Lordon, and some is all shall leave them to your tender mer-modified by the Trades—it was rejected by the was my second trial—after the trial I left for Sued by him; I never saw the man three times buildings, and he erected some fourteen cies after next week, to deal with them them the man three times and a very pretty model for a Land London, thence I repaired to Liverpool, where is man life. ta to him o' £2,353. 16. He informed me that he had spoken of it to Trades; and a very pretty model for a Land Plan would have been Mr Hobson's proposi-tion to the Trades, which, fortunately for the Trades, George White exposed and had re-trades, George White exposed and had re-to Hastings, where, from rowing without my Trades to London, thence in my life. I never had an angry word with him or a dispute; but I'll tell you what hap-to Hastings, where, from rowing without my to Hastings, where, from rowing without my to Hastings, where, from rowing without my to hastings in the from rowing without my to hastings where, from rowing without my to hasting h Teral friends in the different towns, who had warmly Plauded the scheme ; and several of them had recomeded me to him as most likely to aid in the under-Trades, George White exposed and had re-the structures induced lim to advise that the requisities machinery. These the spoil down rest the practice based by the type of the structures of the practice based by the type of the structure the machinery in the term of the structure of the structure was now to be at the state moment (when survers and the structure was about to be at the state to the structure was about to meet, in the state of the structure was about to the star, recommending the the state of the structure was about to be at the state to the star, recommending the the state of the structure was about to be at the state to the star, recommending the the state of ling. ¹⁷ What he there saw and learned, as to Mr O'Con-

marriages, burials, and so forth; and I was the Action, Bill, Plaint, Information, or Prosecution jects-leaders written at the hour when the paperson who gave it the most vigorous opposi- in any of her Majesty's Superior Courts, for the Reco- per should be at press, Mr Hobson sitting bevery of any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by reason of tion in its original form, and was on the comany Offence committed against this Act, unless the same mittee that clipt it of its original huge pro- be commenced or prosecuted in the Name and with paper for the week, making a hash of the past

4.-This investigator will never give you a the same shall be and are hereby declared to be null

and void. nation-which enabled him to select the most as long as I was devoured by my reproducing Now, then, what do you think of this blun-

which will go to show you how an honourable 15.—Now, nothing could be more foolish dill; while, again, in April 1845, it appeared necessary for him to call in what was in the hands of his get them to close upon HIM, in the faint red-herring scent of failure, but by the evident man, surrounded by villains, can struggle than this fellow's meddling with the star acmarks of dissolution, to abandon those specu-against adversity, without committing one dis-counts, and for this very reason, be-between 7001. and 1,0001., and for 5001., of you notice to that effect; and you know that you were against adversity, without committing one dis-lations, one and all, when his association with them, or his knowledge of their instability, at the present moment, the most fit and pro-per person to take the command of our mone-tary affairs, asthis abdication would at least me, I should never hear of more—that he would tary affairs, asthis abdication would at least have the effect of wholesome warning. But to my purpose. Here are Joshua Hobson's twenty-four assertions :— 1.—Ihave not watched the game that has been played 1.—Ihave not watched the game that has been played 1.—Ihave not watched the game that has been played 1.—Ihave not watched the game that has been played 1.—Ihave not watched the game that has been played 1.—Ihave not watched the game that has been played

is relation to the enrolment and registration without a Mr Wheeler, and gave him an order upon one not a single figure altered. I will also show you to Mr Heywood of Manchester not to advance of an assertion made by him that he had been perpose, and I now tell those concerned, that if 'com-plete registration' is not this time completed, I will my-although I had several hundreds of pounds of the London agents of the Star to repay it, plete registration' is not this time completed, I will my-although I had several hundreds of pounds of the London agents of the Star to repay it, self institute proceedings to complet it. 2.—There were not xine columns of his unmitigated

> Mr Coupland, the overseer of Mr Lloyd, told and from the very day that he leaves-when at the service of the Manchester Examiner; but And now mark the source from whence this Mr Hobson that he had cautioned his master, the circulation is largest-every figure in the I did not act upon it, and I also transmitted a supposed laudation of John Ardill by me degraded wretch living must now think of and assured him that the under carriage would cash book is altered, and in thirteen months I copy of the case and opinion to Mr Ardill. not stand, and that Mr Lloyd's answer was, lose my balance, and owe 2,3451 !! " Now, Tim-'That it was good enough for the money.' Pre- kins, figures is figures, but not immovable, I viously to this, I had ordered a four-cylindered am sorry to say, Timkins; dates is dates,

machine, to cost 7001. Mr Hobson mentioned | Timkins, and An' casna be refuted."

proprietor of a money-making newspaper to the more material, the more glorious pur- fumed words from this sentimental writer, who enclosed, and say if a more cunning rascal should be the only person connected with it pose,-to the purpose of convincing the world repudiates the use of vulgar language. Here lives. Also, mark the strong evidence it in 1840, that I was fair game when in York that was always in distress, while the pau- how, in the midst of these trying circumstances, is the letterwith thousands of the Land money in my posa machine which, I believe, has not yet been talists have been the greatest, indeed, the only session from April, 1845, to Christmas, of the

same year, I was giving this man security, and 16 .- Oh! Holy Moses ! I received several borrowing money rather than touch a fraction the bargain, the law and the machine. Was not letters from Huddersfield, where Josh. was of that which had been committed to my trust. best known, and from Barnsley, where I origin- Is that an answer for you, ruffian? Or have

6.-When I was in York Castle, Mr Taylor ally intended starting the Star, cautioning me you a swallow large enough to gulp that? applied to me for the money, and Mr Ardill against having anything to do with Josh. 23.-I was ousted by an election committee 17 .- The money, without a second applica- in July, 1835, and let the ruffian write to caged, I could know nothing about my tion, was paid for the machine, and what Messrs Yates and Turner, who were my soliciaffairs. However, I presume Mr Taylor was could Mr Coupland learn about me? May not tors then, and have been ever since, and ask even the most trifling affair be wrapped up in them whether ever ousted member paid the

7.—This was some arrangement with Mr mystery by a disappointed splenetic rascal, whole costs so promptly as I did; or if I owed Dempsey, made, I believe, by Mr Cleave or whose glory and boast is, that he is "AS them a fraction in 1836, much more in 1837, GOOD A HATER AS COBBETT;" that I '38, or '39. And now, as to the tailors' and have heard him repeat over a thousand times. shoemakers' bills that came to the office from 18.—This is not even a lie with a circum- Ireland and London :- the day I started the "one fact more." And here I must con- letters about other cunning backers of this four years' standing, when I dismissed him, stance-it's a palpable lie-an unmitigated lie. Star, I didn't owe 1001. in the world, nor balf fess my utter want of words to describe fellow at Huddersfield, whose Emigration (and of which I had never heard a word before,) I took Messrs Ainsworth and Halliday, (who the money. But, if this fellow doesn't know for about 1471., and for which I have the gen- knew me long and knew me well, and who what became of the money, I do. tleman's receipt; and, whether the money was were on my election committee in 1835,) from 24.-I did write an apology to John Ardill due or not to Mr Dempsey, I would have paid Oldham to the Stamp-office at Leeds, and, to at that date, and offered to pay for its insertion yond all that I ever conceived of, much HUDDERSFIELD, who have the amount rather than appear in such a the best of my opinion, neither of those gentle- in the Leeds Mercury and in the Star; and I first have your own words, and domning little best, but I wish them joy. men had ever set eyes upon Mr Joshua Hob- received a letter in answer from John Ardill, first have your own words; and damning 8.—This 851. was part of the costs due by son until that day. Now, what must this fel- saying that the apology was more insulting and damnable words they are. Here is of this in your paper, as I shall finish all next me for the libel published on the Rev. Mr An- low think of himself, or what must the public than the libel, and one from his solicitor, stat-

19.-Was I wrong in christening friend counts to arbitration. I then wrote another Chiming and myself were appointed by the provisional and wh.ch I never saw till I was sued. The You know that every word of it, every scin- to be a receptacle for the abuse of disapletter was to Mr John Cleave, to pay the same John "The Lucky Boy?" There was an Irish apology, again offering to pay for its insertion, Munitiee of the National Association of United Trades tilla of it, was perfect news to me; rou pointed men. You will observe that I have Mr Thomas Buncembe, M.P., chairman), to draw up but it never was published; and I wrote that KNOW that of the transaction which you given more of Hobson's and Ardill's reply to have thus cooked up for me I was entirely Hill than Hobson has published from the to Messrs. Yates and Turner-Mr Cleave Jockey who seldom lost a race-he'd spit in his THEN, AS NOW, owing me, according to adversary's eye, cross him or jostle him, but apology upon the grounds that, for the first a plan of general organisation for that society, and also THEN, AS NOW, owing me, according to adversary's eye, cross him or jostle him, but the for the allocation and employment of its members that to me it was a perfect blank. For the understood Mr Ardill was willing to the thus cooked-up for me, I was entirely, his own confession, made before the delegates could not draw his money out of declining the was a perfect blank. To me it was a perfect blank for start of the market, nor fairly into them, thus leaving the field clear of that to me it was a perfect blank. was he a calculator of figures, or of anything fairly into them, thus leaving the field clear of that to me it was a perfect blank; for you sub-editor, Mr Rider, HIS clerk, and Messrs sum of money. 9.—This other application was to Mr Cleave, but a horse's speed, and they christened him prejudice for all parties. I then put the affair knew that I had been purposely kept igno- M'Gowan, printers of Hobson's articles. 9.—This other application was to mr cleave, but a horse s speed, and they christened min into Mr Roberts's hands, when Mr Ardill ap-and this was the way that I was compelled to "The Lucky Boy." Now just read this pointed Joshua Hohson, of Leeds, ACCOUNT-^{neme.} That plan, slightly modified, was agreed to by

forth to be true. It is necessary to remark that it is to Mr Hill that

tween Cobbett's Register and the Times news- O'Connor is writing in the following extracts :the Consent of her Majesty's Attorney General; and and present, and then spicing it to the amount Northern Star commenced, had some money of his own Now, really, the character that Josh. gives in not allowing such a fellow to enter the cution, or any Proceeding before any Justices as afore-in not allowing such a fellow to enter the cution, or any Proceeding before any Justices as afore-corrections, additions, and alterations, and not of time Mr Ardill entered into some extensivo speculations said, shall be commenced or prosecuted in the Name of unfrequently from 31. to 81. paid by the prin- of his own. He purchased a plot of ground and some attempt to RUIN other parties -- and parties any other person than is in that behalf before mentioned, ter for late postage of the papers. Such was buildings, and erected about fourteen good dwelling too who have befrieuded you-to get at ME ! the management of the Star under those gen. houses as well: he took a large farm and stocked it, and to RUIN them by blasting their credit, the management of the Star under those gen-tlemen, all my servants going weekly without their wages, receiving 1.0 U's from Mr Ar-their wages, receiving 1.0 U's from Mr Ar-their wages, receiving 1.0 U's from Mr Ar-

ing machine—a double-cylindered one—itbroke the City, was sent adrift by Messrs Ardill and Mr M'Gowan, and which, I believe, induced as I read Mr Hill's pamphlet, I instantly en-down the first night it was put to work, and Hobson, because he kept the accounts too well; Now, since those gentlemen left, the Star Joshua Hobson himself, attested by a number of his and Ardill's concoction, about an affair of has been a different paper-the delivery has of creditable witnesses, the very matter which I was purposely kept ignorant, and in rarely been late, the servants have never left which he charges me with having written, and 1847 he quotes the most savage and crushing the office on Saturday without their full which he thanks a correspondent for having extract from this, his own letter, as though it wages, nor has there been a dispute or an sent! I give you it unaltered, together with was written by me; but read Hobson's note of angry word spoken at the office. But, while his letter accompanying it, and while it stamps the 12th January, 1844, in which the manuupon this branch of the subject, let me turn it him as a rascal, you may also cull some per- script from which the above is printed was

LEEDS, Monday night, Jany. 12, 1844.

DEAR SIR,-Enclosed you have Ardill's is in the first person, from Ardill himself. Of course you can make what other comments, on either head, you please. Here

you have the FACTS— * * * Here is the manuscript from which Hobson's quotation is taken :----

vond all that I ever conceived of, much HUDDERSFIELD, who have done their your "fact."

stey, of Rugby, by Messrs Hill and Hobson, think of him? When I read your " fact," I was amazed. dismissed my staff the "STAR," has ceased ing Mr Ardill's readiness to submit the acha agreed to. In the May or June of that year, Mr G.

I promise you that there shall be no more week, and it has been my pride that, since I

Facts are chiels that winna ding, But it is a curious circumstance that the

THE NORTHERN STAR.

November 20, 1847.

AN EFFECTUAL CURE FOR PILES, FISTULAS, &c.

2

5

ABERNETHY'S PILE OINTMENT.

What a painful and noxious disease is the Piles! and comparatively how few of the afflicted have been perma-nently cured by ordinary appeals to medical skill! This, no doubt, arises from the use of powerful aperients too frequently administered by the profession; indeed, strong internal medicine should always be avoided in all cases of this complaint. The proprietor of the above ointment, after years, of acute suffering, placed himself under the treatment of that uninent surgeon, Mr Abernethy, was by him restored to perfect health, and thus enjoyed it ever since without the slightest return of the disorder, over a period of fifteen years, during which time the same Aber-nethian prescription has been the means of healing a vast number of desperate cases, both in and out of the pro-prietor's rircles of friends, most of which cases had been under medical care, and some of them for a very con-siderable time. Abernethy's Pile Ointment was introduced to the public by the desire of many who had been per-ectly healed by its application, and since its introduction the fame of this ointment has spread far and wide; even the Medical Profession. Always slow and unwilling to acknowledge the virtues of any medici ne not prepared by themthe Medical Profession, always slow and unwilling to acknowledge the virtues of any medici ne not prepared by themselves, do now freely and frankly admit that Aberoethy's Pile Ointment is not only a valuable preparation, but a

serves, do now freely and frankly admit that Averacity's frue Unitment is not only a valuable preparation, but a never failing remedy in every stage and variety of that appalling malady. Sufferers from the piles will not repent giving the ciutment a trial. Multitudes of cases of its efficacy might be produced if the nature of the complaint did not render those who have been cured anwilling to publish

heir names. Sold in covered Pots, at 4s. 6d. or the quantity of three 4s. 6d. pots in one for 11s., with full directions for use, by C. King, (Agent to the Proprietor.) No. 3i, Napier Street, Hoxton, New Town, London, where also can be procured Stery Parent Metkine of repute, direct from theoriginal makers, with an allowance on taking six at a time. Be sure to ask for "ABERNETHY'S PILE OINTMENT. The Public are requested to be on their guard to the sure to ask for "ABERNETHY'S PILE OINTMENT.

against noxious compositions sold at how prices, and to observe that none can possibly be genuine, unless the name of Ktxs, is printed on the Government Stamp affixed to each pot, is. 6d., which is the howest price the proprietor is enabled to self it at, owing to the great expense of the ingredients.

CORNS AND BUNIONS.

PAUL'S EVERY MAN'S FRIEND.

Patronizea by the Royal Family, Nobelity, Clergy, &c.

Is a sure and speedy Cure for those severe annoyances, without causing the less pain or inconvenience. Unlike all other remedies for Corns, its operation is such as to render the catting of Corns altogther unnecessary; indeed, we may say, the practice of catting Corns is at all times highly dangerous, and has been frequently attended with la-mentable consequences, besides its liability to increase their growth; it adheres with the most gentle pressure, pro-duces an instant and delightful relief from torture, and, with perseverance in its application, entirely eradicates the mentable cours and Runjons. Testimonials have been received from upwards of one hundred Physicians and Surgcons of the greatest eminence,

Estimoliais have been received from appeares of one number in solutions and ourgeous of the presence commenced as well as from many Officers of both Army and Navy, and nearly one thousand private letters from the gentry in form and country, speaking in high terms of this valuable romedy. Prepared by John Fex, in boxes at 1s. 1¹/₂, or three small boxes in one for 2s. 9d., and to be had, with full direc-

tions for use, of C. KING, No. 54, Napier-street, Hoxton New Town, London, and all wholesale and retail medicine vendors in town and country. The genuine has the name of John Fox on the stamp. 28.9d. Box cures the most obdurate Corns." Ask for "Paul's Every Man's Friend."

Abernethy's Pile Gintment, Pati's Corn Plaster, and Abernethy's Pile Powders are sold by the following respectable

Abernetity's the constant, fatter decirine:--Cientists and Dealers in Patent Medicine:--Barclay and Sons, Farringdon street; Edwards, 67, St. Paul's Church-yard ; Butler, 4, Cheapside ; Newbery, St. Paul's Sutton, Row Church-yard; Johnson, 68, Cornhill; Sanger, 150, Oxford street; Willoughby and Co., 61, Pi-shops; ate-street Without; Owes, 53, Marchmond-street, Burton-crescent; Eads, 39, Goswell-street; Prout, 229, Strand; Hannay and Co., 63, Oxford-street; and retail by all respectable chemists and medicine vendors in London.

COUSTAY AGENTS .- Bains and Newsome ; Mr Buckton, Times Office ; Heaton Smeeton, Allen, Hall, Reinhardt and Sous, J. C. Browne, 46, Briggate, Thornton. 55, Boar-lane, Denton, Garland, Mann, Bean, Harrey Haigh, late Tarbottom Bolland and Remplay, Land Moxon, C. Hay, 166, Briggate, Rhodes, Bell and Brooke Lord, R. C. Hay, Medical Hall, Leeds ; Pratt, Blackburn, Newby, Rimmington, Maud and Wilson, Rogerson, Stanfield, Brad. ford; Hartley, Benton, Waterhouse, Jepson, Wood, Dyer, Parker, Jenninge, and Leyland, Halifax; Smith, Eland; Hurst, Gadwill, Gell, and Smith, Wakefield; Harrison, Barnsley; Kaowels, Thorne, Broek, and Spivey, Hud dersfield; Hudson, Kvighter; Lofthouse, Reinhardt, Kirten, Alcock, Baines, Burrell, Bell, Burton, Henley, Melson, Freeman. Pickering, Carton, Williamson, Chapman, Hammond, Wallis, Walker, Broomhead, Nuble, Foster, Hardman, Stephenson, Weir, Ryder and Barker, Hull ; Pipes, Keningham, Johnson, Earle, Coruwall, Robinson, Brigham, Beverley; Brooks, Doncaster; Matthews, Creaser Driffield; Cass, Coole; Millner, Pickering; Steven. son, Whitby ; Bolton, Barnshard and Co., Hargrore, Fisher, Otley, Linney, York ; Marston, Brigg, Hurst ; Robson Armitage, Ingoldbr, Longbottom, Louth; Wainwright, Howden ; Rayner, Smith, Burlington ; Horsby, Wrangham, Jefferson, Multon ; Rhodes, Snaith; Champley, Broomhead, Ireland, Buckall, Scarborough ; Smith, Furby, Bridling, ton : Adams, Colton, Pallen, Selby ; Omblier, Market Weighton ; Fleck Marsh, Rotherham ; Hattersley, Ball, Officer, Barton; Brown, Gainsborough; Gledhill, Old Delph; Priestmay, Fox, Pontefract; Dalby, Wetherby; Slater, Bedale; Dixon, Northallerton; Ward, Richmond; Ward, Stokesley; Feggitt and Thompson, Thirsk; Monkhouse, Barnard Castle; Pease, Barlington; Jennett, Stockton. And by all respectable Chemists and Mediciae Vendors in every Market Town in England.

Wholesale Agents :- Messrs Bolton, Blanshard and Co., Druggists, Mecklegate, York,

ON THE CONCEALED CAUSE THAT PREYS ON THE HEALTH AND SHORTENS THE DURATION OF HUMAN LIFE

ILLUSTBATED WITH COLOURED ENGRAVINGS.

Just Fublished, in a Scaled Envelope, price 28. 6d., or free by post, 35. 6d. CONTROUL OF THE PASSIONS; a Popular Essay on the Duties and Obligations of Married Life, the unhappiness resulting from physical impediments and defects, with directions for their treatment; the abuse of fects, with directions for their treatment; the abuse of the passions, the premature decline of health, and mental and bodily vigour; indulgence in solitary and de-Insive habits, precocions exertions or infection, inducing a long train of disorders affecting the principal organs of the body, causing consumptions, mental and nerrou debility and indigestion, with remarks on gonorrhoea gleet, stricture, and syphilis. Illustrated with Coloured Engravings and Cases.

CONTENTS OF THE WORK. -The influence f the excessive

THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRIACUM expressly employed to renevate the impaired powers of iife, when exhausted by the influence exerted by solitary indulgence on the system. Its action is purely balsamic: its power in reinvigorating the frame in all cases of nerous and sexual debility, obstinate gleets, mpotency, barrenness, and debilities arising from venereal excesses, has been demonstrated by its unvarying success in thou sands of cases. To those persons who are prevented en quantities in one for 33s.

THE CONCENTRATED DETERSIVE ESSENCE an anti-syphilitic remedy, for purifying the system from venereal centamination, and is recommended for any of the varied forms of secondary symptoms, such as cruptions on the skin, blotches on the lead and face, enlargement of the skin, blockes on the read and the, emargement of the threat, tonsils, and uvula; threatened destruction of the mose, palate, &c. Its action is purely detersive, and its beneficial influence on the system is undeniable. Price 11s. and 35s. per bottle. The 5L cases of Syriacum or Coacentrated Detersive them. Essence can only be had at 19, Berners-street, Oxfordstreet, London; whereby there is a saving of 12. 12s, and the patient is entitled to receive advice without a fee,

KING'S RESPIRATOLY LOZENGES A FORD a safe, easy, and immediate relief, in all cases, arising from a de canged state of the respiratory organs, produced by capsure to cold and other causes. They effect a rapid cure in cases of hoarseness, and difficulty in breathing. Coughs, arising from what-ever cause, and however violent and distressing, obtain usedy mitigation ; and, if the Lozenges are used patiently or a short time, they will effect a complete oure. Asthma, in its most obstinate form, will becured if due

atience be but exer .ised, In cases of sore ',hroat they are of great value.

In cases of sore 'hreat they are of great value. In old consump'ive dry coughs, they afford the greatest comfort by producing free expectoration; and, in the early stages of consumption, their demulcent qualities yield a delightful solace, and tend to allay the provoking tickling in the throat which excites coughing. In fact, in all complaints affecting the Organs of Respiration, these Lozenges will yield relief; and, if persevered in, the patients they is most assess rely on obtaining a cure patients raay, in most cases, rely on obtaining a cure. In hoo ning coughs, these Lozenges are of the greatest service, they loosen the phlegm, and speedily effect a cure;

moreover, children are very fond of them. It is important to add that the Lozenges are perfectly harmless, each constituent being junocuous, and, when compounded, are really whelesome; neither will they interfere in any way with food, drink, or exercise or any medicine the patient may be taking. No opiate of any kind enters into their

composition. Toprofessional singers, barristers, clergymen and all public speakers, the Lozenges are of the greatest value, as they remove the dry sensation which produces huskiness,

trance to singers. IMPORTANT CAUTION. All persons desirous of using KING'S RESPIRATORY LOZENGES, are requested particularly to observe the GovernmentStamp, which is pasted round each box, and on which is engrared, in ' white letters' on a' red' ground the name GEORGE B. KING. This is a safe guarante of their being genuine. In Boxes, at 134d, 28:9d, and in Tia Cases 11s, with full directions. N.B.—The Lozenges must be kept dry. London Wholesale Agents :-Barclay and Sons, Far-

ringdon-street; Sutton and Co., Bow Church-yard; Edwards, St. Paul's Church-yard; and Sanger, 150. Oxford-street. Sold also by all chemists, booksellers, and medicine vendors in the Kingdom.



ARE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST. MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

MEDICINE: IN THE WORLD. In introducing the following Testimonials to the notice to the public, it may not be out of place in giving a few. observations respecting Parr's Life Pills. This medicine has been before the British public only a few years, and perhaps in the annals of the world was never seen suc-cess equal to their progress; the virtues of this Medicine were at once acknowledged wherever tried, and recom-mendation followed recommendations hundra had seen mendation followed recommendation; hundreds had soon to acknowledge that Parr's Life Pills had saved them, and were loud in their praise. The startling facts that were continually brought before the public at once removed any prejudice which some may have felt; the con-tinual good which resulted from their use spread their fame tar and wide, at this moment there use spread that fame tar and wide, at this moment there is scarcely a country on the face of the globe which has not heard of their benefit; and have sought for supplies, whatever might be the cost of transmission. The United States, Canada, India, and even China have had immense quantities shipped to their respective countrios, and with the same result as in England-UNIVERSAL GOOD.

The general use of this medicine, having been the result of the benefits experienced by thousands of per-sons, and that the knowledge of such be useful to all, we recommend a careful perusal of the following Testi-

30,000 boxes weekly, more than all other patent medi-sines put together. This simple fact needs no further comment ; is tells plainly that the Fills of Old Parr are The Best Medicine in the World. The following, with many others, have been recently

received :—

dable to me, and which has prevented my writing to in-form you before as I can hardly tell where to begin. One maa said he wanted a box of Life Pills, for Life Pills they were to him, they had done him so much good in relieving him of an obstinate cough and asthma. ful characters are of comparatively little service or in-Another said they were worth THEIR WEIGHT IN GOLD;

Testimonials showing the efficacy of Brooke's Mellifluous Cough Balsam in Spasmodic Asthma. Horton-street, Halifax, Nov. 3rd, 1840.

DEAR SIRS, --- I beg to offer you my sincere thanks for he relief I have received from your excellent Cougly Balsam ; I have for some months been harassed by a most distressing cough, arising from Spasdomic Asthina, which your medicine alone has been able to aller iate. It has been the means of rendering my life 'comfor table,

and, as I have found its effects so truly invaluable to me, I think it but justice to give my testimony to its excellence, which you are at liberty to publish if you think proper.

I am, gentlemen, yours respectfully, Messrs T. M. and C. Brcoke. MABY MASLIN.

3, Essex Chambers, Manchester, Sept. 8th, 1847. DEAR SIRS,—Several of my family have derived much benefit from the use of your valuable Mellifluous Cough Balsam; and you will I think do good service to society, by making the medicine more generally known. Yours very faithfully, To Messra T. M. and C. Brooke, W. P. ROBERTS.

To Messrs T. M. and C. Brooke, Dewsbury.

In cases where the Cough or Shortness of Breath is very violent, an occasional dose of Brocke's Aperient or Anti-bilious Pills will be found to accelerate the cure.

Prepared only by T. M. and C. Brooke, chemists, Dews-bury, in bottles at 184d. and 28. 9d. each. And sold wholesale by them ; Messrs Barclay and Sons, consequent on long speaking. They also soften all the organs called intoaction, and thus produce a greatly in-creased flexibility of voice, which is of the utmost impor-tsmee to singers. Thomas Marsden and Sons, Queen-street, London. Thomas Eyre and Co., Liverpool. Bolton, Blanchard and Co., York. And retail by all respectable patent medicine vendors.

DISPENSARY FOR THE CURE OF DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND ALL CUTANEOUS AFFECTIONS

HAMPSTEAD STREET, FITZROY SQUARE. Physician-THOMAS INNIS, M D., 33. Fitzroy equare,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London; late Assistant Surgeon in the Hon. East India Company's read other extracts of a similar nature, and warned his e.

T IS a strange anomaly in the practice and provres of medical science in this country, that amongst all the benevolent and noble institutions established for the elleviation of human misery, there exists but one devoted to the cure or amelioration of Diseases of the Skin. It is a truth well known to the members of the faculty, that the ravages of these stubborn and enduring plaga.s of human life are more extensive than those of any other thrown disorder, there being little short of half-a-million of patients annually seeking relief. If we turn our eyes to France we shall find the importance of this subject fully receptised, and the exertions of men of science nobly countenanced and encouraged by the National Funds. Referring to the Hospital of St. Louis-a magnificent institution devoted to the cure of Skin Diseases, a clever Surgeon of the present day writes thus :-- 'Since the grave has closed over the labours of Bateman, the culture of Diseases of tht Ski, in this country, as a dis-tinct branch of Medical Science, has slept. Not so in France: successor after successor, each equally ensinent with his precursor, has glided through the moving pano-rama of life, from the days of Lorry to our own, till St. Louis Hospital has become no less deserving of fame than St Louis, the tutelary shade of that magnificent estalishment.'

Surcly here is an example to this country which we are bound jealously to emulate. The writer feels that the mportance and necessity of a similar establishment in England can never be too much insisted upon. The peculiar nature of the diseases in question, and the almost insurmountable difficulty fof acquiring accurate knowinge as to their modes of treatment-connected with the immense numbers of the suffering parties- render this desideratum actually the greatest under which these islands at present labour, in a sans'wry point of eraw. These diseases are so numerous at unultiform in appearance and effect, and present such an infinite va-The sale of Parr's Life Pills amounts to upwards of riety in diagnosis, that it is hopeless to expect any approach to specific remedies from the uncertain results o individual and scattered practice.

Notwithstanding the laudable endeavours of the varia ous British Authors who have written upon this subject -and the highest talent has not been wanting in the respeot-still, of actual curative progress lit:le or nothing has been achieved; and this, plainly, from the want of a theatre of action, where the operations and results of curative appliances might be ocularly tester, compared, and treasured up in the garner of experience. Hear Dr Watson on this subject :- 'To become expert,' says be, 'in the diagnosis of these blemishes, and in curing sue: of them as are curable by our art, you must see them with your own eyes. Verbal descriptions of their changeterest. They are among the things that require to be oculis subjecta fidelibus.² Even pictured representations

A 'FREE NATION. The People's International League held a meeting at the Crown and Anchor, Strand, on Monday last. The

meeting was summoned for eight o'clock in the evening, but suddenly changed to one o'clock in the afternoon. Dr Bowning was called to the chair, and addressed

the meeting at some length. Colonel THOMPSON rose to move the first resolution, (Cheers.) ' That it is our duty as a free nation to inform ourselves fully upon all matters bearing on the conduct and policy of our government, whether at home or abroad ; and that our relations with foreign nations, and their social and political manifestations and progress, demand at the present time an especial and increased share of our interest and consideration.' Now, what was there in that resolution that any man could find fault with ? Now, were they a free nation, or were they not-(Loud cries of 'No ! no !')-he was going to add, so free as they ought to be ? The speaker then adverted to the position of different continental states-confessing himself ignorant on the Swiss question-and then spoke of America and the Mexican war, and designated it as an attempt to extend personal slavery in Mexico. He told the meeting he had always been a republican, but he confessed the prestige of republicanism had gone. Were there Irish in the meeting ? ('Yes.') He would ask them to remember that the Americans hung 60 Irish deserters, and that the Mexicans were Catholics. This war was a crusade of the Protestants against the Catholics. The sympathies of Ireland ought not to be with America. The speaker then read an extract from an American guidebook, in which the writer said, that as he was walking in St James's Park, he asked himself whether the child from the Horse Guards. (A laugh.) The Colonel then

that country. Mr P. A TAYLOB seconded the resolution, and made

strong attack on the Times, which journal he accused of wilful and interested misrepresentations.

The CHAIRMAN then read the resolution and put it to the meeting, but

Mr Isaac Wilson, a working man, moved an amend. ment in reference to the first part of the resolution. When they were in this country struggling for freedom, to state that they were free was inconsistent. How could they be said to be free when so large a body of men were disfranchised ? (Cheers.) While he was disfranchised he was a slave to all intents and purposes. (Cheers.) He could not submit to see a resolution passed, intended for circulation in foreign countries, which said they were as free as they wished to be, (Cheers.) The working classes, simply because they were disfranchised, should sympathise with other countries struggling for freedom. (Cheers.) He could not allow that part of the resolution to pass without remark. A suggestion had just been made to strike out the word ' free,' and if that was done he had nothing

more to submit, by striking out the word 'free.' It was then agreed to which has widently been used by the thieves. Having

inanimously. GEORGE THOMPSON. Esq. M.P., moved the next resoluion :- ' Ti at in order to bring to bear upon the foreign policy of this country the ben ficial influence of public opinion, it is of the greatest importance to obtain and the political condition and relations of foreign countries, ignorance respective foreign politics, and had joined that association for the purpose of obtaining information which, when he had obtsined, would enable him to come to enlightened conclusions himself, and, perad-

venture, to aid others in the like attempt. He wished that they had confined themselves that day to a description of the benevelent and universal objects for which he league had been formed, and the means

Juil-birds, on being liberated, will gladly join such a mer ciful association. I remain. Your obedient servant. E. ROBERTSON.

Plymouth, November 15th, 1847. P.S.-Show me the dishonest man that is not, at all times, the author of his own degradation.

ROBBERY AT THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY STATION.

One of the most impadent robberies ever perpetrated in the metropolis, involving the loss of a large amount of preperty, took placeat the Great Western Railway Station, on the evening of Sunday last,

The booking offices for first and second class passen. gers run parallel with each other, both being entered by distinct doors from the front yard, and both affording distinct ogress on to the platform from which the trains. start. The two offices communicate with each other by a pair of folding doors, the clerks in each being thus enabled to pass too and fro without leaving their poeitions behind the counters over which the money is paid. The egrass on to the platform from the second-"lass booking office is by a pair of folding doors, which at night are fastened by a single bolt from the inside, run. ning up into the top of the door frame. The innerplatform being considered quite private, no more secure fastening to the door has been deemed necessary, and unfortunately, from the fact of the two doors not meeting very elosely, nothing was more easy than to unfasten. this bolt from the outside ; thus any person, first having obtained admittance on to the platform, might with the greatest ease, by the insertion of a crooked nail or some viewed in Hyde Park, and the American banner floating such instrument, obtain admittance inside the booking As the most opportune mement for the perpetration of hearers against the western republic-while he pictured the robbery, the thieves appear to have selected the period of the arrival of the last train on Sunday night. large supplies of cotton we should be able to draw from viz., half-past ten o'clock. At this time, of course, all the booking clerks and other officers, with the exception of the few whose duty it would be to receive the in-com-

ing train, had left. The thieves, no doubt, had previously secreted themselves among the carriages always remain. ing about the station, and there is every reason to believe that they did not commence operations until all the officers of the company were busy in attending to the passengers arrived by the up train. They appear, then, having obtained admittance as above described into the second-class booking office, to have gone behind the counter, and, forcing in succession all the tills (six in number) open, and to have eleared them of their contents. This done, they passed into the first-class office, where they did precisely the same thing, every one of the doors in both offices being forcibly wrenched open. At the right-hand extremity of the first-class booking office is a small closet, containing an iron safe, where the money taken during the day is placed when not convenient to send it to the banker's, as on Sunday night, for instance; this safe stood on a pair of brackets, Here also all articles of value sent for transmission by railway are in generally placed pending their despatch. This closet was fastened by a common lock, which Colonel THOMPSON seconded the resolution as amonded vielded without doubt ready enough to the iron wrench

grined admittance, the impudent rascals had the audacity to remove bedily the safe alluded to, which it is tobe regretted contained a most welcome bosty for them, no less than £1,200, in notes, gold, and silver, having been placed therein in the course of the day. The Circulate accurate and systematic information concerning thieves evidently carried their load back into the second. to disseminate the principles of national independence let themselves out. Once in the front yard, the safe and progress, and to promote a good understanding was doubtlessly placed in a cab or other vehicle, and between the people of this and all other countries; and the rascals got off among the cabs departing at the same that these being the objects of the People's International time. In addition to the £1 200. cash, the safe contained a large quantity of railway securities, the proproval and support.' He confessed a large amount of perty of the chief booking clerk. In the closet with the safe were two boxes of bullion, each insured to a largo amount. Happily they were untouched.

The Forresters are in pursuit of the robbers, but no clue has yet been obtained.

It is feared the robbers were well acquainted with the internal arrangements of the office.

the passions in inducing bodily disease and mental de-crepitude. Illustrated with Coloured Engravings. Chap. 2. - Enervating and destructive effects of the vice of self-inducence, inducing a long train of diseases, indiges. tion, bysteria, insanity, moning melancholy, consamp-tion, stricture, impotence and sterility, with observations tion, stricture, impotence and sterility, with observations on the purposes and obligations of marriage, and the un-happy consequences of unfruitful nnions. Chap. 3.— Seminal weakness and generative debility: the nature of impotence and sterility, and the imperfections in the performance of the principal vital function consequent on mal practices, the treatment of the diseases of the mind and body which result from these causes. Chap. 4. Constitute an effectual remedy in all cases of genorrhea, 25. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. per box. PERRY'S PREVENTATIVE LOTION Is a never-failing preventive of infection. Used in accor-dance with the printed directions, it affords a safeguard against the approach of disease. Price 38. a bottle: - Genorrhœa, its symptoms, complications and treatment, gleet, stricture, and inflammation of the prostate. Chap. 5.—Syphilis. its complications and treatment, Cases, Concluding Observations, Plates, &c. By CHARLES LUCAS and Co., Consulting Surgeons, 60, Neuman-street, Oxford street, ilondon.

Member of the London College of Medicine, &c., &c.

Sold by Brittain, 54, Paternoster-row: Hannay and Co., 63, Oxford-street; Gordon, 146, Leadenhall-street Mansell, 115, Fleet street; Sarger, 150, Oxford-street London; Winnell, 78, High-stre t, Birmingham; Whit London; whilen, 75, high-stre t, birningnam; while more, 119, Market-street, Manchester; Howell, 54, Church-street, Liverpool; Robinson, 11, Greenside-street, Edinburgh; Powell, 10, Westmoreland-street, Dublin, and all booksellers.

The task of preparing and producing the work entitled 'Controul of the Passions,' by Messrs Lucas, though ap-parently not one of magnitude, demands a most intimate acquaintance with the mysteries of a profession of the highest character. To say that the author has produced a volume which cannot be otherwise considered than as a treasure, and a blessing to the community, is not saying too much; and being written by a daly qualified medical practitioner, its pages give evidence of the results of much personal investigation, and great researches in the study of medicine. In a word, the work has merits which dever lope no superficial attainments, and we cordially and mos earnestly recommends it for general perusal .- Weekly Chronicle.

The press teems with volumes upon the science of medi cine and the professors of the art curative abound; but it is rarely even in these days, when 'intellect is on the march,' that we find a really useful n-edical work. It was with no small gratification that we have perused the unpretending, but really truly valuable little volume, entitled, 'Controul of the Passions,' by Messrs Lucas. The awful consequences of depraved habits, early acwith harrowing force to the parent and the victum. We regard this publication as one of a class that is most pre-ductive of benefit to humanity. The subjects, highly im-portant and delicate, are treated in a style which at once exhibits the po-session of great scientific knowledge, combined with the fidelity of truth. The author of this work is a legally qualified medical man, and we most cordially recommend it .- Conservative Journal.

Persons desirous of obtaining the above work, and not wishing to apply to a bookseller for them, may, to ensure secrecy, have it direct from the authors, by enclosing Ss. 6d, or postage stamps to that amount. At nome from ten till two, and from five till eight ; im

mediate replies sent to all letters, it containing the fee of £1. for advice, &c.; 60, Newman-street Oxford-street, London.

TWENTY-FIFTH EDITION.

Illustrated by Twenty-six Anatomical Engravings on Steel.

On Physical Disqualifications, Generative Incapacity, and Impediments to Marriage.

A new and improved edition, enlarged to 196 pages, price 2s. 5d. ; by post, direct from the Establishment, 3s. 6d. in postage stamps,

THE SILENT FRIEND: A medical work on the exhaustion and physical decay of the system, produced by excessive indulgence, the conse. by this means cures will be effected with a much greater quences of infection, or the abuse of mercury, with certainty, and in half the time that it would require by observations on the married state, and the disqualifica- (using the ointment alone. The ointment is proved to be tions which prevent it; illustrated by 26 coloured en. gravings, and by the detail of cases. By R. and L. PEHLY and Co. 19, Berners street, Oxford street, Lon-den. Published by the authors, and sold by Strange, 21, Paternoster row; Hannay, 63, and Sanger, 150 Oxford. street; Starie, 23, Tichborne-street, Haymarket; and Gordon. 146, Leadenhall street, London; J. and R. Baimes, and Co., Leithwalk, Edinburgh; D. Campbell, Argyll-viret. Glasgow; J. Priestly, Lord-street, and T. Newton, Church-street, Liverpool; R. H. Ingham, Market-place, Manchester.

Part the First

Is dedicated to the consideration of the Anatomy and Physiology of the organs which are directly or indirectly engaged in the process of reproduction. It is illustrated by six coloured engravings.

Part the Second

Treats of the infirmities and decay of the system pro duced by over indulgence of the passions, and by the prac-tice of solitary gravification. It shows clearly the manner in which the baneful consequences of this indulgence operate on the economy in the impairment and destruc-tion of the social and vital powers. The cristence of nervous and sexual debility and incapacity, with their ac-companying train of symptoms and disorders, are traced by the chain of connecting results to their cause. This selection concludes with an explicit detail of the means by which there of the remediad and the means by directions for their use. It is illustrated by three coloured engravings, which fully display the effects of physical decay. which these effects may be remedied, and full and ample.

which advantage is applicable only to those who remit 5l. for a pack t.

against the approach of disease. Price 33s. a bottle; or in 5L cases. Sold by all medicine vendors in town and Country.

Consultation fee, if by letter, IL-Patients are re-quested to be as minute as possible in the description of heir cāses. Attendance daily, at 19, Berners-street, Oxford-street,

London, from eleven to two, and from five to eight ; on Sundays from eleven to one. Sold by Sutton and Co., 10, Bow Church Yard; W. Ed-wards, 67, St. Paul's Church Yard; Barelay and Sons, Farringdon-street; Butler and Harding, 4, Cheapside R. Johnson, 63, Cornhill; L. Hill, New Cross; W. B. Jones, Kingston; W. J. Tanner, Egham; S. Smith, Windsor; J. B. Shillcock, Bromley; T. Riches, London-street, Greezwich; Thos. Parkes, Woolwich; Ede and Co., Dorking; and John Thurley, High-street, Romford, of whom may be badding to convergence. of whom may be had the 'SILENT FRIEND.'

THE GREATEST SALE OF ANY NEDICINES IN THE GLOBE.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. A Cure of a Desperate Scorbutic Eruption of long Standing. Extract of a Letter, dated Wolverhampton, the 10th of Feb.

1847, confirmed by Mr Simpson, Stationer. To Professor Holloway.

quired, are set forth in language that must come home with harrowing force to the parent and the victim. We ductive of benefit to humanity. The subjects, highly inam happy to say, that I may consider myseli as thoroughly cured; I can now sleep all the night through, and the pains in my back and limbs have entirely left me. (Signed)

RICHARD HAVELL.

Cure of a Dreadful and Dangerous Case of Erysipelas In the following remarkable case the Lady had been bot derf and blind from the virulence of the complaint .- Feb 1911. 1847.

Mrs Gibbons, of Tivoli-place, Cheltenham, was for two years so dreadfully afflicted with Erysipelas that she beca ne (however extraordinary it may appear) both blind and deaf, from the severity of the disease, and during the whole of the time she was attended by several of the mosteminent medical men in Cheltenham, without re-ceiving any benefit whatever, and, as a last resource, she tried Holloway's pills and eintment, which in two months perfectly cured the dreadful complaint, and likewise restored her to health.

IN ALL DISEASES of the skin, bad legs, old wounds and ulcers, bad breasts, sore nipples, stoney and ulcerated cancers, tumours, swellings, gout, rheumatism, and lum-bago, likewise in cases of piles; Holloway's pills, in all the above cases, ought to be used with the ointment; as a certain remedy for the bite of Moschettoes, Sand flies, Chiegofoot, Yaws, and Coco bay, and all skin diseases common to the East and West Indies, and other tropical elimates.

Bu.ns, scalds, chilblains, chapped hands and lips, and bunions and soft corns, will be immediately cured by the use of the ointment.

Extraordinary Cure of a Gentleman eighty years of age, of a very Bad Leg. Extract of a Letter, dated Saxmundham, 18th January, 1847.

To Professor Holloway.

SIB,--I beg to inform you that I suffered with a bad leg for some years, and had been under the hands of a respectable Surgeon here for some months, without getting any relief, so that at last I mentioned to the Surgeon that should like to try your pills and ointment, and he said anks. It is generally known about here, and is called surprising cure.

(Signed) RICHAED STOPHEE. *. The above Gentleman is now so hale and strong, even in his soth year, as to be able to discharge the duties as Clerk to the Commissioners of Taxes, at

convey but an inadequate notion of the morbid appear.

Another said his wife had had a bad leg for years, but after taking one small box, which was recommended by his Class Leader, her log was much better, and when she had taken the second box, it was quite as well as classify and sub-classify, and arrange under genera the other. and species, as the late Dr Willan and his pupil, Dr Bate-

A very respectable female said her husband had been man, have done, with consummate skill and unwearied industry, but wanting the means of reference to actual afflicted above two years, and had tried many things, but since he had taken Parr's Life Pills he was quite a cases and personal observation and comparison, their new man.

You will please send immediately, thirty-six dozen boxes at 1s. 13d., and six dozen at 2s. 9d. I am, Gentlemen, yours respectfully,

7, Briggate, Leeds. JOHN HEATON.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS. None are genuine unless the words " Parr's Life Pills' are in White Letters on a Red Ground, on the Government Stamp pasted round each box; also the fac simile of the signature of the proprietors, "T. Roberts and Co., Crane-court, Fleet-street, London," on the Direc-

Sold in boxes at 1s 1¹/₂d., 2s. 9d., and family packets at 11s. each, by all respectable medicine vendors through-out the world. Full directions are given with each box.

HEALTH AND LONG LIFE.

