MR. PATRICK O'HIGGINS AND THE SLANDERER, O'CONNELL.

The following letter from Mr. O'Higgins, to the Bittor of the Dublin Freeman, in reply to the savage growl of the "Liberator," would have been pub-lished in the Star some weeks ago; but we accident-ally lost the paper containing it which had been forwarded by an Irish friend.

" TO THE EDITOR OF THE FREEMAR.

" SIR,-I did not expect, nor did any of my friends expect, that after the persecution which I suffered at the hands of Mr. O'Connell and some of his followers in 1833, an altempt would be now made to renew it. I did not expect that, at the end of eight years, so I did not expect that, at the end of eight years, so pious a gentleman as Mr. O'Connell would put forth all his strength and all his power to destroy so poor and so humble an individual as I am; on the contrary, there was not an Easter passed over since, that I did not expect to receive some stonement from him for the grievous injuries which he had who have, and ought to have, influence with him, offered to wait upon him and show him that he was testimony that my uniform answer was to leave him not despair of it yet.

It is almost incredible that, after the lapse of so O'Connell would come forward again and say of me Mr. O'Connell left me. that which he has said at the meeting of the Loyal

misconduct not very creditable to him as a man, as schristian, or a gentleman. He has therefore a right to hate me, and the only thing I request he shall do is to try his little talent in abusing me as long as he pleases.' He says 'in addition, that, I rilify and traduce him.'"

"I hope, Sir, that you with your usual love of columns of the Freeman, to prove to all your impartial readers that I neither hate nor vilify Mr. O'Connell, that I never joined the Orangemen or any other body of men against him; that upon those points he On the following Saturday we brought some more. has been misled, at any rate.

" I shall not now go into the merits or demerits of against me in January, 1835 ; but I deny that there was any charge of any nature or kind brought bers on the committee, twenty-three of whom, and tion, &c. &c. twenty-three only, signed Mr. O'Conneli's sentence

papers. Although I found a great deal of uphill i became public, there was a run upon me like the run on a bank ; the banks refused to discount the bills I ; paper alluded to. had drawn upon my customers. My own bills, my acceptances, were falling due ; besides this, bad debts and Galway on the same day. The refusal of the backs to discount, the expulsion by Mr. O'Connell amounting to £1381 into my hat, to look out for the Royal Exchange before I recollected what brought short of a miracle. me out, or where I was going. I got the bills dis-counted, paid every body twenty shillings in the pound, but lost my trade and business. "Well, on the 10th of November following, which was the day for collecting the O'Connell tribute, I Mr. O'Connell was justly entitled to the tribute from acting upon this feeling, I aided, as usual, in the is not violating any law of God or man. eellection of it, and published letters in the Morning "PATRICK O'HIGGINS." collection of it, and published letters in the Morning Register of November, 1838, in favour of it, which letters called forth the acknowledgments of Mr. P. V. Fitzpatrick, who said that my individual exertions had helped to swell the tribute to an unprecedented amount. Does this look like hatred of O'Connell ! Again, when I had the honour, and a high honour I shall always consider it, of having accompanied the great and good Mr. Cobbett on his tour through the south of Ireland in September and October, 1834, the people were collecting the O Connell tribute in the south ; and while Mr. Cobbett and I were on a visit at the Rev. Mr. Costello's, the parish priest of Abingdon, the tribute was collected, and the Rev. Mr. Costello will bear testimony to the fact, that I not only collected the tribute at his chapel gate upon the occasion, but was the first to put my gold upon the great pewter dish which was used for the purpose of receiving the money. Does this look like hatred of O'Connell ! " Oh ! shame, where is thy blush ?' I lost no opportunity of explaining to Mr. Cobbett the grounds upon which I considered Mr. O'Connell entitled, justly entitled, to the tribute from his country; I mentioned to him that in my opinion it excited the envy of the tyrants of Europe-that it was a voluntary tribute for sernces rendered to a people who had no more effectual mode of testifying their gratitude. Mr. Cobbett, with his usual sense of justice, soon viewed the question in the same light; and when the Times, of the 27th of October, 1834, published an article stating that the tribute was extorted from the people by hired ruffians, Mr. Cobbett refuted the Committee in Sackville-street, Mr. Murphy, of Smithfield, in the chair, I mentioned the cause of his be inserted in the Star. being at the foot of the poll, which was simply because those who voted had not been checked off, and that therefore the exercions of the out agents were wasted in looking after electors already polled. A Committee of twenty-four was appointed to rule the books; I was Chairman of it, and sat of Walworth; also several excellent speeches were up all night in the Committee-rooms in Capel-street. made by Messrs. Murphy, Walker, and Jeanes. The The books were checked the rotation of the rotation of the books were checked the rotation. The books were checked, the voters were brought up nex: day, and at the close of that day's poll Mr. O'Connell was at the head of it, instead of the foot, where he was the day before. Did this look like ficial to the working classes of England and Irehaired of O'Connell !