O, Blessed Health ! thou art above all gold and trea sure ; 'tis thou who enlargeth ' the soul, and openest all its powers to receive instruction and to relish virtue. He that has thee, has little more to wish for! and he that is so wretched as to want thee, wants every thing with thee.'-SIERNE.

STIRLING'S STOMACH PILLS, AN EFFECTUAL REMEDY FOR BILIOUS, LIVER AND STOMACH

COMPLAINTS.

Isi7, confirmed by AIr oumpson, To Professor Holloway. SIR,—Having been wonderfully restored from a state fgreat suffering, illness, and debility, by the use of your pills and ointment, I think it right for the sake of others to make my case known to you. For the last two years I was afflicted with violent Scorbutic Eruption, which I was afflicted with violent Scorbutic Eruption, which stant inactivity of the bowels, causing a disorganisation of avery function of the frame, will, in this most excellent of avery function of the frame, will, in this most excellent causing such violent pain, that I can in truth say, that for months I was not able to get sleep for more than a very short time together. I applied here to all the moved. Two or three doses will conv nee the afflicted of moved. Two or three doses will conv nee the afflicted of its salutary effects. The stomach will speedily regain its strength, a healthy action of the liver, bowels and kidneys, will rapidly take place; and, instead of listless-ness, heat, pain, and jaundiced appearance, strength, activity and renewed health will be the quick result of taking this medicine. These Pills are particularly efficaache, giddiness, drowsiness, and singing in the ears, g from too great a flow of blood to the head, should

FEMALES these Pills are truly excellent, removing all obstructions; the distressing Head-ache, so prevalent with the sex; Depression of Spirits, Dulness of Sight, Nervous Affections, Blotches, Pimples, and Sallowness of the Skin, and giving a healthy and juvenile bloom to the complexion. To Motness, they are confidently recommended as the best medicine that can be taken during pregnancy, and for CHILDREN of all ages they are unequalled. As a pleasant, safe, easy, aperient, they unite the recommen-dation of a mild operation with the most successful effect, and require no restraint of diet or confinement during their use. And for ELDERLY PEOPLE they will be found to be the most comfortable medicine hitherto prepared.

PREPARED AND SOLD BY J. W. STIRLING, PHARMACEUTICAL . CHEMIST,

No. 86, HIGH STREET, WHITECHAPEL. In boxes at 131d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. each; and can

ar Ask for Stirling's Stomach Pills,



MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM.

hoarseness, asthma, and all complaints of the breath, is almost incredible, but will be fally proved on trial.

In that unpleasant tickling cough, which deprives the aufferer so constantly of rest, it will be found invaluable, immediate relief, and in most cases a single bottle effects

Amputation of Two Legs prevented. Extract of a Letter dated Rozcommon, February 19th, 1847, from the highly respectable Proprietor of the Roscom-mon Journal. Bar and the Roscom-Source and the Roscom-the Roscom-Source and the Roscom-the Roscom-Source and the Roscom-Source and t healing qualities, speedily effecting a complete cure. During the periodical attacks of the influenza, which and handicrafts, but were to be placed on a level with have so often occurred during the winter, many individuals have expressed to the proprietors that they have commended as a remedy of the first importance in that disease. Its effects in dissolving the congealed phlegm, and

to be employed. He sympathized fully with the objects ances they are designed to pourtray. The lecturer on Skin Diseases should have patients before him to whose of that society. Mc LINTON seconded the resolution, and it was carried bodies he could point.' The opinions of all practical men concur as to the soundness of these views. Writers may nem.con.

A vote of thanks was then passed to the chairman, who briefly acknowledged the compliment, and the meeting broke up.

IRISH DEMOCRATIC CONFEDERATION. efforts are thrown away, and the ravages of disease una

Deeply impressed with these considerations, and This body met on Sunday evening, at Cartwright's. Mr anxious to afford an opportunity to all who may be de-sirous of co-operating with him in the advancement of Dwain in the chair. The following resolution was pre-

this hitherto neglected department of medical science, Dr Innis has opened the above named Dispensary at Hamp-stend street, Fitzroy-square. been formed for the purpose of cementing a union amongst all classes of politicians, as well as all seess of religionists; we are of opinion that the introduction Hoping to see the day when we shall not be behind our French neighbours in the means of investigation afforded of questions involving a difference of opinion upon any by the establishment of an ample institution exclusively existing orders of religionists, is a deviation from the edicated to the treatment of Cutaneous Diseases, D Innis, in the meanwhile, earnestly invites all who feel inspirit of this confederation, and should not be tolerated terested in this important subject not to despise the 'day of small things,' but to unite with him at once in carrying by any of its members.' The resolution was seconded by Mr Tucker, who animadverted in strong terms upon the out this infant Institution, which has for its immediate conduct of the parties who had tried so perseveringly to and special object the testing of the principles upon which sow the seeds of dissection amongst them. He was an our foregone practice has been based, with the actual

Shortly will be published, A TREATISE ON SKIN DISEASES, And all Cutaneous Affections, arising from functional

operations of nature under disease,

derangement of the digestive organs, degenerated state

derangement of the digestive organs, degenerated state of the blood, or other causes; By THOMAS INNIS, M.D.,
 Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London; Late Assistant Surgeon in the Hon. East India Com any's Screice; Physician to the Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin, Hempstead St., Filzroy Square.
 With numbers area choosing the Author's causesceled

With numerous cases showing the Author's successfu treatment of Cutaneous Diseases of the most inveterate character, and suggesting treatment whereby many distressing and disfiguring blemishes of the skin may be removed, and all painful affections of the skin alleviated,

Dr Innis may be consulted daily, at his residence, 33 Fitzroy Square, London.

OPBRATIVE BAKERS' SOCIELY .- On Saturday night public meeting of the Operative Bakers, resident n Camberwell, Peckham, and the surrounding districts, was held at the Tiger Tavern, Camberwelltaking this medicine. These Phils are particularly emea-cious for Stomach, Coughs, Coids, Agues, Shortness of Breath, and if taken after too free an indulgence at table, the hours of labour to twelve per day. The chair was the court in the diminution of Breath, and if taken after too free an indulgence at table, the hours of labour to twelve per day. The chair was the court is indulgence at table, the hours of labour to twelve per day. little argument could be necessary to show the neces- meeting then broke up.

sity of limiting the hours of labour within such a reathen went into details, to prove the injurious effect of called to the chair. Mr O'Connor's letter wes read from retired into the house, raised the door latch, and pro-long-continued labour, and especially of the kind the Star of Saturday last, together with the short article caeded into the passage, at the further extremity of which alone had a te dency seriously to undermine the meeting at some length, showing that when O'Con. the health. The demoralising effect of the present nell abandoned the Repeal movement and istroduced of the public should be most strongly directed, exer- the delinquencies of that man, and always, through from ear to ear. cising, as it did. an operation which acted generally good and evil report, honestly advocated the Repeal of upon society. It was important that they should the Legislative Union. Mr Segrave was proud to learn follow up the object they had in view of limiting the hours of labour to twelve per day. The public would their unholy and unjust prejudices by offering the hand be benefited by such an arrangement, and the trade generally would be most materially advantaged by it. their co-operation, and show by their support, pecube had of all respectable medicine venders in the king-dom. The genuine has the name on the stamp. te the General Committee, next addressed the meeting. He believed that at no time had the evils of the present system been more extensively felt than they were at the present moment, and he would say that would therefore join the Irish Democratic Confederation. those who advocated the present system were instru-Mr O'Leary, in an eloquent address, depicted the wrongs mental in sending the workmen to early graves. It of his country, and denounced in the strongest terms, his wife had been unfaithful (whether justly or not was would seem from the terms of an enactment of an- the heartless tyranny of the landlords of Ireland for not clearly proved), which belief had driven him mad. EVERY family ought to keep a constant supply of the medicine, which is prepared from ingredients of this as well as of operatives was of a very different kind could not be said that many master bakers retired people, and concluded by moving a vote of censure on roner spoke of the deceased's sons, and it was underupon very large fortunes. The Act of old date to Maurice O'Connell, for requesting a reinforcement of miwhich he had alluded, provided that no master baker litary at the late Caerciveen sessions, to butcher the them in the event of their mother's death. should retire upon anything beyond that of a mode-should retire upon anything beyond that of a mode-rate fortune. (Cheers and laughtor.) How many No lobor of them and the many at the mean and the original sector of the secto were in that predicament now? No labour, as they by every honest Irishman, he would therefore second all well knew, was so badly paid as that of the opera- the motion, which was carried unanimously. The

> state of things. All that the baker wanted was, to given to the chairman, and the meeting separated. be put on a level with other trades. It would amuse

ATTEMPT TO MURDER A WIFE BY HER HUS. BAND, AND SUICIDE OF THE LATTER.

READING .- A poor woman, the wife of a blacksmith, resident in East-street, has been attempted to be murdered by her husband, who committed suicide immediately after the perpetration of the horrid deed. The nameof the wretched author of the tragedy is James Hersey, Ho was in the employ of Mr Rimeil, veterinary surgeon. and shoeing smith, of Friar street, in this town, and resided with his wife and four children (all boys) in a house in East-street, the scene of the horrible occur-

rence. posed by Mr Claacy :- ' That this confederation having It appears that, for some time past, he has entertained a su-picion of his wife's fidelity ; indeed, he has publicly charged her with having had illicit intercourse with an old gentleman on whom she was in the habit of attending as charweman. His accusations were always emphatically denied by his wife, and it is ascertained that there never was the slightest ground of suspicion against her. However, quarrels frequently arose between them, and it is only a few weeks since the deceased man was brought before the magistrates, and held to bail to keep the peace towards his wife. During Englishman and he would not attempt to controvert the past fortnight, the wretched man almost entircly what had been said by Irishmen to that room ; but neglected his work, stating, as an excuse, that he was from what he knew of Irishmen, he helieved there were unwell. On Wednesday, the keeper of a beer-shop next Irishmen present who would not suffer the base attempt door to his own house, having heard that he was poorly, that was made to break up their society. Mr O'Leary | inquired how he was, upon which he replied, ' There's next addressed the meeting at great length, in support of | nothing the matter with me, Mrs Nutt ; but I have seen the position he had taken in defending the Jesuits, and things that are wrong, and I have staid at home to find the Primitive Cantons of Switzerland, against the arms them out.' Mrs Nutt told him that he must be wrong in and decrees of the Swiss Diet, denouncing in strong his head to imagine such a thing, on which the terms the spirit of democracy that would not defend the wretched man observed, 'I'm right enough in my head Sonderbund. Mr M Carty denied the right of their body -there's nothing the matter with me.' On Sunday, he to censure the free opinions of any other body of men. visited this same house two or three times, and at one who thought proper to differ with them either upon reo'clock, took home a pint of beer for his own and his ligious or political subjects. Mr Brown, in a powerful wife's dinner. About four o'clock, the wretched man and address, showed the injustice as well as the impolicy of his wife were heard quarrelling by the neighbours; and, meddling in affairs that were sure to set them at variduring the altercation, deceased sent out his son Charance with each other. He did not hesitate to say that he les, who had just come home from school, to fetch his

was the greatest enemy to the cause of Ireland, who brother, then playing in the street. The poor little would introduce a religious question amongst men who fellow had just descended the flight of steps in front of were composed of all shades of opinion upon theology. the house, when he heard a great noise behind him, and This address of Mr Brown's, called forth the indignant on looking back he saw his mother rush out of the front depunciation of Mr O'Leary, who again addressed the door, followed by his father, who, at the same instant, meeting in a strain of personal invective. The meeting felled her to the earth with a poker which he held in his green, for the purpose of re-organising a district was obliged in return to hear a severe and galling casti- hand. The poor woman fell senseless outside, the society, to co-operate in the efforts making for the gation from Mr Brown, Mr Clancy then replied, and man retiring within the house, and closing the door after

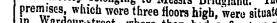
they quickly restore the system to its natural state of re-pose. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to head-little argument could be necessary to show the necessary to a pool of blood, which was flowing copiously from wounds BABNSLEY .- The Irish Democratic Confederates e in her head. A surgeon was immediately sent for, and she g from too great a flow of blood to the head, should so in intering one interior, and so be without them, as many dangerous symptoms sonable period of time as would be consistent with the will be entirely carried off by their immediate use. For bodily as well as the mental health. The speaker evening at Mr Utley's large room; Mr Andrew Coyle was constable, on ascertaining that the wretched man had

> which the operative baker had to perform, the greater headed, 'The Holy Alliance of Nations,' on which an which he was horror-stricken at beholding the assassin portion of it having to be done in an atmosphere animated discussion took place. Mr Hoey addressed lying ou his face, and almost deluged in blood. After groaning heavily twice, he expired in the officer's presence. A medical examination discovered that he had system was one of the results to which the attention Federalism, the Nation newspaper fearlessly denounced inflicted a frightful gash acress his throat, extending

> The unfortunate woman, though still alive, has continued in an insensible state since the dreadful occurrence, that the conductors of that journal had thrown aside and on inquiring on Sunday evening, it was stated that she was in a very precarious state; indeed, from the of feiendship to the oppressed people of England and dreadful nature of the wounds she has sustained, her Scotland. He would say with the Northern Star, 'let recovery seems altogether improbable. The poor crea-He called upon those present therefore to be active in bygones be bygones,' and if the Nation is desirous to ture is nearly ten years older than her husband, has a form a holy brotherhood of the democracy of the United hare lip, and is altogether destitute of any personal at-Kingdom, the day is not far distant when the liberty of tractions; therefore, the fatal suspicions which her hus all will be achieved. Mr Thomas Gagan stated that he band seems to have entertained are the more remarkhad unto a late period been a zealous supporter of the able. Mr Blandy, the borough coroner, has appointed Whigs, owing to the false teaching of the late Mr O'Con- the inquest on the deceased for Monday. The eldest of nell, but he now andidly confessed he was deceived, he the children is sixteen years of age.

An inquest has been held. Evidence was given to turning their poor tenants out of their little holdings to The jury, without retiring, found 'That the deceased, die in the ditches and morasses of the country. He also James Hearsey, destroyed himself while in a state of denounced the mock patriots who were deceiving the temporary insavity.' At the close of the inquiry, the costood that the parochial authorities will take charge of

DESTRUCTION OF MESSRS BRIDGLAND'S PLANOFORTE MANUFACTORY .- On Tuesday night, shortly after tive baker, and none but the comparatively few who meeting was subsequently addressed by Messrs Keith, eleven o'clock, a fire involving a serious destruction pessessed fixed incomes could be benefited by such a Hanigan, O'Neil, and others. A vote of thanks was of valuable property broke out in the pianoforto manufactory belonging to Messrs Bridgland. The premises, which were three floors high, were situate Wardour-street, where they had a frontage CHARTIST ORGANISATION. nearly 70 feet, from which they extended backwards to the houses in Wardour street. At the time of the disaster the place was well stored with goods, some writers and attorneys. (Loud laughter.) This Act, SIR,-In letter No. 2, signed 'Fre Patria,' we are at all events, shewed the estimation in which the told, 'If a brother has erred it, it is the duty of Char-SIE,-In letter No. 2, signed 'Pro Patria,' we are finished and others partially so. Such was the progress of the destructive element, that before a single these old Acts, he would also refer to another which give him.' Will your correspondent define in his next of the extensive building were completely wrapped in engine had time to arrive, the first and second floors be had met with in the course of his inquiries on the letter the nature of the offences that are to be hushed up flames, and the fire was rushing through the roofand Its effects in dissolving the congealed phlegm, and be had met with in the course of his luquines on the line backets and forgiven? I have ever understood that Democracy windows with such impetaosity as to threaten the vertain classes were to be forfeited to the poor, except. Then is profession of the six points to be a screen for of Wardour-street and Noel-street, being apprchere then I is profession of the six points to be a screen for of Wardour-street and Noel-street, being apprehen posture, a single dose has open round to endote them to rest with comfort. If given in the early stage of con-sumption, it will speedily arrest and ultimately entirely remove the most dreadful malady. A single bottle will effectually establish its superiority compressing upon the minds of these area in the expense of truth and jus-compressing upon the minds of these area is a strong of the strong of the strong of these area is a strong of these area is a strong of the strong of the strong of these area is a strong of the strong of the strong of these area is a strong of the strong of these area is a strong of the strong of the strong of these area is a strong of the str tice ? Have not our enemies acted upon this principle was the crowd that the police were unable to keep the in punishing Chartist offenders ? Did they not stretch people from running over the things removed. The a point in transporting Frost, Williams, Jones, and Ellis? firemen succeeded, by half-past twelve o'clock, in In imprisoning five hundred working men for intemgetting the fire so far subdued as to allay all fears of perate language ? In sentencing Mr O'Connor to twenty its further extension. The damage, as far as could months' imprisonment in a felon's cell ? In patronising be seen, appears to be confined principally to the almost deprived him of rest. His appetite forscont him, his breathing became very difficult, and many friends a great variety of medicines without any relief, we vere induced to make a trial of your invaluable Balsam, which Scotland, died from the effects of a slight pin scratch made the galive from the solution and the effects of a slight pin scratch than justice f 'What judgment shall he dread who induced from the dread who manufactory in which the flames commenced, very little, however, has escaped destruction. The origin cases, have we not been made the painful witnesses of of the disaster could not be ascertained. The whole of the men left off work at eight o'clock, when the WEST LONDON ANTI-ENCLOSURE ASSOCIATION. does no wrong ? What have Chartists to do with special On Monday, the 22nd of November, will be held as pleading, extraordinary decrees, or gracious pardons ? Clark's rooms, 114, Edgeware-road, a few doors from Do we not know that all did ministry decrees of gracious from the second secon traveller's license) related that he found his servant Do we not know that all this rubbish has, for centuries the Harrow-road, a public meeting, for the purpose in conversation in Holland with the natives, and past, been enacted and carried out by kings and priests, of re-organising the West London Central Anti-Ene said the him, 'Why John, you never told me you had and implies a violation, not a fulfilment of what justice closure Association on more efficient principles; learned Dutch?' 'No more, I never did,' replied requires ? If the list of offences be comprehensive likewise to make laws and elect officers. Chair John; 'bot bless ye sir, its only bad Yorkshire.





BROOKE'S

any relief, so that at last I mentioned to the Surgeon that sheald like to try your pills and ointment, and he said "Do so, for I do not see any chance of your getting better, ich and plesant pectoral balsam, and has been given in without my using the knife, to get a proper discharge." rich and plesant pectoral basam, and has been giren in By taking your pills and using your ointment, I got im-mediate relief, and in a short time a complete cure, for which, I thank God; and to you, Sir, I return my sincere hoarseness, asthma, and all complaints of the breath, is

as it instantly allays the irritation, a single dose affording

Part the Third. Contains an accurate description of the diseases caused Contains an accurate description of the diseases caused by infection, and by the abuse of mercury, ; primary and secondary symptoms, cruptions of the skin, sore throat, inflammation of the eyes, disease of the bones, gonorrhea, gleet, stricture, & are shown to depend on this cause. Their treatment is fully described in this section. The affects of neglect, either in the recognition of disease or in the treatment, are shown to be the prevalence of the in the treatment, are shown to be the prevalence of the virus in the system, which somer or later will show itself in one of the forms already mentioned, and entail discate in its most frightful shape, not only on the individual himself, but also on the effspring. Advice for the treat-ment of all these diseases and their consequences is ten-dered in this section; which if duly followed up, cannot failin effecting a cure. The part is illustrated by seven-tern cohunged engravings. tean coloured engravings. Part the Fourth

Treats of the preventative Lotion, an application by the use of which all danger of infection is completely avoided. and the prinful and destructive maladies described in the preceding sections thoroughly prevented. Full and explicit directions are given for its use, and its modus operandiclearly explained.

Part the Fifth

Is deroted to the consideration of the Duties and Obliga tions of the Married state, and of the causes which lead forthe happiness or misery of those who have entered info of certain disqualifications is fully examined, and infelicitous and improductive unions shown to be the neces. sary consequence. The causes and remedies for this sary control and important consideration in this section of fails to perform a perfect cure when perseverance is the work.

mon Journal.

To Professor Holloway,

To Professor Holloway. SIR,—Mr Ryan, the wcll-known proprietor of the Hotel next door to me, had two very Bad Lega, one with eight ulcers on it, the other with three, they were in such a fearful state that the effluvia from them was very great. Some time since he made a journey to Dublin for the pur-pose of consulting some of the most eminent professional men, but returned home to his family with the choice of cither one of two alternatives—to have both Legs am-entated. or die!—On his way home he met a Gentleman putated, or die !- On his way home he met a Gentleman in the Coach who recommended the use of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which he had recourse to, and wa perfectly cured by their means alone.

(Signed) CHARLES TULLY, Editor and Proprietor of the Roscommon Journal.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Vendors of Patent Liedi cines throughout the civilized world, in Pots and Boxes at-is. 14d., 2s 9d., 4S. Gd., 11s., 22s., and 32s. each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes. N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients are affixed to each not and hor to each pot and box.

COENS AND BUNIONS. - As Summer advances, 50 corns the bouds of matrimony. Disquietudes and jars between married couples are traced to depend, in the menjority of instances, on causes resulting from physical imperfec-tions and errors, and the nears for their removal are shown to be within reach, and effectual. The operation the most disastrous consequences. Those who are sufferto those who are fond of walking exercise; they very frc-quently, too, produce inflammatory attacks, which lead to the must disastrous consequences. Those who are suffering from these troublesome companions are confidently recommended to have recourse to 'Paul's Every Man's Friend,' which gives immediate relief, and in no case

BXTRAGEDINAEY CASE OF CURE. Dewsbury, Dec., 1845, Messrs Brooke, Gent., -- In consequence of the decided enefit which my family have experienced i.rom the use of your ' Cough Balsam,' I beg to add my test mony to its was then re-organised, and Mr Barstock was apexcellence. My son Frederick, after an attack, of measles | pointed secretary ; and the names of a number of excellence. My son Frederick, alter an attack (" Measure was left with a most distressing and severe con, th, which almost deprived him of rest. His appetite fors, ok him, ing were given to the deputation and the chairman,

produced a change very speedily, and eventually effecte d en her hand, being impregnated with saliva from the than justice ! 'What judgment shall be dread who family have been afflicted with a course on cold a data with special does no wrong ?' What have Chartists to do with special family have been afflicted with a cough or cold, a dose or two of the medicine has never failed to effect a cure; and I can confidently recommend it as an excelient remedy in such cases. You are quite at liberty to publish this case.

Yours respectfully, W. HAINSWORTH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR.

trade of the baker was held. As he was speaking of tists in particular, and all men to stretch a point to for-

sent, in terms similar to those used by the preceding

members having been enrolled, the thanks of the meet- the Lancaster trials in 1843 ? In the imprisonment of

speaker, the great importance of the trade generally supporting the present movement. A district society

Durou.-A traveller (we hope he does not use a

N NOVEMBER 20, 1847.

Poetry.

THE DELUGE

THE LATEST SONG OF BERANGES.

AI A prophet always, in my ministry holy. (On the future I dare to Interrogate God : Th The princes of earth to chastise for their folly.

Th' old world shall be swept by an o'erpowering flood.

Al Already upon them, the tide growls, and lashes Its limits : " Look, masters, it comes, wild and free!"

'Look,' but thy answer, 'Thou I I say to them. dreamest :

Poor kings! they shall all be engulfed in the sea!

What for thes, O my God, these good kings have they dene f

So many there are, with whose laws we are blessed! of This the people their rights have forget; and we SLOTE

Nexts the weight of our down-crushing burdens oppressed.

Bt But the waves speed their march, irresistibly willed, Against these chiefs, once so well pampered ; ah me ! A1 An ark for themselves they're too witless to build-So, poor kings, they shall all be engulied in the seal

W Who speaks to the waves ? A despot of Afric.

A black son of Ham, a wild barefooted king-"I "Down!" crice ho, "base waves, to my fetish antique

Yield ever, and double the sweet gold ye bring." A And this excellent king, his dear lucre a-taking

From Christian sea-rovers and traders in blood, S Solls his subjects, to slave it, our sugar a-making-

Poor kings, they shall all be enguifed in the flood ! • Come here !' cries a Sultan of Asia, 'I will it! Wives, visiers, and eunuchs, up ! start into motion? I Throw up your pale corses around me, to still it, Or bank in the waves of this turbulent ocean."

And then, in his harem all perfamed, from out Which already his terrified guards seek to fise, I He smokes coolly, yawns, and makes heads fy about-

Poor kings, they shall all be engaited in the seal

I In our Europe, from which this great delugs outflews:

United in vain, to lend each other aid; •O God, be our judge 1° all have eried in their

W065 :---"Swim, swim on always," in reply God hath said! Those dread powers already the deluge nigh drowns, Their proud thrones fall in dust 'neath the hands of the free,

And money is coined with the gold of their crowns'-Poor kings, they shall all be engulfed in the sea!

"This occan, oh, prophet, what is it ?' ye say : 'Tis us, Peoples, unbound from the fetters of

hunger ; Tis us, more instructed, and clearing away

That vain crowd of monarchies, useful no longer ; Our on-moving billows so long led astray,

God makes pass o'er these sons of the stubborn knee:

Now the sun shineth forth, and the storm calms 2W2V----

Poor kiugs, they are all in the depths of the sea!

LACIGOGRE.

Paris, Sept. 20, 1847,

Review.

SUMANDA'S COLONIAL MAGAZINE. - November. London : Simmonds and Co., Barge Yard, Bucklersbury.

This number contains valuable articles on 'The Manufacture of Sugar,' 'Transportation,' 'Cuba,' 'Sierra Leone'' 'Ceylon,' and 'The State of our contains a communication from Trinidad, signed The Looker-on,' suggesting a string of remedies for rest in the land, instead of being the dependent slaves of wages. Such a system would make that the ' Looker-on's' views are too honest to be shared by the planters, and too wise to be acted upen by our incapable government.

and are given in marriage, like mest other Christian sent condition need no comment, beyond the simple people. Their industrial progress was at first slow, statement offacts. owing to their poverty, and wast of knowledge and

have long since surmounted all these impediments, and are how wealthy, and in the enjoyment of every physical comfort. Their property amounts to several thousand

dollars fer each man, woman, and child of their number. The 'Associationists' er 'Fourierites' have three

experiments' now in their third or fourth year. They are the 'North American Phalanx,' New Jersey ; the 'Trumbrell Phalanx,' Ohio ; and the Wisconsin Phalanx,' Wisconsin. Mr Greely also gave some account of a German colony called 'Ebenezer,' but which we shall not extract, as in the part before us there is a much more lengthy account of the said community, written by the celebrated Parke Godwin. We give Mr Godwin's letter entire, and request for it the serious attention of our readers. It tells of the perfect success of Communism in Communism's best form, -social equality combined with

family' can alone supply, conjoined with all the ad. | mens of their excellence. vantages of Community of property. Here is this interesting revelation, a glimpse of the good time coming :--

A NEW COMMUNITY IN AMERICA.

Siz,-My object is now not to discuss the general question of community, but simply to give you an account of a new organisation that has recently come to my notice, and whose history and present condition fornishes a topic of appropriate interest. I allude to an associative village, which has been established about seven miles from the city of Buffalo, and not far from Niagara Falls, called Bbenszer. It is composed of a colony of some one thousand Germans ; who, about four years since, emigrated from Germany, where they were not allowed so free an opportunity of carrying out their peculiar plans. They were not driven to the undertaking by any civil or religious oppression, nor actuated live a pure, spiritual, and happy life. Many of them were able to contribute from three to fifteen thousand dollars to the common stock, while one put in fifty-and another as high as a hundred ithousand dollars. With, a portion of these funds they came to America, and purshased above seven thousand acres of Indian reservation lands, formerly belonging to the Senera tribe, but more recently held by the state government. The tract is warm thanks. situate in an exceedingly fertile and picturesque region. intersected by beautiful water-courses, and agreeably diversified by the varieties of soil and natural formation. It is within reach of several very important markets, to which, by means of canals and railroads already in

operation, it can have access both summer and winter. Since purchasing their estate, these enterprising Germans have cleared completely and put in the best order. many miles of durable fences, planted twenty five thousand fruit-trees of various sorts, settled three compact villages, about one mile apart; each containing one hundred large and commodions dwelling-houses, substantial structure, four saw-mills, which are kept contantly running, one flour-mill, one oil-mill, one large woollen factory, calico-print works, a tankery, a variety of workshops for mechanics, public halls, and several chool-houses. Besides these, they possess extensive herds of cattle and swine, their sheep slone numbering about two theurand heads. Indeed, their property with its improvements is estimated to be worth more than a

million of dollars; which, if divided, would give ten thousand dollars to each man, woman, and child on the domain. Such are some of the internal advantages of unitary labour.

Of course, this domain having such a large and effective working force, to be applied always at the right West India Colonies.' The last-named article time, and with the completest effect, is well cultivated. It is said to be the envy of the surrounding farmers, on account of the neatness, order, and success which attend the depressed state of the colonies, which remedies all its operations. A writer in the Cultivator, one of our story is that he and a friend, being on a journey obscured our vision, and blinded us to the real idenwe heartily accord with. The principal feature of leading sgricultural papers, in describing their location, between Newport and Pontypool, camesuddenly upon tity of our interests, the sameness of our wants and the 'Loeker-on's' scheme is his proposition for esta- says, "their gardens, yards, and fields, display refined a body of the Chartists who were proceeding to the sufferings, and that the remedy calculated to ameliblishing a race of independent labourers by giving taste, and the highest state of cultivation. From pre. former place. The Chartists anspecting that Bruff orate the condition of one part of the industrious sent annearances, they act on the principle that to ant little and often is better than to overload the stomach the negroes veritable freemen. We fear, however, at long intervals; they accordingly eat uniformly five times a day, viz., at half-past five a.m., at nine, halfage, both mals and female, are required to work at such business as either their taste, genius, or habits, may

owing to their poverty, and want of knowledge and We have not room to notice the other good things adaptation to the requirements of pioneer life; but they contained in this part. 'The People's Journal' is

pre-eminently worthy of popular support.

THE PARLOUR LIBRARY. London: Simms and M'Intyre, Paternoster-row, and Donegal-sireet, Belfast. The Collegians, a Tale of Garryowen. By the late

THE

Gerald Griffin. Highways and By-ways ; or Tales of the Roadside.

By T. C. Grattan, Esq. The Old Convents of Paris. By Madame Charles

Reyband. Marian ; or a Young Maid's Fortunes. By Mrs S. C. Hall.

These works are all deserving of high commendation from the critic ; they are, one and all, admirable novels. We would gladly give extracts, did our space permit; have had our protective institutions, our co-operabut as a shilling will purchase any one of the works, we | tive societies, and every possible means that could individual liberty,-the happiness which 'home' and can scarcely regret the being unable to give the speet. be devised have been tried at; and with all this, the

THE COLLEGIANS is a tale of prefound interest, from been sinking lower and lower in the scale of society. the pen of one who lived but long enough to give promise of a brilliant fature. The characters are life-like, and trathful. The plot well arranged, and the interest maintained to the very close.

HIGHWAYS, AND BY-WEES must add to the reputation of its author but in some of the characters, that of Claude, for instance, in Caribert the Bear huster, we

fancy we discover a slight touch of exaggeration, THE OLD CONVENTS OF PARTS gives sketches of Convent-life far more pleasing, and therefore, we trust, more plans heretofore adopted for the recovery of the accurate, than those which usually are exhibited to the rights of industry, and that cause may not be so Protestant world.

But for charming freshness, good feeling, and good principle, commend us to the gem of the collection-Krs S. C. Hall's MABRAN; with all the faults and foibles of the nature of previously established societies to grapthe heroine she is a charming spectmen of womanhood ; ple with the antagonists of labour, and to defend and the Irish nurse, whose devotion and fidelity render it from the aggressions of exploalists. They have by any peculiar fanaticism, but simply by the desire to are the next personage in importance, might sit as a been too weak, and built upon tob narrow and cir model to many who would despise such characters in comscribed a basis, and as such must necessarily real life. There is something refreshing to the very | fail in obtaining the rights of the working man. The heart in her trusting hopefulness; her perpetual recur. fariures, we say, in such societies are mainly attrirence to the beautiful saying. 'There is a silver lining | butable to the contracted and sectional nature of to every cleud.' How much of repining sorrow should thens. But to make the matter more intelligible we we escape could we copy her. For this one character, will enlarge upon this subject : and first-In local did the book contain nothing else, Mrs Hall deserves our societies, as bitherto carried out, there has been an

A Night with the Chartists, Frost, Williams, and mass of the people for one common good! Instead of

Jones. We notice this catchycany publication for the their operations, thereby vaivaly attempting to resist purpose of warning our readers to keep their money the attacks of manufacturers; they have thus been in their pockets; and, secondly, to express our dis- fighting with the wind, and combating with the gust at the conduct of the author of this precious pro strong and powerful, with the weakness of children, duction. When we say ' catchpenny publication, 'we | and in consequence of their folly, capitalists have nearly five thousand acres of their land, erested a great do not mean that this ' narrative' is a string of false. visited them with continuens reductions in wages, hoods-for aught we know to the contrary, it may be and all the horrors of starvation and want. very trae-but however true the author's statement Another point to which we may attribute past demnation of all honest men.

But we have a heavier charge to profer against the self at the expense of Frost and his fellow sufferers.

was no better than he turned out to be if not actually

National Association of United Trades.

FRIENDS,-The cause of the working man is a subject that has long engaged general attention more or less, and many means have been adopted to secure to industry something like a fair remuneration, But, hitherto, these means have terminated in genersl failures, invariably leaving them in a more hopeless condition than previously; and now, on every hand, a lamentable and heartrending scene presents itself, and that, too, among every class of workmen, whose condition is infinitely worse than it was ever known to be; there are more houseless, comfortless, destitute, and starving industrious artisans, than were ever witnessed before; and yet we great body of working men in this country have antil thousands terminato a miserable life, amid want and wretchedness, leaving their families to get a living the heat way they can in that world that deprived their fathers of the rights of labour. This is a painful truth. A truth which no one will attemps to confute.

For this deterioration in the condition of the working classes there must be some cause, and something radically wrong and palpably inefficient in the distress and penury of their ill-fates brethren. In conclusion, we say, be firm to your principle. Let no opposition turn you from your duty. Let the | themselves. As we have before stated, it is not in man's rights, and with his children's bread. The Centrali Committee of the above expanding asco-

saction of general business. A great mass of correstiondense has been received from many parts of the kingdom, also the following reports from members of the Central Committee and agents of the National Associat Hón.

absence of a general and recognised principle of organising and concentrating the energies of the great being so, they have been divided and subdivided in thanks to Mr Humphries terminated the meeting. ROUPDILE ... On Monday Nov. 8th Hr Parker de-

may be, he tells nothing new. His narrative is a failures in trades' unions, is a want of sympathy of mere repetition of the evidence he gave on the trial reciprocal effects and operations. There has not some thirty or forty barns, of the largest size and most of Frost, whereas the announcement led us to expect been that unanimity of feeling, that spirit of brosome astounding revelations never before published. | therhood, among the working classes that ought to We, therefore, denounce this threepenny worth as a have been; and that should bind their hearts tocheat, a 'take-in,' an attempt to defraud the public, gether, and prompt them to immediate and effective for which both anthor and publisher deserve the eoa- action for each other's interests and welfare. We have been led to look upon one another at a great

distance, and known each other, as it were, only in author of this 'narrative.' We charge him, on his | books, and in figures, and in statistical information, own showing, with having acted a cowardly and trea. when some government man has laid our condition cherous part towards John Frost, and that his object | before the country, having gleaned his knowledge of in publishing the rubbish before us, is to benefit him us, and of our circumstances, from the manufact turers, and we know that that is not the purest The author's name does not appear on the title. source to gather accurate information upon the conpage, but his name is Bruff. Ile was a brewer at dition of the teiling millions. But, however, such Pontypool, and was at one time an intimate friend of has been the way in which we have known and seen Mr Frost's, and although a political disagreement on- | each other, while an impassable gulf has seemed to sued on Mr Frost becoming a delegate to the Chartist preclude all friendly connexion, and mutual co-op-Convention, their social intimacy continued. Bruff's eration between us. Our sectional exortions have

in Rochdale become members of that body.' 'That this meeting cannot separate without expressing their

awaken public attention and sympathy on our behalf to the satisfaction of all parties present; many of whom -and we know that it is one of the safest ways, of have agreed to join the Association forthwith. Me Town has also made arrangements for several meetings, effecting a change for the better. In carrying out this plan there are many difficul-

independence of miserable and enslaved Britons.

and as soon as they had done so they have abandoned

to be held during the following week, at Sowerby ties to overcome, many obstacles to surmount, and a Bridge, to., &c. On Thursday aveaing last, our agent for the Isle of fearful amount of selfishness to ernsh, which hitherto

have considerably militated against the interests and Man gave an introductory lecture, on the 'Protection of spread of such a combination. Indeed there is Labour from apprincipled Employers,'in the Grammar nothing we have to encounter that is half so destruc- School, Castletown, Mr W. Simpson, miller, in the chuir, tive to our well-being, as that spirit of grovelling sel- The statistics he made use of, as he went along, were fishness that aims at absorbing all that others con- really astoniebing, and gave various examples of good to tribute, and making as small a return as possible. operatives which has been effected by the Association. The maxim appears to be, get all you can and give The lecture was listened to with great attention by the as little back in return as you can. Such a spi- audionce, and on various eccasions were bursts of rit is atterly destitute of good, and subversive of applause. The mosting was not large, it not being all that is calculated to enhance the happiness and generolly known, but as the audience invited the lesturer to give another lecture on that night fortnight, the We have had trades belonging to this Association 18th inst., he will no doubt have a fall house, the lecture who have succeeded, by our assistance and influence. being well required by all who had the pleasure of in realising considerable advances in their prices, hoaring it,

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHBRN STAR. Manchester, Nov. 18: 18!7.

our ranks, and appear to forget that those who aided them to rise now need assistance in return. But Sir,-In consequence of a paragraph appearing it they turn a deaf ear to such entreaties, and suffer Lloyd's Weekly New-paper, of the 14th inst., relative to their fellow-men to continue the helpless victims of the silk pickers and weavers now on strike; and in the cupidity, and will not stretch out one hand to save. pay of the National Association since the Sid of June Such conduct, to say the least of it, is hase ingratilast, for realisting a reduction offered them by Messis tude, and richly merits another visit of the iron Geo. Smith and Co;, of Lower Mosley-street, silk mahuhand of oppression. We hope, however, that such faoturers, and which paragraph, centaining zuch mistrades will reflect upon this question, and see it to representation and many gross falshoods, has caused be their duty and their interest to resume the pay- great excitement in the trade. The officers of the ment of their levies, and aid us to mitigate the trade were applied to by several individuals to call a general meeting, which took place on Monday, the 15th inst., for the purpose of ascertaining, if possible, who wers the party or putties who have taken upon themimuch in the manner in which such institutions have are yet grappling with, more you to redoubled exer. from any member of the institutions, all parties at the the nature of the institutions are yet grappling with, more you to redoubled exer. from any member of the tradition or participation in tions to extend the interests of this Association, and meeting utterly denied all knowledge or participation in thereby create a power to do battle with our oppo- the paragraph in question; either directly or indirectly-. That a committee be appeinted to fay before the public the incorrectness of the following statements. - First, the writer says, 'That Mr Williamson, a member of the Central Committee of the Association of United Trades, clation met on' Monday and following days for the tran- exme from Eendon, ou Saturday the 11th of Oct., and gave the pickers and weavers; on strike, three weeks notice that the Central Sommitter would stop their pay.' Now, ad far as the weavers are concerned in this statement, it is utterly falsy :-and, owain, the writer says, ' That the turn-outs have held meetings to con-On Monday evening Mr Humphries" attended a meet. sider, what course they should pursue to obtain a coning at the Queen's Hotel, West Smith Hild, of the paper tinuance of support from the Sentral Committee, until stainers, to explain the principles of the Association; they can get employment. Bas as this meeting was rewhich he did at considerable length; to the perfect stricted to their own body, we have not bearned the resatisfaction of the meeting. A resolution to join the sule. A document, similar to the miner's, would doubtless Association was unanimously carried, and a vote of be issued, but the body is too poor; they must, therefore, quistly succumb." Now, as regards our meetinge, they were general meetings of the body, and not confined to livered an address in the Chartists' Room; Yorkshire- the strike hands aloue ; and we emphatically declare street, Bochdale. Long before the time off meeting, the that we never met to disapprove of the conduct room was crowded. MY P. entered fully into the plans of the Central Committee relative to our strike; and objects of the Association; he showed its adapta- therefore, such an idea as to our intention to publish a tion to meet the wants and wishes of the teiling millions, document is ridiculous in the extreme .-

We further state that it is the opinion of the trade, Mat ins Central Committee have done their best throughout the whole management of the srike ; we are also satisfied that our strike would long; ere now, have been Brought to a successful-termination; were it not for the diversion of trade ; but now the prospect appear more Rochdale, in public meeting assembled, having heard farourable than they have done heretofore.

the principles of the National Association explained so Trade having now taken a more favourable turn, wo eloquently by Mr Parker, do hereby pledge themselves are of opinis a the Central Committee will never desert to join as soon as possible, and all parties wishing to do us as long as they can see a shadow of a change of winthe same. may obtain all the necessary information by ing: our battle. Now the writer says, ' The Central applying to the committee, held at the Cross Koys Inc. Committee commenced their strike with much bravado Cloth Mail, every Tuesday evening, from seven to ten in May lass, but only ukimately to proclaim their ignoe'clock.' 'That this meeting having witnessed the ranco and m akness.' To this we give a flat contradiemany failures in local trades' unions, are of opinion that tion; inserne sh as the hands were forced out by their the National Association is the only combination calcuemployers, with a view; as they intimated, of breaking. lated to work out permanently and efficiently the obup the A-so visition. This is a true statement of our jects of the working classes. We therefore pledgrour strike: The writer goes on to state. "That during the selves never to relax in our exertions until every trade strike, the G intral Committee has sent down some of their member 3 to compromise the claims of the hands with their en ployers.' This we depy ever to have been gratitude to, and admiration of, that indomitable friend the case with , withe consent of the hands. He also says of labours' rights; T. S. Duncombs, E.q., M.P., for his! ' That, a few weeks ago, the Central Committee drew out supported the m." This is also an utter falshood, as they turned out on their own account against a further reduction in their wages, and appealed, through the columns of the 9 NORTHEBR-STAR, to the public for sympathy and sup port. It has also, been stated that we have been "kept one small strike p: 1y.' We beg to say that we have 'received. support; soct rding to rule, on our uvorage wages, which wo und erstood prior: to our joining the National Association.

" Wision for the Milion,"

NORTHERN STAR.

半球动力 法移送

THE PROPLE'S JOURNAL. Part XXII. London : J. Bennett, 69, Fleet-street.

This is a most interesting part of this very exce lent publication. The illustrations are beautiful, and the articles by Harriet Martineau, Mrs Hodgson, Mrs Sinnett, Mrs London, Mary Leman Gillies, Lord Nugent, Parke Godwin, H. Dixon, and other celebrities, are more than ordinarily able, instructive, and entertaining. Harriet Martineau's reminiscences of 'The Holy Land' are quite a treat. In saying this, we must, at the same time, express our regret that the lady-traveller should have been their farm operations crowned with the highest sucguilty of the folly of dipping her bucket into the Jordan for some of its water, intended for the baptism of some infant, the child of a friend of the traveller's. We were not prepared to find such a woman as Harriet Martineau aping the absurdities of royalty and its sycophants. We notice some pleasing sketches of life in Tunis, by an African Rambler, very interest- that they are all sheltered in the most comfortable maning to female readers. 'A Talk with Lamennais.' if authentic, and we have no reason for doubting its are thoroughly whitewashed four or five times a year. authenticity, is a curious revelation of the present thoughts of one of the most extraordinary men of and fineness of the fleece. The sheep are divided into this age. It appears that the ex-Abbe has a thorough contempt for our free-traders, and rightly characterises the recent Anti-Corn Law agitation as a conspiracy of the manufacturers for the promotion of their own class-interests. He justly regards the monopoly of the soil as the monster-grievance of the English people. He appears to have no great voneration for the eternal chatterers about 'moral force.' Here are his words-

Are we to stand simply by, hoping to talk down such a system of despotism and corruption as ours at present ? Are we to wait for some age, coming nobedy knows when, in which the mind will be so advanced that wrong will not be able to exist ? Why, our governors we must act. And there is nothing but the sword to out this gordian knot. It is a sad necessity, I know, that blood should be sked. * * How many speeches and manifestors would it take to restore Poland to her nationality? Do you think Russia, or Austria, or Prussia, is to be persuaded by ought but the sword ? Besides, with us the times become daily more | riant crops bear ample testimony to its importance, and opportune, and seem to demand a stroke. The air is * thick with signs of a change preparing. Beranger and I were talking over that very question the out yet long enough to see a complete turnover in affairs. It's coming, it's almost here now!'

God send that Beranger may be a true prophet and that the hope of Lamennais of a speedy revelution in France may be realised ! If revolution be gins in France, it will not end there! We have elseceived with a burst of enthusiasm by all the haters of kings here as well as in the poet's own land.

A Voice from the United States on Emigration' "The Working Men's Associations,' says he. are rapidly forming in all the free states. They openly declare against all war, all slavery, and lay Letters from America' are valuable contributions. from Horace Greely, editor of the New York Tribune. tracts :--

THE SHAKER COMMUNITIES.

and Niskayuna, New York. Absolute co-operation of with the rest. property is well known to be one of their distinguishing cousts, and is most inflexibly adhered to. None of these vely - and the result

render fit. And, whenever, from any cause, such as change of weather, or sudden ripening of a crop, an extra number of hands are needed, they can bring fifty or a hundred into the field at once, with any requisite number of teams : and thus enjoy great advantages in cultivating and securing their crops. By a rather minute division of labour, each man, or group of men. are set to do one thing; so that order and system are everywhere manifest, and nothing is wasted. In a high sense, a place is provided for everything, and everything is found in its place. Their cloth and other manucess.

The same writer, in the continuation of his account proceeds to describe the various outbuildings and storehouses of this prosperous community. He says,-'Separate barns, spacious and well ventilated, are provided for horses, oxen, cows, yearlings, calves, and sheep. So | in different parts of the country, proclaiming his ner during the winter, and the apartments for the sheep Thus they promote health, and increase the weight parcels, each of which is in the constant attendance of a shepherd and his dog, during the day in summer, and is driven up at night and huddled; and the land thus to understand the claims of a cowardly informer. manured by them during the night is, at the propertime, sown with turning, de. The cattle are also kept in separate classes, each under the constant attendance of its herdsman, and driven up to the yards at night. Then there are a series of barns, say 150 by forty feet to prolong the exile of Mr Frost, for that Bruff in size, standing in a line, eight or ten rods spart, the whol. lower part fitted up exclusively, one for horses,

another for cows, another for young cattle, another sheep; another series standing in another line, and filled, some with hay, others with wheat, others with oats, barley, &c. &c ; and then again other ranges of would not allow us to work for such a time. No, no; buildings, enclosing hundreds of swine; and others spares no pains in trying to impress upon his readers us. He must be induced to join the great constill, to accommodate all the poultry belonging to the community. Every stable for horses and cattle has thus trying to prove two opposites he writes him. and long insulted operative. treuches to carry off the liquid manure into tanks, to be self down an ass. The story of his heroic enduthence conveyed to the growing crops of the farm; and rance under suffering and persecution is really association' every working man in the entire kingindeed in all their barns and yards, the utmost attention is paid to making and saving manure; and their luxathe skill with which it is applied. Even the conveniences of their houses have their vaults extended three feet back, and covered by a lid hung on hinges : and other day. 'Ay, ay,' said he, 'we have both one foot the night-soil-remeved by long-handled dippers-is cried with him, and gave him a pipe of tobacco, and and depreciating the value of labour from which in the grave, and the other not far off; but we'll stand used most plentifully in the gardens. And such splen. Bruff-the immortal Bruff-absolutely puffed away they are enabled to amass enormous fortunes as if did heads of bristle lettuce, such cucumbers, cabbages, beans, peas, and maize, as have been grown under the litalice are his :- 'lemoked it! Yes, in that com- agony and want. Cannot the injured and oppressed stimulus of this liquid excrement, it has seldom been | pany, under the awful circumstances that then | operatives of all classes adopt some plan of mutual

my lot to see." The testimony of this disinterested eye-witness is itself enough to prove the practicability of the external arrange- greater gusto than was the short, blackened, plan be adopted, we have not the slightest doubt where given Béranger's latest song. It will be re- ments; but I have learned from friends who have visited and often-used pipe that I smoked on that but that it might be practically and beneficially the colony, that their internal harmony is no less re- memorable occasion.' Oh! holy Meses ! here's a carried out. We see other societies and companies markable. Thus far, their property is held in common, though any person is at liberty to retire at any moment, will well repay perusal. The writer bears evidence | by merely withdrawing what he originally contributed. to the triumphant progress of the Young American No interest on capital is allowed, and of course mone of behold the immortal Bruff in the 'Marshes' a considerable extent, in their purposes. And what the profits of the concern are regarded as belonging to individuals. But, as yet, no person has made an application to remove, as all seem so contented with their poclaim to an equal division of the public lands.' The sitions, that it is doubtful whether they ever will have an occasion to distribute any portion of their funds. In a former part of the Journal. we observed a letter | One would suppose that, from the want of a direct personal interest in the results of their labour, there would briefly narrating the progress of oc-operation in Ame- be great temptations to indolence ; but it is said that this rica. From that letter we give the following ex- is by no means the case. The difficulty is, not in getting

each other as 'United Christian Friends,' have at shirking of labour by any, is the degradation of the tween the two; Prometheus is merely the poet's idea a variety of ways, minister to the emancipation of least four extensive and flourishing establishments delinquent into lower classes of labour ; but the govern. of heroie endurance, whereas Bruff is a reality (we in the United States-at Enfield, New Hampshire; ment have not yet had to use this alternative in a single will not say a real man), and no mistake. If proof Harwood, Massachusetts; New Lebanon, New York; instance. All labour cheerfully, and in perfect union be demanded, let the Whigs offer Bruff a place, be nufacturing operations by producing goods of foreign

They have not yet erected any unitary mansion, most of the families preferring separate dwellings and houseco-operations are now less than thirty years old; most holds; but their cooking, washing, and other domestic of them are from forty to fifty. Each commenced in operations are done by divisions of ten families each, so poverty and privation, and each has long since overcome as to avoid the confusion of a large number on one hand, all pecusiary difficulties by means of simple, straightfor- or waste and trouble of an extreme isolation of families

past eleven, three p.m., and seven. All of a suitable handed over to Mr Frost, who at once set them at and blindly rushing on to the very brink of ruin; the hills for some hours, at last ventured home. Once assured that his carcase was safe, Bruff immediately Lientenant of the county, stating, like a base informer, all he knew, and perhaps semething more. On the trial of Frost, Bruff gave his evidence against that but for Mr Frost, he (the ' informer') would have been like Don Juan (by-the-by a much more respectfactured articles are made in the best manner; and able character) 'sent to the devil somewhat ere his time.

Bruff's treachery excited so much public odium against him that he soon found Wales too hot to be comfortable. He, therefore, had to leave the scene of his 'moving accidents by flood and field,' and has since then been dodging and scheming remarkable services to the government, and his deep wrongs in not having received some reward from the powers that be. We have heard, on very good authority, that Bruff has more than one petitioned to be rewarded with a situation under government in return for his treachery to Mr Frest. but, hitherto, in vain, the government being unable The Whigs being again in power, Bruff has published his 'thrilling' (!) narrative, seemingly with the hope of attracting attention to his 'claims.' Whether the telling of his story be at all, likely cares not. Brafl's motto.

By way of propitiating the enemies of the Chartists. Bruff endeavours to show that the Newport | and our exertions for labour's rights must increase. affair was every way ridiculous and contemptible : | Every man who earns his bread by the sweat of but when he has to show off his own heroism, he his brow, in the three kingdoms, must be one of the formidable character of the Chartist force. In federacy, to recover the dues of the much injured funny. First, he was 'surrounded by hundreds, dom, may not our operations extend to France, to perhaps thousands, of armed men.' Next he was America, and, indeed, to every part of the world-

two, at what Sam Weller calls a 'pike,' that is. | the workman rabbed and trampled upon by ruthless gentle reader, a turnpike-house, where the venerable | capitalists ? For, in every country oppressors are buffer,' the ' pike keeper,' condoled with him and the same, and are equally interested in degrading at the 'dudeen.' Here are his own words-the by magic, leaving countless millions to writhe in environed me, I smoked a pipe! It did warm me | co-operation to protect each other from their com--and, perhaps, never was a pipe smoked with mon foe- 'heartless oppressors ?' and could some subject for a cartoon! Talk of Alfred bak- compassing sea and land, in every part of the ha ing bannocks, or Marius's 'meditating' in the midst of the ruins of Carthage - pshaw ! for the execution of their objects, succeeding, to pike-house,' smoking his blackened 'cutty.' Here's should prevent the working classes forming a 'unia subject to decorate the new Houses of Parliament! 'A good man struggling with the storms of fate,' is a sight to call forth the sympathy the grasping, avarieious, and insatiable thirst for of the heart that can feel for another.' But Bruff gain, manifested by millowners, factory lords, and enveloped in 'baccy' smoke, with that ' kind old fel- capitalists of every stamp. Does not one blood anilow.' Mills. (the pike-keeper,) orying over him, must have been a sight fit for the gods, exciting even their tance, nor country, clime, nor colour, can sever their admiration! Belisarius, in his misfortunes, was less dear and close relationship. And for the protection a hero than was Bruff. Perhaps Prometheus is the of each other's rights, and for an equitable diatriing at improper times and seasons, so as not to injure only character whom we could venture to compare bution of the products of industry, may they not act their health. The only provision made against the with our hero, but there is this vast difference be in concert? Surely such a confederation would, in

bility will soon be made apparent.

Bruff tells a cock-and bull story of having been very nearly piked, shot, and drowned in consequence of an attempt he made to escape from his 'guards ;' but Bruff was under the care of Providence and so our own ships, to manufacture our own canvas, and escaped. 'I said to the villain, 'For heaven's sake everything necessary for the completion of such an don't both shoot and drown me.' Fortunately the undertaking. And then we might be able to witness organisation. All the members labour regularly and though a large unitary edifice would doubtless contribute of 'We must say it working the court of the working men's own 'swift sailing ships' proudly nomy, ease, and efficiency of their off.' We must say it was unreasonable to think of floating upon the ocean's surface, directing their course both shooting and drowning our here, either mode might have served to give him his quietus. From this freighted with good things, produced by our friends anecdote we are enalled to understand the value of and co-operators in other countries, to be equally Cromwell's advice to his soldiers: 'Put your trust distributed amongst their associated brethren here. in God, but always keep your powder dry !' No doubt who are born to be hung will never be drowned,' says | not do all this for others? And do not others reap a full length portrait of Bruff, strikingly original, framed in the Old Bailey, and exhibited to the gaze

lasses, would, at the same time, promote the clove a 'spy,' at least willing to do the dirty work of an | tion and independence of the other. These things informer,' took charge of him and his friend until we have not recognised, and in our conflicting opetheir arrival at the 'Welsh Oak,' when both were rations for labour's redemption, we have been madly liberty, and appointed an 'escort' to conduct them in | and from that fearful precipice, our family comforts, safety beyond the reach of the much-dreaded Chartisss. | our domestic bliss, and our social concord, have been As soon as 'the last phalanx' had been passed, Bruff precipitated into an abyes of woe, of unmixed and and Co. took to their heels, and after dodging about | unmitigated distress. This is a picture of the condition of the great mass of the people, and to obviate which we have exhausted our strength and energies. wrote to, and communicated personally with the Lord | and uselessly expended millions of pounds of our hard earned vence : and as much more of our associated means may be thrown away. if we continu**e to** fight labour's battles in the same disconnected, sectional, his former friend and benefactor, for Bruff makes out and un-brotherly manner. This plan is but a remnant of old customs which are fast hastening to oblivion, making way for a system more rational-a system which shall be a developement of, and in harmony with, the advancing spirit of the present

We must now look upon each other in a different light than we have hither to done. We must see in each other's face. claims for our sympathy and aid and recognize in all the ties of universal brotherhood which must awaken in us a deep sense of our obli gations and duties to each other ; and call into our ranks a band of independent, devoted, and energetic men, whose entire time and energies shall be given up to the improvement and thorough regeneration of the toiling class ; who, in their turn, must actively co-operate with the leaders of the good cause, and a period to oppression, to tyranny, and to heartless cupidity will soon be fixed.

Such is the plan that will do us good; a plan that is national; that takes in the whole working population. We must trust no longer to our local efforts, we must extend our operations, and in the spirit of true reciprocity, mutually assist each other in accom-'Every man for himself' is the patriotic plishing that we have so repeatedly failed in doing, by relying upon our individual exertions. We say our operations must extend, our minds must extend,

If we contemplate enrolling into this 'monster searched.' He was kept prisoner for an hour or where the rights of industry are set at defiance, and bitable globe, for the execution of their plans, and versal league' for the protection of industry ? Are they not all suffering from the same cause ?-- ? e., mate each human being ? and acither time, nor dis-

For instance, we shall be able to extend our mait worth only twenty pounds a year, and his tangi. | consumption ; and upon a principle of mutual exchange, deal honourably with our brethren across the Atlantic. The means of ready transit could soon he commanded, as, by our associated pence we should be able to employ our own members, to build

were brought to a very satisfactory termination. The. Abbot's Chain and Nail Makers, Gateshead These few words may be regarded as Utopian, JAMES GOULDEN, District Sec. and totally impracticable. But, we would ask, do we BLACKBURN .- The long-pending turnout at Polding's cause of the dispute. Also, the proposed reductions at Ashbura's mill have been witkdrawn, and the hands are t work at the old price. the working millions of every land shall be tho-BILK PICKERS AND WEAVERS ON STRIKE, -- In conseroughly organised for each other's mutual protecquence of the very scurrilous statement that appeared tion, and holds their annual or triennial conferences, in last work's number of Lloyd's Weekly Neusparer. special meeting of the above societies was convened for to congratulate each other. In the meantime, let not the working classes of Monday evening, November 15th, at the Railway Inn, this country omit the adoption of this principle of national combination for the preservation of aur Deansgate, Mr W. Bailey in the chair, to repudiate and rights. Let us carry out this plan in a manner, and with a spirit, that shall reflect honour upon us, and of misery existing in this great metropolis are truly confer permanent advantages upon our children ; appalling. In our next we shall try to find room and this can only be done in proportion as our for some extracts. We trust that the Poor Man's confidence towards each other increases. We must no longer look upon each other with suspicion and distrust, but be confiding and devoted. One heart, one mind, one intention, must pervade and actuate one mino, one intention, must porvide and dotunto the whole, and then we may soon expect to witness the triumph of our principles, the recovery of our rights, and the total extinction of tyranny in all its form⁵. This work is rapidly going forward, and we then dissolved. To combine upon this national principle will at all. times afford us the readiest means of making our injuries and wrongs tell muon the public wint of the Globe Ian, for the purpose of explaining the Bagged School for how head of the public wint. where prospects are so flattering. Its history and pre- son's issues bears a creditable appearance.

able, efficient, and untiring exertions on behalf of the "That the best thanks of this industrious classes." meeting are due, and hereby given, to the editors and proprietors of the NORTHERN STAD,, for allowing the use of its valuable columns to publish the trades' proceedings.' A vote of thanks to the lecturer and chairman; terminated the business of the evening.

and paved the way for their physical and social emanci-

pation, and in propertion as the working classes co-

operated to carry out its principles, in the same pro-

portion they would accelerate the day of their redemp

tion. At the close of the Recture, the following resolu

tions were unanimonsly adopted :- ' That the trades of

NORTHAMPTON .--- On Munday, Nov. 3th, Mr Robson attended a meeting of the trades in the Town Hall. The body of the hall, the staircase, and the davement outside, being thronged to excess. -- several manufacturers, magistrates, and town councillors being in the crowd. On account of numerous statements-being guite currest, strong opposition was anticipated, but nothing of the kindtook place. Mr Robson, in a clear, lucid, and animating lecture, showed the practicability and beneficial tendency of the association. Ho pointed out the great advantages derivable to the working classes from the same, and that it was the only efficient and rational-

plan hitherto laid down for the redemption and elevation of the working man. Mr R. was listened to with great at ention, and at the close of the address, the following rusolution was unanimously carried :- 'That in the by Mt Wewso me and Mr-Joseph Hatfield, on the principles opinion of this meeting the principles upon which the National Association of United Trades is based; are o'clook. A collection will be made at the close of the well calculated to effect the amelioration of the working classes of this country. We therefore determine to at Batley Ci its. We hope as many as can will attend to rive off of to those principles, by enrolling surselves as the above a seeling, and give their mite towards assisting members thereof at the earliest opportunity.' A vote of thanks was given to Mr Robson and the chairman, and

the macting so; arated. MANCHESTER District Committee -- Mr Peter Grimshaw in the chair-met on Wednesday and Thursday evening, Nov. 19th and 11th. Messrs Robson and Wil- vises, mut at apply to Mr Dunn, No. 10, Quay-side, Sunliamson, from the Central Committee, at the request of. the District Committee, attended to adjust certain differences existing between the two Committees. The District Committee alleging that the Central Committee had been remiss in their duty. Messrs Robsomand

The first night (Wednesday), was occupied bygan animated debate between Mesers Robson and Williamson, and a deputation from the ' hondon silk, wock and cotton printers' society,' of Crayford, which ended as it began. The District Committee leaving the dispute to trust these arrangements will be strictly observed, be settled between the Central Committee and the Oray. ford block printers.

On Thursday night the debate upon the complaints mitter was opened, by Mr Moss referring to the silk pickers complaining of deficient support, direct interference of the Central Committee by deputation to employers, and abrupt stoppage of support, without consulting with the Eoly town. District Committee. After a very lengthy discussion. hetween Mesars Robson, Williamson, Parkery Moss, clat ion, are informed that, on the 1st of December next, Shankey and others. It was resolved :- 'That the silk: will, be published the first zumber of the Central pickers' case be left in the hands of the Central Com-

mittee as heretofore. FLASTEBERS' GASE. - Mr. Estey then brought: up a complaint of the length of time which elapsed, from Confer printed for general circulation; st the charge of one once to November, before this case was gettled, and

ultimately a decision given against them. He urged, at considerable length, the claims of the plasterers during the building striks, insemuch, as they had been members from the commencement of the Association ; and only received at the sate of 2s. 21.1. pen week, when on strike, instead of 14s per member. While other trades at the time, who had only joined a few months previous, re-

coived as much, and some of them full weekly allowance. The District Committee had been always favourable to their claims. Messrs Rebson and Williamson replied, urging that they were not entitled to the fall support as per scale, but only so much as the Central Committee

could then obtain, beyond which they had no claim, That the resolutions adopted by the Manchester Conference of 1846 did not mean full support; and that the questions had been fully sottled, respecting the building trades, at the Birmingham Conference, 1847; Mr Gouldin replied, as a member of the late Central Committee, and as District Secretary during the strike, and deles ate to the Conference of 1846, and bringing up the case of the building trades, at the Birmingham Conference, 1847: he spoke in favour of the claims, recapitulating at full length from the commencement of the Association to the present time-so far as the plasterers were concerned. Several other members spoke-upon the subject, when the following resolution was proposed and adopted :---That the Central Committee be respectfully requested to reconsider the plasterers" slaims."

Several other matters were urged against the Contral Committee, such as want of information, late balance sheets, registration, questions upon, the district laws respecting powers of districts in appointing deputations, London-all of which were replied to by Messre Rob., at Winlaton, the following subscriptions:son and Williamson. and after much debate, matters

meeting broke up amidst the congratulations of each Hawk's General Smiths, Gateshead other, after passing the following resolution: -- 'That Hawk's Anchar Smiths, Gateshead the explanations of Mesars Robson and Williamson, OR. Porter's Chain Llakers, Dunston ... behalf of the Central Committee, be deemed satisfac- Folley Shop, Failors, Rawcastle tory PETER ZRIMSDAW, Chairman; JOHN MURPHY; St Peter's Quay Chain Makers Hall's Smiths, Blaydon mill has been brought to a satisfactory termination, by Pow's Chain Makers, North Shirlds Tyzick an Alebinson's Chain Makers, N: Shields 0 10 0 the withdrawal of the reduction which has been the Nailors, Sarth Shields

Tour's, dic.,.

THE SILE PICKERS AND WEAVERS OF MANCHESTER. The Gentra ! Committee advise the various trades to beon their guan 1 against the malignant attacks of anonymous soribbl ers, whose unfounded calumnies will ultimately recoil on their own-heads; though they intend, by malice and ispleen, to destroy the Association by their mean and da stardly proceedings.

NuTICES.

Two betu res will be delivered in the-Bed Chapel, top-Hechmoni wick, on Tuesday, November 23rd instant, of the Fatio asl Association. Chair to be taken at eight meeting, on behalf of Mr John Elise and men on strike these strug gling for labour's rights.

The trad es of Sunderland, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and vicinity, at a informedathat Mr Robson will visit the above district to set furth the principles of the Association, Apy trad ca' bodies desirous of obtaining his serderland.

Alt lett ers on business, respectivg the trades forming the Assec lation, must be sent through their respective secretarit s, or through the medium of the district secretarise, as the Central Committee cannot ireat any other summan catior as official.

All lef .ters sent to this office on geveral business, must be directed to the general secretary, Mr T. Barratt ; and all bet irs upon financial matters, to the financial secretar y, Mr James Webb. The Central Committee as great inconvenience often occurs through business letters being addressed to members of the Central Com-

The trades of Sectland can be furnished with cards and 'rules, or any information respecting the Association, by naking application to the agent, Wm. Claughan,

The secretaries, and members generally of the Asso-Committee's Manthly Report-one copy of which will be given gratuitously to each society belonging to

the Association. A considerable number will be tienny each.

The intention is that it shalls be made a useful periodical. It will contain valuable - and interesting information, respecting the rise, progress, passing events, and future prospects of the Association, together with its general statistical accounts. It will be got up in a superior-manner. Twolve numbers will form a neat

The trades will please give their orders for the same, together with cash for the number required, to their local officer, to be by them sent to this office, directed to Mr T. Barratt, when the orders will be promptly atterided to.

CAEPBNTERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION .- A public neeting of the carponters of London was held at that old trades' rendezvous, the Bell, Old Bailey, on Fuesday evening, November the 16th. Mr Jonas Wartnaby was unanimously colled to the chair. The secretary (Mr J. Bush) read the objects of the procoted institution, viz, ' The establishment of a fund for the support of the Aged and Infirm, and the erection of an Asylum for the reception of members and their wives,' and a series of rules, numbering thirty-zine, for the government of the institution, which woro discussed soviation ; in which Mesars Eusly, Paisice, Braile, Austin, and others, took part. and were adopted, with slight alterations, down to rule 14th, when the meeting was adjourned until lucsday evening, the 23rd instant. During the business many persons paid their first quarter's subseription.

WINLATON MAKERS-Received since our absence of members of the Centual Committee from last, towards the Horse Mail Makers now on strike.

0.15

Williamson met the allegations with much ability.

large domains, purchased piece by piece, and paid for ; movements.

The community is a regularly organised township, ample and excellent buildings ; extensive herds of eattle ; spacious enclosures, redeemed from sterility and waste under the laws of the state, but being a little republic to fertility and beauty ; bounteous crops ; full granaries, in itself, having its interests concentrated within itself, and an abundance of all the physical comforts of life. It has no inducement to take part in the general politics These results of co-operative life are entirely beyond of the nation. Our hot disputes about rum licenses, are disliked and ridiculed by the great majority of our war and anti-war, do not trouble these men, who are the eld proverb, hence it is easy to understand how all the profits of such enterprise? Yos, we can carry for othere but caljournals and influential people, nobedy here will deay happy in the privilege of working directly for the good and hand with this arritic is been been to be the out these of the perils of water, steel out these 'Utopian' operations for others, but sel-case been entirely successful; and I think their worst and selfishness. They are governed by a council who enemies have ceased to hope that they will ' break up in are annually elseted by themselves, who do all the buy. a fight,' or be scattered by some special dispensation of ing and selling, and have the entire management of framed in the Old Bailey, and exhibited to a fight,' or be scattered by some special dispensation of ing and selling, and have the entire management of or thousands of his admiring contemporaries. Providence, A more inoffensive, temperate, honest, affairs. If either of them should betray his trust, of or thousands of his admiring contemporaries. Philanthropic sect I know not where to look for. course he would be rejected from office at the next elec-GERMAN OMMUNITIES. tive assembly of the people.

Similar to theirs is the history of the co-operations of The children are required to attend the schools Germans at Economy, Pensylvania; Zoar, Ohio; Ebe- where they are instructed in all branches of useful nezer in this State, and I believe several others. Ecknowledge, and in the English and German languages. nomy is over twenty years old, but the co-operation They are earefully instructed in their moral duties, (Rapp's) is at least forty, having settled on a storile tract though I believe no specific forms of religion are taught. in Beaver Co., Pa., which they abandoned for a better at The larger portion of the community are attached to the New Harmony, Indians, which they afterwards sold to Lutheran Church, but do not insist upon imposing it Robert Owen, and removed thence to their present loca- upon others. At morning and evening, the beginning tion. Their affluence and profasion of physical comforts and close of their labours, public prayers are offered; are the proverb of the region around them. So of the and religious exercises are observed on Wednesday co-operation at Zoar, Ohio, which was established, some afternoons, and on Sundays. No restraints are laid twenty to twenty-five years ago, by a band of German upon freedom of marriage, as among the Shakers, emigrants, who came over so poor, that a contribution through every caution is used to prevent the young was raised among the benevolent Quakers of Philadel- from entering into that deep and awful engagement phis, to preserve them from apprehended starvation without due reflection upon its issues and responsi-during the first or second winter of their residence in this bilities. Country. Poverty dictated a concerted separation of the Such is a brief sketch of this young and important fallipenny D'ambers weekly, and sixpenny parts for most of Mr Wate times afford us the readiest mean the starvation of Mr Wate times afford us the readiest mean the starvation of t

The Poor Man's Guardian. London : E. Mackenzie, 111, Fleet-street.

We have received Nos. 1, and 2, of a new penny periodical, with the above title, devoted to the publication of the wrongs of the poor. The revelations Guardian will command a large circulation.

The Purg atory of Suicides.

A Prison Rhyme in Ten Books. By T. COOPER. the Chartist. London: J. Watson, 3, Queen's Head-passage, Paternoster-row.

but the pressure of want having abated, they now marry, whose prospects are so flattering. Its history and pre- son's issues bears a creditable appearance.

the fellowing effect :- 'That a committee of five be rate of from two and a half to three florins per er appointed to draw up a report in answer to the said thousand. statement, and that the same be forwarded to the STAB,

EDWARD SUMMERSIDE, Secretary. Windston, Nov. 15th, 1847.

•••

076

042

040

0.3 🤁 🗆

05\$

066;

£4 6 10 1

066

•••

...

....

GASTRONOMIC DELICACIES .- In the Tyrol, and partieularly at Voralberg, a regular business of breeding g contradict the said statement. The large room was snails for sale is carried on. They are placed in a crowded, and one feeling of indignation was expressed at large pieces of ground, have of shrubs and trees, and id the unstrumentable conduct of They are expressed at large pieces of ground, have of shrubs and trees, and id the unwarrantable conduct of Lloyd's unknown correg. covered with grass, where they are fed with cabbage pondent. Messrs Barstow, Hurst, Moss, White, J. leaves. In winter they are covered with moss to to Shanley, F. Shanley, and others, soverally addressed the meeting. A resolution was unanimously agreed (D, to the following and a helf to them from two and a helf to them from the following and the form two and a helf to them from two and a helf to the from two and a helf to them from two and a helf to the from two and a helf to the from two and a helf to the from two and the from two and a helf to the from two and a helf to the from two and to the from two and to the from two and the from two and to the from two and to the from two and to the from two and the from two and to the from two and to the from two and the from two and to the from two and the from two and to the from two and the from two and to the from two and the from two

...

There are three "Ragged Schools" in Newcastle the and LLOYD's, for insertion.' Mesars John Morphy, Wm. (says the Gateshend Observer,) the Gaol, the Work- k-

THE NORTHERN STAR.

-GREAT SUCCESS TRUE RECIPROCITY.

"ALL FOR BACH, AND ZACH FOR ALL."

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL LAND COMPANY.

CIDES : with corrections and additions. To appear FRIENDS, -- The propriety of establishing a NATIONAL BENEFIT SOCIETY has been frequently urged upon our attenin eighteen numbers, at Twopence each; or six ion, and a strong device expressed that we should originate one, in order to afford an opportunity to those of our 13th instant, and which was addressed to the parts at sixpense each. By Thomas Cooper, the friends who have a desire of joining an institution under the auspices of the movement party, and established for the purpose of aiding the onward march of Democracy. With the desire of our friends we cordially sympathise, Chartist. The first number and the first part to be ready on Wednesday, Nevember 8rd, 1847. Biobard Carlile's Manual of Freemasonry, the three and were it not that our time is fully and completely occupied in attending to our present engagements, we should feel great pleasure in complying with their wishes. We have long been of opinion that the cause of the people would be much served by the establishment of such an Association. At present there are thousands who join New publishing in weekly numbers at Twopence, and other societies who would prefer becoming members of one composed of persons whose epinions harmonise with in monthly parts at Ninepence each, THE REAtheir own, and whese funds instead of being placed at the disposal of their enemies, would be applied to benefit SONER, and UTILITARIAN RECORD, a journal cause. of Theology, Morals, Politics, and Communism. themselves, and the cause which they have at heart. We must, however, decline entering upon the organisation Edited by G. J. Holyoake. Vols. 1 and 2, price of such a body, but, at the same time, would recommend all who feel interested in the matter, to join the

NATIONAL CO-OPERATIVE BENEFIT SOCIETY.

Holyoake's Mathematics no Mystery; er, the beau-Which has been some time in existence, and which was established for the purposes above enumerated. The actual management of it devolves upon its indefatigable founder, Mr STALLWOOD, a man in whose honour and proties and Uses of Euclid. With plates, 1 vol., price bity we have the greatest reliance-so much confidence do we repose in him, that we have consented to become the Holyoake's Practical Grammar and Hand Book. 1 Vol. directors of the society-Mr Stallwood undertaking to do the work of secretary, our part of the business being to make a periodical examination of the accounts, and other monetary transactions, which all parties may rely upon 1 6 being done by us. The shief recommendations of this society are-that the subscriptions are liberal ; its govern-1 0 ment democratic, and its funds will be deposited in the NATIONAL LAND AND LABOUR BANK. We sincerely recom-0 10 The Infidel's Text Book, being the substance of 13 lec-

mend this society to the consideration of our friends. All communications on the subject to he addressed to the secretary, Mr Edmund Stallwood, 2, Little Vale-place, Hammersmith, London. CHRISTOPHER DOYLE, THOMAS CLARK, PHILIP M'GRATH.

THE LATE NATIONAL LAND CONFERENCE. Held at Lowbands, August, 1847, adopted the following resolution unanimously :-- 'That this Conference recom-RHYMES and RECOLLECTIONS of a HAND LOOM mends the country to deposit their funds in the 'National Land and Labour Bank;' all who wish to follow the WEAVEB. By William Thom, of Inverary. With instructions of their friends and representatives will join that auxiliary to the National Land Company. a fine portrait of the poet. 1 vol., cloth boards and THE NATIONAL CO-OPERATIVE BENEFIT SOCIETY.

Patron .- T. WAKLEY, M.P. Directors .- MESSES. P. M'GRATH, T. CLARK, AND C. DOTLS. Bank .- THE NATIONAL LAND AND LABOUR BANK. Secretary .- MR E. STALLWOOD. Central Office .--- 2, Little Vale-place, Hammersmith.

Bailey's Rational Philosophy, or Essays on miscella-neous subjects : Historical, Moral, and Political. This society presents greater advantages to the industrions millions than any similar institution ever established Charta Religionum : la chart of the sects and denomi-The banefits resulting from joining it are-

	THE BATCHES TERMINE TION TO THE POINT	•		. .			
•	In Sickness, per week		from 7	rs to	18s		
1	Member's Decease		"£	6 ,,	£ 20		
, İ	Wife's Ditto		,, ,, £		£10		-
1	Wife's Accouchement				£2	•	
	Superannuation, per				68		
		- Jaho Towastwas o	ties Sumplete Fund	in Land for	e tha mute	travha lan	0.00
1	A Gift Fund and Youth Burisl Fund, a	ind the investore o	t its onching r and	e in mana' io	r mo mun	Ter entant	eRo
1	ofits members.						1
•	Estra	ace Fee, according	to Age, as follows :	i		:.	
I	Years.	Years.	Years.	Ye	ars.		
1	First Section, under 25 3	ed - 35 4	s 4d - 45	5s 0d - 5	io 7	5 6d 🔅	
	Second Section 25 2	cd. 35 9	0d <u>45</u>	4a 6d!	i0 A	a Øđ	
	Second Section 20 21		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0- 03 -		• • • • •	
	Third Section 25 2	(.0d ¥ē 2	s 60 - 10 ····	92 eg — 5	U 4	5 6a	
1	Rough Section 25 19	6d - 352	ı 0d - 45	3s 0d - 5	9 4	s Ød ·	
l	If more convenient to members the en	trance fee can be p	id by instalments,	so that the	whole is	; paid wit	hin
. 4			5 C		-		
1	three months.						-

The following persons have already volunteered their services as agents, of whom rules and every information can be obtained at the following places :-- Mr Lawrence, Whittington and Cat, Church-row, Bethnal Green ; Mr Jeffrey, Tanners' Arms, Bermondsey-road; Mr J. Simpson, Harrison's Assembly Roems, East-lane. Walworth; Herbert's Temperance Coffee-house, Exeter-street, Sloane-street ; Mr Walford, Temperance-hall, Broadway, Westminster ; Mr L. F. Brown, Silver-street, Kensington ; Mr H. Hayter, Frogmore, Wandsworth ; Mr J. Pare, 65, Livery-street, Birmingham; Mr T. Shepherdson, Town-gate, Armley, near Leeds; Mr G. Wheeler, Dunkirk, near Devizes; Mr Munday, Northampton; Mr Wesley. Cannon-street, Wellingborough; Mr D. Morgan, Merthyr Tydvil; Mr J. J. Beaver, Gandiffeth, Pontypool; Mr Skevington, Loughborough; Mr T. Chambers, Leicestor-street, Bils-To be had also in Eight Parts, at 'Sixpence each, or ton : Mr J. Reddis, Burton Latimer, Higham Ferrara; Mr J. Gregory, Ironville, near Nottingham; Mr H. Pierce, Fleur-de-lis Inn, St Mary-street, Bridgewater; Mr W. H. Webber, 8, Farcham place, Coxside, Plymouth ; - Mr Westoby, Dappa's Hill, Croydon ; Mr H. Ingham, Michison-square, Scholes, Wigan ; Mr James Fink. Talbot Inn. John-street, Bridgewater ; Mr Thomas Flood, Holland street, Barnstaple ; Mr Martin, artist, and Mr David Morrison, Bath-street, New Swindon ; Mr H. Toomer, Commercial-street, Newport, Monmouth ; Mr A. Packer, 78, Harrow-road, Marylebone ; Mr Ellis, Baker, West street, Crowland ; Mr Neesham, near the Wesleyan Chapel, Willenhall ; Mr H. Foster Yates, Temperance Coffee house, Miles Bank, Potterles ; Mr G. Cavill, 39, Queen-street, Sheffield ; Mr Donaldson, Warwick ; Mr C. Goodwin, Rea-street, Birmingham ; Mr Nicholas Canning, Stuart-street, Wigan ; Mr James Chapple, Beechen Cliff, Bath ; Mr J. Grimshaw, Holmes, Doneaster ; Mr G. Giles, Victoria. street, Brighton ; Mr J. Frazer, 8. Catherine-street, Aberdeen ; Mr D. Robertson, Castle-street, Allos : Mr Joseph Hill, 8, Spa, Southampton; Mr W. Gregory, Eccles, near Manchester; Mr E. Jones, Green-gate, Salford; Mr by the change, but will they gain that which betoken the coming of "the war of principles." Joseph Hewitt, Ghapel-street, Leeds; Kr W. Liddle, Preston; Mr Israel Argyle, Oak-street, Abingdon; Mr James they have a right to require—social justice and Abroad and at home the English Democrats Nesbitt, 6, Gibson-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne ; Mr Edwin Scholly, Midgate, Peterborough ; Mr Ewen Heskith, | political emancipation ? Landend Church, Oswaldthistle, Blackburn; Mr John Why, Great Glean; Mr A. Taylor, Stow in the Wold; Mr J. Pugh, Kington, Hereferd ; Mr W. Fairburn, Wednesbury ; Mr G. Timbrell, jun., Winchcomb ; Mr T. Goody, Sudbury; Mr A. Walker, 16, Bailie's Causeway, Hamilton; Mr William Cameron, 9, Store-street, Paisley; Mr R. Burrell, News Agent, Greenock; Mr John Douglass, 49 King-street, Gosport; Mr John Hewarth, Kingstrest, Leigh ; Mr J. Garrod, News Agent, Ipswich ; Mr John Hunter, Brick Garth, Easington Lane : Mr William Roomes, Chaple Cottages, Dorking; Mr D. Scrimegour, Crieff; Mr J. Morgan, Butcher-row, Deptford; Mr W. W. thing effectual for the correction of the mon-Pickvance, 18, Dancan-street, Bolton; Mr M. Whittingham, Russell-street, Wolverhampton; Mr Thomas, 88, strous abuses under which the people groan. Pickvance, 18, Dancan-street, Boiton; Mr H. Curning, Mussensulty, Correspondence, Wisbeach; Devon-street, Liverpool; Mr W. Furnival, Holloway-buildings, Bilston; Mr H. Carman, Ryan-street, Wisbeach; Mr T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Edward Payne, Spital-gate, Cirencester; He T. Potter, Oxford-street, Stockton; Mr S. Martin, Brightlingsea; Mr Mr Joseph Pitts, 17, Higher Union-street, Torquay; Mr Cross, Bungay; Mr J. Rouse, Battly Carr-road, Dews-bury; Mr H. M. Aungier, Fere-hill, Ely; Mr C. Carter, Newnham; Mr W. Rankin, Campole-street, Dudley; Mr Ronald Watt, Kinghorn; Mr W. W. Regers, Royal Oak Inn, Chelmsford; Mr S. Roberts, Hind-hill, Heywood; Mr
 W. Nicholson, Cainsborough; Mr George Cudip, Swansea; Mr W. Carlten, Darlington; Mr Samuel Sanders, power, or those likely to be in power, so long appeal will be everywhere taken up with New Radford; Mr P. A. Love, Lavington; Mr T. Pickersgill, 82. Depn.street, Soho : of all Secretories of the Lond

NATIONAL LAND COMPANY.

The directors have published, in a neat and confident of victory. elegant form, the able letter of FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESQ., M.P., which appeared in the Northern Star of Saturday last, the

"Rich and the Poor." Price-One penny per copy, or seven shillings per hundred. Each branch of the Land Company ought to order a quantity, and circulate them amongst those who are known to be unfavourable to the

THOMAS CLARK, Corresponding Secretary.

PORTRAIT OF E. JONES, ESQ., BARRISTER AT-LAW.

graving, of the above named eloquent and patriotic citadel of Chartism. gentleman is now completed, and specimens will be placed in the hands of our several agents, as soon as they shall have given their directions to Mr W. Rider, NORTHERN STAR Office, as to the mode of transmission.

No. 12 of the "LABOURER" will contain an engraved portrait of Feargus O'Connor, Esq., M.P.

Next week's 'STAR' will contain a full report of the important PARLIAMENTARY PROCEED. INGS,-the QUEEN'S SPEECH,-and the DE-BATES IN BOTH HOUSES up to the hour of our going to press.

Mr O'CONNOB'S Letter to Messers O'Higgins and Bryan reached us too late for publication this week-it shall appear in our next. Ton BAILEY .--- We must postpone Mr O'Connor's Letter to Tom Bailey on the same grounds.

THE NORTHERN STAR. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1847.

RALLY FOR THE CHARTER!

It appears to us that the time has arrived voice of its hundreds of thousands to be heard when all who profess the faith of Democracy, as embodied in the People's Charter, should make an earnest effort to create a national agitation in favour of that measure.

"The times are out of joint," and it is evident that the ruling faction know not how to time the leaders exhibit energy they will not "set them right." Bankruptcy and pauper- fail to obtain popular support. ism overspread the land, and the sufferers can Russell is "not strong enough for the place,"

No! Neither Peel, Bentinck, nor Russell, will take up the scheme of reform, propounded " Now's the day and now's the hour," for the by Mr O'Connor in his statesman-like letter, published in our last. Nor will they do any- glorious mission.

are persuaded they will find their troops ready preparing for the tax-eaters. And we would remind are persuaded they will find then struggle, and the speakers, such wars are not peculiar to America.

Dear, innocent, European monarchies are perpetrating the same at this very hour. Witness France, Austria We employ these terms of hopeful confi-Russia, and England! (No, the Americans are, dence, because we see evidence of a revival of beginning to sin, because they are taking a leaf out zeal not to be mistaken. The delegate meetof the book of kings. But, fortunately, there are a ings and re-organisation of Chartist associaparty of Agrarian Refermers, a party of Chartists in tions going on in different localities, exhibit a America, who will rescue the rights of humanity from popular awakening, for which we have long popular awakening, for which we nave long the crush of money-bags-and, instead of fomenting hoped. In London, the metropolitan delegate discord (as these fraternal Leaguers to discord the second sec discord (as these fraternal Leaguers try to do council give promise of active work. The Fra-between the two nations, are fostering the Christian ternal Democrats, convinced that the people of ternal Democrats, convinced that the people of this country cannot give effectual aid to the this country cannot give effectual aid to the oppressed people of other lands until English-philanthropy towards the "poor Hindoo," "What men be themselves free, have resolved to agitate cotton," says he, "we shall get from India!" We for the Charter, as the best means of promoting tell them it is not cotton in India, but core in England the cause of veritable Democracy. If the true that we want.

Democrats will but work in union, this metro-The Indian cotton would be a useless glut in the A splendid full-length portrait, from a steel en- polis may be made what it should be-the market, as the rest has proved to be, when manufacturers here have actually sold cotton at a loss, before

A central place of meeting is much needed the price got too low-despairing of ever being able in the Metropolis. We suggest to the Chartist to use it, since they find foreign competition is break. Executive that, if possible, a place be obtained ing the neck of their tyranny.

We tell these gentlemen we are willing to assist at which once a week an aggregate metropolithem in a good cause-if they really wish the emantan meeting shall assemble, to review the Parliamentary proceedings of the preceding cipation of the millions, we will aid them-but none of their namby pamby Liberalism for us. No talk week; when necessary, steps might be taken to bring the power of metropolitan opinion to of rights of the people, without trying to obtain bear upon any question about to come under them! No striving to make an English slave condiscussion in Parliament. There can be no tented, because a foreign slave may be a shade worse doubt that Mr O'Connor would attend the off! While there is slavery, we will struggle against it-while there is luxury on the one hand, and starsaid meetings, when not prevented by his parvation on the other, we will still call the millions liamentary or other imperative duties, and it round the standard of progression, and paralyse their is not impossible but that the genteel Radical miserable fractions of reform with the one grand members, who were too "respectable" to watchword of liberty-" THE CHARTER AND NO attend the Crown and Anchor banquet, might SURRENDER!" On then, Chartists, there is a before long be brought to see the expediency of new parliament; where is the People's Parliament? exhibiting themselves. The Chartist repre- Be stirring-organise-combine, and act ! You are sentatives elected by show of hands, residing worthy of your freedom, but only if you have the in London, would of course attend. Shut out courage to achieve it.

of the House of Commons they might, nevertheless, in the popular forum, assert the legitimacy of their claims to represent the people London has need of a "Conciliation Hall, divested of the humbug for which that celebrated place has become so notorious. Now is the time to centralise the intellectual power of this mighty city, and thereby cause the

with respect by our class-elected legislators. Of course "the sinews of war" will be wanting, and we trust that any appeal from the

Executive will receive prompt and universal response. We have faith that if at this

Now is the time for action. The misgocherish no hope of remedy at the hands of our verned and misguided people, suffering starvarulers. In all probability, the rule of the tion and threatened with a grinding Militia "incapables" will not continue much longer. Law, and (in Ireland) a new Coercion Bill, are ready to march for the Charter. Revolution and must make way for some one else-for is rapidly approaching in France, and through-Bentinck or Peel. The people can hardly lose out the Continent the signs of the times are regarded as the pioneers of progress, and the advanced guard of Freedom's army, Chartists to prove themselves worthy of their

"Will must ripen into deed !"

Nove mber 20, 1847. 5

To Readers & Correspondents.

MISCELLANEOUS. A FOUR ACES SHAREHOLDER wishes one million of persens to lodge 21 each in the National Land and Labour Bank, as the beginning of some plan, to be hereafter developed, for the regeneration of this country. The

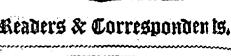
developed, for the regeneration of this country. The 'Shareholder's' own pound is ready. THE 'MANCHESTER EXAMINER.' —A correspondent at Blackburn writes as follows :- The resent exposures (so-called) of Mr O'Connor and the Land Scheme, have resulted in the readers of the Manchester Examiner be-coming readers of the Northern Star. It is no unpleacoming readers of the Northern Star. It is no unplea-sant sight to see the agents' shops erowded with people on a Saturday, anxiously waiting the arrival of the Star; whilst the Examiner is being returned weekly. On the 23rd ult., fifty copies of the Examiner came here, some of which were returned. The 30th of October brought a decrease of five; but on the 6th of the pre-sentmonth the number was only thirty, fifteen of which were returned. Those who were once the warmest of the 'Whistler's' friends, are becoming the readers of the Star. the Star. R. C. SUTION.-Thanks; but we have not room.

SUBSCRIBER FROM THE FIRST, Manchester. - No. 1 of of the Labourer was reprinted, and presented gratis with No. 6.

W. BUNTON .- No room. We have forwarded your letter to the directors. HUE AND CRY.'-A correspondent at Chatham writes as

follows :-- A number of labouring men and mechanics having clubbed a portion of their hardjearnings, for the last eight months, for the purpose of obtaining each a ton of coals a little cheaper by purchasing a barge at once, they chose William Taylor shipwright, in her once, they chose william Taylor snipwright, in her Majesty's Dockyard, as treasurer. The money having been drawn from the Savings' Bank was placed in his possession, when, last Tuesday week, he decamped, taking with him £81. 6s. 8d., thereby depriving many poor families of the comforts of a warm fire-side during the winter. Taylor is a native of Yarmouth, in Norfolk, where it is curnered he has some where it is supposed he has gone.