LEEDS GENERAL ADVERTISER. AND

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1841.

VOL. IV. NO. 203.

from him for the fit well known that many of my friends may yet come when he will be under the necessity of cleverness, and showed up the system in all its who have, and on him and show him that he was offered to wait upon him and show him that he was bound, as a Christian, to do me an act of common justice, and some of those friends, respectable inha-justice, and some of Drogheda. They will bear bitants of the town of Drogheda. They bear bitants of the town of Droghe testimony that my uniform answer was to leave him will. I do not approve of the policy which he has to himself, that he would come forward voluntarily thought proper to pursue since 1835; and is it just, thought proper to pursue since 1055; and is it just, assembly was addressed by Mr. George White at king. A reading class meets every Sunday morning, to destroy me, to pronounce civil excommunication some length on the glorious progress which the in the chapel, Rice-place. from ten till twelve upon me in the land of my birth, in the cluse of Chartism was making in Birmingham, and o'clock, for adults. Mr. William Russell, and Mr. after some Easter communion and make reparation is it conduct becoming a Christian, to run me down. to me. I did live in hope of seeing this, and I do to destroy me, to pronounce civil excommunication

long a period as eight years last January, Mr. I remain upon the same political ground upon which

upon me in the land of my birth, in the land of my forefathers, because, and only because, I remain upon the same political ground upon which Mr. O'Connell left me. A word with the Rev. Mr. M'Hugh, and I have done. The Canadian declaration of independence, National Repeal Association of Ireland, that 1 hate done. The Canadian declaration of independence, him. I shall give his own words, as reported in the with which this Mr. M'Hugh finds so much fault, legate meeting, especially by the statements of the Warwick and Kidderminster delegates. The former Freeman's Journal of this day. " The present person to whom I allude is O'Hig-gins, who is exceedingly angry with me, and I'll do hand-bill, and sold through the streets of Dublin. I had proved that the Chartists of Warwick had the real principles at heart, for, although they held dif-ferent views to the National Charter Association at gins, who is exceedingly angry with me, and I if do him the justice to say that he is quite right in being so, for though exceedingly wrong as a Christian, he is perfectly justified as a man, inasmuch as I was at the subject of proclamations as that of the Evening looked upon it as an excellent document, was glad to first, yet when they found that the country were in favour of it, they determined to act with the majority.

house, and being in the habit of going out to shoot Constian Chartist Church have done at in them messis. Down taylor, and there is a collection was also made for on Saturdays, I and a gentleman who accompanied power to stop it, thereby proving their narrow- dressed the meeting; a collection was also made for me folded up some sandwiches in those placards. mindedness and want of principle, they had therefore the O'Brien Press Fund, this party being got up justice, will give me an opportunity, through the me, folded up some sandwiches in those placards. Some of the people in Portmarnock seeing us throw down those papers; took them up and read them, them, and asked if we had any more of them. not be looked upon as the friends of the working classes. Mr. J. Campbell, secretary to the Executive, afterwards addressed the meeting in a very and distributed them amongst the people.

clever manner, and was loudly cheered. Upwards Some time in the month of December last, and not of 40 members were enrolled during the last week. the proceedings of Mr. O'Connell and all his family in April, we (for there were two of us in it) were encountered by a gentleman on horseback at Portmarnock, who questioned me in a very peremptory and was any charge of any nature of and broach. nock, who questioned me in a very peremptory and against me upon that occasion. I deny that a majo-nity of the committee of the Irish Volunteers were against me. There were upwards of fifty-five mem-against me. There were upwards of fifty-five mem-against me.