Where it is supposed he has gone. THE O'CONNOR TARTAN.—Several of the Merthyr Tydyl f.iends want to know if the O'Connor Tartan can be had in London. They also want to know what will twenty waistcoat pleces cost; and if it is possible to have a specimen of the Tartan sent to Merthyr in a letter .- D. R. MORGAN, Malt Mill-square, Merthyr Tydvil. ME WM: ENNISSON, Paterson, New Jersey, U.S., America. Received. Your remittance pays fer thirty-seven copies, postage included. To ACENTS.-I have to request agents and others not to FO AGENTS. — 1 have to request agents and others not to send me orders for works advertised in the Star. I have orders arrive by almost every post. Our business is exclusively confined to the Northern Star. The London booksellers will supply the works advertised. N.B. Send monies for the Defence Fund, the Prosecution of the Newthern Francisco to the Directory of the Manchester Examiner, &c., to the Directors' Office, 144, High Holborn. W. RIDEB. JOURNEYMEN STEAM-ENGINE, MACHINE MAKERS, &c. TO the Editor of the Northern Star. Sir,- I perceive, in the Northern Star of Saturday last, a letter addressed to the Journeymen Steam-Engine, Machine Makers', and Millwrights' Friendly Society, and signed 'A Man-chester Mechanic,' in which letter my name is brought into question, to the effect that I had advised the Warrights' burger of the start of the divised the Warrington branch of our society to withdraw their funds from the Savings' Bank, and to place them in the Royal Bank of Liverpool. Now, sir, allow me to give the above an unqualified contradiction by simply saying that it is false. I do not deem it at all necessary to give any further proof of my assertion, beyond my word, until the writer has the courage to throw off his disguise by using his real signature. You will oblige by inserting the above in your paper of Saturday next. Yours respectfully, HENRY SELSEY, 64, Dale-street, Manchester, Nov. 17, 1847. SCOTLAND. – Two or three communications from Scot-land, including a lengthy account of the interesting pre-ceedings of our Edinburgh friends, must stand over till Mr J. Morrs, Kettle .--- Post Office Order received. Mr BATY, Dalston,-Yes. You should have sent five. Four won'tdo. Sweet acknowledges the receipt of the following sums, for the Defence Fund.-Mr J. Marriot, 1s; Mr Rad. ford, 6d ; E. H. L., 6d. FOR THE PRINTING ACCOUNT.-Collected at the King's Head, Chapel-bar, 3s. Mr ERNEST JONES has received a Post Office Order for #3 2s 31, per Mr Charles Shaw, of Rochdale, viz.-For prosecution of Ezaminer, #3; the O'Connor Defence Fund, 1s; Sleaford Case, 1s 3d. Mr Jones has handed the above to Mr Rider, and respectfully requests that all monies for such purposes may be sent to the Land Office. Mr MOORHOUSE, Notherthong .- All questions concerning the Land Company must be addressed to the Directors, 144, High Holborn. 144, high holdorn. Mr DALLEY, Stourbridge.—All persons joining the Com-pany before the last day of the year 1847, must pay the whole year's general expenses, and no secretary can enrol any person as a member who objects to such payment. GEORGE LEES, Ashton-under-Lyne.'- The Directors will not recognise any transaction in which Mr O'Connor returns money on account of shares which have been taken out and paid for. The Directors are aware that Mr O'Connor, when at Manchester and Notting-ham, generonsly offered to return to any dissatisfied member the money which such person may have paid into the funds of the Company, but the Directors cannot permit Mr O'Connor to do any such thing. cannot permit Mr O'connor to do any such tang. True, Mr O'Connor offers to pay the money out of his pocket, but that makes no difference to the Directors. They cannot permit the transaction. Mr Lees has threatened topublish the determination of the Directors, if they persisted in refusing to allow Mr O'Connor to return his money. Mr Lees will oblige the Directors by so doing, and it will perhaps be a satisfaction to Mr Lees, to know that he is the only member in the Company, that has attempted to avail himself of Mr O'Connor's offer. ALDERSON.—The money was received but not the ad-vertisement. Send a copy. W. BAILEY, Nottingham.—Next week. nor's offer, MANCHESTER PAPER STAINERS. - In our next. Mr WEST.- Reports of meetings addressed by Mr West at Gloucestor, Exeter, &c., were received too late for insertion in this number. T We are compelled by the great length of Mr O'Connor's matter, and the very lengthy report of the Not tingham Festival, to postpone a number of communications till our next. LK4AL. NOTICE.—As I have a considerable number of caseson hand, requiring ulterior proceedings, I must, in order to enable me to do justice to my clients, decline receiving until further notice any more legal correspondence (except such as relates to cases in hand), whether for the STAB or otherwise. ALL LETTERS CONTAINING NEW CASES WILL REMAIN UNNOTICED. TTTERS TO BE ADDRESSED IN FUTURE TO HE AT 16, GBEAT WINDMILL - STREET, HAYMABERT, LONDON. EBNEST JONES. JAS. BUTTERWORTH .- You must sue him for the rent in JAS. BUTTERWORTH.-- I OU must sue him for the rent muthe Small Debts' Court; but the action, I conceive, by must be brought in the names of the trustees, to whom must be brought in the names of the trustees, to whom must be conveyance of the room was made; and the person who acted as their sgent must prove the letting. THOS. WILD.-As to the £6. 14s. and costs, I do not see muther the form and the person instale. that I can give you better advice than to pay the instal-ments as they become due; and should your late land-lord do so illegal a thing as to sue you for sont affer



Half-g-crown

REOPLE'S EDITION OF THE PURGATORY OF SUI-

parts complete in 1 vol., eloth boards 6s.

Price Two shillings and sixpense.

-Practical Grammar, bds.

-Wrapper

-Hand Book, cloth

number price Twopence,

lettered, price Four shillings.

A large sheet, price Sixpence.

in numbers at Threepence each,

and Happiness. By William Godwin,

Miraband's System o Nature, 2 vols. cloth bds.

Between O. Bacheler, and R. D. Owen,

9. Bacheler and R. D.Owen, 1 vol. oloth

in Twenty-four Numbers, at Twopence each

Discussion on the Authenticity of the Bible,

Discussion on the Existence of God, between

Volney's Ruins of Empires and Law of Na-

Volney's eLctures on History, eloth boards ...

ture; 1 vol. cloth boards and lettered,

with Three Engravings To be had in parts at Sixpence, and in Nos.

Miss Wright's Popular Lectures, 1 vol. cloth boads

bers at Twopence each

Miss Wright's Fables Essays on the Formation and Publication of

Opinions, Ivol. cloth boards and lettered

Paine's Theological Works, vol. 1, cloth boards

... To be had in numbers at Twopence each, and in

Parts at Sixpence each. Paine's Political Works, vel. 1, sloth boards and

PAINE'S WORKS.

...

To be had in parts at Sixpence each, or in num-

1 vol. cloth boards, lettered ...

Ditto, in a wrapper

boards and lettered

Ditto, in a wrapper

Ditto, in a wrapper

Volney's Law of Nature ...

Sketch of the Life of Volney

numbers at sixpence each.

Reduced to eightpence.

at Twepence.

and lettered

TwoDence.

at Twopence

and lettered

and lettered

Fourshillings and sixpence each are now published.

tures on the Bible, by Robert Cooper. No 1 to 5

aircady issued, and No. 6 will appear in a few days,

and be continued regularly until completed. Each

Balley's Social Reformers' Cabinet Library. In nine

nations into which the christian world is divided.

cloth boards, price Six shillings. To be had also

lottered, price Six shillings and Sixpence, the

Fourth Edition of AN INQUIBY concerning PO-

LITICAL JUSTICE, and its influence on Morals

To be had in 11 parts at Sizpence each, or in 33 Nos.

...

...

Mackintosh's Electrical Theory of the Universe : 1 vol.

Just published, in 2 volumes, neat cloth hoards and

...

1 4

9

8

2 0

- 3

nester-row.

Paine's Political Works, vol. 1, sloth boards and		
lettered	3	
Ditto, vol. 2,	- 2	
To be had in separate pamphlets, as follows :		
Paine's American Crisis, in a wrapper	I	
	1	
Common Sense, ditto	ō	
	9	
Letter to the Abbe Raynal, ditto	0	
Letters to the Citizens of the United		
States of America	9	
Pablic Good, ditto	0	
Decline and Fall of the English System of		
Finance	Q	Ì
Agrarian Justice	0	
Dissertation on first Principles of Govern-		
ment	0	
Letter to Camille Jordan, on Priests, Bells,		
and Pablic Worship	ð	
Reply to the Bishop of Llandaff	ŏ	
Reply to the Discop of Linkhoan	v	
Discourses to the Society of Theophilan-		
thropists at Paris	0	
Life, by the Editor of . The National'	Ŷ	
TRACTS BY ROBERT DALE OWEN-	_	
Popular Tracts in 1 vol., cl. bds. and lettered	2	
or in separate tracts at the following prices	•	
Tracts on Republican Government and National		
Education	0	
Influence of the Clerical Profession	Ō	
	ě	
Sermons on Loyalty, Free Inquiry, &c		
Lecture on Consistency		
Prossimo's Experience, &c., &c	•	
Moral Physiology; a brief and plain treatise on		
	0	1
the Population Question	0	ı
the Population Question	0	
the Population Question Neurology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology	0	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds.	0 1	:
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper	0	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Gerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by	0 1 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt	0 1 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill	0 1 1 0 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill	0 1 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Gerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Freface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Gimpanion to the Rationel School Grammar. By	0 1 1 0 1 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill	0 1 1 0 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Gympanion to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill	0 1 1 0 1 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Gampanion to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill	0 1 1 0 1 1 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Frogressive Exercises. By W. Hill Grampanion to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Etymological Expositor. By W. Hill	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Companion to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Etymological Expositor. By W. Hill The National, with twenty-seven wood engravings	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Grammatical School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Etymological Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings 1 vol. 870., cloth boards	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 5	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Frogressive Evercises. By W. Hill Gammatical School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Etymological Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings 1 vol. 870., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let.	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 5 2	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Grampation to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Crammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Etymological Expositor. By W. Hill The National, with twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 870., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper	0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 5 2 1	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Gampanion to the Rationel School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Etymological Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 8ro., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, I vol. cloth bds.	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 5 2	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Gampanion to the Rationel School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Etymological Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 8ro., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, I vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life,	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 2 1 2	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Companion to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 8ro., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miraeles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds.	0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 2 1 2 5	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Grampanion to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 8ro., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. -Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miracles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds.	0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 2 1 2	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Grampanion to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 8ro., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, I vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miraeles, &c. of Jesus Christ, I vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, I vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers.	011 011 101 5212 57	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Grammatical School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Expositor. By W. Hill Grammatical Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings 1 vol. 870., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miracles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, 1 vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers. The New Ecce Home, 1 vol. cloth boards	0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 2 1 2 5	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Progressive Exercises. By W. Hill Grampanion to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Expositor. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 8ro., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, I vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miraeles, &c. of Jesus Christ, I vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, I vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers.	011 011 101 5212 57	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Gerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings 1 vol. 8vo., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miraeles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, 1 vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers. The New Ecce Homo, 1 vol. cloth boards Buonarotti's History of Babeet's Conspiracy for Equality, 1 vol. cloth boards	011 011 101 5212 57	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Gerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings 1 vol. 8vo., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miraeles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, 1 vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers. The New Ecce Homo, 1 vol. cloth boards Buonarotti's History of Babeet's Conspiracy for Equality, 1 vol. cloth boards	011 011 101 5212 57 8	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Gerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Grampation to the Rational School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill The National, with twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 8vo., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miraeles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, 1 vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers. The New Ecce Home, 1 vol. cloth boards Buonarotti's History of Babeaf's Conspiracy for Equality, 1 vol. cloth boards Christianity proved Idolatry. By C. Southwell	011 011 101 5212 57 8 4	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Gerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Grammatical School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. J. W. Hill The National, sith twenty-seven wood engravings I vol. 8ro., cloth boards Palmer's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miracles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, 1 vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers. The New Ecce Home, 1 vol. cloth boards Buonarotti's History of Babeuf's Conspiracy for Equality, 1 vol. cloth boards Christianity proved Idolatry. By C. Southwell Socialism made Easy. By C. Southwell	011 011 101 5212 57 8 4	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Cerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Grammatical School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Crammatical Expositor. By W. Hill Frongers Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miraeles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, 1 vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers. The New Ecce Homo, 1 vol. cloth boards Buonarotti's History of Babeuf's Conspiracy for Equality, 1 vol. cloth boards Christianity proved Idolatry. By C. Southwell Socialism made Easy. By C. Southwell Hammond's Answer to Dr Priestley on the Exist-	011 011 101 5212 57 8 400	
the Population Question Nenrology. An Account of some Experiments in Gerebral Physiology Shelley's Queen Mab; with all the Notes, cl. bds. Ditto in a wrapper Shelley's Masque of Anarchy, with a Preface by Leigh Hunt Progressive Evercises. By W. Hill Grammatical School Grammar. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book. By W. Hill Grammatical Text Book, By W. Hill Grapenter's Principles of Nature, eloth boards, let. Ditto ditto, in a wrapper Carpenter's Political Text Book, 1 vol. cloth bds. Clark's Letters to Dr Adam Clarke, on the Life, Miracles, &c. of Jesus Christ, 1 vol. cl. bds. Bible of Reason, 1 vol. cloth boards and lettered To be had in Parts and Numbers. The New Ecce Homo, 1 vol. cloth boards Buonarotti's History of Babeuf's Conspiracy for Equality, 1 vol. cloth boards Christianity proved Idolatry. By C. Southwell Socialism made Easy. By C. Southwell	011 011 101 5212 57 8 4	

Ensor's Review of the Miracles Howitt's Popular History of Priestoraft, a new edition, 1 vol. cloth, lettered

- abridged, 1 vol. Cooper's Holy Scriptures Analysed - Free Ageacy versus Orthodoxy The Scripturian's Creed. By Citizen Davies Theology Displayed. By S. Cartis. Boards

in a wrapper ... Ditto Lord Chesterfiel i's Ears. By Voltaire. Thompson's Enquiry into the Distribution of Wealth, 1 vol. cloth boards, &c. ...

- Appeal of Women, in a wrapper Labour Rewarded, in a wrapper

Mackintosh's Inquiry into the Nature of Responsibility ...

Devil Dissected, a Lecture, by R. Buchanan Holiick and Baylee's Discussion on the Bible Rationalism. A Treatise for the Times. By G.

Bronterre's Life of Robespierre. Vol. 1, cloth 6 0 boards ...

To be had in Parts at 1s.; or, in numbers at Threepence each.

F. O'Connor on the Management of Small Farms. 2 6

1 vol. Lawrence's Lectures on Physiology, Zeology, and the Natural History of Man. 1 vol., cloth boards, with plates

How did England become an Oligarchy ? By J. Duncan, Esq. Uaslam's Letters to the Clergy of all Denomina-

tions. Complete in 1 vol., cloth boards,

New Radford : Mr P. A. Love, Lavington ; Mr T. Pickersgill, 83, Dean-street, Soho ; of all Secretaries of the Land as the present system of misrepresentation Company, and of the Secretary, Mr E. Stallwood, 2, Little Vale-place, Hammersmith-road, to whom all applica- continues. 6 tions for Agencies, &c., must be addressed, and all Post-office orders made payable at the Hammersmith Post-S office. ,

Secretaries, agents, and others, are informed that the re-issue of rules, &c., is now ready, together with a neat show card, and can be obtained by application as above. EDMUND STALLWOOD, Secretary,

JUST PUBLISHED.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

CONTENTS.

1. Death Punishment. A Poem.

3. The Poor Man's Legal Manual.

nd all booksellers in town and country.

Now Ready, a New Edition of

JUST PUBLISHED,

Price 6d.

HUSBANDRY,

BY J. SILLETT.

4. The Bard's Lament.

5. Race versus Nation.

8. Monthly Review.

9. Literary Review.

6. The Romance of a People.

7. The Law and the Land,

and may be had of all booksellers.

SUICIDE .- An inquest was held before Mr Bedford, at the King's Arms, Bowling-street, on the body of John Wright, aged seventy-nine, a master NO. XI. OF "THE LABOURER, carpenter, who hanged himself in his own workshop. Mrs E. Kilber, sister of the deceased, deposed that on Saturday last a broker named Cox demanded $\pounds7$ 2. The Insurrection of the Working Classes. sist, telling him those were not Mr Wright's apartments, and requested he would go down stairs, where stairs into the lodger's rooms on the first floor, and took an inventory of the furniture. The deceased, Letters (pre-paid) to be addressed to the Editors, 16 who was suffering from rheumatic gout, became greatly agitated at the conduct of the broker, and Freat Windmill Street, Haymarket, London. Orders received by all agents for the "Northern Star" frequently exclaimed, 'I am a ruined man,' and that had they but given him three hours to pay he could have raised the money. The deceased's irritation increased, and words ensued between him and MR. O'CONNOR'S WORK ON SMALL FARMS. Cox. Witness sent for a friend, and in the course of a few hours the distress was paid out. Some time To be had at the Northern Star Office, 16, Great Wind after, and in the confusion, the deceased was missed, nill Street; and of Abel Heywood, Manchester. ing by a rope to a beam. Mr Randolph, a surgeon, few. who had been sent for, cut the deceased down. The broker Cox, was then called ; he denied having been (Uniform with the " LABOUREE" Magazine,) PRACTICAL TREATISE ON SPADE guilty of any such conduct as that imputed to him, and that the witness Kilber's statement was untrue being the results of four years' experience. know where the deceased's goods were, and had distrained in the first place he could. The deceased was M'Gowan and Co., 16, Great Windmill-street, London very much agitated, and said he would be the death of him and his man; but witness thought he meant Now Ready, 112 pages, Price 6d. BLUE BOOK OF THE COMMONS; being an Analysis of the Members returned at the General Election, 1817. Containing an Expose of Placemen, Pensioners, 1819. to say they would be the death of him .-- By the Coroner: He generally distrained first on the land. lord, but could take any goods found in the house .---6 Officers of the Army, Navy, Courts of Law, and the Law By a Juror : He did not receive any instructions 6 Church, with their Political Classification, Family Con-6 Church, with their Political Classification, Family Connexions and Amount of Money received by them out of the Public Taxes. By R. J. RICHARDSON, author of the or on the point of dying, not to levy the execution. At the request of a juror, Mrs Kilber was recalled, Black and Red Books. Nanchester : Abel Heywood, 58, Oldham - street. and in the presence of Cox repeated her former London: Watson, Queen's Head-passage, Paternoster-row; Cleave, Shoe-lane, Fleet street, and all booksellers. John Nicholson also deposed to the harsh conduct of The Black Book for 1848, Price 3d. will be ready in a Cox, and his threat to turn them all out and lock the Cox, and his threat to turn them all out and lock the doors that night. Cox positively denied that the statements were true, as one article alone in the place (a table) was more than sufficient for the levy. The Coroner having summed up, said it was certainly a most melancholy case. The jury returned a verdict 'That the deceased hanged himself whilst labouring under a fit of temporary insanity caused by the harsh measures adopted by the assessed tax collector in levying a distress for £7.'

most magnificent and superbly-coloured Print, surpass-ing everything of the kind previously published, accom-panied with the most fashionable full size Dress, Riding, Frock, Husting, and Wrapper Coat-patterns, with every particular part for each complete. Also, the most fash-ionable and newest style Waistcoat Pattern, including the manner of Cutting and making up the whole, with information respecting the new scientific system of Cutting, which will be published Jan. 1, 1848, and will su-persede everything of the kind before conceived. Price 10s; or, post free, to all parts of the kingdom. 11s. Pa-THE POOR IN ST PANCRAS.-An inquest was held before Mr T. Wakley, M.P., on Christina Fitzgerald, alleged to have died from the want of nourishment, consequent on the refusal of the Board of Directors and Guardians of St Pancras and their officers to relief, resumed, for the third time, at the Britannia, 10s; or, post free, to all parts of the kingdom, 11s. Pa-Britannia street, Gray's Inn-road. Catherine tent Measures, with full explanation, 8s the set (the great Fitzgerald the mother of the deceased, was est improvement ever known in the trade). Patterns to sworn: She said I am a widow, and reside at Brimeasure sent post free to all parts of the kingdom, Is tannia-street. The deceased had been ill about four NEW PATENT INDICATOR, for ascertaining promonths. Her illness commenced for the want of portion and disproportion in all systems of cutting, the method of using it, and manner of variation clearly illusproper nourishment. She craved for meat and fish, but I could not supply it. Witness went on to say 8 method of using it, and manner of variation clearly illustrated—Caveat granted to B. Rend for the same, April 22, 1847, signed by Messrs Poole and Capmael, Patent Office, 4, Old.square, Lincoln's.inn, London,—Declaration 6 signed by the Right Honourable Sir G. Carroll, Lord 2 Mayor of London, May 1st, 1817. Price, with diagrams clearly explained, 7s; or, post free, 7s 6d. Sold by Messrs 6 Read and Co., 12, Hart-street, Bloomsbury-square, London, and Co., 12, Hart-street, Shand, London , and Strand, London , and Strand, London , and Strand, Street, Strand, London , and Strand, Strand, Strand, London , and Strand, Strand that she obtained an order for a doctor, who said de Smith examined: I reside at 9, Liverpool street, the principal railways are completed, the greater don; G. Berger, Holywell-street, Stand, London; and all booksellers in the kingdom. Post-office orders and post stamps taken as cash. Habits H.H.L. performed for the trade. Bustfor fitting Coats on Boys' figures.—Fore-the received any instructions as to his medical duties the trade. Bustfor fitting coats on Boys' figures.—Fore-the received any instructions as to his medical duties the trade of the guardians of the poor the stand the of the guardians of the poor of St Pancras. I was present when the medical offi-at once pauperised or brigandised. Were the received any instructions as to his medical duties the received any instructions of the reliated the standard the standard the poor the description of the standard the poor the received any instructions as to his medical duties their intelligence at all corresponding with men provided.—Instructions in Cutting complete, for all kinds of Scyle and Pashion, which can be accomplished in an incredibly short time, but the pupil may continue are elected by the vestry. The management of re-writh the full short time still are elected by the vestry. The management of re-sion to have been as to have management of re-sion to have management of re-more liberty, that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-more liberty that liberty we mould have management of re-sion to have managemen men have the power to give recommendations for in-MR. E. JONES'S PORTRAIT. THE Agents and Subscribers of the Star are respect-fully informed they can be supplied with PICTURE FRAMES, suitable for the above PORTRAIT, at the fol-FRAMES, suitable for the above PORTRAIT, at the fol-Control of the relieving officer. It is discretionary in the Control off

The triumphs achieved in the recent general

election have sufficiently proved the power of the people. After the Nottingham election, no one can question the potency of moral the door of a lodger. The witness begged him to de- the life of its predecessor was prolonged. Thus believing, we deem it a sacred duty to impress he would find Mr Wright and plenty of goods to pay upon the leading spirits of Democracy throughhim, and not to disturb or frighten the lodgers. Cox out the country, the necessity of making imsaid he should do nothing of the kind, but go where mediate and energetic exertions to organise he liked and take what he liked. He then went up the acknowledged Chartists, propagate Charof those principles, and, in short, rouse the action.

tunity. Distress and disaffection everywhere trating another attempt at middle class milk-andabound ; now, therefore, is the time to gather | water Liberalism. The meeting was originally the elements of agitation, and so combine them | called for eight o'clock in the evening and changed and was afterwards discovered in a workshop, hang- as to act with resistless force upon the ruling to one in the afternoon. It was fortunate the

> shopocracy as a class, nevertheless we are perthe great advantage of the popular cause, provided the Proletarians are imbued with the the conduct and the policy of our government, Nottingham spirit.

> The unhappy condition of workless, foodless, and all but homeless thousands in the manu- pressed in dissent from the commencing words-and facturing districts, must render them impatient a working man moved an amendment, that we were for some speedy change. Show them that the not a free nation-which amendment was carried Charter may be obtained—as it may be by a without a dissentient voice. It is a remarkable ciryear or two's hard work-and they will rejoin cumstance, that almost every speaker in the meeting the Chartist banner with more than their professed himself ignorant of the subject given him former enthusiasm, tempered by that discretion to dilate upon. Colonel Thompson, talking of which they have learned in the school of ex-| Switzerland, said, "he was not sufficiently instructed verience.

> yet been taken proper account of in political litics,"-yet this gentleman came there to instruct gitations, should not be neglected by the new the people. They must have been equally ignorant "propaganda." They have long lost all faith of home politics as well, if they could designate the ir. the "squire" and the "parson;" they understand that

" Laws grind the poor, and rich men rule the laws ;" but they have never yet been taught their beggary in England (but, even then, not free to beg)allow her mother and family a sufficient amount of rights as men, and their power to obtain those free to go to the Bastile. But even here there is a rights. Now is the time to instruct them. Now is the time to teach them—

"Why they wear fetters when they might be free." Again, those formidable masses of men the "navvies" have been utterly neglected, when they might, and 'should have been, an arm of strength to the Chartist cause-an arm capable ceased wanted nourishing food. Mr Popham, the of producing alittle " wholesome terror," if need workhouse for extra relief .-- Mr Thomas Henry ployed, and it has been long foreseen that when Let the Chartists see to it.

tions. Complete in 1 vol., cloth boards, 2s. 6d.—stitched ... 20 To be had also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 To be had also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 To be had also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, with glassand back ... 2 6 The bad also in twenty-four numbers at One Penny Black frames, very neat, we penny blac

spirit, and that now the agitation will re commence in right good earnest.

THE CHARTER versus NAMBY PAMBY.

If knowing right from wrong-if being prepared means. Had the people generally been as to make a sound use of that knowledge—if extending "up to the mark" as they were at Notting- the hand of fellowship to the sufferer abroad—if ham, the coming Session would have seen the being able to see through the tricks of false friends Charter made the law of the land. It is our and frustrate the designs of open enemies-if freedom conviction that the newly-elected Parliament from bigotry and love of true religion-if honour to for arrears of assessed taxes, and proceeded to open will not exist one-third of the term to which the good and hatred of the evil, are proofs of the popular education necessary for the enjoyment of the franchise, then surely the people have proved a due educational qualification; and that proof was abundantly afforded those gentlemen who spoke at the meeting held at the Crown and Anchor, under the auspices of the International League, on Monday last, as reported in another part of our columns. tist principles amongst those yet uninformed We do not quarrel with the ostensible purposes of that League, but we do eschew the attempt to make nation to the assertion of its rights, and the the democracy of other countries believe, that the obtaining of those rights through legislative English people are contented under a system of insult, slavery, and starvation. The working men of The weakness of our enemies is our oppor- London have again nobly done their duty, in frusworking men were able to attend,-no doubt our Thousands of the Bourgeoisie, who twelve "Liberal" friends forgot how many were out of months ago regarded Cobden as a Messiah, are employment. It is fortunate, we say, they were able now convinced of the delusion of "Free to attend, since otherwise, continental democracy, as to requesting his not going up stairs. He did not Trade," and are eager for some more sweeping and our own staunch Chartists in the country, might change. And although we have no faith in the have received the erroneous impression, that a public meeting could have been held in the metropolis, suaded that even they may be acted upon to at which a resolution like the following could be passed :- " That it is our duty, as a FREE NATION.

to inform ourselves fully upon all matters bearing on whether at home or abroad, &c." The sound sense of the meeting was at once ex-

in their differences." George Thompson "con-The agricultural labourers who have never fessed a large amount of ignorance about toreign po-

"As a free nation." Ay ! indeed, we are free ! Free to starve,-free to perish in Ireland,-free to be exiled from the Highlands,-free to be cast into qualification, and unfortunately the gaol is the more comfortable of the two. A free nation ! quotha ! if that is the middle class idea of freedom-if that is the dandified drawing-room notion of liberty,-if that is the conception of their wants, entertained by those men whom the people have raised into power then, we say, happy is it that working men are found to come forward, happy is it that they rely on the strength of their own order, and while willing ceased wanted nourishing food. Mr Popham, the be. Thousands of these men are now unem- to extend the hand of fellowship to every sincere friend, will never bow the neck of servility to treason or to despotism. We, too, advocate the fraternity King's cross, and am one of the guardians of the poor of St Pancras. I was present when the medical offi-cer, Mr Popham, was appointed. I am not aware that their intelligence at all corresponding with comparing it with Oriental despotism. Were we more liberty, that liberty we would have; convinced are elected by the vestry. The management of re- sion to Democracy is of the utmost importance that with freedom only is peace concomitant, and that hunger, anarchy and outrage are ever the com-

MR. E. JONES'S PORTRAIT.

until he is fully satisfied.

1 0

few days. TO TAILORS. Now Ready, by approbation of her Majesty, Queen Vie-toria, and H.R.H. Prince Albert, THE LONDON and PARIS AUTUMN and WINTER FASHIONS for 1847 and 1848, by Benjamin Read and Co., 12, Hart-street, Bloomsbury-square, London, and by G. Berger, Holywell-street, Strand, London; a most magnificant and superbly-coloured Print, surpass-tions of the Lind approvely published accom-

teuch, in a Letter to Professor Shimman. By Thomas Gooper, M. D. To which is added an Appandix	 (if required), with a satisfactory reference. O'CONNOR TARTAN. The Kilbarchan Co-operative Company for Manufacturing the O'Connor Tartan, have much pleasure in announcing to the Chartists and admirers of Mr O'Connor that they have for sale a splendid assortment of plaids, shawls, restings, silk and gala for dresses, also silk hand-kerchiefs and scarfs. Parties wishing the above beautiful Tartan can be supplied by sending a Post-office order, payable at Paisley, to James Gibson, Kilbarchan. TO THE ALLOTTEES AT O'CONNORVILLE, LOW. BANDS, MINSTER LOVEL, MATHON, AND SNIG'S END. TWENTT POUNDS FEE ANNUM. WANTED, on Lease for five or seven years, or a longer period, A FOUB ACRE ALLOTMENT, on any of the above Estates, for which TWENTY POUNDS PER ANNUM would be paid. The Advertiser is a paid-up shareholder in the National Land Company, and holds a responsible situation as head Gardener in s family of distinction. Should any fortunate Allottee feel disposed 	such a verdict would be a contradiction, as the latter part contradicts the former, The jury again retired, and after being absent about a quarter of an hour, returned a verdict, 'That the deceased, Christina Fitzgerald, died a natural death.' The inquiry then terminated at a late hour. AN ELEPHANT'S REVENCE.—At the recent Lutter- worth fair, among other holiday exhibitions a mena- gerie was conspicuous. A party of young men pur- chased a quantity of apples, and amused themselves by pitching them into the elephant's mouth, appa- rently to the gratification of both parties. A labour- ing man, who had evidently been devoting too much to John Barleycorn, picked up a stone, which he also threw into the open mouth of the elephant, but the latter had no seoner discovered the imposition, than he raised his trunk, and bringing it down en the offender with great violence, instantly prostrated him. The animal was proceeding still further to mark his sense of the indigaity, but assistance being promptly afforded, the party was rescued. A PORT IN DISTRESS.—We are sorry to see the name of James Sheridan Knowles, the dramatic	tion, that they were willing to enter into an alliance, offensive and defensive, with the people of England, for the recovery of the rights of the people of both countries. What obstacle shall stay the march of Democracy, or prevent the triumph of the people, if Eng- lishmen and Irishmen combine to strike one blow for their liberties? We appeal to the Chartist Executive to give us a programme of action. One of the mem- bers of that executive, Mr O'Connor, will, be- fore these remarks have been published, take his seat in the House of Commons. But to do all that he desires to do, the honourable mem- ber for Nottingham must be supported by "the pressure from without." To his colleagues out of the House, the members of the Chartist Executive, belongs the honour of taking the initiative in creating the time.	hunt up a recondite guide-book, written by some crackbrained votary of Polk, talking of hostility to England. They who, with peace and toleration on their lips, try to suscitate a crusade between the Protestant and the Catholic. Ah, would it not have been more "fraternal" to have speken of the line of battle-ships dismasted to send corn to the Irish, perishing beneath the care of English class legislation? Ah! We suspect the stumbling block is not the Mexican war—not the hanging the Irish prisoners (a very questionable report)—we rather surmise the stumbling block is the republican government of the United States. Now we heartily concur in a repro- bation of the Mexican war, but that war has not been caused by republican institutions it has not heartily concur in the	spect to the 'expense,' that will depend upon the he amount or value of her property, which, I suppose, was as entirely personal. If she made a will, her property ty must, of course, go according to the will. If no will can an be found she must be considered to have died intestate; e; and her children, or some of them, must take out letters ar of administration to her effects; which, after payment ant of her debts, must be equally divided amongst her er children, or should any of them be dead, having left eff children who survived their grandmother, the children en of each deceased child will be entitled to the share their er parent would have been entitled to if living. You ap- pear to be a man of some property, and yet, in defiance are of the notices so repeatedly inserted in the Star, send me a long case without any fee. Connew, 33, Coburne-row, Birmingham.—You have ave written in such a wretchedly small hand that I am by by no means certain that I am correct in either your name me or address. Several persons have applied to me who tho claim a share of the property of the late Mr Lawrence, ice, of Virginia, and who want to know the state of the pre- ocedings in the cause of Wilkinson v. Barker. To ss- certain this may be attended with a great deal of id trouble and expense; and though I cannot spend my my time in making such searches, yet if each of the parties the intorested in Mr Lawrence's property, and who have ave written to me about it, will send a Post-office Order for the parties the
Live, Glasgow; Myiss, Dunue ; Susphere, Laver- pool; and all beelsellers.	Apply (pre-paid) to Jonn Lewis (Secretary to the Unester Branch of the Land Company), Windmill Lane, Chester.	autle, in the list of Scottish bankrupts.	our generals announce the campaign, and w		ss. or los., according to his ability. I will cause the that requisite search to be made. X. Y. Z.—He must continue paying, or an order of all all liation may be obtained against him,

for for the second dial to be and the beagle, and you can toll to a to ahom the stock was transferred. If Magnus Hen-deri derson died on beard the Beagle, and you can tell me in v in what year he died, I may, probably, obtain the in-in v formation you want through the Admiralty.

WILL WILLIAM STOUT. -- Your former landlord's interest having off effired at Michaelmas last, he has no right to put a dis distress into your honse, but may proceed against your is 1 is the Small Debts' Court. If not is the sumation of your misfortunes. be will no action of your misfortunes gene to take what you ewe him by easy instalments. he CHARTIST has been considered to be a promissery note who have so long stood at ease, ought now to buckle on their armour, and commence anew a grand structure of the commence anew a grand he sued upon.

w. Pollard. - Without seeing the rules of the clubit struggle for the Charter. The demand for the W. POLLARD.- WINDOW Second and rules of the charter must be made once again to resound through-is impossible for me to answer your question about the Charter must be made once again to resound throughis impossible in the respect to money lent by the club, the out the land, until every honest man becomes familiar fines; but may be sued in the name of the person to with it, and joins in making it universal, when it

bi Dorrente and is made payable. whom the security is made payable. CEACERATES BARKER. The fee will be 10s., but you must must be complied with. We do not mean a wild or insane demand, nor do we mean one that shall comtell me, as near as you can, in what year the mortgage was made and fine levied. Assuming that the entail promise the feelings of any man of any class, but one was duly barred. and the mortgage good, still you may which shall be characterised by forbearance, and was any variet, and the property; viz., the right have an interest in the property; viz., the right to redeem it, upon payment of what is due to the mortdirected by intelligence-ademand which shall unite the sympathies of all true patriots and sincere philanthropists, because it will have for its object the free-

CLEGG.-Before proceedings are taken, you and you dom of man in every respect, both socially, mentally, friends had best ascertain whether any of Mr Barber's property remains undistributed or not; for upon that point the accounts are at variance. You say in your

and politically. Chartists ! Ye who have been ever foremost when note you send twelve postage stamps - there was not the cause of humanity required assistance,-to you we appeal to aid us in our intended campaign for the eren one. GEORGE HARDING, Kettering -Your writing to the judge

would be of no use whatever; but I have written to Wrong: That body which, as in mockery and deri-Mr Steele, advising him to take judgment for the debt sion of the people, styles itself the Commons of Engand costs by easy instalments. BENJAWIN WALKER, Clitheroe.-I am sorry your papers land, will in a few days meet for the dispatch of public

should have been so long before me, but you shall hear business, and at the very time when they commence from me about them in a few days. the exercise of those legislative functions which they

from me about while being living, you must not marry sgain, notwithstanding she is living with another man: you would expose yourself to a presecution for have usurped, we would have you to commence a public, peaceable, and determined disputation of hieswy.

J. J. Babrs, Birmingham.-I will write to Mr Heath about and this you must do, if you mean to act honestly. Sheffield the will.

W.K.S.-Tour former letter was so expressed as to to procure signatures to the make me suppose that the 'shopman' had become in. NATIONAL PETITION. In order that it may be presented as your will to the pany to which he was agent had become embarrassed. illegitimate legislature. We hope that no false delicacy Each member of the company is liable to the debts of will stand in the way of the petition. No man ought | Sudbury

bach mender of an old date, about the copy of John Eresey's will, which you say you had sent me. National Petition is ! It is a direct and positive im-National Petition is ! It is a direct and positive im-Tyne Tyne I have no recollection of having received it, nor can I peachment of the authority of Parliament to make Ashton findit any law without the consent of the whole people, and Rochdale S SAMUEL BUTLER, Nottingham .- I have written to the

Now's the day and now's the hour.

See approach proud Russell's power-

See the front of battle lour !

Russell' Whigs, and Slavery.

without having been by the whole people delegated | Hull East India House about your late brother. Thoma for that purpose. The National Petition is," inplain Scarborough Butler. English, a Bill for the Restitution of the Political John Thompson 6 6. BOLTON, Wigan .- I can do nothing in your business

Rights of the people of these islands, which have long Sheffield Greenwich C. BOLIAS, Wight.--I can be noting in your dusiness without seeing a copy of Mrs Salts' will.
 C. BRONKWAY, Croydon Commen.--What is it that you claim under Thomas Gold's will? A legacy and also a share of the residence was given to William Brookway, but I do not concerne any approximation to William Brookway. been withheld from them, through the agency of de-

ception and fraud, intentionally employed for that purpose. Who is there, then, who would not sign but I do not see your name mentioned in the will. You must state your case more clearly. such a petition ? and who not also, exert himself to R. BIGGAB, Manchester. - I wrote sometime ago to James

secure the signatures of his neighbours and friends? Sheffield Todman about the legacy given to you by Mr Faza-kerley's will, but he has taken no netice of my letter; None but such as are blinded by prejudice, or are in- Chelsea terested in misrule. Let your cry then be- Sign ! Devonport you must proceed against him in the Small Debts' Sign !! Sign !! !' Court. Do you wish me to cause the necessary steps to Another important subject to which we have to Retford be taken ?

call your attention, is the state of the finances of the | Totness HENRY LATTON .- I am glad my endeavours to serve you were not altogether without effect. As you have been NATIONAL CHARTER ASSOCIATION. A very few words Lynn, Scott put to a heavy expense, and are, I suppose, anything will suffice for this purpose. Our Exchequer 18 Low Howsell will suffice for this purpose. Our Exchequer 18 LOW AIMOST EMPTY, and it requires to be immediately Nork but a rich man, I decline a fee. replenished! From this statement, you will learn Elland

JOHN TATTERSALL, near Bradford.—It is quite certain that you can claim nothing under John Kershaw's will. that we stand in need of pecuniary assistance, and | Edinburgh If your grandmother survived the testator and his widow, she (your grandmother) was the person entitled; that we now hereby call upon every Chartist to sub-and if she died before them, her only child became en-scribe his mite, and send it forthwith to us, in order Gasstown titled, but in no case could you, her grandchild, become to enable us to commence an agitation worthy of the entitled, except it were jure representationis. Tell me in what years the testator, his wife, your grandcause. From the POOR, we ask but little; from the mother, and your father, respectively di-d. JOHN GORTON, Fazeley. Staffordshire. - If you can send me the papers, which you say are at Stockport, I will see about the prize money, which you consider to be RICH, we do not expect much. Let each man do his Ashburton share, and the work, though great, will be found to | Marylebone be light, when aided by many hands.

due to you in right of your grandfather, Joseph Mans-

fered more than the want of sufficient support in the J. W.-You have no preference over other creditors on House of Commons. There have, for a number of scrount of the sum due to you for 'work done.'

CHARLES LINCOLN, Norwich.-If you will desire Messrs Thompson and Son to send the draft of the deed to me, years past, been some few men, who have nobly stood | Bridgewater, forward as the advocates of Chartist principles ; but, at No. 48. Queen's Road, Bayswater, London, with a so few have they been in number, and so overpowering has been the numerical strength of their oppon- Barasley Northwich reasonable fee for perusing the same, I will advise whether you and your wife enght to execute the deed. I do not expect you to send any fee, but Messrs ents, that they have not had the power to do much. The acquisition, however, of our distinguished colnason and Son; and they may send it by Post league, FEARGUS O'CONNOR, to the little band, will Belfast Office Order.

PARLIAMENTARY CHAMPIONSHIP.

From nothing has the cause of the Charter suf-

THOMAS FOX, Stoney Staunton. - So far as I can judge make them strong. He will take with him to the Chepstow from your statement, I see not the slightest reason to House of Commons a greater amount of popular conthink that the property you allude to can be re-think that the property you allude to can be re-covered. If I saw the 'papers in the hands of Mr He has also a more intimate knowledge of the condi-Newcastle-upon-Yates,'I should probably more clearly understand the tion and requirements of the working classes, than Tvne Westminster any other member of that 'house,' and with his JOHN ASHWORTH, BURY .-- I have desired you (and I believe more than once) to give me the names of the power and knowledge, we prophesy that the enemies plaintiffs and defendants to the chancery suit about of the people's rights, will find in him one who will of the people's rights, will find in him one who will Betty Stott's property; and also to give me, if you could, the names of the plaintiff's or defendant's solicitor. prove more than a match for the most able of them. Chelsea But, you must not rely too much upon his strength. Ashburton Till you furnish me with this information, I can be o He and his co-patriots will require all the aid you Brighton no service to you. W. BRETNALL, Lincoln .- I will take an early opportu can give them. You must strengthen them by your Lynn, Scott Halifax nity of seeing or writing to Mr Gregory. petitions and demands for justice. Let the Char-York JOHN BROADBENT .- I wrote ten days or a fortnight ago, tists, everywhere, immediately set to work, to re-Long Buckby Eliand both to Mr Halsall and Mr Walmesley. respecting your business, but have not had an answer from either of organize themselves into branches of the association. Call public meetings for the discussion of the Char-Edinburgh them. What are their characters as professional men ter, and take such other steps as are necessary for Gasstown if you know inform me. the sustainment of the movement. Let all be energy A. B., Paddington .- You tell an odd, romantic kind of Southampton .. and activity. To the work earnestly and honestly. story. If the stranger who has two or three times called upon you and given you money, and who told you that The object is unmeasurably great; let the exertions Old Shildon you 'would by-and-by become an independent man,' to obtain it be equally great. We will concast mean Reading to obtain it be equally great. We will concert meayou would by and by further information than that refused to give you any further information than that the property was left to you by a relation of your fa-ther's, I do not see how I can render you any service in Haswell sures with the men of the metropolis, to set the Arbroath war' in motion, and we have no doubt, but that the Oswaldwhistle ... men of the provinces will not be remiss, when their Marylebone the business. Searching the Ecclesiastical Courts for the wills of persons that you know were your father's country demands their services. Westminster who has left you the money ; but the search would be Aberdeen By order of the Executive Committee. Carlisle CHRISTOPHER DOYLE, Secretary. Hyde ... Radcliffe Bridge attended with a good deal of trouble and expense, and London, November 18, 1847. night end in nothing. Chorley GEORGE HENRY SMITH .- You probably might ascertain in what regiment Thomas Leach was by writing to the barrack master at Cork, telling him Leach's name, and Accrington THE RESULT OF THE BALLOT OF THE Bridgewater. NATIONAL LAND COMPANY. No. 1. the month and year in which he died. New Radford .. WILLIAM LEE, Stockport.-I hope to be able to attend to your case respecting the Orrell property very soon ; but FIFTH SECTION. Shoreditch Barnsley Two Acres. having, from unavoidable causes, got sadly in arrear with legal business, yours and many other cases have been unattended to much longer than I could have James Moss Minster Lovell. Redmarley Blandford Manchester Northwich Dundee John M'Cree wished. WELIAH HUTCHINS, Bath-It being more than 15% years since the right of your friend's ancestor accrued, your friend's claim is, no doubt, barred by the statute Birmischam. Plymouth John Rogers Goodwin Three Acres. Keighley Clitheroe of limitations. A bill filed near 150 years ago, but never prosecuted, has not saved the right of your Robert West Leeds Stourbridge Dorchester John Hopkins Hexham friend, and the lawyers who told him so were mistaken. Four Aeres. Do you wish the copy of John Suther's will to be re-Stockport Nottingham Wigan Robert Fish turned ? Manchester I. S., Norman-street .- I cannot answer your question Swindon Jacob Young about the 'four orphan children' unless you inform me in what years the intestate, the mother of the or-Newcastle-upon-Barnardcastle John Huggins Tyne Ashton Henry Shepherd Manchester phans, and their grandfather, respectively died. If it **Robert Markinson** Ditto South Shields ... was their grandmother who was the sister of the intes. Norwich Glasgow Maria Sharman

THE NORTHERN STAR.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE TO THE CHARTISTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM. RULES. Bacup Branch secretaries will please to observe, that the Rochdale account of the rules sold to members, as well as those | Minster Lovell sold to non-members, must be kept separate and dis- | Mansfield (W) tinot from Land money. All parties requiring rules, Northampton to make immediate application, as the directors have Exster BROTHER DEMOGRATS, - This is the time for action ! a large stock to supply orders. The new Parliament are about to commence their labours of mischief, and the people ought to commence

ADDRESSING LETTERS. Branch secretaries and all other parties sending etters to this Office on business, connected with the | Morpeth Company, would much oblige me, by addressing, according to rule, " To the Directors," and not to me Bilston personally. Nearly one half the letters that are re-Wigan ceived at this Office bear my name on the superscription, notwithstanding a rule to the contrary. 1 would feel much obliged, if correspondents would attend to the rule, and net address their communications, on business of the Company, to any individual Edinburgh ...

member of the Board. THOMAS CLARK, Corresponding Secretary. Office, 144, High Holborn, London. **RECEIPTS OF THE NATIONAL LAND**

Yeovil

Bury

Hyde

establishment of Right, and the suppression of FOR THE TWO WEEKS ENDING NOVEMBER 11 & 18. PER MR O'CONNOR. SECTION No. 1. £ 8. d. SHABES. 6 9 Bradford Brighton, No. 2 100 0 10 Bacup Totness New Radford Derby Lynn, Scott 02 318 their authority. This you can do constitutionally, Rotherham Sowerby Helm. Worcester Let every engine be immediately put into requisition | Marylebone Hall ... Liverpool Westminster Warwick New Radford 0 1 Nottingham 2 10 Coventry ... 016 Barnsley, No. 1 Barnsley **0 1**0 Sheffield Manchester 0 Rochdale 0 10 Wigan 11 17 5 19 3 14 6 Dewsbury Newcastle-upon-0 10 4 Merthyr, Morgan ... Whittington and 0 15 0 1 19 · Cat Wakefield 1 2 .. 2 8 6 Bolton Glasgow 0 18 0 9 6 6 John M'Niel 050 £52 3 6 SECTION No. 2. 0 10 1 0 0 Markhinch 05 Glasgow •• Rechdale 2 12 Ashburton 176 Hull 25 Brighton, No. 2 Sleaford Crieff 0 13 Birmingham, 0 5 (Ship) Sleaford 0 10 J. Hefferman 09 G. Allison 0 10 Mary Ann Crabb 2 2 10 Rossendale 0 10 ... Shoreditch 2 12 Bradford Southamptor 1 19 New Radford Old Shildon Derby 4 16 Arbroath 0 18 Torquay -Huli Liverpool 0 15 Westminster Warwick Greenwich Nottingham 0 17 3 1 0 Barnsley, No. 1 0 15 0 Birmingham, Manchester Newton Abbott... Gray 029 Bilston ...

NATIONAL LAND COMPANY. Sheffield 1. • • Whittington and Manchester 8 2.6 Cat 2 15 ... 8 0 0 Brightlingsea ... 1 17 10 Bridgewater ... 0 1 ... 0 1 0 Newpor, 1 Mon-• 7 6 mouth ... 4 • • Stoney Stratford 6 16 0 19 0 Wakefield ... 2 🕚 Norwich, Clark 8 18 6 Gainsborough 3 18 Newton Abbott 6 1 4 Bolton 6 11 ... Huddersfield 3 15 • Glasgow 19 ... • 9 0 Dewsbury 94 Kilwinning ... • 1 0 Bury • 14 ... 20 0 Morthyr, Morgan *** 0 12 6 10 ... £58 12 81 SECTION No. 5. 4 0 G. E. Darby 1 1 Edinburgh ... 8 0 T. Brown 0 G 0 ł Gastown 0 1 6 T. Collins ... 01 Southampton 10 3 0 W. Hadfield 0 6 Sheffield 8 • 0 Gilling Labourer 5 • ... Old Sheldon ... W. King 55 - 0 ... Haswell M. P. Nicholas 9 Astley 0 G. Hickford Oawaldtwistle 7 6 John Leaversuch 1 4 0 Marylebone ... 0 18 6 Lynn (Scott) COMPANY. 2 12 0 Westminster... 0 6 6 Bury St Edmunds 9 15 2 Aberdeen 0 10 6 Bast Dersham ••• 5 🜒 Carlisle 1 8 • George Barrett ... 02 Bury 1 12 - 4 Jehn Haggerty ... 0 1 Birmingham Richard Griffith 0 2 (Gray) William Baker 0 5 ... \$ 13 0 Richard Thomas Hyde ... Radcliffe Hallam 122 0 5 5 15 6 John Austin Chorley ... 0 15 8 0 17 6 Edwin Bradshaw Accrington ••• 090 Bridgewater ... 9 0 E. J. Rowden 0 1 0 Edge End ... 5 6 A.S. Clover 0 0 6 Cheddington ... 0 10 8 W. Benson 1 2 Tarlington 🔐 \$ 18 \$ W. Claridge 8 8 W. Baillie .. Little Dean ... 040 0 3 7 15 6 M. Suggate ... Market Rasen **0** 19 0 17 0 Isham Camberwell ... 2 2 Brighton, (2) ... 04 Torquay 0 18 8 ••• 0 9 0 Totness Hexham ••• 014 .. 056 Hull Warwick 2 11 6 Lynn (Scott) ... 59 Ashton 1 6 ... Bridlington Birmingham 5 Quav 0 Goodwin -2 5 12 9 Liverpool East Devenham 13 ● .2 0 Jersey Wolverhampton ... 2 0 15 12 0 Nottingham ... Morley ... 8 19 2 10 0 Gainsborough Leigh 0 9 ... Halifax • 7 • Bolton ... 2 11 ... 10 8 0 Glasgow Howsell ••• 2 9 Frodingham ... 11 18 0 North Shields 3 10 Rotherham ... 2 12 0 Bradford *** 29 4 7 Tork New Radford ... Long Buckly... 06 Knaresborough 1 10 11 2 12 Sunderland ... 0 Derby 6146 ... Witney 4 15 8 Sowerby Helm 10 1 10 0 New Radford Worcester ... 29 Shoreditch 0 1 0 Spalding ... 1 11 15 0 0 Wandsworth ... Northampton 0 10 8 0 0 Holme Sheffield 1 13 Ressendale .. 1 0 Coventry 0 •• 0 10 Shoreditch ... Barnsley 65 8 (6 4 0 Stratford ... Minster Lovell 0 5 0 Blandford ... 10 10 8 Merthyr ... 0 1 Cirencester ... 59 Gloucester ... 8 Birmingham Whittington a Goodwin ... 0 17 6 Cat -1-10 10 0 0 Brighlinses ... Bradford ... 0 11 0 I2 0 0 Bridgewater ... Oldham 240 ... 5 0 0 Edinburgh ... Clitheroe • • • 560 9 1 9 Newport Mon-Belføst ... Leeda 7 9 0 mouth 4 13 8 Wakefield Selisbury Wigan Buswell 20 9 Avnhoe 0 10 No. 1. ... Dewsbury ... New Radford ... Easington Newton Abbott 2 2 8 Thrapston 0 9 Whittington and Lane 2 15 0 Huddersfield 8 ... 1 - 3 Cat 6 March 1 3 0 Kilwinning 6 Birmingham, Bridgewater Chepstow 0 Bilston *** ... Goodwin Edinburgh 0 12 Stockport ... 12 0 0 Wigan ... 0 11 0 Wakefield 0 Nottingham ... 12 12 0 Dewsbury ... Bolton 0 2 0 Manchester ... 66 7 6 Spalding ... Glasgow 0 5 Mertnyr, Morgai John 2 Newport Pag-Heffem-9 16 Tyne ... man Ashton 020 10.12 nell 16 Geo. Bishop 010 South Shields 6 Barnsley, No.1 19 • 3 Mankbinch 🔐 0 12 9 Salford £76 14 (... Glasgow 50 Sheffield 8 15 SECTION No. 3. Rochdale 5 8 2 Manchester ... 23 ... 2 12 0 Bacup T. Holmes Hull 04 0 5 *** ... - 2 R. Kitchen - 8 Sleaford 9 17 0 Rochdale ... 1 H.C. Clark Tavistock 07 ... Minster Lovell 2 0 10 0 D. Marin Malton ... 4 11 Northampton . 6 Sheffield Birmingham C. Martin Wm. Hutching., ... Stewart ... Burnley, Gray ... Wandsworth ... (Ship) 0 .. 0 10 Chest er **0**16 0 T. Howell Û ••• Rossendale sleaford 0 3 *** 6 S. Rees 0 •• 013 Shoreditch 0 10 2 18 0 J. Williamson E. True 2 12 ... 1 11 Merthyr, Powell 0 11 E. Gladstone 0 1 0 T. Wickenham 0 19 8 North Shields., T. Tilley 0 1 0 *** Greenwich 11 9 Bradford ... Stourgeon New Radford ... 10 530 Crayford ... Sowerby Helm., H. 0 4 0 0 ... Banbury 17 10 ... Worcester Love 4 14 0 George Castle ... Torquay Hexham 6 19 . Love A, Gilroy ... 1 0 I. Watson ... · 2 12 · 0 T. Parsons ... **a** 10 Hull 1 17 R. Heash 2120 Ashton 0 16 ... J. Parsons •• ... J. Thompson 500 Liverpool H. Roe .. Warwick \$ 18 0 J. Mason 0 11 E. Freeman 0 1 Wolverhampton . Baker ... 4 16 0 H. Hennege Nottingham J. Raspberry 0 5 0 M. Slack 05 ... 2 Banbury W. Moore Noah Loom Barnsley, No. 1. 03 Manchester J. Taw 2 12 0 Thomas Dickens 0 ... F. Iogram 5 4 0 E. Stocks ... Rochdale 0 2 0 0 13 1 19 Minster Lovell ... W. Abbott 2 12 0 John Richardson 5 4 - 44 ... Newton Abbott.. R. Smith • 1 0 David Taylor 0 10 Huddersfield 030 • 10 0 W. Baillie ... R. Mewl ... 26 Morpeth George Martin 0 3 6 F. Richardson Bilston Richard B, Lam-Wigan Dewsbury Charles Loom 0 19 10 022 bert Westminster ... 44 Bury 16 28 6 2 Warwick Bury ... •• 56 Thrapstone 06 Hezham 0 2 0 ... Merthyr, Morgan Whittington and 2 8 £763 6 1 1 10 3 Cat ... 2 1 10 EXPENSE FUND. Bridgewater .. Ediaburgh 5 11 E. Trew 0 1 6 Mansfield ... Newport, Mon-... 0 2 0 Warrington ... John Sturgeon 0 0 2 H. Battershill 0 1 0 Lynn ... 0 0 19 6 Stoney Strat. Jno. Thompson 0 1 0 Bridlington Quay 0 ford - 34 Rochdale Wakefield Emma Durham 0 2 6 East Dereham 0 ... Gainsborough ... 0 17 Sarah Love ... 0 2 0 Hindley 08 leaford 0 1 0 Jersey Bolton 2 19 John Watson ... Birmingham, Glasgow James Wragg Morley 0 20 ... 2 6 J. W. Galasheils ... W. Roberts 0 16 0 Wm. Wall - 0 W. Cruikshank G. Loveredge Halifax Wm. Wilson 040 0 ••• W. Nicholson " 0 4 0 Geo. Leveredge., 0 E. R. Freeman - 6 Howsell 0 4 ... Vestminster 0 8 6 Lynn, Scott S. Baker Frodingham ... 0 0 7 0 Duckenfield ... 2 2 0 R.L.... Rotherham 0 0 Long Buckby J. Taw ... 2 11 £138 6 84 F. Ingram ... Sunderland ... 0 2 - 0 0 1 W. Abbott Elland 1 0 SECTION No. 4. ... 0 8 ... R. Kitchen Edinburgh 016 0 3 0 Nor hampton 0 2 20 •• R. Meadows... Edinburgh 0 10 0 Sheffield 0 1 Sittingborne Hollinwood ... 4 18 12 Richardson 0 2 3 14 0 Barnsley, No. 1.. Cattle ... 0 Southampton 2 10 Minster Lovell Parsons ... 0 Bath ... 02 0 1 *** Blandford Old Shildon ... Parsons ... 02 8 Market Rasen ... 5 14 0 Norwich, Clark. 2 19 Stewart Astley ... Cirencester ... Williamson 0 1 0 Mells ... 1 11 Northwich - 9 0 2 ... 0 Ashburton ... 7 12 Rirmingham. Chelsen ... 0 2 Goodwin 17 Cheddington Isham 0 2 ... 0 14 Bradford Tunbridge Wells Marylebone ... 0 2 0 15 Brambope Farrington ... Westminster... 0 4 0 3 - 6 0 14 0 Oldham Ashburton ... Aberdeen ... 0 Keighley 0 0 11 6 Bury ... Yeovil Stourbridge Market Rasen 0 2 ... Isham Hyde **9** 3 ∞θ ... 6 19 Hexham 0 5 Retford Brighton ••• ••• / Leicester Chorley 0 4 9 Warwick 0. ••• ... March Accrington ... 0 19 0 Nottingham ... 0 19 Chepstow 0 10 6 Banbury 1 5 Bridgewater 21 Stockport • 1 ... Hedge End ... 2 10 0 St Helens Nottingham *** Manchester 49 18 0 Manchester ... Witney 1 8 0 8 Newcastle-upon New Radford 6 Rochdale ... Tyne Ashton Shoreditch Minster Lovell 0 12 Northampton South Shields • Exeter ••• .1 1 20 0 Huddersfield... Barnsley 02 Markhinch • Morpeth ... 4 Glasgow 0 Rochdale 8 19 Minster Lovell 6 6 2 Blandford ... 0 12 2 0 6 0 Bilston ... 0 Macclesfield 4 14 22 . .. Norwich, Clark Dewsbury ... 0 13 9 50 Hull Cirencester ... 0 6 0 7 Bury - 0 ... 2 11 6 Sleaford 0 10 Oldham Merthyr, Morgan • 2 2 0 3 14 ... 6 Crieff 0 14 Birmingham 4 11 Malton 0 10 Nottingham ... 15 Oswaldtwistle ... Keighley 0 11 be read from O'Connorville. Manchester ... 3 Birmingham. 2 13 *** 1 5 9 0 13 (Ship) Belfast • 2 0 South Shields MANCHESTER .- The monthly meeting of the share-. 49 0 7 ... 2 0 Chester 0 Salisbury 0 Glasgow holders of the Manchester branch will take place on 0 3 ... 4 12 Sleaford a Stourbridge ... 0 4 0 Macclesfield ... 1 0 0 0 13 0 19 6 Woolwich March 0 2 0 Hull 6 E. Dunham ••• θ 17 *** ... 0 3 6 the morning.

RECEIPTS OF NATIONAL CHARTER ASSOCIATION Somore Town ... MERTHYR-TYDVIL, Branch No. 1, of the National 2
6 Greenwich
10
0 Uxbridge ... 0 5 0 0 5 0 Welverhampton 0 11 8 Finsbury and Manylebene " 020 City Lambeth Three Horse Shoes. 020 £2 1 8 REPAYMENTS TO MR O'CONNOR ON ACCOUNT OF DEET DUE BY DEFENCE FUND. Stock ton - • 10 • Reshdale 01 £0 11 0 FOR THE PROSECUTION OF THE PROPRIETORS OF THE MANCHESTER EXAMINER. Presson 1 11 2 Rochdale 2 18 Fex 910 Do. A Female I. Martin 010 Chartist Whitnington and Thursday 25th. Sowerby Helm ... Killwinning Stoney Strat-Cat 0 10 ** 0 0 J. Hall 0 1 s. Burley forð 006 .. Southampton ... 05 Helston 0 4 11 Manchester 5 0 0 By a few Mecha-City and Finspics, per J. 010 bury Whiteley .. 126 £12 15 11 FOR PROSECUTION OF SLEAFORD MURDER CASE. Northampton .. 0 10 0 J. Smith 0 8 ... 0 14 6 Bilston Sleasord 0 10 0 . Stockton 0 10 6 Sowerby Helm., Killwinning 0 10 ,0 Sunderland Kerr, Walter Allea ... Rochdale 01: passed along. £3 12 111 C. DOTLE, Secretary. 7hen ERBATA.-In the last acknowledgment of monies, the sum total of the second section should have been £125. 2s. 8d. Messre Gray of Burnley, and Goodbar. win of Birmingham, will find former omissions supplied in the present list. WM. DIXON. CHBISTOPHER DOLLE, THOS. CLARE, (COTTES, Sec) PHILIP M'GRATH, (Fin. Sec.) NOTICE. The Manager has received a remittance of £20, from Edmund Stallwood, on account of "The Na tional Co-operative Bonefit Society," in the Deposit Department of the Land and Labour Bank. T. PRICE, Manager. THE DEED OF SETTLEMENT OF THE NA TIONAL LAND COMPANY Will lay for the signatures of the members of the first, second, and third sections, at the following places, during the ensuing week :----MONDAY, 22nd, - Coventry. Tuesday, 23rd, -Birmingham. WEDNESDAY, 24th,-Bilston, Walsall, Dudley, Wol-verhampton, and all other places in the neighbouraood of Bilston ; at Bilston. THURSDAY, 25th,-Kidderminster, FRIDAY, 26th, - Pershore. SATURDAY, 27th,-Worcester. THOMAS CLARK, Corresponding Secretary. Hours or Signing, from six o'clock till ten in the evening. London, Nov. 19th. 40. dc. NATIONAL LAND COMPANY. MANCHESTER.-At the People's Institute, on Sunday evening, Mr Shelmerdine, occupied the chair. Mr Jackson read Mr O'Connor's letters from the by Lord Morpeth, Mr Labouchere, and Lord Marcus Northern Star, which called forth very great ap- Ilill. Lord George Bentinck came in about the plause. Mr Dixon, one of the directors, then addres- | same time. sed the meeting at great length. He commented on After a number of the Members had proceeded to the present deplorable state of the country, and on to the House of Peers to hear the writs rend, and the means of removing that misery. Mr Dixon had returned again to their own House, 14 12 0 expatiated on the capabilities of the Land, and the Lord SEYMOUR rose and after a complimentary \$ 8 10 doings of the enemies of the Land Company. A vote speech in honour of the Speaker of the late house 0 of thanks to Mr Dixon closed the proceedings. The concluded by proposing that Right Hon. Gentleman's hall was crowded to excess. KISSINGBURY .- On Tuesday evening a meeting | Right Ilon. Mr Charles Shaw Lefevre do take the was held here, which was addressed by Messrs chair.' (Loud cheers, which lasted for some mi-Ashton and Page, with great success. nutes.) TIVERTON.-At a meeting of this branch, held at Mr John Wright's Temperance hotel, Gold-street, to take into consideration the intended visit of Mr | few observations, and West to Devonshire, and to make arrangements for Mr SHAW LEFEVRE returned thanks for the honour his coming to Tiverton, it was proposed that a com- done him by the unanimous election. mittee of five be appointed, to procure a place to meet in, and that the Townhall, or some other Lord, the mover, and the hon. member who seplace, be applied for. Also, that a levy be made to conded the nomination, amid great cheering from H. Marshall, and seconded by Mr Beck, That the members of this branch have, with pain and | Speaker upon his election, moved the adjournment regret, witnessed the vile calumnies of a venal and hire. | of the house. ling press, for the purpose of destroying confidence in the people's representative-Feargus O'Connor, Esq. 0 14 6 M.P. We hereby tender to that gentleman our best 6 thanks for his past services, and beg to assure him, that 6 our confidence remains unshaken; and we hope that 4 at all times when individuals descend to such base means as those employed by the . Whistler,' Hobson, and Co., to defame him, that he will avail himself of 0 | the protection the law affords; and we hereby pledge ourselves to render him our utmost pecuniary assis-0 1 0 tance. Gosport.-At a meetisg of the members of the Gosport 4 branch, the follow resolutions were unanimously carried : -' That Mr O'Connor is fully entitled to, and we hereby 8 tender him our sincere thanks, for his undeviating and • atraightforward conduct relative to the cowardly attacks 9 made upon him, and the principles of the National Land 0 5 0 Company, by the villanous press.gang and their bired • 19 8 tools.' 'We call upon every democrat throughout the 9 3 4 nation, to use their utmost exertions to increase the cir-• 5 6 culation of the only working man's journal, the glorious 0 | NORTHERN STAR.' The STAR is gaining ground here, and is doing much good in dispelling prejudice. DUKINFIELD .--- The members of this branch assembled last Sunday, when the following resolution was agreed to :-- 'That a subscription be entered into towards defraying the expenses incurred in the prosecution of the Manchester Examiner, and to be kept open until the trial is over. Also, that Mr Henry Thoroughgood and Mr W. Taylor be appointed to receive the contributions at each meeting at the secretary's table.' SLEAFORD .- At the meeting of this branch a vote of thanks was unanimously passed to F. O'Connor, Esq., the 29th instant. 0 8 0 M.P., for his able refutation of the charges brought 0 6 0 against him by the press-gang. FORTHCOMING MEETINGS. BLACKBURN.—The quarterly general meeting of this branch will take place on Sunday, (to-morrow,) 21st Nov. at the Old Size House, at two o'clock noon. rendered to the army of the Confederation without Members are requested to bring their books or cards with them. To prevent confusion on the day of last, the 14th. Some trifling conflicts on the intrenchmeeting, the secretary will take money on Satur. ments which were raised round the town had taken day afternoon, from five till nine o'clock, and place on Saturday, and on the evening of that day o on Sunday, previous, at and after the meeting, at the cantonal authorities in the town demanded a Nurton's Commercial Coffee-house, Back Lane, top | truce of twelve hours for deliberation, which was of King-street. BERSLEM .- The members of this branch are requested to attend a general meeting on Tuesday, the 23rd inst., at seven o'clock, F.M., to consider the tions of which were, first, that the canton of Fribourg propriety of aiding and assisting our noble champion | should immediately renounce the Sonderbund ; seagainst the blood-thirsty attacks of his, and our enemics. The attendance of members who have with held their local expences and contributions for the space of threemonths is earnestly requested. ABERDEBN.-This branch of the National Land Company will hold their quarterly meeting on Monday, the 6th December, at eight o'clock P.M., in the Union Hall, Blackfriars-street, when the quarterly in maintaining order. balance sheet will be presented. DEWSBURY .-- A meeting of the branch will be held in their meeting room, behind the Hole in the Wall, on Saturday evening Nov. 27th, at seven o'clock. ROCHDALE .- A special meeting of this branch will take place at the Chartist Room, Yorkshire street, on Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock, on business of importance, when all the members are requested to • attend. SALFORD.-A lecture will be delivered by Mr J. Cooper, of Manchester, on Sunday next, in the National Charter Association Room, Bank-street, Great George-street, at half-past six. A letter will

Land Company .- The members of the above branch meet every Sunday, at six, and Monday evenings, at seven o'clock, at the Branch Office, back of the BIRMINGHAM .- Mr Mauthe will lecture at the People's Hall, on Sunday evening, Nov. 21st, at six o'clock on ' The Land and the Charter.' Mr Kypp's Route .- Falkirk, Saturday, November 20th; Palmont, Monday 22nd; Linlithgow. Tuesday 23rd; Denny, Wednesday 24th; Alva, Thursday 25th; Tillieoultry, Friday 26th; Bridge of Allan, Saturday 27th. OLDBURY .- This branch meets every Tuesday evening, at seven o'clock. DR: Mc DOUALL'S ROUTE .---- Rochdale, Sunday 21st ; Heywood, Monday, 22nd ; Droylsden, Tuesday 23rd ; Leigh, Wednesday 24th ; Prestcott, THE MEETING OF THE NEW PARLIA-MENT. On Thursday, Whitehall, Parliament street, and, in fact, the whole of the avenues leading to the seat of the Imperial Parliament, presented an animated appearance almost before noon. At one o'clock, 209 or 300 people had gathered at the end of Parliamentstreet, and stretching towards the door of the Commons, anxious to get a view of the Peers and Members of the new Parliament, journeying towards the 0 0 2 Houses, some of whom were enthusiastically singled 0 8 1c1 out by their admirers, and were well received as they HOUSE OF LORDS. The Lords Commissioners took their seats at the foot of the throne shortly after two o'clock, The LORD CHANGELLOR directed the members of the House of Commons to be summoned to the In a few minutes Mr Ley, the Clerk of the House of Commons, attended by a numerous body of members, appeared at the bar, and the Commission having been read for opening the Parliament, The LORD CHANCELLOB directed them to retire to their own House, and choose a Speaker. The members then withdrew, and prayers having been read by the Bishop of St Asaph, and the Lord Chancellor having taken the oaths, the swearing in of Peers was proceeded with. Their lordships adjourned at four o'clock. HOUSE OF COMMONS. The reporters' gallery was thrown open at half-past one, when we found that upwards of forty Members had assembled on the floor of the House. The group every moment received fresh accessions, and shortly before two the seats and spaces between the benches and between the table and the door of the House were inconveniently filled. Amongst the crowd we observed the Attorney and Solicitor General, Mr Tufnell, Lord Seymour, and Mr J. A. Smith, the proposer and seconder of the Speaker, Mr Greene, Mr Masterman, Mr Alderman Sidney, Mr Spencer, Mr W. J. Fox Mr Stuart, Mr Macgregor, Mr Baines, Mr B. Cochrane, Mr Collins, Mr Moffatt, Mr Browne, Colonel Peel, Mr Disraeli, Sir James Duke, Mr Bernal, Lord Harry Vane, Mr Feargus O'Connor, (who seated himself next to Colonel Peel, on the Opposition bench, after heartily shaking hands with the Attorney General and Mr Spooner.) Sergeant Talfourd, Mr Cowan, Sir R. H. Inglis, Mr II. Muntz. Mr Martin, Mr Fox Maule, Mr Goulburn, The Speaker of the last Commons entered the House at two o'clock. He was extremely well received by the Honourable Members, who at the time, numbered full 500. Lord John Russell and the Chancellor of the Ex-

re-appointment in the following terms :- 'That the Mr J. A. SMITH seconded the motion. Lord G. BENTINCK and Sir R. H. INOLIS made B

tate, in that case the year of her death must be stated, and not that of the grandfather. JAMES JOSEPH COOPER.—Send me copies of the entry from Thomas Whitelee

the Pancras Workhouse, of the advertisement, of William Cooper's will, and of any other documents you have got. Do not send any original documents, but oppics. Have you no relations or friends who can prove that you are the son of John and Isabella Elizabeth

Cooper ! JAMES HOSKIN .- In all the instances you mention, each member of the Joint Stock Company will be liable to all the debts due from the Company; and as between

each other they are liable according to the number of their shares. S. R., or S. P., a member of the Land Company.-You may seize and sell your lodger's goods for the arrears of rent; and, after giving him due notice to quit-ta

week's, expiring on the same day of the week that his tenancy commenced)-you may eject him if he does not go out, and may proceed under the Small Debts' Court.

ROCHESTER:-A WOMAN POISONED BY HER HES-BAND.-A protracted inquiry into the death of Hannah Brown, the wife of a master blacksmith and farrier, at Higham, near Kochester, has been brought to a conclusion. The facts which came ont in evidence were, that deceased, who was in the familyway, was confined the 12th of October, and was attended by Mr Wiblin, surgeon, of Stroud, who de-Ecribed her case as favourable as could be wished, and according to the evidence of her nurse and at. tendants, she went on as well as could be until the 21st, when she became ill, and lincered until the following Tuesday, when she died. It appeared that nothing indicated a change until her husband had given her some gruel on Thursday, the 21st, when shertly afterwards she became distracted with pain, and continued to get worse until death supervened. Mr Thomas Holmes, uncle to the deceased, came to Higham in consequence of her death, and was so struck with her appearance that he at once suspected her death arose from poison, and in consequence of which he signified to the husband that it would be necessary to have an inquest, to which the latter did not object ; but subsequently, when it was understood that he would be required to attend the inquest, he left the place, and has not since been seen in the neighbourhood. Mr Wiblin, the surdrachms of oxalic acid, and there could be very little for and starting page and sta doubt that a much larger quantity had been taken into the stomach, and which had either been ab-

WRECK OF THE STPEHEN WHITNEY .- NINETY ONE LIVES LOST.

(Ship) Sleaferd We regret to announce the total less of the New York packet-ship, Stephen Whitney, off the southwestern coast of Ireland, on the night of Wednesday S. M'Gowan lest.

Nottingham

Hull

The disaster has, unhappily, been accompanied with the loss of ninety-one lives. The unfortunate packetship left New York on the evening of the 18th ult,

Chelsea with one hundred and ten passengers and crew on board. Clifford Subsequently, on the 22nd ult., she was spoken by the Tunbridge Wells packet-ship Ses, and during several days, until the 27th, Farrington the two ships sailed in company. They then parted, in Little Dean Ashburton lat, 41, Ion, 48; the Sea arrived in the Mersey on Thurs-

day last, but so late as Saturday night no accounts were

received of the Stephen Whitney. Warrington The following is the copy of a letter from J. Allen, Totness chief-mate of the S. Whitney, to Messrs F. and J. Sands, Warwick dated Skull, Nov. 12 :---Lynn 'It is my painful duty to inform you of the loss of East Dereham the S. Whitney, with her noble commander, on the Hindley Jersey night of the 10th inst. We had no observation on that Horninghold day, wind strong from S.W., weather thick ; at six p.m. Galashiels we close reefed the top-sails and reefed the courses, in- Halifax tending to haul off the land at eight p.m.; but at eight Howsell precisely made the land off Crookhaven, which we judged Rotherham York by the lighthouse to be the Old Kinsale. We immediately made all possible sail and hauled off shore; at Elland nine we kept away, Channel course, judging we were Newport clear of all danger, but at ten made the land a-head | Gasstown about pistol shot. In the act of staying (owing to Southampton Exeter the tremendous sea) the ship went ashore stern first, Bath nearly broadside on. The island proved to be the West-Sheffield ern Calf, inside Cape Clear. The scene that followed Old Shildon baffles all description; out of 110 passengers and crew Haswell only nineteen were saved. Captain Popham was washed | Astley away from alongside me, and I have no doubt killed im. Barrowford Arbroath mediately. In fifteen minutes from the time she struck Cassop she went to atoms. The survivors are all here, landed half naked, and all more or less hurt on the rocks. The authorities here are very busy saving the wreck, Ashburton but it is in such a dreadful state that it will scarcely Silsden

The Speaker was led to the chair by the Noble

Lord John Russell, after congratulating the

The house rose a few minutes before three o'clock.

THE FRATERNAL DEMOCRATS.

At a meeting of the committee of this society on Monday evening last, John Arnott in the chair, it was resolved :-- 'That a public meeting, in celebration of the Polish Revolution, be holden on Monday evering. November 29th, •at the German Hall, White Hart, Drury-lane.' Circulars will be sent to all the Chartist localities in the metropolis, and it is hoped that the Democrats will muster strongly on the occasion. Mr M'Grath has been invited to take the chair, and Messrs Clark, Dixon, Jones, Harney,

Schapper, Oborski, and other well-known advocates of Democracy will take part in the proceedings. Resolutions were proposed by Julian Harney and Ernest Jones, and unanimously agreed to, to the effect that the Fraternal Democrate, convinced that the best means of advancing the cause of Democracy in all countries is to obtain the People's Charter, for the enfranchisement of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen, do hereby resolve to give all the assist ance in their power towards making the People's Charter the law of the land.

It is expected that meetings will be holden in Marylebone. Somers Town. Southwark, Lambeth, Finsbury, Westminster, Bethnal Green, Spitalfields, Limehouse, Greenwich, Croydon, &c. &c. We believe that a meeting will take place in Somers Town within a few days after the meeting at Drury-lane on

THE WAR IN SWITZERLAND.

CAPTURE OF FRIBOURG BY THE TROOPS OF THE DIET.

Intelligence of a decisive and important character has at length arrived from Switzerland. The city of Fribourg, the second city of the Sonderbund, surstriking a blow, at 8 o'clock on the morning of Sunday granted, and at 8 o'clock on Sunday morning a capitulation was signed by the federal commander-in-chief, Dufour, and the authorities of the town, the condicondly, that the town should be occupied by the federal troops, to be lodged and provisioned therein : thirdly, that the cantonal troops of Fribourg should be disbanded, and that the arms of the Landsturm should be deposited in the arsenal, that the federal troops should occupy the gates, afford protection to personal property, and assist the cantonal government

The tropps of the Sonderbund have also gained a victory, though of less importance. According to letters from Zurich, the army of Lucerne had entered the Catholic district of the canton of Argan. and succeeded in carrying the old convent of Muri, which the Radicals had seized, fortified, and garrisoned. This was not done, however, without serious loss to the assailants. Two hundred of the Lucerne men fell under a fire of grape-shot from the convent.

GLASGOW .- DEFEAT OF LORD JOHN RUSSELL .- The election of Lord Rector of the Glasgow University has been decided. Lord John Russell, who was the former rector, has been defeated by Mr Mure, of Caldwell, member for Renfrewshire. The result is the more important, from its being almost the con. Sunday, the 21st of Nov., in the People's Institute, stant custom to return the Lord Rector for two 0 19 10 Heyrod-street. Chair to be taken at nine o'clock in years. Mr Mure was elected by a majority of three 'nations' out of four, and 266 to 209 votes.

doubt that a much larger quantity had been taken	island,	Aberdeen 🚜		M. Cullen			inepstow	013	Sleaford	03(6] the morning.			'nations' out of four, and 266 to 209 votes.	·
into the stomach, and which had either been ab	'I have written to the consul at Cerk, stating our	Macclesfield		W.Cruikshank.			Bridgewater	• 1 •	Tavistock	0 0 8	S NOTTINGHAM -	The next meeting	of the Land	HUNT'S BIRTHDAY IN BRIGHTON - A public su	nner .
sorbed or thrown off by vomiting. To a question	I distance and T hope to hear from nine subruy.	Uariisie sa	200		. 4 18		loucester	● 9 ●	Malten	020	6 members in this d	listrict will be held	at the Filo de	took place at the Artichoke Inn. William stuget	i an
by the coroner, Mr Wiblin said the ulcers he found			A 10 A	R. Pattison	02	6 N	North Shields 👘	0 2 9	Birmingham	n 02(9 Puta Inn, Mansfie	eld-street, on Sunda	y evening next.	Wednesday, evening, Nov. 16th, to commomo	orato
in the decorred's stomach were not chronic, but re	-1 of some continuon here Wa shall leave lur	Grav	9 17 9	J. Haggerty	010	N N	New Radford	• 7 6	Whittington	& Cat 0 2 (6 I st seven o'clock.			the birthday of the above named lomented not	wint
and and he had no doubt death must have been	" Lingerool of soon of the Call."	I Redoliffa Kridao		J. Quale	0 10	0 D	Derby	6 8 6	Edinburgh	050	CREWE.—The C	rewe branch of the	National Land	A numerous and respectable party sat down to	0.00
armed by the poison. The tury, siller deliveration	The Much Sauthan Reporter save : The bodies of &	Charley		Pershore	50	0 R	Worcester		Newport, M	Ion-	Company holds it	s meetings every M	onday evening.	excellent repast. Mr John Good (one of the o	dolo
saturned a verdict of Wilful Murder against the	Class and shild wore thrown on shore. The lady Bad	Accrington		Greenwich	13	ol C	lamberwell	8 5 8	mouth		at seven o'clock.	for the purpose of	enrolling new	gates to the first Convention from this town),	1616+
	Si	Dridgewater as	026	Crayford	. 15		Forquay	073		64	4 members and re	ceiving instalmen	ts. Also for	unanimously cal ed to the chair, and Mr Henry	was Mit-
$T_{\ell} \rightarrow T_{\ell} \rightarrow T_{\ell$				Westminster	02	01	Iull	6 10 1	John M'Neil		diffusing informat	ion.		chell, to the vice chair. The following toasts v	11119-
	U 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Shoreditch	070	Samuel Lee	08	6 B	Birmingham		John Levers		RADFORD Mr	W. Dixon deliver	d a lecture in	given : The people, the only legitimate source	
would die as his former one had dene, about sever	gene to pieces, and the cargo, which is said to be very	Birminguam		Warwick	08		liverpool		Westminster		a the Denham.stree	t Chanel in this nls	on a northeadam	all power.' Mr Flower, a veteran of seventy-set	10 UL
done for a bar son formant . as two rohing had sund			15 0 0	Wolverhampton	5 🗣		strenge ese	0 10 4	M escutustei	r • • • •	l owaning	a ourshold in sure bit	ice, on rucsuay	an power. Wir Flower, a veteran of sevenity-se	TCH ₁
over his head, there would, he said, be two deaths	flocked in thousands to the scene of the wreck.	Wandsworth	0 19 6	Northwich	14	6				£16 6 ··	A STOCKDORT A	nlough will be half	Inter for an 11	in an animated speech, gave :- 'The immortal	
over his nead, there would be the other Decessed	The Stephen Whitney was a splendid vessel of 1,034	Thirslington	170	Nottingham	911	9(11th December	t Mr Woodborrate	Died for on the	mory of Henry Hunt, and all departed patric	Jun .
and perhaps he should be the other. Deceased	The Stephen Whitney was a spielidid vessel of A, or	Rosendale	200	Banbury	42	6		<u> </u>			No A Angolastro	of Stoolmont All	Reading-room,	Mr woodward then gave : 'Thomas Slingsby D	/811-
Was twenty seven years of age, and has left two	tons burden, and belonged to the class of packet-ships	Shoreditch	1 6 0	Newport Pagnel	91	0					ing to become m	ambana man de	persons wish.	combe, Esq., the People's Parliamentary Champ	100,
	Assessed the TRA STAT HIR. UI WHICH AUSBIS 14034 4444	North Shields	18 1	Barnsley, No. 1	65	0	Mr O'Connor, S	TOTAL LI	AND FUND.	FO 0 8	Ma Waadhamaa	embers may do so	by applying to	may he be speedily restored to health, and long	1149
WESTWINSTER DEBITING SOCIETI, Temperature	Jos. Sands and Co., of Liverpool, are the consignees.	Bradford	2 10 0	Salford	30	01	Mr O'Conner, S	ection INC	0,1		WAP Woounouse,	and paying 2s,	the number of	to advocate the Rights of Industry.' Mr John Pa	age,
Hall, BroadwayOn Saturday an interesting uis	She was built in New York about seven years ago, and	New Radford		Hall	2 12	9	Mr O'Connor, S	ection in	0.27	10 14 V	I meinoers required	IS twenty-two:	und any norman	than gave the Februis U Collinor, Exq. MI.F.	ເມຍ
cussion took place. Subject, - whether the room	She was built in New York about seven years ago, and took the place of the packet ship St Andrew, which was	Knaresborough	091	Ashton-under-			Mr O'Consor, S	ootion No		100 0 03	e i may oce enter piqui	gn by attending at	the phone in	IT I TILLI. C. and AFTAR WORKING UNISPS, HILL I	niav
			0 13		2 11	3	Mr O'Connor, S	ection No	.4	600 1 4 03	i i cionen place.			line to see the industrious classes in the possessio	nor
		Sowerby Helm	•	Birmingham			Mr O'Connor, S	ection No	hð m	763 6 1	WARWICK,-Th	e members of the V	Comminist hunnes	their Delition and Social Rignes. Mr W. Fur	. 1987.
day Now Tail A wote of thanks was unalling using	and Cont C. W. Popham, was nightly respected, and	A A	I 5 0		27	10 5	Expense Fund	***	•••	46 6 4	I OI ME Land Com	Dany will hold al.	in fishing we and	then gave	001 0
	was an active and a skilful navigator. He was for some	Torquay		Liverpool	1 1		Kules	***		14 15 10					
Doors airon to the library by LURE PEUMPHONE	i near shief officer of the ill-fated ship, when unser the			Samuel Turner	A 3						• I LOR DOURA OF NIN	Honelless Alle	15 1 15 1	i Tama, Williama nrabuscu - Luo succuv returi	n ar
The Wercester URFO	Thomason, and succeeded to une	mt Testa 3					n 1			£1,678 5 2	JAHU EVERV INTORN		• • • • • • •		
		Ellen Murray		Charles Martin			Bank				French, Saltisførd	or Mr Danaldson	at any time.	natviote to their native land, and the bosoms of the	aeir
have been seen on most of the high roads throughout	signing to superintend the construction of the screw		0 10 0	Wm. Benson		L	Land Purchase,	per Marg	are! Russell	30 0 🛛	KENSINGTON '	The shareholders i	and they often of	families and we earnestly hope that every loca	litv
the country, is twos and threes, 'out of commission,'	steam-ship Sarah Sands.	Fanny Murray	● 18 Û	Wm. Williamson	1 0 0	- 7		-			• I Will Meet st tha T	Juke of Sussex, 1	Ligh.street. On	will make an effort, and use all legal means in th	leir
Billing in twosand threes, out of complete	Breath-suit Daran Daars	John Arthur		Charles Nippard	• 12					£2,303 2 6	Monday evening,	November 90. J	Tikn an on on on	nower to accomplish so desirable an object.	
Willing to work, but finding no one able to employ		Cemby	0 2 6	G. H. Chatwin	05				,		and orounds)	mbers of the counci	1 of the Chartist	Burny — The members of the United Trades' As	48 0-
them; and we have been informed by the over-	Mr P. V. Fitzpatrick, secretary to the 'O'Council	John Turner	2 16 0	John Clark	0 10		-414	-			Association and me	mours of the council	the Ship Inp.	ciption in this town have expressed their approval	Lof
lookers of a line still in progress that the applica-	Tribute Fund,' has been ar painted assistant regis-	William Turner		A: Thompson	20			BAL BLECT	TION COMMETT	ε., ·	Church long on 6	quested to attend at Sunday overing N			the (
tions for work of late have been unprecedencedly nu-	trar of deeds—an office wor th £ 590 a year.	T. R. Turner	2 🖡	Worcester	4 19	1018	owerby Helm	610	418		jourou-lane, OL 1	onnas alammente		case of the Crayford block-printers.	
meron.	FIRE OF MAAND					4	•		••••••		Bix o'clock,	20.00 · 2 · 2 · 2 ·			
	8	•													

Chepstow

1 0

4 M. Cullen

0 14

0 1 8 Sleaford

Colonial and Foreign.

FRANCE.

The The Council-General of the department of the Selae m Frin Friday came to a resolution in favour of electoral rerm. orm. The prefect in vain opposed the proposition for a tete ofete of this kind, on the ground that councils-general thouldhould have nothing to do with polities in their delibeationations:

Ref Reform banquets have been holden at Avesne, Valen Mencelences, and Bpinel. The National aunounces ' a grand BReforReform banquet' at Mentargis, which is to be presided obver byer by cartainly one of the senior reformers of Europe. Geneficeeral Arthur O'Conner, 'who is now, we are told, in bhis 84his 84th year, but lively and eloquent as when a member uf that the Irish House of Commons, more than half a century Mincelince."

SWITZERLAND.

Th The Ami de la Constitution of Berne states that the numhumber of muskets supplied from the French arsenals ffor the use of the Souderbundis estimated at 25,600, and that that forty-five pieces of artillery have also been received fromfrom the same sources. The same journal contains an eartiearticle addressed to the German press, in which it thanks the the journalists of southern Germany for the sympathy likey they have manifested in favour of the Federal Governmenment of Switzerland, and contrasts their generous sentimentments with those of a different character expressed by the dhe organs of the Austrian Cabinet.

M Martial law is established throughout the cantons of the the Sonderbund. The Court Martial of the seven cantons lis cols composed of a deputy from each canton of the League, inketaken from the most violent partisans of the Sonderbundund, under the presidency of the famous Siegwart MulMuller. It is to this supreme authority that all the powpowers of the allied cantons, and all their military opcratications, are made subject. All dispatches from Lucerne to the different cantons of the Senderbund have the followflowing heading in lithegraphy, 'Vorort of the Seven CatCatholie Cantons." There are, consequently, two Vorerts in the confederation.

I The Sentinelle de la Euisse primitive announces that an assassociation of ladies has been formed at Lucerne, the object of which is declared by its founders to be, ' to deovenounce to the police all words or insignations effensive to the clergy or the anthorities.' This fact, if established, thrthrowse curious light on the merals of the Sonderbund.

1 It is stated in a letter from Basle of the 9th, that the perpeople of Schwitz have burnt the bridge over the Sihl, on the the frentier of Zurich and Zug, and that the bridge of Ra Raperschwill has been cut off on the Schwitz side, as far for the love of plunder. It is further stated, that the as as the frontier of St Gall.

Estavoyer was occupied on the 6th by the troops o GeGeneva, without its being found necessary to fire a gun, an and the inhabitants of this district manifested satisfac tiotion at the arrival of the federal force, Morat, another disdistrict of Fribourg, was in open insurrection, and the trotroops of that state had been expulsed by the inhabi, tautants. On the other hand, the Sonderbund had di. recrected its troops towards Lucerne and Zyg, which are exexpected to be the principal points of resistance.

On the 9th, the Vandese and Genevese troops occu pipied Domplerre. The federal troops have taken several hohostages to guarantee the safety of the political pricosoners who remain in the prison of Fribourg.

FRIBOURG, Nov. 8 .- All the troops have been concenir trated within the capital.

LUCKERS, Nov. 9-An estatette has just arrived and nenouncing that the inhabitants of Tessino had made an atattack on the hospics of St Gothard. The inhabitants olof Uri and Valais assembled in large numbers and drove Othem back with great loss. The corpses of the men kkilled in the first skirmish lay for four and twenty h hours on the ground, but were at length buried by the il inhabitants of Clirolo.

The Diet has contracted a loan at Frankfort at the I Fate of seven per cent.