FREEMAN-STREET .- A meeting was held at the I answered by saying that I never distributed a Chartist room, Freeman-street, on Wednesday seditious paper; that I had a character to sustain, evening, Mr. Corbett in the chair. Mr. George twenty-three only, signed all, O connects schedules 1 answered by saying that 1 never distributed a Chartist room, Freeman-street, on Wednesday against me. And who are those twenty-three ? sedicious paper; that I had a character to sustain, evening, Mr. Corbett in the chair. Mr. George Will Mr. O'Connell inform the public upon what and a little stake in the country, and that 1 would White again addressed them on the tyranny to which grounds two of them became absentees ? Will Mr. not like to forfeit either; to which he replied, that if the working classes were subjected, after which a O'Connell be so good as to state in detail the true I had either I would not have acted the part of an member of the Irish Universal Suffrage Association grounds upon which he pronounced sentence upon incendiary, as I had done. I then asked the gentle- was introduced to the meeting. me! It is too had to run away with a man's man his name, and by what authority he took the character in general terms. I give Mr. O'Connell liberty of assailing me in such terms? He refused fall liberty to state the charges upon which he pro- to tell me his name, but said, ultimately, that he was nounced sentence upon me, upon the condition that the Catholic curate of Baldoyle and Kinsealy; to he states mine against his friend at the same time. which I replied, that if any word or expression had The sentence was pronounced upon me because I fallen from me which might be considered rude or brought certain charges against a member of the imperiment, that no such expressions should have committee, which charges were never refuted, nor fallen from my lips had I known he was a pricet. stiempted to be refuted in any other way than that He acknowledged then that I had said nothing to of passing a censure upon me for bringing them for- offend him-that he only required me to promise that I would distribute no more papers amongst the

" Mind that Mr. O'Connell says that I hate him, people; to which I replied that such a promise would and that I ought to hate him, for causing me to be imply that the papers were such as he described them . expelled from the Volunteers. This censure of ex- to be, and that I would make no such promise. He expelled from the Volunteers. This censule of ex- to be, and that I would made us done provide that it will be seen the cause is prospering rapidly coventry.—A tea and dancing party was got in Birmingham, and to know the state of the district, up in honour of Dr. M'Douall, and Mr. Leach, of was all Las hime extensively the shopkeeper in Dublin, Catholic curate of Baldoyle and Kinsealy had made signed by every respectable shopkeeper in Dublin, Catholic curate of Baldoyle and Kinsealy had made this week. Kinsealy had made the consequence. Mr. R. K. Philp, of Bath, one of the consequence. Mr. R. K. Philp, of Bath, one of New State of State of State of State of State of State one of State of State one of Sta recommending me to the shopkeepers of Ireland as a s "Paddy M'Hugh" of himself. man of the highest honour and integrity, not only in "I said nothing offensive to him but this, and I FROST, WILLIAMS, AND JONES.——The General my dealings, but in all the relations of life. This was sorry, very sorry, for having said it, when I Committee of Birmingham, in consequence of the address, and my answer to it, was published in the learned that this respected clergyman's name was soirce in honour of the Executive, held no meeting Merning Register, Freeman's Journal, and other M'Hugh. There were several witnesses present at on the 21st, but on Tuesday evening last they recom. Little Park-street, where the association hold their this conversation, to whom I have often spoken on menced their usual weekly meetings, at the Charter meetings, was tastefully decorated with flowers and work in pushing this new trade to a state of profit, the subject, and who recollect it well. My reason Association Room, Freeman-street, Mr. Thorp in evergreens. About half-past five o'clock upwards of yet by skill and judgment in the selection of stock, for talking to them about it was that I had learned and dint of perseverance, was realizing about £400 that the Rev. Mr. M'Hugh had gone to the Attorney s-year. But when Mr. O'Connell's attack on me General to lay his informations against me, in the gress on Tuesday next. Several bills were dis. modate at once; the company retired, and a second hope of having me prosecuted for publishing the "I am sorry, not for my own sake, but for my and the high opinion in which it is held by all who taken by Mr. David Buckney, ribbon manufacturer ; religion and my country, that any priest could be are noted to be lovers of their species, and all noble-found in Ireland who would forget his sacred calling minded patriots throughout the country; the Com-he introduced Mr. Mason, of Newcastle, who spoke to the amount of £500 were announced from Tuam found in Ireland who would forget his sacred calling from a public body, and bad debts, drove me into and having failed in getting the Attorney-General such a state of mind that I say now, before God and ta prosecute me, now joins the most powerful man my country, that. after having put a docket of bills of the age in his efforts to ruin and destroy me. "The 'hue and cry' has now been raised against first time for private discounts, I found myself at the me, and if I am not hunted down it will be little Dublin for the purpose of distributing incendiary secretaries. Address for Committee, at present, the people, acting in the most severe and rigorous papers. I go out to shoot occasionally on Saturdays at Mr. Guest's, Steelhouse-lane, Birmingham. during the season, and the only papers I have taken forgot the ill-treatment I received. I conceived that with me since December last were copies of the his country, no matter what he did to me, and Irish Universal Suffrage Association, which I hope

MONDAY EVENING.—A very numerous meeting was held at the Chartist-room, Freeman-street, on Monday evening, Mr. Corbett in the chair. The assembly was addressed by Mr. George White the chair. The assembly was addressed by Mr. George White the chair. The were enrolled. NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE.-At the weekly meeting held on Tuesday, thanks were voted to Mr.

the people.

PRICE FOURPENCE HALPPENNY, CT

Pive Shillings per Quarter.

where the most ample accommodation was afforded by the worthy host. The object of this tea party was to commemorate the release of that fearless and talented advocate, J. B. O'Brien, from his dungeon. Upwards of 240 sat down to tea. Every bosom glowed with sympathy, and every countenance beamed with joy at the intelligence of the libera-tion of this truly disinterested patriot and man of the people. Mr. G. B. Mart having been called to the chair by the unanimous voice of the assembly depicted the condition of the working classes of this the course of his discourse, he shewed the perfect country, which he said was in an awful state. Mr. M. accordance of the Charter with the rule of right, as described some desperate cases, which called forth tle-upon-Tyne, has been busily engaged this week, laid down in the Word of God. The place was full, the disapprobation of the assembly, and which he in behalf of Samuel Holberry, and signatures were addressing large audiences at Coventry, Foleshill, and the deepest attention was paid to the arguments said ought never to exist in a country calling itself in course of obtainment, when a letter to Mrs. Hol-

of the preacher. BIRSTAL.—The good work in this place goes on bravely. Mr. T. B. Smith, arrived here on Satur-day, and lectured on the Charter, and the benefits of co-operation, in the room over the co-operative co-operation, in the room over the co-operative co-operation, in the room over the co-operative bravely. Mr. T. B. Smith, arrived here on Satur-bravely. State Sta store, to a most attentive audience. On Sunday, he people, and the unsparing hand of persecution laid release. So soon as the demonstration is over, delivered three practical christian sermons, in the upon our leaders. The institutions of the country, ob- the Committee will turn their attention to the Zion Sunday school room, after which collections served Mr. R., were not calculated to benefit the present treatment of Holberry in York Castle, and were made towards defraying the expence of the people, but to oppress them; and, so long as the will also take the necessary steps to memorialise the school, which is considerably in debt, amounting to people were apathetic, they would still more and Secretary of State for the release or removal of Peter THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL of the National Charter 18s. 5d., which was gratefully received by the mana- more become so. All arises from the baneful in- Foden from Wakefield Hell. Association held their sittings in the large room of gers and teachers. Mr. S. also delivered two short fluence of class-legislation; he advised them from

Printer (Mark SHEFFIELD.

(From our own Correspondent.) ECCLESFIELD -Mr. Julian Harney visited this pleasant village on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Two or three years have passed and gone since a Chartist meeting was held here previously, though a few bright spirits maintained the principles and have been the constant readers of the great organ of the cauve ; still, no meetings being held, it was long since gravely asserted by some of the would be since gravely asserted by some of the would-be-thought-politicians of the place that "Chartism was dead," and "no mistake" here; judge, then, the surprise and horror of these important personages when on the Tuesday week they heard it announced per bell, that the following evening a lecture on Chartism would be delivered in the village. The evening arrived, the village band volunteered their services in the good old cause, and went with a number of finish own estimation, vote for him; and upon these grounds, as well as many others which I shall not now mention, I did not vote for him at either the last election or the former one. And perhaps a day may yet come whan he will be under the necessity of telling his countrymen that I was right. I was op-telling his contrymen that I was right. I was op-to cosed to Mr. O'Connell in his tempat the conclusion of his excellent discourse. weekly meeting in the Democratio Chapel, Rice-place, on Monday evening, and agreed to invite Mr. O'Brien may yet come whan he will be under the necessity of telling his countrymen that I was right. I was op-to hadded, and a goodly number joined the Associa-tion at the conclusion of his excellent discourse. weekly meeting in the Democratio Chapel, Rice-place, on Monday evening last; new members again roat. Tooday at weive o'clock, the Queen Dowager workippers to raise a cheer; but it was nog. The consed to Mr. O'Connell in his tempatition extration to give them a consed to Mr. O'Connell in his tempatition extration to give them a consed to Mr. O'Connell in his tempatition extration of his excellent discourse. weekly meeting in the Democratio Chapel, Rice-place of meeting was hadd on a goodly number joined the Associa-tion at the conclusion of his excellent discourse. weekly meeting the the canse progresses here at a steady tate. Tooday at weiter of clock, and a goodly number joined the Associa-tion at the conclusion of his excellent discourse. weekly meeting of the dark sky for covering was, as sual, the resource. On the motion of Mr. Lunn, Mr. Fearn, of Sheffield was appointed to preside over the meeting; in a few remarks he introduced Mr. Harney. Mr. H. commenced by reviewing the present unsettled and deplorable state of society, showed that the miserable condition of the working Sharman Crawford for his amendment to the address class was the result of misgovernment, occasioned to the Queen. Some local business was transacted, and some new members added. LOANHEAD.—Mr. Lowery lectured here on Tuesday, to a crowded audience, on the rights of the neonle. tion and vindication of the principle of Universal DALKEITH.——A splendid demonstration to O'Connor is being provided for here. The largest room in the town has been engaged for a soirce, and the towns of Musselburgh, Lasswade, Pathead, Gore Bridge, Roslin, Pennywick, &c., will join in the discrete for the size of the place was extremely HANLEY.—A tes party and ball took place here on Monday, the 27th inst., at the house of Mr. Wm. Hall, George and Dragon Inn, New-street, Hanley, where the most ample accommodation was afforded