The operations against Fribours, commenced evening of the 11th inst. That evening the Federal troops took possession of two strong pesitions not far their defence were taken. On the morning of the 12th. | sgain rented, and in fall flight. They again made a orders were issued throughout the whole of the line for

cently that five escaped from prison. One of these, a priest, is said to have written threatening letters to the president, saying he had friends in Cracow who would pay him off according to his merits. Placards announcing and offering a reward for the apprehension of the murderer, were stuck up next day, but some unknown hands took them down, and substituted others to the effect that sixteen other persons were doemed to the same death as the president. The latter is said to have Leon advised by his friends to be less severe in his proceed-

ings sgainst political offenders, but always laughed at them, saying that he knew very well who he had to deal with.

THE GIRGASSIAN WAR, CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 27 .- One of the chieftains of Daghistan, named Cara Capak Bey, had crossed over to the Russian encampment, with the intention of watching their movements and of examing their force, positions,

&c. But he was seized by the Russian commander, who, suspecting semething of the sort, had him imprisened in the fortress of Saty. The chieftain mentally vowed vongeance, but concealed his contiments under the mask of humility. He corrupted his guards, however, and making his escape returned to the mountains, accompanied by fifteen discontented Russians, who had co.operated in his enlargement. Cars Capak immediately repaired to Shawil, and acquainted him with the several vulnerable positions of the Russian encampment, and, without loss of time, Daniel Bey was directed to proceed with 2,500 cavalry to attack the fort of Dacke, then weakly garrisoned. Their first operations were unsuccessful ; they were put to flight by 2,809 mounted Cossacks and allowed themselves to be pursued into some defiles, where Russian military movements could not be effected. The Daghlees here dismounted, and, taking advantageous positions behind the trees and rocks opened a hot fire, which for some time the Russian ste od without being able to return a shot, and afterwards

they got into confusion, which finished by becoming a general sauve qui pent. The Russians left 850 horses killed on the field; they had further 800 killed, 527 wounded, and 169 men missing. As soon as the Russi: n as could be spared to collect the dispersed men, to whom in great need. Again the Russians, reinforced and ably

commanded, penstrated into the mountains, and for six days and six nights both parties were fighting like devils-the Russians for vengeance, and the Dagblees their operations will be closed this season, whatever

they may do next year. UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.

The following is taken from the American accounts

of the capture of Mexico ;---After Chapaltepeo had been triumphantly carried Generals Brave and Mouterde, besides a host of officers of different grades, were takenprisoners ; over 1,000 nonammunition were also taken, and a crowd of fugitives commanded the entrances to the city, and the Americans

at once were in hot pursuit. General Quitman, supported by Gen. Smith's brigade,

took the road by the Chapaltepec aqueduct towards the Belen gate and the Ciudadela; Gen. Worth, supported by Gen, Gadwallader's brigade, advanced by the San Cosmo aqueduct towards the garita of that name. Both routs were cut up by ditches and defended by breastworks, barricades, and strong works of every description known to military science ; but one defence after another was overcome, and by nightfall every work to the city's edge was carried. General Quitman's command, after the rout at Ckapultepec, was the first to encounter the enemy in force. Midway between the formar and the Belen Gate, Santa Anna had constructed a strong work ; but this was at once vigorously assaulted stand from their strong fertifications at and near the

THE REFORM MOVEMENT IN FRANCE.

(From our Paris Correspondent.)

When, during the last session of the Legislative that the president Zejaczkowski had been assassinated, | Chambers, M. E. de Girardin had brought to light those numerous and scandalous facts of corruption which he thought would overthrow the government; when, after all, the government had maintained themselves against the storm ; when the celebrated Two Hundred and Twenty-five declared themselves 'satisfied' as to the innocence of the ministry, all seemed to be over, and the Parliamentary Opposition, towards the close of the session, fell back into the same impotency and lethargy which they had manifested at the beginning, But all was not over. Though Messrs Rothschild, Fould, Fulchiron, and Co. were satisfied, the people were not, nor was a large portion of the middle classes. The majority of the French bourg soisie, especially those of the second and third rank, could not but see that the present class of elec- | who are, therefore, entirely ruled through the influtors became more and more the obedient servants of ence of the government upon their local and personal goes on bravely in the South, and clearances' to a a small number of bankers, stock-jobbers, railway- interests. speculators, large manufacturers, landed and mining proprietors, whose interest was the only interest cared hope for them ever to regain the position in the Chambers which, since 1830, they had been losing more and more every day, unless they extended the suffrage. They knew that electoral and parliamentary Reform, was a dangerous experiment for them to try; but what could they do? Seeing that the haute finance, the lords of Paris Exchange, bought up the government and both the Chambers: seeing their own interests openly trampled upon ; they were obliged either to submit patiently, and await humbly and quietly the day when the encroachments of the ruling money lords would make them bankrupts, or to risk parliamentary Reform. They preferred the

latter. The Opposition, of all shades, therefore, united, some four months ago, in getting up a demonstration in favour of Electoral Reform. A public dinner was arranged and trok place in July, at the Chateau-Kouge g neral learned this defeat, he set out with such troops | ball-rooms, at Paris, All fractions of Reformers were represented, and the assembly was rather mixed : but he took previsions and ammunition, of which they were the Democrats, having been the most active, evidently predominated. They had made it a condition of their assistance, that the king's health should not be drank, but be replaced by a toast in favour of the sovereignty of the people; the committee knowing well that in the most democratic town of France Russian army had retreated upon Kouban, consequently they could not get up a desent demonstration with out the Democrats, were obliged to comply. 1/I recollect rightly, you gave, at the time, a full account of the banquet, which was in every respect more like a demonstration of the strength, both in number and intellect, of democracy at Paris, than anything

The Journal des Debats failed not to raise a terrible outcry about this banquet. 'What ! no toast to the commissioned officers and privates; all the cannon and king? and this toast not omitted by negligence, by want of a sense of propriety-no, this omission put were soon in full flight towards the different works which | as a condition for their support by part of the gettersup ! Why, what pretty company this calm and peaceful M. Duvergier de Houranne-this moral-force, monarchical M. Odillon Barrot have got into! Why this is not mere republicanism-this is revolutionism. physical-torcism, socialism, utopianism, anarchism and communism ! Ah, but, gentlemen, we know you -we have had samples of your bloody deeds, we have proofs of what you are contending for ! Fifty years ago, gentlemen, you called yourselves the club of the Jacobins !'

Next day's National replied to the fierce and furious vituperation of the furiously moderate paper by a host of quotations from Louis Philippe's private journal, written in 1791 and 1792, where every day's note of the then ' Citizen Egalité junior' commenced with the words : 'To-day I was at the Jacobins'--''Toby Gen. Quitman, and aided by a flank fire from two day I took the liberty of saying a few words at from a small village of Fribeurg, called Lengine, and gons, which Gen Worth had ordered to approach as near the Jacobins which were warmly applauded'- 'Totwo pieces of cannon employed by the Sonderbund for a possible, from the San Cosmo read, the enemy was day I was called to the office of door-keeper at the Jacobins.' &c.

The central committee of the Opposition had inwas done accordingly, and a great number of Reform dinners were held in almost all parts of France. But

But what, will you ask, are the reforms de manded ? There are as many different systems of refe.rm, as there are shades of Liberals and Radicals. The least thing asked for, is the extention of the Suffray." to what is called the capacities, or what you, in England, would call the learned professions, even, if they do not pay the 200 france of direct taxes, which make, at present, a man a voter. Then the Liberals have some other propositions, more or less in common

with the Radicals. These are :---1st. The extension of the incompatibilities, or the declaring of certain government offices to be incompatible with the functions of a representative. The government have, at present, more than 150 of their

subordinate employers in the Deputies, all of which may, at any moment, be cashiered, and are, therefore, entirely dependent upon the Ministry. 2nd, The enlargement of some electoral districts. some of which are composed of less than 150 voters.

3rd. The electing of all deputies of a Department of the island; bloed has again ern resoned the soil; in a full meeting of all the electors, assembled at its the flag of Whiteboyism is once more flying in the for by the government. They saw that there was no principal town, by which means local interests are intended to be more or loss submerged in the common for every cabin levelled by the agent and the bailiff, a interests of the whole Department, and thus render Auman life will be sacrificed in expiation of the cruel nugatory the corruption and influence of the govern- | deed ; and wherever the rich man dares to trample on

ment. Then, there are proposals for lowering the amount of the voting qualification in different degrees. The most Radical of these properitions is that of the National ; the paper of the Republican small tradesmen, for extending the suffrage to all men belonging to the National Guard. This would give the vote to the entire class of small tradesmen and shopkeepers. and extend the suffrage in the same degree as the Reform Bill has done in England : but the consequences of such a measure would, in France, be much more important. The small bour geoisie in this country, are so much oppressed and sque+zed by the large capitalists, that they would be obliged to have recourse to direct aggressive measures against the moneylords, as soon as they got the suffrage. As I said in an article I sent you some months ago, they would be carried further and further, even against their own consent : they would be forced either to give up the positions already won, or to form an open alliance with the working classes, and that would. sooner or later, lead to the Republic. They know this in some measure. Most of them support Uni-

versal Suffrage, and so does the National, which goes for the above measure only, as far as it is considered as a preliminary step in the road of reform. Of all Parisian daily papers, there is, however, but one which will not be satisfied with anything less than Universal Suffrage, and which, by the term 'Republic,' understands not merely Political Reforms, which will, after all, leave the working classes as miserable as before-but Social Reforms, and very definite ones too. This paper is the Reforms.

The Reform movement is, however, not to be con idered as the totality of the agitation now going on in France. Far from it ! At all these banquets, be his destined victim. Little he cares how that hardpredominating; that of Orleans was the only one in which working men took part. The movement of the working people is going on. side by side, with these banquets, silently, underground, almost invisiever. The government know this very well. They have given their permission to all these middle class banquets : but when the typographic working men of Paris, in September, asked for the permission to hold their annual banquet, which, up to the pre sent time, they had held every year, and which was in no manner of a political character, it was refused slightest liberty. They are afraid, because the people have entirely given up all attempts at insur-

rection and rioting. The government desire a riot, Honoré, was profited by, to make the most brutaliat- | must be put into requisition, or matters will every tacks upon the people, in order to provoke them to day ' mend worse' in Ireland. Riot Acts will not riot and violence. Tens of thousands assembled every evening during a fortnight ; they were treated in the most infamous manner ; they were on the very brink of repelling force by force ; but they held out and no pretext for more gagging laws are to be forced from them, And think, what a tacit understanding,

Freland

EXTERMINATION OF THE PEASANTRY-THE WHITEBOTS OF MUNSTER-THE WILD JUSTICE OF REVENCE-THE TOUNG IRRLANDERS-VAMINE AND, EXPORTATION IRELAND IN ARMS (From our own correspondens.)

DUBLIN, NOV. 15. The oh udiest day has its gleam of sunlight, and in

his sorrow, ng, 'vale of tears,' there are pleasant rest. ing places, whierein the stricken heart can liager a moment in pea, 'r, and concentrate its still remaining | he contrives to keep a supply of ammunition moment in pear , getruggles; but, alar, it would seem + hob-hole,' and though you way not see twenty to energies for comin boy, for luckless Ireland, not a solitary coats on a songregation of labourers of a Sun ray of succour or cnjo vment to irradiate the festering cabin of the wretched I rish peasant. Every post brings fresh intelligent, e of acts of oppression and brings tream interingence, Irish landlords, and of re- Through Connaught, the purchase of fire-arms volting deeds of retaliation . In the side of the goaded and maddened pauper persa ntry. Extermination tearful amount have been effected , u different districts vales of Munster, and the people public 'y avow that

the rights of the poor man, the torrors of the law shall not prevent the ' wild justice of revenge' from taking its course. Nor can one blame the wretshed people for feeling and speaking in this manner. God knows there is none can more deeply deplors the existence of such a frightful state of things than I do. I would not willingly hurt a single hair of the veriest rascal in existence (I mean by covert or treacherous ways), and my soul sickens at the recital of the harrowing orimes perpetrated by my unhappy country. men-yet I declare before Heaven, I cannot, and I do not, blame them for their deeds. Human nature could not always brock what those people have been compelled to endure. The very worm that crawls the earth will turn on its persecutors; and why should men, christians, as d brothers, be expected to remain licking for ever the remorseless hand that pins them in the dust ? People may rant and rave about the bloody propensities of the 'Wild Hirish.' Others

will ascribe these things to the 'spirit of Popery, and the teaching of political priests. All wrong, my friends; the Celt may be warm in his impulses, and rash in his moments of excitement, but he is not na turally a Thug or an assassin.

The priests do not love Saxon land, nor cherish af two armed men, whose faces were blackened, to are ection for British laws, nor those by whom these laws are dispensed-yet they do not preach the doctrine of retaliation. I never heard a Catholic priest adopt for his text 'an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth'-nor is there any reservation in favour of out, when inside the door, ' heads down,' and swore the those who spill Sassanagh or Leretic blood! No; they would have the life of Ryan, at whom they immedi tis the tyranny of man against his fellows that drives ately presented. He caught hold of a friend of the name the Irish peasant to desperation. 'Tis oppression whets his appetite for blood ; and 'tis deep misery alone that nerves his arm, when he clutches the pike | struggle ensued, and, when they had forcibly disentaged or waves the firebrand over the house or haggard of | Tucker from Ryan, the latter grasped a chair to defen they Liberal or Democratic, the middle classes were hearted agent, or this merciless bailiff 'says his to save her husband's life from the deadly weapon, n prayers.' He only feels that himself and his children | ceived the contents of a gun-shot close under her le are the victims of their capacity or their neglect : and though, as it often happens, his tyrant may be 'one of | the poor woman on the spot. The distracted hushes the ould stock,' he feels the lash not the less acutely ; | then rushed to the adjoining room, where a gun m ble, for every one who does not take the trouble of nor are his aspirations for vengeance less fervid and kept for his protection, and when he came out four looking after it. But it is going on more lively than deep-rooted. And these things will continue. They the murderers had disappeared, and the only object know little of Ireland or her situation, who imagine | before him was the bleeding corpse of his unfortuna that coercive measures, martial law, military en- partner. The horrers of this atrocity are aggravated campment, or police patrols, will restore peace to a the circumstance of three young children being le torn and distracted land, er lull into rest the wild motherless, the youngest not four months born, and spirit which has been latterly evoked. A proclamation, or as it is dubbed-'An Admonitory Address,' to the people of Limerick, Clare, Tipperary, and Wood, was burnt down by incendiaries last year, and he to them. The government are so afraid of the other counties of Ireland, has been issued by His had also received threatening notices. An inquest was working people, that they do not allow them the Excellency Lord Clarendon, on the Oth, which is ex- held on Saturday afternoon upon the body, and a rerdy pected to arrest the progress of insubordination in the | of 'Wilful Murder returned against some person en districts referred to, and make the outcast peasant persons unknwn."

submissive to, if not contented with, whatever in-! Mr Richard U. Bayly, a most useful public man, the army to advance upon Fribourg, and with the er-ception of the town itself and the ground occupied by the defenders, which is all is not above a league, the the defenders, which is all is not above a league, the fact, that more substantial, more beneficial means accompanied by his brother-in-law, Mr Heard, Bayly's mouth is dreadfully shattered, the slugs pene trated his flesh, and great fears are entertained that the satisfy the cravings of hunger, nor will an additional wounds are mortal. Hr Heard's head was grazed with police force, quartered on an already exbausted a ball. The utmost sympathy is felt for Mr Bayly, country, coax perishing millions into servile submis-A ganger, named Smith, was barbarously murde at the Ballybrophy station of the Cashel line: his brain sion to the caprices and persecutions of heartless landlerds and fleecing agents. Persecution must having been knocked out with a hatchet. The allered ocase. The depopulating system must be abandoned. cause of the murder is that Smith had endeavoured to The people must be fed. Employment must be found reduce the wages of the men employed on that part of for the able-bedied millions, and an efficient prothe line. Ballybrophy is within six miles of Rosceed vision made for those too old or too infirm to partake and on the borders of the county of Tipperary,

I rich' freight, mutters a'curse du that govern which, with folded arms, gloats on the wealth w it plucks from Ireland, though he and his fa pine, sad and hungry, in the solitude of their, garret. In every other Irish pert, the same su process is going forward also. From Limes during the last week, no fewer than sixty vessels, of all descriptions, cleared out with visions for English and Scotch ports. Whit make aniends, no loss than 104 barrels of gunpond arrived to those who retail that article, in that alone! Whilst the Munster peasant starves lorf there is not a boor. from the sea to the Shann who could not, if called on, produce his mustfowling-piece, his blunderbuss, or case of the been on a less extensive scale, but in every county Leinster, the peasantry are armed to a man,

carry their arms about in open day, under the era

the police. I am convinced that any attempt to disarm t Irish people would be utterly abortive. They are at ways fond of arms, and the very laws, which hereb. fore were enacted to disqualify them from having fire-arms and gunpowder, only served to make the the more anxious to possess those articles. In fac the Irish peasantry have never been 'disarmed,' to speak. When those laws I have spoken of we the mest rigoreusly enforced, Paddy managed keep his gun or his pike in some place of security where the 'peeler' or the 'informer' might the and not find. It would be so if those laws weren enacted to-morrow. Some thousand stands of an might be wrested from the peasantry, but twen would be retained for each one given up. The on plan to ' disarm' the Irish, is to treat them just Give them fair and equal law. Employ them. fa them, teach them to be peaceable, not by coercion, cruelty, but by convincing them that you are son for past misdeeds, and that, in future, you will cognise them as children, as fellow men-subjects the same crown, and equally entitled, as you are, the profits of their own industry, and the rights, and immunities, and privileges of British subjects. Th is the way to 'disarm' Pat.

MOBE FRIGHTFUL MURDERS. The following fresh murders are reported by # Limerick Chronicle, of the 13th instant :-On Priday evening, at the carly hour of seven o'close

ecognitian, suddenly entered the house of John Ryan steward and bailiff to Sir Mathew Barrington, Barone within a quarter of a mile of the village of Murroe, and in the neighbourhood of a police station. They criof Tucker, who happened to be in the house, and place him between the two armed men and himself. A share himself ; and the faithful wife, throwing herself between breast, which passed, out through her back, and killed which Mrs Ryan had only put from her breast with rushing to save her husband. Byan's house, at Hum

whole of the canton of Fribourg is now in the possession of the Federal troops.

ATTACK UPON FRIBOURG.

On the 12th the general-in-chief of the federal "army, General Dafour, arrived at his head quarters at Avren. shes, near Fribourg. Immediately afterwards he sent a summons to the town of Fribeurg to surrender, and intimated that if he received no answer within twenty. four hours he would proceed to force. It appears that negotiations were entered into, but on the 18th, st mid- | in pessession of the entrance to San Cosmo. As his menday, at which time the period allowed had elapsed, the place not being surrendered, the attack was commenced on the works in front of the town, the Fribourg troops endeavoured to resist, and a skirmish took place on the great road leading from Berne to Fribourg, in which the troops of the Canton de Vand lost two officers killed, and several officers and men killed and wounded.

On the 13th the Federal directory received information from Argan, by courier, that four battalions of infantry and several companies of cavalry and artillery made an attempt to invade the Freiant of the canton of Argan. They endeavoured to force the passage of Ruess, between Dietwyl and Mar, but some companies of artillery from Zurich, supported by detachments of militie, opposed so vigorous a resistance to them that they were obliged to retrace their stap,

The conduct of the Papal Nuncio at Lucerne has at tracted the attention of the German press. The reverend father has self-installed himself high-pricet of the troops of the Soncerbund, and omits no occasion to encourage the fanaticism of the Catholic soldiers. This Nancio is a warm partisan of Lambruschini. and his appointment at Lucerne dates from the papacy of the late Pope Gra-It was hoped that a word of peace would manate from Rome, at the last moment, to prevent hestil ties, but according to the latest accounts received this day from Switzerland that moment is enrolled in the past, and the fatal hour of war and bloedshed has struck in Svi zerland. We have received, says a letter from Basie, unquestionable news that the bombardment of Fribourg commenced on the 12th inst.

ITALY.

The news from Italy is important. The initiative of an Italian customs' league has been assumed conjointly by Piedmont, Tuscany, and Rome. The Buke of Hodena and the King of Naples are expressly invited to join it. and an opportunity is tasitly afforded to the ether states of the peninsula to concur in this first measure of Italian nationality.

Advices from Genoa, Twhich come down to the 5th instant, bring reports of one of the most magnificent popular ovations of which that city has been the theatr for a long series of years. The reforms recently made in the administration of the state by King Charles Albert have filled the entire population of Piedmont with enthusiasm, and their gratitude almost amounted to deliriam. The journey of the King from Turin to Genos was one continued triumph.

Among the innumerable banners which floated arous the King, as he made his promenade in the evening through the city, one was especially noticed. It was the famous standard captured from the Austrians by the Genoese in 1746, and was on this occasion borne by the Harquis George Doris.

We have received accounts from Modena, of the 7th instant, which state that the Modeness treeps entered the territory of Fivizzane on the 5th instant. It will be recollected that this is a portion of the territories of the quent at Mexico, and it was believed that an organised Grand Dake of Tuscany, which, by the terms of the plan of assassination had been matured, treaty of Vienna, pass to the Duke of Modena on the succession of the Grand Dake to the dukedom of Lucca. being handed over to the Duke of Modens, whose authority they detent. It was reported that on the invitation of the Duke of Modena, the Austrian troops had entered the Modeness states, in order to leave the troops of the duke free to act against Fivizzano.

Letters from Naples of the 8th mention an emouse Messing, and conflicts between the troops and the poputhe people under the persecutions of the infamous Delcarretto, the minister of police.

POLAND.

AMASSIMATION AT CRACOW,-Baron Zajaczkowski, preident of the courts for political offences, was shot on the evening of the 4th inst., at Cracow. He was returning to his house at eight o'clock in the evening, when a bullet laid him dead in the street. Two men were observed to run off in contrary directions, but the darkness prevented them from being recognised.

FURTHER PARTICULARS .- It was at eight o'clock is the evening that the president was returning to his domicile, situated at the end of St Anne-street, and almost touching St Anne's Church. The night was densely dark, and he was preceded by an orderly hearing a lanwhen the pressdent suddenly made a remark on the darkness, and said how easy it would be for a man to attack them without being perceived. These prophetic works were the last it was in vain. being perceived. These prophetic words were the last that passed his lips. Almost at the same moment two tall figures wrapped up in cloaks passed the soldier. On arriving near the president, one of them exclaimed Ten! (it is him), whereupon the other tapped him upon the shoulder and said, 'How fares it, comrade !' As the president turned his head towards his unknown questioner, the other stranger fired a pistel at his head, at only a few inches distance, and the unfortunate man fell down dead immediately. Another account states, that one of the men remained in the distance, whilst the other seized the victim by the throat with his left hand and blew his brains out with the other, A mysterious silence prevailed during this tragic act. The boldness of the act will be doubly wondered at when it is known that only a few hundred yards higher up there is a guard-house, and the regular sentries before the castle. The orderly seems to have been so saw the flash of the pistol. The armed force was on the spot in a moment, but the corpse of the murdered man was all they found-all clus to the murderers was in vain. All the gates were immediately closed, and all persons in the street arrested. Up to the present moment nothing has transpired to discover the assassins, Suspicion rests on some of the political of fenders who have been set at large; it was also but re, statements.

. . .

works, although at great loss ; and then every point on that side of the city was in the possession of the Ameri-

Meanwhile, General Worth was rapidly advancing enemies had constructed a strong work. It was defended by infantry for a short time, but could not resist the assault. The affrighted Mexicans soon fled to another line of works nearer the city, and thus General Worth was fire of musketry from the house tops, as well as of grape, canister, and shell from their batteries, thus sweeping the street completely. At this juncture the old Monterey game of burrowing and digging through the heuses was dug and mined their way almost up to the guns of the routed and driven, with the loss of everything. The command of the city by the San Cesmo route was atthe work of throwing up the breastworks and erecting batteries, with the intention of opening a heavy cannonade upon the Cindadela with the first light on the morning of the 14th. At ten o'clock at night, General Worth ordered a 24-pounder and a 10-inch mortar to be

brought up to the garita, or gate of San Cesmo, and having ascertained the bearings and distance of the grand plaza and palace, at ence opened upon those points. The heavy shells were heard to explode in the very heart of the city.

At a little after midnight, Majer Palacios, socon panied by two or three members of the musicipal council of the city, arrived at General Worth's head-quarters, and in great trepidation informed him that Santa Anna and his grand army had fled, and that they wished at once commander-in-chief, and immediately started for Tacubaya; but in the mean time, the firing upon the town ceased. On the 14th, at seven o'clock, General Scott, with his staff, rode in and took quarters in the national palace, on entering which General Scott at once named

General Quitman governor of Mexico. After General Bravo had been taken prisoner, and

that he designs to continue the campaign : that to do so and retain executive authority are quite incompatible, as the executive government should reside in the centre of the republic. Wishing to avoid this evil, and to pro. betide, he resigns the Provisional Presidency of the Republic, and orders that the executive authority shall be vested in the President of the Supreme Court (Senor Pena y Pena) assisted by General Harrers and General health of the Constitutional King (very constitu-Alcorta-the latter in place of General Bravo. A second article of the decree fixes upon Queretaro as the seat of revernment for the nation.

Later news represents Paredes as being mixed up in some scheme or conspiracy to establish a monarchy in Mexico. Mr Trist is recalled. The position of General Taylor is likely to be a precarious one, a Mexican rising baving taken place on the Rie Grande, extending from that river to the Sierra Madre. General Urrea was said to be at the head of twelve thousand men. The Mexican

Congress was to meet at Queretaro on the 5th Nov. Assassinations of American soldiers were very

The total of Americans killed and wounded in battles of the Mexican war, up to the present time, or sickness. Truly a fearful aggregate! THE EXECUTION OF THE AMERICAN DESERTERS, --- We take

American Star :- 'On the morning of the 9th were hung at San Angel sixteen deserters from the American army, who had taken up arms against their government. lace. This was attributed to the despair and rage of Immediately after, some ten or twelve were whipped and branded on the check with the letter D. Riley, the chief of the St Patricia crowd, came in for a share

> of the whipping and branding, and right well was the former laid on by a Nexican muleteer, General Twiggs deemed it too much honour to the Major to be flogge by an American soldier. He did not stand the opera tion with that stoicism we expected. The next morning four others of the same company were executed at Mixceac, and on the 13th thirty more were hung upon one gallows at the same place. The thirty were brought out for execution about the same time that Chapaltepec, quet of La Charité, on the Loire, was being stormed, and Colenel Harney, pointing to

that place, told them that they should live long enough colours were raised, and after they were shown to them | nisation of labsur.

not everywhere the same union of all fractions of Reformers could be made to prevail. In a great number upon San Cosmo. At the English burylog-ground the of the smaller towns the middle class Liberals were strong enough to carry the king's health being drank, by which the Democrats were excluded. In other ocalities they tried to make it pass in the shape of toast :- 'The constitutional king, and the sovereignty of the neople.' This being not yet sufficient advanced towards the garita, the enemy opened a heavy | to the Domocrats, they went on shuffling, and replaced the ' constitutional king' by the ' constitutional institutions,' among which royalty, of course, was tacitly comprised. The great question now agitated among the provincial Liberals is, whether they are to give adopted. The Americans, as dark was setting in, had up even this, and to resign all attempts at carrying the king's health in whatever shape or disgnise it be enemy, and, after a short struggle, they were completely | or whether they are to separate openly from the Democrats, who, in that case, would get up separate and competing banquets. For the democratic party sion that the revolutionary ardour of the people is tained. During the night General Quitman commenced | insist upon the original agreement, that the king b not mixed up at all with the affair, and if in one case the National has been wavering a little, the party of the Reforme stand firmly on the side of republicanism. In all the large towns the Liberals have been forced to give way, and if in the localities 1830, that mere fighting will not do; that the enemy of lesser importance they have carried the king's onco beaten, they must establish measures that wil health, it is because such banquets cost a great deal of money. and, therefore, the people are naturally excluded from them. On the occasion of the banquet of Bar-le-Duc, the Reforme says: 'Whoever would

take such demonstration as a sample of the state of public opinion in France, would be very much mistaken indeed; they are got up by the middle classes only, and the people are entirely shut out from them. This agitation, if it be confined to the limits to surrander the capital. They were referred to the of the Bar-le-Duc barquet, will vanish like all bouraccess movements; like the Free-Trade movement, which after a few hollow speeches died away very 800n.'

The first large banquet, after that of Paris, was held at Strasburg, in the beginning of September. It was rather a democratic one, and a working man, at the close of it, proposed a toast to the organisation Santa Anna had abandoned the capital, the latter issued of labour, which term, in France, expresses that a decree bearing date September 16. In this he premises | which in England the National Association of United Trades are trying to carry out ; viz, the freeing of labour from the oppression of capital by carrying on manufacturing, agricultural, and other purposes, for the account, either of the associated working men vide for the permanency of the government, let what may themselves, or of the people at large, under a demo. cratic government.

Then came the banquets of Bar-le Duc, a bourgeon demonstration, finished by the Mayor proposing the and tional, indeed) ; of Colmar, Rheims, and Meaux, all of them entirely dominated by the bourgeoisie, who, in those secondary towns, always have it all their own

But the banquet of Saint Quentin, again, was Odillon (Barrot, de Beaumont and other Libera more or less democratic; and that of Orleans, in the last days of September, was, from beginning to end. a thoroughly democratic meeting. Judge of it by the toast to the working classes, responded to by M vernments. Marie, one of the most celebrated barristers of Paris and a democrat. He commenced his speech in the following terms :- 'To the working men-to those men. always neglected and forgotten, but always faithful to the interests of their country, always ready to die for its cause, be it in defending their native land against foreign aggression, be it in guarding The inhabitants of Fivizzane had protested sgainst to our latest dates, is estimated at 4,800; and an equal our institutions, when meaaced by inward fors! To number is the estimate from skirmishes, missing, and those, from whom we demanded the days of July, and who gave them to us: terrible in their actions generous in their triumph, resplendent with courage, the following report of this horrible massacre from the prebity, and disinterestedness !' and concluded the toast in these words : 'Liberty, equality, fraternity !' It is characteristic that the Orleans banquet was the only one at which we find it stated that covers were reserved for the representatives of the working

> The banquet of Culommiers, Melun, and Cosne again, were mere bourgeoisis gatherings. The 'Left Centre,' the middle-class Liberals of the Constitutionnel and Siecle, amused themselves in listening to the speeches of M. M. Barrot, Beaumont, Drouin de L'huys, and such like retailers of reform. At Cosno, the democrats openly declared against the demonstration, because the king's health was insisted upon. The same narrow spirit prevailed at the ban-

In return, the Reform dinner of Chartres, was thoroughly democratic. No toast to the kingto see the American flag hoisted upon the battlements of | toasts for Electoral and Parliamentary Reform upon that fortress, and no longer. In a few moments our | the largest base, for Poland and Italy, for the orga-

what a common feeling of what was to be done, at the moment, must have prevailed ; what an effort it must have cost to the people of Paris, to submit to such infamous treatment rather than try a of the benefits of useful employment. The pearsnt a honeless insurrection. What an enormous progress

must not be hunted from his cabin to die in the pestthis forbearance proves in those very same working ship, or linger out a tew miserab's years amid the men of Paris, who seldom went into the streets swamps and icebergs of Canadian pine-wood. The without battering to pleces every thing before them Irishman must be allowed to 'live' on his own native | of fever on Thursday. The gaol is described as crowid who are accustomed to insurrection, and who go into sod, and he must be made to feel that he has an to excess. a revolution just as gaily as they go to the wine interest in the peace and prosperity of the shop! But if you would draw from this the conclu-

country, and that everything in creation was not intended for the sole luxury and gratification of decreasing, you would be quite mistaken. On the his relentless taskmaster. Let government adopt contrary, the necessity of a revolution, and a revoluthese principles, or if the present Ministry find themtion more thorough-going: more radical by far than elves incompetent to set about this Reform, let them (means in his power, ' to suppress the wicked spir the first one, is deeper than ever felt by the working give way to others-for men can still be found | which now disturbs the public peace, and retards people here. But they know from the experience of amongst Britens, able and willing to save the coun- | the social improvement of the country.' try from the perils with which she is threatened.

et them treat poor Paddy as a fellow subject-as guarantce the stability of their conquest; that will debrother, and let them forget that his blood is of the stroy not only the political, but the social power of bot, wild stream of the Celt, and that when he goes to capital, that will guarantee their social welfare, pray, he invokes the 'Blessed Mary,' and kisses the along with their political strength. And, therecrucifix or 'Lamb of God.' What need honest Englishfore, they very quietly await their opportunity, but men care what branch of the great human family we in the meantime, carnestly apply themselves to the belong to: and if the peasant be damn'd for his peculiar study of those questions of social economy, the solureligious tenets. John Bull will not be responsible betion of which will show what measures alone can esfore heaven; Give us justice; we ask not charity; we tablish, upon a firm basis, the welfare of all. Within crave not your indulgence. Treat us as men and as a month or two, six thousand copies of M. Louis brothers, and Irish crime will exist no longer, nor of living there, that he hoped they would provid Blane's work on ' The Organisation of Labour,' have will our fair land continue (as it unfortunately may | some other abode for the future, and if not, that h been sold in the workshops of Paris, and you must be termed to-day.) 'a field of blood.' consider, that five editions of this book had been

The last week has been a busy time in Dublin published before. They read likewise a number of Meetings, conclaves, talking !-- Och, indeed, if talk other works upon these questions: they meet in small ing could be of benefit to Ireland, there would not be numbers of from ten to twenty, and discuss the difso happy a people on the face of the earth. The ferent plans propounded therein. They talk not newspapers will give you full particulars about these much of revolution, this being a thing admitting assemblies, what they did, and what they did not; of no doubt, a subject upon which they one and all but they will not tell you of the indignation of those agree ; and when the moment will have arrived, at who trusted in those men, and expected that they which a collision between the people and the governwould, at least, exhibit a bold front, speak like men ment will be inevitable, down they will be in the zealous for the welfare of their country, and show to streets and squares at a moment's notice, tearing the world that the time had arrived when, flinging up the pavement, laying omnibuses, carts, and prejudice and minor feelings to the winds, they would coaches. across the streets, barricading every demand justice for their common land, and insist alley, making every narrow lane a fortress, that their fellow-countrymen should not be left anospite of all resistther year, pining in the pangs of hunger, or exposed ance, from the Bastile to the Tuileries. And then, I to the thousand ills under which they have groaned fear, most of the reform banquet gentry will hide for ages. But this they did not do, They met and themselves in the darkest corner of their houses. bandied compliments, and talked of tenant right, and or be scattered like dead leaves before the popular differed about straws, and separated, and DID NOTHING thunderstorm. Then it will be all over with Messrs but made themselves ridiculous; and left the fools who reposed trust in them, cursing their stupidity and thunderers, and then the people will judge them quite ignorance, and praying that fate or providence might | raphy. as severely as they now judge the Conservative gosend a man of mind and spirit amongst the millions,

who would show them the read to liberty, and lead them on it honestly and fearlessly. and desert not the sacred cause until victory would be the recom. where men might lie down in honour, and sleep in peace for ever.

On Wedesday last, there was a meeting of 'Young Irelanders' in the Pillar-room of the Rotunda. It him by his wife. On a simple examination of the was, indeed, a sorry affair enough, and compared of John's promise. Rent, £37. 103. 63d. post mortem appearances of the stomach and inten. even with prior gatherings of the same clique, extines, the surgeon was inclined to think that those hibited a considerable falling off, both in number and appearances were caused by arsenic, and intimated respectability. There was less talk, too, anent to the Coroner his private opinion, that if time were physical' matters than usual, and the fustian rigmagiven for correct and careful chemical analysis, that ble about 'flaming seimitars,' and 'gory beds,' and poison in a metallic form would be discovered prorushing steeds,' and Sparta, and Bannockburn was sent. The Coroner afforded sufficient time, and the

doled out in very economical quantities. contents of the stomach were tested by Mr Corfe Poor John Reynolds! The goblet of happiness and Dr Ranolds, of Middlesex Hospital, for oxalic which he has been kissing since the last election, is acid, suger of lead, corrosive sublimate, Prussic about to be dashed from his lips, and the much-adacid, and for arsenie, not a trace of either of which mired initials, 'M.P.,' are to be struck off from his was discoverable, and Mr Corfe, who is the resident ld 'sign manual.' On Friday, the 12th instant, physician, was of decided opinion that deceased had Messrs Grogan and Hamilton entered into the due diad of natural disease of the heart, which he said recognisances for the presecution of a petition against in many instances left internal appearances not nonest John's return as member of Parliament for easily distinguishable from those caused by metallic this city, and it is the opinion of most people that poisons. Mr Wakley commonted on the great imthis petition will be successful. John, himself, portance to the establishment of guilt or innocence affects to treat the matter with derision, but I much of chemical analysis, and pathological research in post mortem examinations, ordered by Coroners to fear 'out'he must walk. And more's the pity truly. arrive at the true cause of death. The jury returned For a brave, generous, stout hearted, and manly. minded follow, is the same John Reynolds. He is not a man of straw. He is no place-beggar ; and though he is a deadly and powerful antagon ist of the Leather-lane, Holborn, and elsewhere, plaster timghainghe Young Ireland bantlings, I verily believe, if matters shire, banker-Jonathan Higginson and Richard Deal Deal ¹ his ation of labsur.
¹ his ation of labsur.
¹ his ation of labsur.
¹ This week banquets will take place at Lille, Valen¹ the North generally. Those of Lille and Valen¹ in the vessel by the sound of it, knowing before the ciennes, Aresnes and throughout the Department of the North generally. Those of Lille and Valen¹ in the vessel by the barking of a hound; and in the West, other demonstrations are preparing.
¹ The Reform Movement is far from being nest, to its
¹ Van see from this account that from it - --- to
² Van see from this account that from it - --- to
² Van see from this account that from it - --- to
³ Odd friend. Mr Brayley, who was present at a party
⁴ Name as a from the personal experience of my
⁴ Van see from this account that from it - --- to
⁴ Odd friend. Mr Brayley, who was present at a party
⁴ Name from the personal experience of my
⁴ Name fr Measures. The learned professor commenced this important subject with a number of remarks; such as the compatition of the atmosphere, the beating of the heart and the active rain of the samper at the the librar at the fibrar active rain of the samper at the the beating of the heart and the active rain of the samper at the rain the rain of the samper at the rain of the samper at t question of ventilation the professor touched at some length, and insisted on the necessity of this tion in some degree, were, one and all democratic. of a kuife and inflicted a deep wound in her throat. and insisted on the necessity of this tion in some degree, were, one and all, democratic. riety of plans for the purpose of ventilation more partment al Councils, who met in Sentember and who expired from the effects of the wound on Sunday. riety of plans for the purpose of ventilation-more partment al Councils, who met in September, and who por-as from their simplicity and inexpensive mode would be in the reach of all classes. The doctor the Aisne, the Moselle, the Hautr Rhin, the Oire. other descriptions of provision, are conveyed to Eng- windows, cushisns, lights, &c. And there are i are i Alderman Tu'ly, of Montreal, calculates that each land and Scotland, whilst the poor artisan of Dublin, class carriages which convey passengers at a at an emigrant head of a family takes out when the trisk difficult of the family takes out when the trisk difficult of the takes out when takes out when the takes out when takes o

MURDER OF MAJOR MAHON.

A correspondent of the Evening Mail states that Fa rell, committed to Rosscommon on suspicion of bein concerned in the murder of the late Major Mahon, did

The Lord-Lieutenaut has issued an address. which he appeals to the gentry, the farmers, an the industrious peasantry, to aid his efforts to sup press the system of terror which exists in the country; and announces his intention, by ever

MORE IRISH LANDLORDISM.

A correspondent of the Cork Examiner, writing from Ballyhooly, under the date of Nev. 6, gives an account of a clearance which took place in the locality a short time since, by which sixty six huma beings have been deprived of home and shelter. appears, that the person to whom the rent. paid is John Courtenay, Esq., of Ballyedmond; and his agent is a Mr Champion, of Bushy Park. This good and liberal agent visited Castlebla a few days ago, and told some of those who had the misfortune would, on his next visit, throw down their hoyels." STATS OF THE COUNTRY.

Orders have been issued to gather in police detach ments wherever men can be spared, on the frontier of Tipperary and Limerick. They will be distr buted hereafter as soon as arrangements respecting a co-operative military force are completed.

An old friend, Captain Rock, who was suppos to be buried in the same grave with the tithes and tithe-proctors, looks green again. He has shifte from the Galtees to Connaught, and by no means appears to be improved in orthography. The captain published and posted a notice on the chap door of Creagh, calling upon the people to assembly on Wednesday at the workhouse, and demand food or labour. Vengeance was denounced against the hand which dared disturb the proclamation. The catholic curate, the Rev. Mr Coen, disdained th threat, tore down and trampled on the notice, and cautioned his parishioners against a violation of the laws. Thereupon the captain posted a second notice, full of dire threats and very bad orthogy

BEPEAL ASSOCIATION.

The principal ' topic of talk' at the weekly motiing was, the opposition to Mr J. Reynolds, as mem m ber for Dublin; and Mr J. O'Connell, in imitationio pence of honest daring, or a bloody bed be spread of his father, pledged himself ' to die on the floor of a the house before he would permit a Coercion Bill to t be carried through.' The imitation, unfortunately, el reminds one of the sequel. It will be a sad thinging for Ireland if its salvation depends on the redemptionion

Bankrupts.

(From the Gazette of Tuesday, Nov. 16.)

Christopher Holt, Bouverie-street, Fleet-street, hotel seeper-John Arzell, Stanhopo-street, Hampstead wadwa orn merchant-Isaac Bass, jun., Ipswich, painternter John Pratt Carpenter, Drummond-street, Euston oaker-John Cramond, Lime street, shipbreker-ThoTh Samson Jukes, Great Winchester-street, tailor-Franchal Henry Agar, New Windsor, grocer-James Parkearts Princes-road, Notting-hill, coach proprietor -. Henrifter East Malling, Kont, paper manufacturel are Smith. Robert Blake, jun., Norwich, soap manufacturerson White, Newington-causeway, grocer-Jehn Clariclar Conduit-mews, Spring-street Sussox-gardens, Puddingtqing ob master-John Bannister Faulkner and Binthaji Fallan, now or late of Old Broad-street, merchanian Charles John Hubbard, Stockwell-park-road, SuffSuff brewer-Henry Hicks, New Boud-street, saddler-Kob-Kol Debenham, Rdward.street, Portman.square, drapetrape William Willis, Trowbridgo, Wiltshire, wool broketroke Cesar Adam Marcus Count de Wuits, Baldwin's garde, arde Leather-lane, Holborn, and elsewhere, plaster maufigant

IMPORTANCE OF ANALYTICAL POST-MORTEM EXA

MINATION .- An inquest was held by Mr Wakley, M.P. at the Middlesex Hospital, on Pat. Manning, a paviour, who died suddenly at his work, in a few minutes after having eaten his breakfast, brought to

advancing,

in

SANATORY REFORM .- During the past week Doctor Bachoffner has been engaged in delivering, at the Roval Polytechnic Institution, a lecture on the close.

taken by surprise as not to have been capable of doing drainage, though equally important, was one that all their own way. Thus, after all, the whole move- her, but by some means they broke off the correspon- I think all these rumours are alike ill-founded. anything. The report of the pistol was heard dis-acpended solely upon the legislature. Upon the legislature, touched at touche at touched at touche at touched at touched at touche at t

concluded his admirable lecture by reading extracts the Vosges, the North, and others, demanded, more from several works, all of which fully confirmed his or less, extensive reforms, all of them, of course, emigrant head of a family takes out about 2 & 10 from as he stands shivering in the cold wintry wind, and incre than a farthing per mile. The Irish difish differences confined to the limits of bourgeois Liberalism.

THE EFFECTS OF SOUND .- Mersennus, or Kircher. says that one may know what quantity of liquor is

a verdict of 'Natural Death.'

this country.

surveys the gigantic steame towing out with the are 'gintlemen.'

WEWEENBER 20, 1847.

THE NORTHERN STAR

THE O'CONNOR FESTIVAL AT NO'TTINGHAM.

fit fiends of Feargus O'Connor, Esq., having would his army have kept together? It was confident in the second and in England, Ireland, Scotland, stated to you that Tawes was in such a forlorn conined to celebrate his return as member for dence in one man that made it what it was; and and Wales. (Prolonged cheering.) And, my me was come to offer him £50. down for his two beld a festival on Monday evening the Land Plan is based on that same confidence. friends, unlike other agitators, demagogues (names) acres. 'No, but he shan't take it for ready money,' boto boto use a restrict on Alone a evening the Land Plan is based on that same confidence. (friends, unlike other agitators, demagogues (names) acres. 'No, but he shan't take it for ready money, at the it in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame; a same that in its independence of all conditions are unwards of four hundred of both rame is a same that in the work house long are unwards are unwards of four hundred of both rame is a same that in the work house long are unwards are unwards of four hundred of hour hundred of h in the inter place, upwards of four bundred of both game; a game that in its independence of all con-the latter place, upwards of four bundred of both game; a game that in its independence of all con-they purchase me-(applause:)-they cannot divert Just come out and see my three pigs.' (Cheers and (the fair sex being strongly predominant) sat tingencies, is sure to win the battle of the Charter ; me from my purpose, and for this reason, that it is laughter.) I found her happy and comfortable. the integration of the subscriptions, now not a part of my existence, but it constitutes while all are reviling this Land Plan, you while all are reviling this Land Plan, you A way with so hopeless, so jorless a creed, when the attrangements would have been then the attrangements would have been then the attrangements would have been then the attrangements would have been the attrangements would the attrangements the attrange is it was, every time a basket of fond en-the counties have been upheld as the strongholds of the it is it was, every time a basket of fond en-the counties have been upheld as the strongholds of the said, I added thousands yearly to the constituen-the said, I added thousands yearly to the constituen-the said, I added thousands yearly to the constituen-the said oppression, they will hereafter be found, under the still it the room, it was immediately seized by the ac-the said oppression, they will hereafter be found, under the still it the room of the speakers who had the the respective trays, whose motto plan, to be strong weapons assist oppression. the the respective trave, whose motto plan, to be strong weapons against oppression. unable to work, not compelled to go into a poor law on the land, and add them to the constituencies. selves 'Chartists in the abstract.' Yes, there were going to tell you what I wish to do, new I am become the store stare the result, every time a fresh bone of think shows that the neople are determined actions in the abstract. It has now common course the result, every time a fresh bone of think shows that the people are determined not woman is sick, if I can secure it, she shall lie in city. It has now seventy houses, reared since the gloves, with patent leather boots on ;-- sentlemen of members of Parlie members as soon as they have reto be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last to be cajoled, and that is this:—During the last their bow abd com a no more near till the next elec-to a chass existing to denounce idleness as a real crime in every man to a more the hours of five and seven), the pretending democratic principles, that affect to look who is able to work and has opportunity of sol to a last the presentative—I will say of an honest representa-to a nonest representative—I will say of an honest representa-to a nonest representato a man to build; if I have 1,000 houses, I let them were the kind of reformers who talked about the representative-I, will say of an honest representative-I, will say of an honest representative-I, will say of an honest representative-I will be an a transmitter of the per sple-to do much good to his conwith satisfied company amused themselves in upon the name of Whig as a term of disgrace, but doing. (Hear, hear.) I look upon the idle man as masons: I give four houses to four, six to six, eight absurdity was this! If it was true in the abstract, stituents, I have taken the unusual course.

sile several ways their fancy dictated. te legitimate source of power."

ther time -(Applause) -- and it is also true that address, he was again greeted with loud testimothey are the legitimate source of all sovereign nials of applause. power. Equally true it is that they have always The following sentiment was given by the teen at the bottom of the tree, and have been a chairman :-rust for the shafts of political power. (Hear.) But there is one thing to be observed now ; and fat is, the people are in a different position from long live to enjoy the confidence and blessing of a gratethat they ever were before, so far at least as this ful people. munity is concerned. (Applause.) It will not do for

presence here to-night as something egotistic ; but | was only this day I was reading an article in last gems to me to be this; that the people are I think that you will pardon me when I remind you week's Economist-and that is considered to be an orthogotten that while nature told allow a poor man two acres of land, at £ 30. an acre, and all determined not to be bamboozled. that I did not wait for my own triamph to see that authority for Free-trade-and it was a review of a and hide that? If the corporation of Nottingham us that all men are brothers-when she poured forth build him a house for £ 100., and let him have a Hear, hear, and laughter.) I think that that commemorated in Nottingham, but that upon all work written by a Frenchman, writing in favour of enture rises pre-eminent; and I will give one or occasions, when there was the slightest opportu- small against large farms. The Economist-one of to reasons for that opinion. I was at a meeting nity of giving strength to your cause, even when I the most perfumed papers of the Free-traders-has a the Crown and Anchor a week or ten days ago, was not a candidate for your suffrages, I exerted endeavoured to show that there is more production was there invited, as here, for the purpose of myself in your cause, feeling that I was bound that one man will produce in g day more than meting the Chartists: I had other engagements alike to act for the aggrandisement of another, twenty men! (Laughter.) Thus you may see that hen, as I have now; and I thought it my duty to as I was for my own prometion. (Loud applause.) there, as here. I mention that, because a num- But, however, it is to me a great and glorious tribar of gentlemen who had no engagements, had all umph-not only that I have beaten your bitterest rubbish as that, I would have whipped him and put

W Ir ROBERTS baving been called to speak to the hands. (Loud cheers.) So with the Game Laws; ple can be more glorious than that? (Applause.) ne have given to the cause of human progress, by mutton came in, seized upon it, and was firing away | capitalist who reduced his wages to have the beneit election of Mr Feargus O'Connor to serve you in as if he had had no breakfast or supper either. fit of it himself. (Applause.) Now all these prinpriament. (Cheers.) This is really the purpose (Laughter.) A gentleman who was near him | ciples when dissected and perfectly apprehended, will fruhich I am here to-night; for I consider it my looked at him with marks of pity-almost with con- constitute the literature of this age; and hence the in, having received a very flattering invitation tempt. The other noticed this, and asked the other abuse of the press;-which I court,-which I love, the authorities who have convened you toge. what he was looking at him for. 'Oh,' says the -which I ask to continue;-it is my strength ;and knowing that our struggle is to be fought other. ' I was thinking what a pity it was that that for the more fools show their folly, the more wise the House of Commons-knowing how important ane appetite of yours should be wasted upon that mon will become cautious of them. (Excessive apis for our cause that we should have a powerful leg of mutton. (Laughter.) Why not wait for the plause.) The reason that the press is opposed to this ran there-I did consider that it was my duty to venison-for the callipee and callipash?" (Laughter.) Land Plan is, because upon all other subjects they ank the Chartists of Nottingham for the service So I say with regard to our political appetite-we may be speculative. About the Repeal of the Corn rendered to that cause. (Cheers) Now with will not waste it upon legs of mutton, but will wait Laws, Tom, Jack, Will and Harry may all write But the land is not speculative; a large potato is a The health of our highly respected member of Parliament, Feargus O'Connor, Esq., the founder of our globugaboo-like a ghost-like a baboon. (Laughter.) They tell you, my friends, that it is a bad thingne to take up your time at very great length, the sentiment, amidst the most enthusiastic plaudits. O'Connor propounded it. Why, if any other man

he enlisted under his banner-have a parcel of rih-bons stuck in his hat, and them be made drunk I. do not speak as the representative of Not-again, and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again, and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again, and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again, and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again, and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again, and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely, but I speak as the mouth-piece of again and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely and compare the speak as the mouth-piece of again and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely and compare the mouth piece of again and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely and compare the speak as the mouth-piece of again and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely and compare the speak as the mouth-piece of again and taken before a magistrate; how long tingham solely and compare the speak as the mouth-piece of the speak as the mouth-piece of the speak as the mouth piece of the speak as the speak as the mouth piece of the speak as the mouth piece of the speak as the s yet they cannot juin the Chartists because Reargus a great criminal; but I look upon the man who is to eight, and so on ; so that in the same time as I why not endeavour to gain it ? That which was true not to ask for your votes only, but to yet they cannot join the Chartists because Feargus a great criminal; but I fock upon the man who is to that in the same time as 1) why hot endeavour to gain it? Inst which was true not to ask for your votes only, but to at a start oclock, as the last of the tea apparatus (o'Connor is at the head of the Chartists. These strong, and willing to work, but obliged to beg, and build one, I build a thousand houses. (Loud ap- in the abstract, was ternally right, eternally good, ask you to instruct me in my duties as At seven o total, was eternally right, eternally right, eternally good. It at the head of the Chartists. These strong, and willing to work, but obliged to beg, and build one, I build a thousand houses. (Loud ap-to being meved away, F. O'Cornor, Esq., at-men have propounded a variety of things. One disinherited from labour, with great pity: and have plauce.) But if Lord John Manners, or Lord to the Rev. W. Linwood, of Manchester, W. says, ' Do let us have more baths and washhouses there not been thousands of men in this country free Roberts, Esq., the ' Miners' Attorney-General.' for the poor. Let us wash them all, and make who have been disinherited from their legitimate to rok his seat in the centre of the gallery, amid soan cheen?' Another orige out shows the leman of the present moment. The Ref Roberts, Esq., the "Attorney-General." for the poor. Let us wash them all, and make who have been disinherited from their legitimate tion; "Come and see the Bentinek cottages," or the admit that a principle was true in the abstract, and constitution of England may be supposed to be the "Manners villas," or the admit that a principle ? Was it the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the systhe file took and may be supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament, but the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament and the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament and the supposed to be the supposed to be the supposed to be the supposed to be the same as it was in the last Parliament and the supposed to be the sup the second and the se that we can strike that off with a mere puff of the the sweat of your own brow 10 maintain your own and role, and will demand and this set the maxim of every true reformer, the peo- they cannot make both ends most, trade is entirely breath, when we have got the power into our own families. (Enthusiastic approbation.) What principlic them having the land to support them. (Loud ple must look to themselves for elevation, for freedom, at a stand still. At all other periods of our history, there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and the Times says, it cannot be there is a change, and the Times say the set of the state of the advancement which there was a gentleman, who, the moment a leg of the moment a mard to the truth of the sentiment to which I am for our dinner, in order that when it comes, we may their own opinions; all will differ, but all will have that before the Esster recess, and in a fortnight I was dead, - that she was blotted out from able bodied man in the country is a pauper the fault the speak, no man who can get two ideas together eat enough.' (Loud applause.) Mr Roberts then disciples. The readers of Jack may think Tom a will take them back three, four, or five million sig-among the natione, yet still the old spirit of Polish lies with the government. The labour of the poor phis head at the same time, can have any doubt advised the andience not to relax their efforts; an fool, but they will think Jack a wise man; the intervent the work, nationality stirred in its bloody grave, and heaved is taxed seven millions a year to feed the idlers in ins head as the people are the producers of all election might come on soon, and they would have readers of Tom may think Will and Jack fools, but ing classes. (Tremendous plaudits.) I do not mean with that vitality that would ultimately accomplish the country. I take it that no man would be an resider this is indeed a truism in this and in every to make their ground good; and, in concluding his they will think Tom a wise man-(applause and slingsby Duncombe, our leader rour leader nor leader my Man might reside rour leader at the second present of the could earn an honest livelihood. The laughter)-but it is all theoretical and speculative. leader-a man who has withstood more calumny, sneer and scoff at those who hailed freedom, the poor are compelled to work for low wages. I thing to be seen-(laughter)-a house from which other man. It's something to do, is that it is differ- chose; but freedom was man's birthright, and all the world, to be paid for out of the hard labour no tyrant can compel you to go, is a thing to be com- ent from addressing a friendly audience of this kind. it had ever been at work, if not as an upper, of our artisans; and while our merchants and prehended. And, therefore, we have distanced them It is very different when 2 man is placed in such cir. at all events as an under current. in national literature; they cannot write about it; it cumstances as Mr Duncombo has been. Thomas the history of the history of the leasily the people might have been placed upon the rious Chartist Co-operative Land Company, and may he has come upon him like a thief in the dark-like a Slingeby Duncombe shall be always our leader, and I triumph,-the sure and certain advance of freedom. land, and produced all they wanted; but no; the FEARGUS O'CONNOR, Esq., rose to acknowledge and in nothing more bad than because Feargus stock banks, in railway speculations, in your corpo- onary future ! It was the idea that in that fu- Will you come and work for me for a month? the speakers are to follow me. He speke as follows:-Mr Chairman, and my friends had propounded it, he would have been the scape. Ling # (Woll Dimking airbing the condice and el that we have elsewhere to go; but still I of Nottingham,-If on previous occasions I had failed goat of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press; bat because I have shown you the in the month of the press is the cattle and at a month The permitted to mention one or two things is that? "Three pounds a week.' (Laughter in the mops, as we sink the cattle and straw in the intervent the straw? And then, Tomkins, £421. for feeding the police. Now that every man by his own labour-field, can support what do you think of the people, through the medium of the people of this day with regard to the people of th the House of Commons to tell the minister that the great human heart. (Loud applause.) cultivation of the natural resources of the country is the great means of destroying pauperism in the country—the great means to lead to glory, self-respect, national honour and aggrandisement. You ings, and your family interests. (Loud cheers.) And stituents-for I look at the non-electors as well as the electors of Nottingham as my constituents-(tremendous applause)-in another place; I am sure you will say that I have performed my duty here to night. (Cheers.) But now mind : all the blame. the fault, the crime of my ignorance-if I am ignorant about local matters-will fall upon those who neglect to give me information.' I have come here as no member of Parliament every did before-not like a countryman of mine, Mr Bennett, who bought his constituents, and when they said, 'What, sir, would you sell your country ?' 'Ay,' he cries.) But I did not buy you. I came here with a £5, note, and I took back £1.17s. 6d. (Loud cheers.) As I did not buy you, I will not sell you. (Re-peated cheering. Whenever the interests of any class in Nottingham require my presence here, I Mercury. I have not asked you for that, and although the men of Manchester insist upon a large and beautiful mansion being bought for me, I refuse it ; I will not accept a fraction-(tromendous cheering)and for this reason, my friends, that I have told you that the characteristic of a patriot was to live useful and die a pauper. (Shouts of applause.) I do not know now whether Tom Bailey will let me die a pauper. He is making me so rich that I have resolved that my children who have been located, instead of is one thing which ought to be printed upon the tablet of every man's memory, and placed under her pillow by every woman of this land, and read when she goes to bcd, and rises every morning. She should take this apothegm to bed with her, sleep upon it, dream upon it,—'It is impossible for the capitalist who lives upon capital to represent labour.' The man who makes a profit upon it is not a proper person to represent it. (Cheers.) I have shown you a thousand times the startling fact, that if labour is only one to ninety-nine other classes in the state, that the ninety-nine cannot represent labour ; but if labour be represented. I defy it to represent itself I build, you have £5,000. saved by my overlooking it. If I build five thousand cottages in the year. mulfigures is real things. These figures is awkward things !' I owe everything to you. I do not think I am likely to forget the lesson you taught me, and I am sure I shall not forget the duty I owo to your wives and families, I have now done my friends, and wish you a good night. Mr O'Connor left the room amidst a hurricane of applause, at half-past eight o'clock, and went imme-

That man should look up with the tears in his eyes ? Did God make this earth so abundant and fair, That man should look down with a grean of despair Did God fill the world with harmonious life, That man should go forth with destruction and strife ?

Did God scatter Freedom o'er mountain and wave, That man should exist as a tyrant and slave ? Away with so hopeless, so joyless a creed,

and prolonged applause.) You may rely upon it for everything which they believe to be in harmony the meeting of Parliament has bren a humdruna that our Government will dread to goad the people ; with justice, and calculated to promote their goad, thing on the first Tuesday in February, when the for the people are well prepared, not for physical. [Loud plaudits.] There was one other subject to Queen's opening speech was delivered; but now but moral resistance; and when the government is which he must allude before he sat down. and that there is a change, and as the Times says, it cannot be Land; but they will say, 'we want the spit with the shadow of the Vatican, the spirit of freedom new comes your duty to show to the 220 new reprelog of mutton upon it, '-- the Charter with the Land. moved, and the representative of the most service sentatives, that the popular mind of the country is I will propound these important principles in the of potentates had started forward as one of the more advanced than it was, and to teach them use-House of Commons as fearlessly as I propound them | most earnest levers of reform. (Applause.) It ful lessons for the next election, when you will be here. When I met the ex-member for Nottingham | was a glorious thing to see the Pope, wielding at better prepared to fight the battle of democracy. on several occasions, here, I did not then quail in onee the power of the priest and that of the friend The aristocracy has been trying to put me down ever the presence of a minister of the crown. And when of human progress ;-a glorious thing to believe that since 1823, but the assembly in this room is the I was in the House of Commons before, I did not ere long the hymn of liberty would mingle with the answer, and if they try for another half century they quail before the authority of the crewn-(loud ap- music of old Tiber's waters;-that where the martyr will not put me down, (Hear, hear.) I am glad to plause)-or the power of faction or party. And when was once sacrificed, there the patriot should be hear the Land Plan associated with my name, as is ge there again I will do the same. I go with re- crowned. (Applause.) But why did he instance gives me an opportunity of speaking on what Sir doubled force, and for that reason. The Free-traders | Italy alone ?-- if they went to Prussia, the movement | Robert Peel has called the science of agriculture. say that I do not represent your feelings. Well, you was there ;- to France, the movement was there : This science is in its infancy, but from what has know my power of locometion. Let them tell me -ay, and though some one did say that Poland already been developed, it is guite clear that if any Slingsby Duncombe, our leader, your leader, my Men might revile freedom as they chose; they might | reason why seven millions a year are paid is because more pelting in the House of Commons, than any as hunters after popularity and applause, if they bave been thinking, while we were getting corn from will be always at his back. (Loud applause.) You And what constituted the glorious idea which masters don't want to go to the doors of the workmen are told to have confidence in the press-in joint they entertained in connexion with the visi- and rap at the brass knocker, and say to John Jones, ration. That reminds me of an affair I saw in your ture to which they were looking, there would The answer would be. 'If you would give me as tarian, religion, through the medium of the pulpit. seven millions a year; now if the government would possessed a majority of votes, and produced such a the open sunshine, and sent forth the refreshing capital of £ 40., tand thus apportion £ 200. to each balance sheet as that, and said, ' Be still, and we dews for the sustenance of all-Christianity told us pauper, till six millions of the poor rates had been will give you our votes,' I would not do it : I would to love one another, and declared that the divinest applied, leaving one million for the sick and helpless, expose it. Why has not Bailey exposed this ? Be- worship that men could render to the common the government would save thirty-five per cent. on cause he is a poor minion of the corporation, he is Creator, was that holy, that warm sentiment of bro-their dog, and he is afraid to say, 'Bow, wow, wow,' therhoed, which gave him to sympathise with,---to (Applause.) I can prove this by figures which neither against them. (Loud laughter.) You 'send me to aid and respond to all the wants and feelings of the Timkins nor Tomkins can disprove, and if this be not done, the government is chargeable with all the The following sentiment was read by the Chairpoverty, with all the vice, with all the crime, that man :----

and the other to harrass him till he is worn out. he were ruined with expenses, and his physical powers were destroyed, then his enemies would be gratified ; but it was the duty of the people to fight with him in his battles, and if they could not win, to die with him. (Applause.)

After the sentiment given at the Assembly Rooms was again passed, FEAROUS O'CCANNOB, EPQ., M.P., then rose, and was received with unbounded agplause, which having subsided, he delivered an au dress of considerable length. He never in his life was more desirous than on t' ais occasion to be like What was bankers have been ruined by their own folly, how

that one man will produce in a day more than these men understand nothing about the matter. If a son of mine, nine years old, had written such Economist. What is the deduction I draw from that ? Why, it wen't go down with you. (Laughfriend of mine-a gentleman whom I see amongst purchased 373 acres of the primest land in Lincoln-Now this proves that I was right in one thing. I told you that the Land Plan never could be complause.) But I told you that to all sensible men, all wise, all sane men, I would so develope the value issued on his own security-this is good sccurity!

ing their moral, social, and political liberty.

the dancing, which was kept up to a late hour.

At five o'clock, these extensive rooms were filled together.

over them had been conferred upon him, and if they first was from Thomas Slingsby Duncombe, Esq.,

Yours faithfully.

member for the Tower Hamlets :--

GEO. TROMPSON.

being present on this occasion,

Mr Mott, Nottingham,

then, in writing of legal matters.

ERNEST JOXES.

but when they get is better than no bread'—and all the other trash Chartist principles met every man upon his own castle, comes forth, with which freedom is taken from the on his own labour-field-(loud applause)-when the would state will say. 'I agree with you in the established by law; when it negatived the principle and a crimes is the same in the stablished by law; and a crimes is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatived the principle and a crimes is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatived the principle is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatived the principle is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatived the principle is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatived the principle is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatives and a crimes is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatives and a crimes is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatives and a crimes is the same ball is need with principle is the same in the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; when it negatives are been as the stablished by law; been as the stable are been abstract.' The fact is, with these people, Universal of poverty becoming a degradation and a crime; Suffrage in the abstract, means downright tyranny then, my friends, when Chartism negatived all these then I will not be a party to any seeking to keep them out because they are Whigs. I have come to in the fact. (Hear, hear, hear.) So with every principles, and showed what was its own principle, other principle; they are prepared to let it be then it became the adopted of all nations and of all taken of the principle is they are prepared to let it be then it became the adopted of all nations and of all taken are prepared to let it be then it became the adopted of all nations and of all taken are prepared to let it be then it became the adopted of all nations and of all taken are prepared to be the state of the stat Nottingham, because I have observed there is much taken from their mouths, by some plan of taking away its power while apparently adding to its strength. But the People's Charter-we will make them gaze at it-(cheers)-they must take the Six Points how they like, but they shall not take them as a bill of rights as an odvence on the Reform Rill: forcing them upon the legislature. But mark, my house of Commons as they instruct me hout I will and the people's Charter we will make told, as I am told by some of the rabble of the press, that I shall have no weight in the House of them gaze at it-(cheers)-they must take the Six Points how they like, but they shall not take them as a bill of rights as an odvence on the Reform Rill: or compromise the interests of the working classes, as a bill of rights, as an advance on the Reform Bill; forcing them upon the legislature. But mark, my House of Commons as they instruct me; but I will They shall take them as compelled by the people of friends, and mark me well. No law was ever made to the interests of those upon whose taken as the more he was compelled by the people of friends, and mark me well. -they shall take them as compelled by the people of England, under the name of the People's Charter. (Cheers.) Now, this affair of Dr Epps, is a strong proof to me that the people won't be bamboozled. There are other things which have taken place which is adverse to the more he thought upon this subject, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, originating in that house, in the House of Commons, not only to illustrate a great prin-the members of the house. The laws which were at the members of the house. Th Lately, calculated to convey the same whole:ome transported and hung-have been afterwards legis-lesca. One is, this contest about the Land Plan. lated upon; but in the first instance the propounders that there is ufficient raw material in the land to Lesson. One is, this contest about the Land Plan. I say that plan does offer a sound and substantial hope to the people. (Applause.) The people have adopted it with their eyes open; the most far-believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of the Land believe you know that the great strength of Democratic principles— Plan,—the great strength of the house, pressing upon a more matured mind out of the house, pressing upon the ignorance and prejudice of the house—(loud ap-the ignorance and prejudice of the house of Com-their own land, in the centre of their own labour-their own land, in the centre of their own labour-their own land, in the centre of their own labour-their own land, in the centre of their own labour-their own land, in the centre of their own labour-their own land, in the centre of their own labour-their own land, in the centre of their own labour-their own labour-their own land, in the centre of their own labour-their own labo and the prison on the other. Let him go into those ghastly squares that 'adorned' the great metropolis -those loathsome courts and alleys where ventilation and drain age were unknown; and then, when he had survey d the two extremes of our solfish civi. • • • • •

exists in this country. (Applause.) The great-benefits which you have achieved by the late election The People's Charter and no Surrender; and may it ent letters saving they had; the fact being that enemies, by your unpurchased and unpurchaseable him to bed. (Loud laughter.) But still you find soon become the law of this country, and be a beacon will be felt when the squabbles take place in the that that will go down with the readers of the ter told a falsehood for the purpose of making an voices-(applause)-but also in the fact, that what send me to represent your feelings, your wives' feel- for all nations, as the only means of the people's possess-House of Commons, which is like a cock-fight ; for escuse for not being where they ought to be. (Cries I see this night, both here and at the Exchange, as soon as I shall have opportunity, when I have "Hear, hear, hear.") However, on that occasion convinces me that my teaching has not been vain; ter.) I was reading that, in company with a dear | now as I have to address another portion of my con-This having been heartily responded to, the Chairwatched events, and the parties fighting like two (and it is well to treasure up these things) in one for at last the very force, the very power to which, man vacated his post, and the room was cleared for dogs for a bone have dropped it, I shall pick up the a the leading speeches,-intended to be,-of the for fifteen years, I have been appealing, and for bone and say ' Here is the people's share of the you-one who, not for the purpose of making money, right, and it was one of the leading speeches in my whom for fifteen years I have been struggling, I now but to give loose to his philanthropic feelings. has squabble.' (Laughter and applause.) You find that THE EXCHANGE ROOMS. inion, though it was a failure, - the leading speaker | see constituting the great force of the Chartist the government are obliged to assemble Parliament of the night was a Dr Epps; and he was called for-ranks here-namely, the women of Nottingham. and to (what he calls) heal the breach, and promote (Approving cries of 'Ah! ah! ah!' from several shire, and is building cottages on my plan. (Cheers.) three months earlier than usual, because the govern-to an overflow, there being upwards of 600 well- ment system is paralysed, and it is impossible to redressed males and females assembled and taking teal ceive through the Excise and Customs-that is micable feelings, and all the trash which they talk women.) I always told you that I would rather see through dissipation and drunkenness-sufficient pletely national until the Charter made it so. (Apuder the idea that the people don't understand the housewife teaching her husband, than teaching money to carry on the government. (Applause.) I At eight o'clock, Mr Mott took the chair, and adthem. He talked a great deal of very good stuff at him myself; I always directed your attention to the dressing the audience said, the honour of presiding have always found the government an obstacle to the beginning, in favour of the People's Charter ; fact, that woman was the greatest sufferer from bad of the Land Plan, that capitalists would be the very the progress of the people. Last Saturday, I was bin after that he began to say that it did not matter laws-(applause)—that the man may find some con-bin whether the Charter was called by this name solation; while the poor careworn, neglected wo-plause.) 'Oh, but,' says the press, ' there is no of the other the press, ' there is no of the other the poor careworn, neglected wo-plause.) 'Oh, but,' says the press, ' there is no of the other the poor careworn is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other the poor careworn is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other the poor careworn is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other the poor careworn is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other to be did not matter is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other to be did not matter is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other to be did not matter is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other to be did not matter is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other to be did not matter is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other to be did not matter is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other to be did not matter is no bardine to be did not matter is no of the other to be did not matter is no bardine to be did not be did would be very silent, so that all might hear, he would going by train from London, and at the same time read over some letters which he had received. The Lord John Russell and the Cabinet Ministers were or the other name; no, he did not exactly say that, man, who above all others ought to be protected, security in land.' The foolish attorney gives us ten sell. I bought you and I will sell you.' This is setting out for Windsor, when the train I had to go what Sir John Cam Hobhouse comes here for. (Out- M.P., and was as follows :--that would have been too glaring; but he brought it was obliged to bear the horrors of the law, through per cent. on mortgage on the land, and won't take by was delayed half an hour on account of their trip. seven per cent. from others; but still 'land is no security,' while the promissory note of a banker, Brighton, Nev. 1, 1847. Now, I remarked at the time that the government wit soft and nice, and got it in corkscrew fashion. I the inability of her husband to support her in free-Dear Sir .- I regret to say, that my health continues always stopped the people from making progress, (Lzughter.) He began by telling the people that if dom. (Applause.) And, my friends, there is anoso precarious, that it will be impossible for me to be and here was an instance in point. (Applause.) He But the land does not fly away ; and if the land does had a good dinner to sit down to, he did not ther very great triumph in what this night presents present at your Jublice on the 8th inst., but he assured then treated upon the cost of the Church :-- the mind whether the first dish was called a hare or a to me. There was a time when we were assailed not go away, and if it does fail this year, it won't that there will be no one there present, whe more sin-| guessing of the Times, which is the Ministerial bareat so that he got a good dinner. (Laughter.) He had as violent people-destructive Chartists-hut now, fail next year. 'But crops may fail.' Well, the will come down, not at their expense, but at my cerely rejoices at the return to Parliament, of Mr meter as to the future ;-- the versions given as to the as violent people-destructive Chartists-hut now, fail next year. 'But crops may fail.' Well, the own. I wonder Mr Bailey did not canvass Lord of the people-destructive Chartists-hut now, fail next year. 'But crops may fail.' Well, the own. I wonder Mr Bailey did not canvass Lord of Connor than I do, and to whom I beg you will convey causes of the late famine; and cautioned the people-destructive chartists-hut now, fail next year. 'But crops may fail.' Well, the own. I wonder Mr Bailey did not canvass Lord of Connor than I do, and to whom I beg you will convey causes of the late famine; and cautioned the people around him not to be bamboozled by the press-term to the beamboozled by the press-term to the beamboozled by the press-term of the beamboozled in the terms newspaper, not noticed in the terms newspaper, not noticed in the terms newspaper. lefore the people, to whom as yet the whole idea forced to shun religious meetings in the Exchange, if the wheat fails, the potatoes won't; and if the po-was not fully developed, still it was brightening in because theological opinions cannot he discussed tatoes and wheat fail, cabbages won't, and turnips them, -it was developing itself; no sooner did they without bloody noses (alluding to the late disgrace- won't; and in the same proportion in which these of the drunkenness and vices of the people ;- inthe the artful dodge, than there came such a burst ful proceedings in the Exchange Hall, under the things don't fail, will they be a valuable exchange-Mr W. Mott, Nottingham. sisted that the Established Church did not live in THOS. DUNCOMBE. able commodity for the things that do fail. So that you will always have the real value of the thing that the affections of the people, and declared that he was of the highest order of the aristocracy, but he The next was from George Thompson, Esq., the dexecration as stopped the man from proceeding Rev. Mr Blakeney's auspices); the women belongmy fur her, - (laughter,)-and they told him, there ing to the working classes are not afraid to commit does not fail in exchange for the thing that does fail. had been promoted to a commission in the demo-London, Oct. 14, 1847. cracy. He would stand by his order ; he meant not and then, what they thought, and sent him home, their persons to the tender mercies of Chartism. (Applause.) There is a poor simpleton in this town Sir .- I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of with his cloak under one arm, and his umbrella (Applause.) We have been told by many, that it who writes against this plan. Poor fellow ! (Laughas Lord Grey did, the aristecracy, but the order of labour. He defied the aristocrcy to thrive, unless your favour of the 13th. A public engagement in anounder the other. (Loud laughter.) They told him was hopeless to prosecute this cause; that the op-that not only would they have the Charter, but they pression and opposition was too gigantic, and that longed laughter.) There is an unfortunate contla ther part of England at the time mentioned in your note the labourer was requited for his labour. (Hear, for the soirce to commemorate the return of Mr O'Conwould have the Charter by the name they had the instruments in the hands of our enemies were longed laughter.) There is an unfortunate gentlehear.) He mentioned the circumstance, of Mr Allsop fought for it, and no other. (Great applause.) He too manifold; but when I remember the day when somes. (Langhier) Detakes men himself to mit of the will now it out of my own maket for the day when nor will prevent me from accepting the invitation which told them a great deal of what he meant for reason the Queen upon the throne was opposed to us; when the Com-the logic, but it was stark nonsense. He said, when the lords were opposed to us; when the Com-the logic is it matter by what you name get it, so mons were opposed to us; when the press was op-the logic is it matter by what you name get it, so mons were opposed to us; when the press was op-the logic is it matter by what you name get it, so mons were opposed to us; when the press was opbuying land at Lincoln, and the saving effected by the committee of management, through you, have been his Mr O'Connor's superintendence of the building of kind enough to forward me. the cottages, and the reason of the press taking I am, Sir, respectfully yours, against the Land Plan. There were 398 women in Mr Wm. Mott. 'what does it matter by what you name get it, so mons were opposed to us; when the press was op- niam pots in his window. (Much amusement.) that you do get it?' Why, if it does not matter to posed to us: when the bishops were opposed to us; This gentleman likes to be in perfumed comthat hall, besidemen, and he wished every man was The third was from Lord Rancliffe :--a woman into the bargain ; and there were nearly Bunny Park, Nov. 6, 1847. us, what I ask, can it matter to the middle classes, when the parsons were opposed to us; when the pany - in high company ;- not in the comeight hundred members of the Land Company in Not-Sir .-- I regret much that the state of my health i if they are honest, that these principles are to be magistrates were opposed to us; when the judges pany of such a low-lived reprobate as celled 'The Charter,' if they really are honest in were opposed to us; when the juries were opposed to O'Connor. (Laughter.) This is the very tingham and its neighbourhood. (Appianse.) He exsuch as to prevent my attending any large meeting. pressed similar sentiments to those he had uttered Will you be good enough to present my compliments to celled 'The Charter,' if they really are honest in their devotion to ithese principles? What we Ecan, we say; in our devotion to the name, we say, first of all, that it is sustained by old, former is, first of all, that it is sustained by old, former at the Assembly Rooms, relative to women constitu-Mr Feargus O'Connor, and tell him, had it not been for ting the great force of the Chartist ranks in Netthat, I should have had much pleasure in attending to tingham, and the proceedings at the Exchange Hall celebrate his return for Nottingham, when the Rev. Mr Blakeney delivered his last lec-Believe me, yours radically, contests, in days gone by; and I say we will gain and calumny, and misrepresentation, were all op- vity, the villany of this press-gang as no man ever the victory under the same leaders, under the same posed to us,-we have dragged it through that, and was trounced in this world. (Loud and long apture, contrasting the scene of the present meeting RANCLIFFT. with the results on that occasion. I will give you 68, Russell-square, Oct. 29, 1847. hanners, and with the same weapons, as those we now see it stand independent of them. (Applause.) plause.) And this is the great value of the Land (said he) an instance of the effect of women taking up the Land Plan, and then yon will see that I had Sir,-I beg to thank you for the flattering invitation had in former days. (Applause.) The practice is a Then, my friends, when what was considered a very Plan ; and my value to you, as your representative in rather have one Mrs Caudle to give lectures, than Williesome and honourable one, and I see no reason violent and impracticable principle has been thus the industry of the industry of the industry of the same time conferring advantage is a party on the 8th November, but, whilst I feel deeply ten Mr Caudles to lecture to. A very short time is dragged through that ordeal; what reason have we it to the world. (Lord plaudite) You will find that upon every other class. I wont to day and vestor or ateful to these centlemen who intend to make it and which you have been kind enough to send me, for the sother reason : We say that with regard to the to fear for the practical illustration that we have given the American papers, and the French papers, are all day to see my friend's cottages. They are precisely the American papers, and the French papers, are all occasion of celebrating my return, I cannot but be aware ous to enter the Land Company. I told him it was the same as mine ; my lot cost £100. each, but his that my name will be liable to be associated with Sunday, and the secretary was not there. 'D-n it People who profess that devotion to the principles of Chartism now? For many years the far-seeking full of Feargus O'Connor and the Land Plan. (Treopinions from which I entirely dissent, and which I am (said the man) I must and will join : for ever since of universal liberty, but refuse to acknowledge them working men of this country have been asking the mendous applause.) When I go into the House of cost £150. each. So that by every hundred cottages content to see monopolised by my worthy colleague. I last Sunday night, I have not had a wink of sleep, mder a particular name; we say that we do not several disciples of the different political creeds to Commons, the press of England will be obliged to nothrough my wife continually saying, 'Wilt thou join therefore begleave respectfully to decline the honour of believe in the honesty of those people. (Hear, hear, propound for them the really practical manner of tice it; and I believe that Chartism will not be conhear.) We believe that in endeavouring so to their creed. The Tories said, 'Protection for home- fined in the narrow limits of this seabound isle; but tiply five thousand by filty, and you kave £250,000. the Land Plan ?--wilt thou join the Land Plan ? Change the name, they will endeavour, at some grown grain: uphold the cburch, and the stability that when the people of the universal world see the out of my labour in one year. (Tremendous appro-And remain, Sir, yours faithfully, (Laughter, loud applause.) This man took £5. 6s. 4d. folly of one country importing from another country bation.) Now as Temkins says to Timkins ' these JOHN WALTER. out of his pocket, and insisted on leaving it with future time, to fritter away first one principle and of the law.' The Whigs said, 'Progress, progress, what it can grow itself, they will demand the land, Hastings, Susser, 18th October, 1847. some one before he went away. (Applause.) Take then another-(hear, hear)-and how easy it would progress, progress; peace, retrenchment, and refor-be! My friends, do you know this; that there is not mation; but we cannot exactly define how it is to lieve that there never was such an exhibition in any this as an illustration of how the plan is working. I My Dear Sir,-I should have real pleasure in attend have always told you that the man who would not contend for his political rights, is a coward, and does ing the ica party on the 8th proximo-but as Mr O'Con-Che principle of the People's Charter but what has come.' We were asked for a definition of our prin- country, as that which is now making in this connnor and myself start for Scotland by the 14th, I am been acknowledged by the veriest Whig in existence? ciples, and because we confined ourselves to agita- try upon behalf of that principle. As Mr Roberts obliged to make the most of my time between this and not deserve to have them; but if the men will con-There is a Whig dinner held every year somewhere tion for political principles alone, we were unable told you, they are awake. The subscriptions are intend as the women do, we shall very soon have all in Covent Garden, at one of which the brother of to give a really practical definition of what our creasing. They are twenty-four fold what they were I am, dear sir, your's truly, we want. I would rather have one theusand women Lord John Russell presided, some few years ago; and principles meant. But at last, when we did this time two years. This is what they are afraid Lord John Russell presided, some few years ago; and the first toast given was, 'Taxation without repre-sentation is tyranny, and cught to be resisted.' I sh whether, as a principle, there was ever a physical in the first that went further than that? But then to be turned into a hospital, an infirmary, a cot, a lise years and when it was understood that the vast field was it is a man-past eight o clock, and went imme-diately to the Exchange. The Rev. W. Liswoon then rose, and was re-oright to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean to be the teacher of the people, free from all it is a mean the table of both teacher is the table o engaged in this matter than three thousand men. because the woman is the person who is compelled to bear the hardships; to carry the baby; to bear He would now proceed to the business of the even all the revilings, and too often the blows of the dising, as they were anxious to begin to dance. The heartened husband. He then spoke of the effects of bad laws upon the poor, both to men and wemen. it is a mere principle-a thing to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity, viz., to be forgiven for the provence of the reach of bribery; ought to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity, viz., to be forgiven for the reach of bribery; ought to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity, viz., to be forgiven for the reach of bribery; ought to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity, viz., to be forgiven for the reach of bribery; ought to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity, viz., to be forgiven for the reach of bribery; ought to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity, viz., to be forgiven for the reach of bribery; ought to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity, viz., to be forgiven for the reach of bribery; ought to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity, viz., to be forgiven for the reach of bribery; ought to be talked about; school, a college; and when it was understood that ask for a Bill of Indemnity. The people, the producers of wealth, and the only and recommended the readers of the Marcunst to but when they get into the circumstances. Half a loaf better than no bread'—and all the other trash Chartist principles met every man upon his own castle, better than no bread'—and all the other trash Chartist principles met every man upon his own castle, better than no bread'—and all the other trash Chartist principles met every man upon his own castle, better than no bread'—and all the other trash Chartist principles met every man upon his own castle, better than no bread'—and all the other trash Chartist principles met every man upon his own castle, between the people and justice, and all the people in the the people and justice, and all the people and justice, and all the people in the the people and justice, and all the people in the the people and justice, and all the people in the the people in the the people and justice, and all the people in the the people in the the people in the the people in the the people and justice, and all the people in the people in the the people in the the people in the peop We ask for no bill, because we do not think we have done wrong. (Loud cheers.) If her Majesty's Go-vernment can show me that they will do anything to improve the condition of the working classes, I would forgive them, with all my heart. (Applause.) I cannot judge of their fallibility or infallibility; but if they can show me that their intentions,— if they can show me that their intentions,— then I will not be a party to any seeking to keep the nort in the cand Plan. He had been the people and justice, and aid the people in their career of interminable progress. It must be done wrong. (Loud cheers.) If her Majesty's Go-acknowledged that the press of England was far too servile. He spoke this with all sincerity. He had servile. He spoke this with all sincerity. He had pertermine the honour to be connected with the mest demo-craft journal in this town, and he could frankly say, if they can show me that their intentions,— then I will not be a party to any seeking to keep the nort in the cand Plan. He had been the honour to be connected with the press, he had never penned a line in opposition to his own sincere convictions; and when then I will not be a party to any seeking to keep the nort is the should arrive when it should appear the the full the press, he had never penned a line in than ten men, as at the last election the women opposition to his own sincere convictions; and when then ten men, as a the last election the women than ten men, as a the has the press a voter worked like slaves, for wherever there was a voter they found him, whether he was in the garret, the tended to carry eut, and whatever difficultion the mich her mich her was the first they shown a millionth part of the Land Plan. He had been the chall been that the people and justice, and ald the people the had not yet then the worked like slaves, for wherever there was a voter they found him, whether he was in the garret, the tended to carry eut, and whatever difficultion the mich here whether mich here thended to carry eut, and whatever dif they found him, whether he was in the garret, the tended to carry out, and whatever difficulties might necessary to write in opposition to those principles, cellar, or the chamber. (Applause.) He then in- oome, he would either conquer them or die. Where cellar, or the chamber. (Applause.) He then in-troduced the first speaker.
W. P. RCDERERS, Esq., having been received with warm applause, said he had just been addressing an over numerous meeting at the Assembly Rooms, is responding to the same toast, and with the permis-sion of the audience, he would, as nearly as he could, say the same words over again that he had said there. He then made a long address, and just before the conclusion, Mr F. O'Connor, the Rev.
W. Linwood, and other gentlemen, entered the room W. Linwood, and other gentlemen, entered the room whole press. And why ? because I am clad in a amidst enthusiastic applause, and took their seats on the platform. The Chairman said the next toast was:-The 1,849 independent electors who voted, on the 20th fessed, he used to say 'Church and Queen.' But of July last, for Feargus O'Connor, Esq., M.P., for Not-tingham. Mr DORMAN most cordially responded to this teast, and culogised in warm terms the conduct of their leader, Mr Feargus O'Connor. He congratulated the meeting on the program of demogratic principles. he had survey d the two extremes of our selfish civi-lisation—the prinesty splendour and the most con-summate squalor, — lot him say, was it not time that a great and glorious reform was accomplished? Were they to believe that nature was thus partial?

Chartist Kntelligence.

ALLOA.-On Monday the 15th inst. Mr Samuel

CHARTIST AND LAND ASSOCIATIONS AT LINCOLN .-

blishment of the principles of the Charter.

'THE WHISTLER,' As he appeared in the WEEKLY DISPATCH of Aug.

shall be paid as a tax. In that case the landlords would pay nothing; but the tenant, instead of mak-15, 1841. king only £10. extra, would make £100 extra. and thus get £90. 2 year clear for his labour. I venture to say, labourers would be employed, money would be drawn out of the savings' bask, and all the available capital a man had would be thrown into the land, to improve it, as though it were his own property.-(Applause.) How much better would it be for men thus to enjoy the produce of their own labour, than to work for a master for a few shillings a week .-- (Hear, hear.) After a few other remarks, in illustration of his views on the condition of working men, he said-You have come here to dance and to amuse yourselves, and not to hear speeches, I will therefore coaclade by returning thanks for the honour you have done me by returning me to Parliament, and in attending in this room. I shall come and give an account of my stewardship, and you according to your wishes, in God's name I will getting Seott's money, he leaves the poor creature in the cut your connexion, and leave you. If I carry out this determination to your satisfaction, it will be hazardous for any man to come and oppose me at the next election .- (Prolonged cheering.)

Mr ROBERTS said, he had forgetten to name while he was speaking, that on Saturday last, Mr Joshua Hobson signed the deed, notwithstanding his pre tended fears about pains and penalties. Mr O'Connor would no doubt give immortality to this act in the pages of the Northern Star, next week.

that land at £110, the year, which additional £10

The Chairman then proposed, The Northern Star, the Nottingham Review, and all the Democratie newspapers which have supported their cause."

The Rev. W. LINWOOD rose amidat loud applause, to respond to the toast on behalf of the Nottingham Review, but would not make a speech to delay the company at that late hour enjoying a trip on the light fantastic tee,' the object for which they had assembled. 'The Charter and no surrender' was the last toast given, and received with three hearty cheers, after which a vote of thanks to the chairman was passed, being moved by the Rev. W. Linwood. and seconded by Mr O'Connor.

The Chairman returned thanks, and directly afterwards the merry dance commenced.

Mount Vernon, Clontarf, Nov. 11, 1847. DEar Sim-Although engaged in the noblest work a man can undertake—that of assisting to elevate the artisan and the labourer—in fact to place the poor man above the influence of bad laws, and a crushing system of monopoly—whilst thus engaged, I see you have been assailed by an erganised conspiracy, "got up' for the purpose of crushing your exertions," of the for the purpose of crushing your exertions. got up' for the purpose of crushing your exertions, and your system, by destroying your character. Undeclare that I have known you since you left 'school,' Somerville of the Post for a forgery, provided he would to man the navy, or construct railways. All he of sommencing anew the Chartist agitation of the meand t'at I never heard of any act of yours derogating give up the money, and, strange to say, the wise Sir could say was, that if they were too ignorant to have tropolis, from the character of a gentleman and a man of Yours truly, honopr.

WILLIAM BEYAN. P.S. Wishing you every success in your intended action at law against the conspirators. I send you my subscription to assist in bringing your assailants W. BRYAN, to justice.

Te Feargus O'Connor, Esq., &c.

Dublin, November 15, 1847. made upon you by the polluted portion of the English to Mr O'Connor also.

SOMERVILLE AND LAURIE, OR LAURIE AND SOMERVHLE. It has been said that without laws and magistrates nightly meeting in the Unitarian Chapel, when Mr there would be few honest men; but it is less bread and Peter Murray, from Newcastle, in a clear and forc- An agricultural and political library is in course more true to lay down that, but for a certain class of ible address elucidated the stability and sure success of formation at both the above places of meeting. magistrates, we should have fewer regues, and the trade of the Land Plan. The next meeting will be held in of thieving would be searcely worth following. Some- the same place on the 29th Nov. thing like this may be adduced from what took place at the Mansion House, between Alexander Semerville, Kydd delivered a lecture in the Odd-Fellows' Hall Knight of the Pest, and Sir Peter Laurie, Kmight of the kere, on the 'Capabilities of the Soil, and the suc-City of London. Both the Knights, in Irish logia, had ceesful working of the Land Plan.' Mr Kydd's Millward :-the best of it, and the public very much the worst. A wretched soldier, named Scott, had employed the Knight of ferget. the Post, as his agent to procure for him his half pay from the Spanish government, and for this purpose he trusted Sir Somerville of the Post with a certificate unsigned. Sir Somerville presents his certificate to the Spanish agent with this Scott's signature forged, and upon thus utmost wretchedness, keeping the money for himself. Sir Somerville being had up before Sir P. Laurie for this forged the name, though clear it was that the name had been forged, and that the Knight Semerville had presented the forged document, had received Scatt's money upon it, and kept it all to himself. Sir Peter Laurie be. be held at the above house on the 23rd of this and Mr Cumming seconded :lieved Sir Somerville; but this wise Sir Peter said to the month. other knight : 'Then you admit you received the money !' On Tuesday week last a numerous and very respecon which he of the Post said, 'I dare say I did; and table meeting was held in the Odd Fellows' Lodge then Sir Peter expressed his confidence that Sir Somerville would honestly pay Scott. All this was a Satur- room, at the Green Dragon, to form Chartist and day, the Stb, and the honest man assured the shrewd Land Associations. Mr Holmes was called to the magistrate that on Monday he would make the payment. chair, and after briefly explaining the objects of On Tuesday Sir Somerville is brought before . Sir Peter the meeting, Mr Sharpe propesed the first resolufor having refused to keep his word, and alleged that he tion, to the effect :--

did so because paying it would imply that he had been That the majority of the evils under which the artiafraid of a prosecution : and let us add that Sir Somer- zan and labouring classes suffer, are owing to misgovern to Executive respecting Funds.' Mr Allnutville has the honour of Johnsthan Wild, and the courage ment ; and that the only effectual remedy is the estaof Jack Sheppard, and would not show the white feather. (there was always an only) he had not the money about him. Sir Peter the Simple waxed wrath, and with the dignity of a jackdaw on the back of a jackass, and in was no need of enforcing the fact that the labouring other terms, with the dignity peculiar to a sort of wor. classes had very little influence in returning mem-

shrewdness and competence to his duties! By the by sufficiently educated to have a share in the representhe accuser, Captain Roberts, offered not to indict Sir tation. They were intelligent enough for soldiers : Peter listened with complacency to this shameful attempt a share in making the laws, legislators ought to to compromise the matter.

BIOGRAPHY OF THE 'LUCKY BOY.' BY JOSHUA HOBSON.

(From the Manchester Resaminer.)

A brief sketch of John Ardill up to the time of his in. oduction to me, will be necessary for the due under-Dublin, November 15, 1847. | standing of what is to follow. For the facts I am about My DEAR SIE,—I cannot command language to to narrate I am indebted to his immediate and early however an idea of the disgrat which has been is thank and sale time the the to have been an idea of the disgrat which has been is thank and sale time to how how how a torm the state of the disgrat which has been is the first night of meeting, &c., will attend convey even an idea of the disgest which has been friends and relatives, with whom I have been on terms much right to be represented as any other descrip. at the house of Mr Jude on Wednesday next. 'That excited amongst your friends here by the vile, das- of close and uninterrupted intimacy for new just upon tion of property. No Property Qualification was the money club for siding the National Land and excited amongst your friends here by the vile, das-tardly, and lying attacks which have been recently ten years. The facts bave long been known to me-and needed-a man's brains did not lie in his breeches

press. Every one expects that you will presecute John Ardill served an eight years' apprenticeship to that press, not on account of any injury it has done the iron moulding craft, in the machine shop and founthe speaker observed, that a man who paid £10. rent in Lincoln, had a vote, but that if he went to or can do you in the estimation of these who have dry attached to the famed Burley Cotton Spinning Mills, long known you; but for the protection of others, near to Otley, in Wharfdale; one of the earliest, and for Gainsborough, let him pay what he might, he ceased who, like yourself, may plan and carry into effect a long period one of the largest, spinning establishments to have the right. Mr Stewart seconded the resolu-real practical patriotism—the amelioration of the in the kingdom. The works were originally commenced tion, and said that Chartism had been made a stigma condition of these who were trampled upon, op- by a Mr George Merryweather, now in America, the of contempt; but the working men who compre-

ALNWICK.-On Monday the 15th inst., the Aln-wiek branch of the Land Company held their fort-'Progression,' and was received most flatteringly. | train.

METROPOLITAN DELEGATE MEETING, November 4.-Mr John Shaw in the chair. The secretary stated will lecture in the Chartist Room, Yorkshire street, he had sent notice of the election and balance sheet at six o'clock in the evening. Sours Town. - On Sunday evening next, Mr Kydd delivered a lecture in the Odd-Fellows' Hall to the Star.

Proposed by Mr Knowles, and seconded by Mr

lecture was a treat which the people of Alloa have That the committee award Mr Tapp their sincere The Laws of Nature are superior to the Laws of seldom enjoyed, and which they will not soon and heartfelt thanks, for the praiseworthy manner he has discharged the important duties entrusted to his Man.' Chair to be taken at eight o'clock. South LONDON CHARTIST HALL .-- Mr O'Brien will Bilsron.-The usual weekly meeting of Democrats eare ; and, further, that having heard with regret that

STRE, Mr Challey delivered a lecture on 'Ancient The chair, and the committee for the benefit of the hall, a social meeting will take place they for the benefit of the hall, the evening's anusement they solved for re-election. Delegates handed in cre-evening Nov. 24th, a social meeting will take place they find that all their hellish machina. But should the considered to be the consid Sir Somerville being had up before Sir F. Laurie for this piece of nice confusion of property, he first assured Sir Pater that he (Sir Somerville) was not the man that had forged the name, though clear it was that the name had fested by the Lesgue and the Press against Mr F. On the assembling of the newly-elected committee, O'Connor's Land Plan.' A tea party and ball will Mr Luke King in the chair; Mr Millward proposed,

That Mr Wm. Tapp be elected secretary.

Mr Salmon proposed, and Mr Brewerton seconded: That Mr John Shaw be the treasurer. Mr Shaw proposed, and Mr Cumming seconded :-

That each delegate bring a report of the number of on Sunday evening next, at seven o'cleck. Subject etition sheets and signatures in each locality. Notices of Motions .- Mr Sheppard-' Ways and Means.' Mr Chapman-' Getting the petition signed and presented.' Mr Shaw-'The case of Frost, Williams, and Jones.' Mr Salmon-' Deputation

'Means of supporting the Democrat paper.' Messrs they could be called together, the foundation of a fries, deputation to Islington.

large organisation in Lincoln might be laid. There NOVEMBER 18 .- Mr Millward in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and conshipful justices, on the worshipful bench, demanded the bers to the House of Commons-those rights and firmed. The deputation who had waited on the Knight of the Pest to 'fork out the cash,' on which the privileges which they ought to possess they were de. editor of the Northern Star gave in their report,

That an aggregate meeting of the Chartists of Londen be called as speedily as pessible, for the purpose

Carried.

excuse them, on the ground of ignorance; when they Messrs Clark, M'Grath, Shaw, Lucas, and All-broke them. Mr S. then proceeded to define Universal autt, were appointed to get up the first meeting. The Suffrage, and contended that Household Suffrage committee, in future, will meet at 144, High Holwould be unjust as every person, however, ignorant born: on Thursday evenings .- WILLIAM TAPP, Se-

and unprincipled, who smoked a chimney, would be oretary. at the weekly meeting entitled to a vote, whilst the many intelligent classes Newcastle upon-True.—At the weekly meeting entitled to a vote, whilst the many intelligent classes who were only lodgers, would have no vote. An object of members of the Land Company, held in the house tion urged to the People's Charter was, that the labour. of Mr. Jude, on Sunday, Nov. 14th, the following of Mr. Jude, on Sunday, Nov. 14th, the following resolutions were passed :- 'That a Political Debating ing classes had no stake in the country. Could it be supposed that the working man would build a house Club be formed, to meet weekly during the sitting of mitted by the most depraved portion of the human family, to be gloated over by readers of depraved appetites ; we say, what an idea! for suck a paper to step out of its way and attempt to shake our confidence in the greatest philanthropist of the day, our Labour Bank will be re-commenced on Sunday next, own father, and best friend. Bah! When the Dis-Nov. 21st.' when Mr James Watson will deliver an pocket. In endeavouring to prove the fairness of address on the utility of persons and members plac-ing their surplus funds in such bank, and all Electoral Districts, in lieu of the present system. we may then begin to think he may be clever. God members desirous of joining the money club are T. MAJOR, requested to attend at the same time.

Buston.-At a numerous meeting held at Mr Lin-New LENTON .- At a meeting of the Chartists it ney's, Malt Shovel, Bilston, Mr West delivered one was resolved :-- 'That in future the NOBTHERN STAR newspaper shall be taken at the Three Tons, Old heard, and which occupied two hours, and a quarter of the ablest and mest interesting lectures ever condition of those wild were trained upon, of pressed, plundered, and despised, until you quit your own rank in society, threw yourself heart and soul into theirs, and sternly and unflinchingly cspoused were carried on, as all the cotton spinning establish-into theirs, and sternly and unflinchingly cspoused were carried on, as all the cotton spinning establish-of men. He believed there were many in Lincoln

Manchester. The room was densely crowded at each | Chadwick, of Manchester, will lecture in the school | independence-ay, glorious independence-as the fruite Chadwick, of Manchester, will lecture in the source at of our industry. We know this will not suit the league of room of the Working Man's Hall, to commence at oppressors that are seeking to destroy one league of

lecture. LIMEHOUSE. - On Monday evening, November 15th, Mr Stallwood addressed a highly respectable audience at the Brunswick IIall, Ropemaker's fields, subject: but not the Working Man's Hall, to consider the opening. Punctuality in oppressors that are seeking to destroy our more than the brunswick IIall, Ropemaker's fields, subject: but not the Working Man's Hall, to consider the oppressors that are seeking to destroy our more than attendance is particularly requested, as the lecturer father, but nothing can exceed the delight we feel at be will have to return by the half-past seven o'clook voluntary given, of our love and confidence. voluntary given, of our love and confidence,

Your enemies will doubtless seek, amongst us, the train. QURENSHEAD.—Mr Bowden will lecture in the round to be the means to destroy you. Their spies and tools have been at work already, and we know that they are willing to at work already, and we know that they are willing to at work aircauy, and no anything that will tend to injure you, bribe us to say or do anything that will tend to injure you, and destroy that confidence that the working millions of ROCHDALE.-Mr John S. Stoneley, of Manchester, and destroy that contractor in you, You may depend sir, that corruption cannot shake nor peril part the tig Sources Town. - On Sunday evening make, and the binds us to you and the cause in which we are the He Lindon will deliver a public lecture at the Brick- that binds us to you and the cause in which we are en Lindon will deliver a public rectified as the inter gaged with you. We do not wonder that the blood layers' Arms, Tonbridge street, New road. Subject: gaged with you. We do not wonder that the blood gagea with you. the blond make such an onsiaught on your character and life: for the fact is evident to them, and we proclaim to the world, that you have took place at Mr Linney's, Malt Shevel, Bilsten, on Sunday evening, and was numerously attended. Mr Chambers in the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair is the chair. After the reading of the on Sunday evening is the chair is the chair is the chair is the considence.

Jones will lecture at Mr Garnham's, the Royal Oak, emancipated us and our children from their slavish

Fleur-de-lis' Court, Wheeler-street, Spitalfields. bonds. Chair to be taken at eight o'clock. Subject : 'The Wok We know we need urge you to prosecute the vipersitiest have assailed your character, but permit us to say that vour good name is as dear to us as our own existence. We beg you, sir, to take this as the unfeigned expression of our feelings towards you and the cause you have es. poused ; and that neither you nor the public may be de ceived in this, we have every one of us-subscribed our mite to prosecute the enemies you have made yourself for our sake. This, perhaps, the 'honest press' will say is the effect of your duplicity ; but if occasion should require, we are prepared to make any sacrifice to sustain you against our tyrants.

COVENTRY .- A public meeting was held in the We cannot conclude, sir, without congratulating you Infant School-room, bottom of Grey-Friars-lane, on Salmon and Allnut were appointed a deputation to Tuesday evening, November 9th. The room was on the triumphant manner in which you have annihilated Somers Town. Messrs Thempson and Collins, depu- crowded. Mr Freeman was called to the chair, and the miserable hirelings that have so unscruppiously at This here in moral courses was asked to pay Seatt on He said it was the opinion of a few that there were appointed a deputation to research and for the miserable hirelings that have so unscrupulously at the spot, and he generously consented so to de, only a great number of Chartists in Lincoln, and that if the south of the south to read Mr O'Connor's reply to the press-gang, the joy and gratification that we feel at your return to after which Mr Yates read the reports from the the Commons House of Parliament, by the patriotic Star of the monster meetings of Manchester and electors of Nottingham, there to plead the cause of right Nottingham. Another large meeting was held against the power of might. Sir, if anything that we on Wednesday evening at the same place, to hear a can pessibly say or do will stimulate you to greater erlecture by Mr West; Mr Smith occupied the chair. ertions, we are always at your service. We don't forget Mr West rivetted the attention of his audience for that you have been our political teacher and leader for a more than two hours and a half, and concluded long time now, as well as our social regenerator, and that amidst repeated, bursts of applause. Mr. Thomas we have followed you through every campaign that you Gilbert proposed, and Mr A. Yates seconded, a very | have been in, during your long and consistent career in spirited resolution of confidence in . Feargus O'Con- this country, and that we are determined to stand by nor, Esq. M.P., and the Land Plan, which was you, and, if need be, to fall in the same struggle with passed unanimously. After a vote of thanks to the you. Need we say that we have confidence in you, or that lecturer the meeting separated. we love you ! We have trusted our all to you-our life-

READING. -- It might be thought that as we Read- our all is in your hands, and we confide it all to your ing boys have not passed a vote of confidence in our | disinterested philanthropy and patriotism ; and knowing worthy father, Feargus, that we are all flabberthat your honour is dearer to you than the world's casted' and down in the mouth by reading the wealth, and that you glory in the hate of our oppressors, tirades of that corrupt carcass of filth, the Dispatch. Sir, it is our utmost wish that you may live to ' break op. But, sir, it is quite the contrary. We do not meet pression's head,' and establish the glorious principles of each other in the streets, but we have a regular the People's Charter, as the law of this country, and to laugh at such silly attempts. What an idea ! The locate all your children on the land of their birth, Dispatch, a recorder of bloody murders, executions, We remain dear father, with the most unbound We remain, dear father, with the most unbounded af. Old Bailey trials, police reports, cock fights, bull baits, pugilistic encounters, crim.cons., abduc-tions, and abominations of all kinds, that are com-

fection. Your children, in THE ALLOTTEES AT LOWBANDS.

Nevember 10, 1847.

Mr WEBT's TOUL .-- At the request of the members of the different localities I have visited, I proceed to lay before the members of the National Land Company the result of my last week's labours. On Sunday I addressed a most numerous meeting in the large and commodious patch editor can stop the tempest wave with a sieve, room of Mr John Linney, in Bilston. At the close of my address, Mr Linney made a soul-stirring speech, as did protect us from such friends! Yours respectfully, also 'Daddy Richards.' The utmost enthusiasm prevailed. On Monday I addressed a most splendid meeting in the British School, at Leicester. Mr Buckby in the chair, who made a most excellent speech. I met with a most warm reception from my old friends, and I believe gave general satisfaction. On the next day I paid a visit to our old lamented friend, SMART, whom I found confined to his bed, but I little thought death would so soon puta

and advocated their cause.

to them, and so it is they therefore hate you.

before. It is fair to ask your accusers, what have and only because, you are conferring real, substantial, unmistakeab e benefits upon them, their here-LEAGUE'-and enter into a foul conspiracy to destroy your character.

Now, then, while I enclose a Bank of Ireland of prosecuting those scoundrels, I hereby offer a repence. There now, calumniators, there is a reward for you, and at the same time, a 'thistle to chew.'

to rise again, unless the people betray their own than any man in the foundry ; a matter that used to

Faithfully yours, PATRICK O'HIGGINS. To Fesrgus O'Connor, Esq., M.P. LETTER FROM F. O'CONNOR, ESQ.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NOTTINGHAM BEVIEW. GENTLEMES,-It has always been my opinion that the neglect of local business by representatives, has led to a great amount of dissatisfaction, which a better understanding would have prevented. I hold that the turmoil and excitement consequent upon a contested election being over, it then becomes the duty of the representative, no matter to what class of politicians he may belong, to take council from all, without distinction or reference to politics; I mean with reference to local matters; and if there is one charge more than another to which representatives must plead guilty, it is the utter contempt with which they treat the local affairs of their constituents.

Gentlemen, in my opinion, neglect of local duty more than any other circumstance gives rise to an indefinite political agitation, and undeubtedly creates local and national dissatisfaction. My motive may be distasteful to those who consider it a sufficient bore to pay their respects to their constituents before a contest, and express their thanks and make their bow for their triumph.

Upon the contrary, my opinion is, that the honour-able performance of duty to all, should be the repre-sentative's only recommendation. Indeed, I feel convinced that the observance of local matters by members of Parliament would gradually and success fully have its effect upon the Imperial Legislature.

I am aware, Gentlemen, that I have been returned for Nottingham in opposition to the political feelings of a large portion of what are called the respectable classes, and perhaps the foolish hatred cherished against me may induce these classes to withhold a knowledge of their wishes and their interests from me, to the end that they may hereafter charge me with ignorance of those wishes and interests ; but, Gentlemen, I am resolved that the crime of teach, and not upon him who is willing to learn, but who is kept in ignorance, that the want of knowledge may constitute the justification of his epponent's opposition.

Now, Gentlemen, I am not only willing but am ready and anxious to become fully acquainted with the views, the objects, and wishes of the several classes constituting society, and with that view, as Parliament meets for the dispatch of business on rolled' is on him. He could at this description of Thursday week, I have recolved upon remaining at work easily ears thirty shillings a day; and he had, on of the audience came forward and enrolled themselves Thursday next, the 9th, 10th, and 11th, or longer, if needed, to take counsel with every class of my On the ordinary work he could easily make his seven constituents ; to learn, not to teach ; to receive instruction-not to dictate: And in order to make my sojourn as useful to my constituents and profitable to myself as possible, I propose that the several interests shall appoint committees of clear minded and plain spoken men to meet me in deliberation, and instruct me with regard to their several trades, table of reference to be used as occasion may arise. attention, and shall leave to those to whom time is valuable, to name the hours of conference. I shall he prepared for any hour that will best suit my conand the speakers not rising. For this purpose I they were paid for when he had them. have taken the large room in the Ram Hotel, where

the working people of England. It is a novel mode of cheating, to put a poor man in possession of a the Whitneres, of Burley-also famed for their improved and all these terms were charitably held to be syhouse and land, who never had a house or land breeds of cattle and sheep, and it was under them deft he nonimous. Under present circumstances, the mesubject of my sketch ' served his time.'

The parents of John Ardill were also employed un. time might come when the consequences of the they done, or proposed to do, for the working der the Whitacres; the father in a situation of trast in present pinching crisis would find them out, when classes during the last century ? And now, because, the works, and the mother had the disposing of all the they could not find a market for their labour ; and milk from the Whitecres extensive works.

ditary oppressors form a league-the NATIONAL ways remarkable for great shrewdness, quickness of ap- continued, and all the privileged could get their full, pound note, as my subscription towards the expense | was seldom made; for the first failure or two, through ward of TER POUNDS, to be paid to any one whoshall urbable good temper combined with a most kindly dispoprove that you ever wronged them of a single six- sition, soon made it apparent that such attempts were old beggar, if they could not get their shilling out Fear not, sir; persevere-emancipate the bone Nor was he unwilling to use it. He never shrunk from

> surprise them all. The secret was this; it is one well worth knowing-for it may serve many a young man on the formation of habits not at all compatible with sucrolling off them in huge drops, the loss of which they deemed it necessary to supply by more beer, John could was given in the paper of Bright John ; there were stand the beat, almost as if his frame were iren, and columns showing the parties reduced from full to large

'Once upon a time,' as all good stories say, a partigreat for the old hands at ' speeding.' It occupied them some time, and they were completely fast. John was and though the feat made him the admired and the en. vied of the bulk of his shopmates, the 'knowing ones' who had been beaten never forgave his superior know.

When his apprenticeship was ended, Jehn Ardia denot rest content with the mere existence he was only likely to get in a country village. Leeds, as the first large town nearest him, and the great metropolis to the little secluded vale in which he had passed his beyish days, was the place where he thought his energice might have fair scope. To Leeds, then, he determined to go-leaving Burley and his home-when out of his spprenticeship-with just thirty shillings in his peckets, Arrived in Leeds, John soon found employment, but net at his own branch of occupation. He was an iron moulder; but being of an observant turn, he had watched Mr Cobden say that it would be well for England if and learned the brass moulding business also. It was to presecute the latter that he was engaged, in a first-rate was not a corn growing country; and that the machine making shop in Leeds. At that time there had ignorance shall fall upon those who are unwilling to to be cast (and there may even be now) a pecakar description of roller used in flax and tow dressing machinery. This particular casting was paid a high price for, consequent on the many failures or 'wasters' happening | land in the hands of a few, whilst the millions were vered it, and applied such a remedy that he preduced at nearly every 'run's far superior roller to the best ander was seconded by Mr Budd and carried unanimously. the old system. The consequence was that money Mr Stewart was then appointed president ; Mr Budd an average, two days of this work in a fortnight, for the members of the Chartist Association, and eight beperiod of the four years he was in this establishment, shillings or his nine shillings per day ; so that his income as a workman was such as eadd procure for him 'a second coat.' But John was not content with these good causings in

All this time John's living did not cost kim nine shil. litan Delegate Council. stituents. Of course I will be but a listener, and my lings a week. He rigidly confined himself below that instruction will be communicated in plain and sim- sum. He neither drank, visited nor dressed. Though At the end of the four years he was employed in this I shall be happy to receive the opinions, notonly of machine making shop, the Leeds mechanics strike took my constituents, but of the inhabitants of Notting- place; and some demur having been raised by the shop. ham ; and if, through their indifference. I should ex-hait i gnorance of their local matters, the crime will brase-moulding branch, John did not go back to his employment when that strike terminated. Bos the next During the sitting of Parliament, I shall repeat { twelve months he occupied himself solely with his clubs this prectice as often as the interests of my constitu- and his secretaryships, living on what these brought

ments of that period mainly were, by apprentices from who would boldly step forward in defiance of nd advocated their cause. Your calumniators feel your honesty as a reproach the different workhouses of London and the country, the hireling press. Many said, 'What is it the which apprentices were fed and lodged in apprentice Chartists want? Do they attend a place of worship?' Those slanderers accuse you of a design to cheat houses attached to or near to the mills. Of late years the life any of them did not attend a place of worship, chanics of Lincoln were in good employ, but the

the consciousness of something wrong would follow While employed in the foundry, John Ardill was alpresention, and a facilty for calculation. None of the these crises would be periodically brought about tricks so generally tried on raw youths entering a work. Advocates of the Charter were branded because their shop could be practised on John. Indeed, the attempt | slimy abusers, were apprehensive that it would produce a separation of Church and State; and that the offthe ready wit of the young apprentice, and his imper- spring of the landed aristocracy would have to go to what they did not like-to work ; that, like the sition, soon made it apparent that for great strength of of the benevolent Mr John Bull, they would be arm; an excellent quality for one of his occupation. 'driven to a deed their souls abhorred.' If the Charter and sinew of England. You have dealt a blow on his task; but was always ready and willing to aid than at present? They had been progressing in tyranny which has made it real to the earth, never others in theirs. He could stand his work, tee, better Free Trade, and why they should not have it in reliwere the law of the land, could there be worse rule gion, he did not know; and he would ask every man in that room, whether he would not be proud to separate the Church from the State, and be relieved from his entrance into life, and be the means of preventing those payments for a form of wership he disagreed with! In all cases where the Church was linked cess in business. While the other men in the foundry | with the state, there was despotism, and what should drank great quantities of beer to slake the still increas- be religion became a fiendish spirit of persecution ing thirst consequent on the heat and the bear, John so- and oppression. Mr S. then passed on to the considalously eschewed it. While others had the perspiration deration of the state of the manufacturing population, and said that on the 15th ult., a frightful picture

columns showing the parties reduced from full to lasy not made of bleed, muscle and sinew. For drink, the work, and it was frightful to see the number turned little he had, he took ost-meal and water. This staked into the street. The Free Traders had contended the thirst, did not promote undue perspiration, kept up that the foreigner would bring corn into this country the bodily strength, kept the head, the brain, cool, and and take home our manufactures in return ; but the did not send the blood galloping through the arteries foreigner was entrusted with no manufacture save tive audience, which awarded an unanimous vote of and veins at an anduly increased speed. There were no that of the Mint. When the Corn Laws were passed thanks to Mr Stebbing, for his services. Mr Farris undre excitements; and consequently there were no the legislature was told that they would be inopera- ably filled the chair. corresponding depressions of the animal spirits and tive to the benefit of the people, without the People's Charter was made the law of the land. If the working men were represented in the House of Commons, culer machine required a particular speed, which in- the gambling of manufacture would be properly revolved much intricate calculation. The task was too gulated, and gambling in railway shares would be prevented. The speaker then proceeded to say that the frightful state of Ireland must produce a remedy appealed to. In a short time he solved the difficulty; for bad legislation ; and this remedy had commenced in the return of Feargus O'Connor by the people of Nottingham. Mr Stewart then proceeded to state that a National Petition would be again signed by the millions, and paraded to the House of Commons termined to push his wayin the world. Like mest self-ducated youths, his native energy of character would noble men would be found to support it now. and that as there was no member of the house in

The speaker concluded by stating that Mr C. Seely would be tested, and that a petition would be entrusted to him. The resolution was then put and carried unanimously. Mr Langworth at considerable length, and with greatability, expounded the principles of the National Land Company. He contended land in this country uncultivated. He had heard it never grew another grain of corn ; that England foreigner would take our manufactures if we would only take his corn in exchange. The greatest monepoly of all was the land monopoly. Through the means of primogeniture and entail, which kept the with the then known mode of producing them. John landless. The speaker then proceeded to explain reasoned on the cause of these defective castings, disco- the principles of the Land Association, and conclucame subscribers to the branch of the National Land Company. It was then arranged that weekly meetings should be held in the room, on the evening of Tuesday, to enrol members. The meeting voted thanks to the chairman and broke up.

COMMERCIAL-ROAD .- At the meeting held at the the day time. He strove to add to them in the evening. Globe and Friends, Morgan-street, on Sunday even-He entered money clubs. He acted as their segretary. ing, November 14th, Mr J. H. Bradford in the chair, Speedily he had a secretaryship for all the six nights Mr J. Shaw read from the Norragan STAR the able and instruct me with repart to that a secretary gues-professions, and callings; and as the monetary ques-tion just now absorbs great attention. I have to re-quest that the views of the committee upon that sub-the clab was young, and the members buying up shares the ring to guest the day was requently in-the clab was young, and the members buying up shares the ring of the way of the way of the the clab was young, and the members buying up shares the ring of the way of the the clab was young, and the members buying up shares the ring of the way of the the clab was young to the members buying up shares the ring of the way of the the clab was young to the members buying up shares the ring of the way of the the clab was young to the members buying the shares the ring of the way of the back of the the clab was young to the members buying the shares the ring of the way of the back of the the clab was young to the the shares the members way and the members way of the shares of the back of the share way of the back rapidly; but when this buying flagged, the money was reading, a vote of thanks was given to Mr John withdrawn and employed in another where the dare Shaw for reading, and to Mr. O'Connor for writing, To all local matters I shall devote my very best business' was more brick. In fact, John was a calcu that splendid letter. Ten shillings and two pence was then contributed for the funds of the Metropo DUMPHIES .- At a meeting of the Working Men's Association, the following resolution was unaniple lan uage; the committee sitting round the table, he had two coats to his back, they were not strenger ; bat mously agreed to :- 'That we return our best thanks to Feargus O'Connor, Esq., M.P., for his past services, and that we place unbounded confidence in him. as we have always found his character unspotted.' GREENWICH AND DEFIFORD, Nov. 13. — Chartist meeting room, S9, Butcherrow, Deptford, Mr Frier in the chair. The following resolutions were proposed and carried ;-1. That we, the Chartists of Greenwich and Deptford, 1. That we, the Chartists of Greenwich and Deptford, do bereby recommend the Executive to issue an address forthwith to the Chartist body, and in that address lay down some mode of action, to re-organise the agitation when the second do bereby recommend the Executive to issue an address for the People's Charter, as recommended by Mr H, Ross, in last week's Star.

birth of the Northern Star.

RECEIPTS OF THE CENTRAL REGISTRATION AND ELECTION COMMITTEE, from the 4th to the 11th of November :--- Nottingham, per J. Sweet, £2 17s. 3d. Cheltenham, £ 2; Stockton, 5s.; Alloa, per Walter Kern, £ 1; Kidderminster, G. Holloway, 4s. 6d.; Hawick, per S. M. M. B., 3s; from the 11th to the 18th November, Finsbury, per Mr Wright, 11s. Which was crowded, when Mr Dixon delivered one of his soul-stirring addresses to a respectable and at-tentive audience. The meeting was highly gratified. Total-£6 18s.-JAMES GRASSBY, Secretary.

SHEFFIELD.-At the usual weekly meeting of the members of the National Charter Association, held in the Democratic Reading-room, 33, Queen-street, on Sunday, Mr Holmes in the chair, an unanimous vote of condemnation was passed upon the Manchester Examiner, and a vote of confidence in Mr. O'Connor and his brother directors.

STOCKPORT ' FORESTERS.'-The members of court 1550, of the Ancient Order of Foresters, have nobly done their duty to the cause of Labour, by transmitting to the National Land and Labour Bank the sum of £10., and it is their intention to send the remainder of their funds as soon as possible.

ST HELENS .- On Sunday, the 14th inst., the members of the National Land Company held their usual weekly meeting at the house of Mr James Woods, Parr street, St Helens. After the reading of the leading articles in the STAR, it was moved by Mr J. H. Pemberton, and seconded by Mr C. Hewitt :--That a branch of the National Charter Association be formed here ;' after which a number of members were enrolled. It was likewise arranged, that the meeting nights be Sunday, from eight to half-past nine r M. ; and that the Chartists of St Helens and the neighbourhood, be requested to attend on Sunday (to-morrow) at the above mentioned house, to elect officers.

SOMERS TOWN .- Mr Thomas Stebbing, of High-Sunday evening, Nov. 14th, at the Bricklayers' Arms, Tonbridge street, New-road, on the advan-tages of Home Colonisation over Emigration. The

Tower HAMLETS .- Mr Edmund Stallwood delivered a highly interesting lecture, subject- 'Registra-tion, the Charter, and the Land,' to a denselyorowded audience, at the Sir Walter Scott, Cambridge-road, Mile End-gate, on Sunday evening, November 14th. The greatest order and attention prevailed throughout the hour and a half's discourse. The audience appeared much gratified, and testified their approbation by loud applause, and by an unanimous vote of thanks to the lecturer at the conclusion. A vote of thanks was also given to Mr W. Drake, the chairman. At the unanimous request of the meeting, Mr Stallwood will repeat his visit on Sunday evening, the 28th instant.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS.

ASSEMBLY ROOMS, 83, Dean-street, Soho .- On Sunday evening next, Nevember 21, Mr. Thomas Clark will lecture. Subject: 'Life and Character of Theobald Wolf Tone, the organiser of the Irish Re-bellion of 1798.' To commence at half-past seven o'clock precisely. At seven e'clock the Chartist locality and branch of the Land Company will meet for despatch of business. Mr. T. Pickersgill will also be in attendance to enrol members, in the Benefit Society On Tuesday evening. November 23, the day evening next, Nevember 21, Mr. Thomas Olark

BETHNAL GREEN. -- Mr P. M'Grath will lecture at | Viz :-the Whittington and Cat, Church-row, on Sunday evening, at eight o'clock precisely ; subject- Cooperation.' The members of the library are requested petition sheets are requested to forward the same, on the above evening.

CITY AND FINSBURY .-- Mr Stallwood will lecture, at the Good Intent Coffee-house, Back Hill, on Sunday evening, November 21st. Subject: Progress, aid in defraying the expenses of the action now pending the Charter, Registration, Land, Land and Labour Bank, de.

FINSBURY .-- Mr Edmund Stallwood will deliver a Land.

HALIFAX .- Mr C. Shackleton will deliver

cuting the Manchester Examiner. Mr Linney intends holding a tea party and ball on the 23rd instant, and hopes that his friends will rally around him, and give him a bumper. 🔅

Land-the People's Farm, the Charter, and the

SHOREDITCH AND HACKNEY .- Mr Jones will lec

ture at Mr Tomking's, Green-gate, Hackney-road,

Pational Land Company.

People's Rights.'

State Church.

HUDDERSFIELD .- A public meeting was held in the tentive audience. The meeting was highly gratified. At the usual weekly meeting held at Mr Ibetson's Temperance Hetel, Buxton-road, the following officers were appointed for the next three months :--John Bramwell, president ; Enoch Sykes, vice-president ; Charles Iredale, treasurer ; Wm. Murphy, secretary ; Wm. Spurr. John Wilson, Geo. Sykes, Philomel Sykes, John Bradshaw, Wm. Armitage, and John Roberts, committee.

Southampton .- At a general meeting of shareholders at the Blacksmith's Arms, St Mary-street, Richard Hubbert in the chair, it was proposed by Mr Hinton, and seconded by Mr Beckwith, and carried :—

That we enter into a voluntary subscription to assist the founder of the Land Company, in defraying the expenses of prosecuting the Manchester Examiner, for vilifying the character of Feargus O'Connor, with intent

to destroy the Land Company. A subscription list lies open 'fer the convenience of those who have not yet paid their subscriptions. Monies will be received by the treasurer every Tuesday night, at the weekly meetings of the branch. We have transmitted the sum of 59.7d. to our general secretary, as a first donation.

MACCLESFIELD .- At a meeting of the committee of this branch, the following resolutions were unanimously agreed to :--That 200 circulars of the Operative Mechanics Re

marks on the National Land and Labour Bank be pringate, delivered a spirited and energetic address on | ted, and circulated with George Candelet's tract on the same subject, gratis. That we heartily concur in the resolution proposed

by the Birmingham members. MAIDSTONE.-At a general meeting of this branch,

nor Esq. M.P., for his honest and manly explanation of press-gang' on his honour as a gentleman, and his integrity as a politician.

After which three hearty cheers were given for O'Connor the brave, three for the Charter, and three for the Men of Manchester and Nottingham. And three groans for the 'Whistler' and the 'press-gang.' The sum of twelve shillings was then collected, to assist in defraying the expenses of prosecuting the proprietor of the Manchester Examiner. BACUP.-Dr M'Douall recently delivered a lecture

in the Chartist room, Rochdale, to a crowded audience. At the close, the following resolution was unanimously passed :---

both here and elsewhere, to come forward, with pecu-

Society. On Tuesday evening, November 23, the Mr Sinnock then rose and proposed the following re- press, and that we tender our warmest acknowledg National Registration and Central Election Uom-mittee will meet for the transaction of business, at kins, and very ably supported by Mr Flower, Mr Haw-ciebt clock precisely. National Registration and Central Election Com- solution, which having been seconded by Mr Lash-

That it is the opinion of this meeting, that Mr O'Connor is entitled to our entire confidence, and we return him our sincere thanks for exposing the villagies of a to meet at half-past four o'clock. All parties holding corrupt and venal press. We carnestly hope that the directors will not allow Mr O'Connor's enemies to have access to the accounts of the National Land Company, as we are perfectly satisfied with their correctness; and furthermore, we pledge ourselves to give our pecuniary against the Manshester Examiner. LOWBANDS .- At a full meeting of the allottees on

the Lowbands Estate, the following address to Mr public address at the Goed Intent Coffee and Assembly O'Connor, was unanimously agreed to, and every one Rooms, Back-hill, Hatton-garden, on Sunday evening of the allottees paid one shilling into the hands of next, November 21, at half-past seven o'clock pre-next, November 21, at half-past seven o'clock pre-cisely. Subject: 'Progression-The Charter and the the Manchester Examiner. The whole of the persons located here, are forty-two at present, and the sub-

period to his sufferinge. On Tuesday I proceeded to Belper, where I had a fine meeting, the first that has been held since I was there four years and a half ago:

everything went off with the greatest enthusiasm. On Wednesday I proceeded to Coventry, and had a most enthusiastic meeting in the Grey Friars school room. Mr Smith in the chair. At the close of my address, which lasted two hours, several questions were asked, which I answered, when Mr Gilbert, in a splandid speech, moved a resolution, pledging the meeting to support Mr O'Con. nor in his presecution of the Manchester Examiner, and all other papers that libel his character. On Thursday I visited Kidderminster, where I had a good meeting, Mr Holloway in the chair. At the close, a great number of questions were asked. On Friday, on my way to Gloucester, I called on that indefatigable friend to the cause, Mr Harding, of Worcester, who gave me the most cheering accounts of the cause in that district. On Friday night I had a splendid meeting in the 'Tolsey,' or city Guildhall, Gloucester, I was accompanied by Mr Cullingham, the foreman of the Company's works, who happened to be in Gloucester on that day. Mr Guy, the indomitable secre-tary, was in the chair. I found that the purchase of the

Lowbands and other estates in that vicinity, had excited the ire of certain interested parties, who mustered in strong numbers for opposition. I had not proceeded far in my lecture, when, not liking the truths I was telling. they commenced a regular series of interruptions, headed by a Mr Samuel Bowley, a quaker, who has a favourite half acre scheme of his own. After I had answered some of his objections, he turned upon Mr O'Connor, as not being sufficient security for the property of the Company. This brought up Mr Cullingham, who made one of the most effective speeches ever I heard. He entered into a minute statement of every thing connected with the transactions of the company, defending Mr O'Connor's honour against every charge and insinuation. He administered a severe castigation to the numerous tradesmen in Gloucester, who had large sums of money for goods required for the Company's building operations, and yet were not present to defend him, and bear testimony to his character as a man and a gentleman. Mr Cullingham's speech elicited thunders of applause. Mr Bowley was fairly 'bowled out,' and said very little afterwards, I then concluded by a review of all that had been advanced, his balance sheet, at Manchester and Nottingham, and The above is necessarily but a brief sketch of these truly important meetings. On Saturday I proceeded to Lowbands, but I must defer an account of what I saw and

JOWN WEST.

DORKING .- Mr T. Clark, one of the directors of the National Land Company, delivered an address at the Friends' Meeting House, in this town, on Monday evening, November 15th, on 'The Rise and Progress of the National Land Company,' to a crowded meeting, and was most enthusiastically received. A vote of thanks was given to the lecturer, and the Company obtained a great acquisition of strength,

heard there till next week.

OLDHAM .-- On Sunday last the members of the Na-Hobson, and Co., and we call upon the friends of liberty, pany, to aid Mr O'Connor in the prosecution against the proprietors of the Manchester Examiner.' N.B.-All

> ments to that gentleman for his disinterested and generous exertions in behalf of the working classes of this country, and that we resolve to enter into a subscription to support him in defending himself against the attacks of his enemies."

> NOETHUMBEBLAND AND DUBHAM .--- A district delegate meeting of members of the Land Company was held at the house of Mr Thomas Watkin, Shiney-row, Durham, on Sunday, Nov. 14th, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. The following delegates were present :-- Newcastle, Mr Joseph M'Farlane; Sunderland, Mr Henry Haines; Bishepwearmouth, Mr William Dobbie; Shiney Row, Mr Thomas Watkins; Easington Lane, Dr M'Cabe; Thornley, Mr Thomas Dance; North Shields, South Shields, Jarrow, and Darlington, were represented by letter. The following resolutions were passed :- 'That a levy of twopence be laid on each Member of the Land Company in these counties, to form a fund for the purpose of paying the travelling expenses and bills of meetings of a lecturer or lecturers in these counties.' 'That Mr Martin Jude, of the Cock Ina, head of the Side, Newcastle-upon-Tyue, be the treasurer of such fund in these counties.' 'That the district secretary's travelling expenses be paid out of the lecturers fund from October 31st, by the district treasurer, M. Jude.' 'That the various branches of the Land Company who want the services of a lecturer in these counties, must immediately sorrespond with the district secretary, Mr James Nisbett, No. 6, Gibson-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and they must also remit the levy of twopence each member to the district treasurer, M. Jude, for the travelling expenses, and bills of meetings. That the delegates present hereby instruct the district secretary to write to the directors, to request them to send Mr West into these counties as soon as the labours of Mr Samuel Kydd are concluded.' 'That the next district delegate meeting be held in Mr Bradford's, Temperance Hotel, Elvet-Bridge, Durham, on Sunday, November 28th, at eleven o'clock forenoon.-JAME NISBETT, district sec.

be chargeable upon them and not upon me.

1

ents shall appear to require it, and at the end of the | him in, and still saving money. Session I will give an account of my stewardship. By these means, John Ardill had, by the latter end of and tender my resignation of the trust with which I 1837, realised upwards of £500., though he entered am now honoured.

Of course a central committee will decide upon the time at which, and the order in which, gI am to self, if he would come into my shop in the day-time and receive the several local committees; such an ar- aid me there. He accepted the offer; joined my family rangement is indispensable, and should not be lost | hearth ; had 'bed and board' with me till he get mar. sight of. I have the honour to remain, Sirs.

Your faithful servant. FRAEGUE O'COMMOR.

Miaster Lovel, Oxfordshire, November Srd, 1847.

es a ser a composition

Leeds, in 1882, with but thirty shillings in his pocket. In a few weeks I offered John Ardill a home with myried in November 1841 ; his living not costing him one penny of outlay during that period.

Shertly after he had so joined my table, Mr O'Conner engaged him as bookkeeper and eashier for the STAR. Through our arrangement, John was enabled to "put by' the whole of his salary.

2. That the Executive issue an order for the immediate election of an Executive.

8. That we use our best exertions to support the DEMOCRAT.

The ballet will take place at Mr Paris's house Coldbath, Greenwich, on Wednesday evening next, for the two portraits of Mr Frost.

HEIWOOD .- Two lectures were delivered in the Chartist room, Hartley street, Heywood, on Sunday last, the 14th inst., by Mr R. Sheldon Chadwick, of

in the Working Man's Hall, Bull Close-lane, on Sunlay, Nov. 21st, at six o'clock in the evening. Lower WARLEY.-Mr Clieset will lecture at this citement and enthusiasm prevailed. A female paid day, Nov. 21st, at six o'clock in the evening. place on Sunday, Nov. 21st, at six o'clock in the sixpence. evening,

LANCASHIBE MINERS.—The general delegate meet-ing of Lancashire miners will be held on Monday, the 29th of November, at the sign of the Legs of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Mingler.-Mr. Abraham Hanson will deliver a lecture in the Chartist Room, Midgley, on Sunday, Nov. 21st, at six o'clock in the evening. MIXENDEN STONES. - Messrs Rushton and Hooson will address the Chartists of this place on Sunday, Nov. 21st, at six o'clock in the evening.

MARYLEBONE.- A lecture will be delivered on Sunday evening, November 21st, by Mr Ruffy Ridley, at

MERTYR TYDVIL -- Mr Henry Thomas Cooper will MERTYR I YDVIL.- MIT LIGHTY LIGHTS COOPER with lecture at the Chandler's Arms, Nant-y-gwenith, novt Monday night. Thanks to you, sir, we are, for the first time in our

November 21st, at two o'clock, afternoon. OLDHAM.-On Sunday, (to-morrow), Mr R.

on amounts to ±2. 2s. 6d.; as all the men paid and expressed a determination to support the pro-

ADDRESS TO FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESQ., M.P. HONOURED AND RESPECTED SIE, --- We feel it to be our duty thus publicly to address you on the present occasion. We have witnessed with a degree of pain, that Man, Upholland, near Wigan. Chair to be taken at language would fail to express, the base and cowardly attacks that have been made upen your public and private character by the Hercury press. But we turn from the disgusting and villanous attempts that have been made to crush the indomitable, the incorruptible and UNPAID founder of the Land Plan, and shampion of the People's Rights, to a consideration of the happy, the prosperous, and independent position that your superhuman exertions have placed us in ; and after reflecting on and carefully examining the abominable conspiracy of the class of money-lords, we feel that we should be guilty of the unnatural crime of ingratitude, if we were to romain

allent now ; particularly, as we are the parties most im-ELEAND.-Mr Tomlinson will deliver a lecture at mediately interested, and for whom the ruffians of the this place on Sunday, Nov. 21st, at six o'clock in press pretend to have so much sympathy. And, moreover, believing that what wesay will be relied on by the pub-

NOBTHUMBERLAND AND DUBHAM .- A district dele- lives, placed in happy homes of our own, and surrounded gate meeting of members of the National Charter with all the comforts of life, and a brighter prospect Association in Northumberland and Durbam, will of the future. We have nothing to complain of, but, on be held in the house of Martin Jude, Cock Ian, the contrary, we congratulate ourselves on the fact that head of the Side, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on Sunday, we have been so fortunate as to be located on this estate; and that, under the glorious auspices of the National Land Company, we are enjoying comfort, happiness, and

MERTHIE TIDVIL .- Mr Mathew John delivered B pleasing address on Monday night last, when the secretary of the second branch relinquished his office. John Emrys Jones was appointed instead. A vote of thanks was given to Mr Isaac Jones for his past services.

> Printed by DOUGAL M'GUWAN, of 16, Great Windmill Frinted by DOUGAL M'GOWAN, of 16, Great Windmills street, Haymarket, in the City of Westminster, at the Office, in the same Street and Parish, for the Proprietor, FEARGUS O'CONNOR, Esq., M.P., and published by WILLIAM HEWITT, of No. 18, Charles.street, Bran-don.street, Walworth, in the parish of St. Mary, New-ngton, in the County of Surrey, at the Office, No. 16, Great Windmill-street, Haymarket, in the Gity of West-minster.—Saturday, November 20th, 1847.