of the fecturer's discourse. At the close of the meet-ing, a number of friends adjourned to a convenient place, and there resolved to join the ranks of the National Charter Association, several enrolling their names on the spot. We shall look to Ecclesfield, and take care that the fire kindled shall not be extinguished. What are the other villages round Sheffield about ? Mr. Harney has volunteered his services. Why do they not do has Ecclesfield has done ?

THE PATRIOT HOLBERRY .-- The Victims' Committee had prepared a well-reasoned and forcibly written memorial to the present Sceretary of State,

Association heid their sittings in the large room of gers and teachers. Mr. S. also delivered two short intended of class-legislation; he advised them from the New Inn, Bromsgrove-street, every day last discourses to the children of the school, and to discourses to the children of the school, and to work of their emancipation. The upper classes which they appeared to pay the most marked attention. Indeed the conduct of the scholars reflects work of their emancipation. The upper classes the highest credit on their gratuitous instructors, and the most marked gives fair promise of future excellence. Mr. S. cheers.) Song by Mr. Nile Grocett, "Daughter of the form of the National Petition (a very clever do-SUNDAY EVENING LECTURE .- Mr. Beale lectured to a numerous and respectable audience in the room. Fig-tree Lane, on Sunday evening, on "Poetry." "The poetry of Elliot" was the subject of the lecture, rather than poetry in general, though inciden-tally the speaker touched upon Byron, Burns, Nicol, Mrs. Grimstone, and Gallia's noblest bard cument) which will be published next week. Mr. ticable importance of mutual love and good-will, sistent, and talented advocate of the people's rights." Campbell attended at the Ship Inn, Steelhouse-lane, and expressed himself highly gratified with the where sixty cards of the National Charter Associa-tion were taken, and a society formed. Societies members of the National Charter devices of the National Charter and society formed. Societies and expressed himself highly gratified with the behaviour of the children. The enrol-tion were taken, and a society formed. Societies and expressed himself highly gratified with the behaviour of the children. The enrol-tion were taken, and a society formed. Societies and expressed himself highly gratified with the behaviour of the children. The enrol-tion were taken, and a society formed. Societies and society formed were taken and a society formed. Societies and the behaviour of the National Charter behaviour behav Beranger. The pieces recited by the lecturer were would address you, said, Mr. R., as Ladies and lecture on Sunday evening next. Gentlemen, but under our circumstances I must address you as slaves-I am called upon to respond to MONDAY'S MEETING.-The usual public meeting of this toast, and I do it with the greatest pleasure. | the Chartist body was held on Monday evening, in the room, Fig-tree Lane. The room was crowded to excess ; Mr. Needham was called to the chair. If I must go through the history of J. B. O'Brien, I should take up the whole of your time. I can scarcely express myself with sufficient admiration for the services this powerful writer has given to nected with the Demonstration, unnecessary, therethe people of this country; he had endeavoured to infuse the same spirit in the people as he had im-bibed himself—that of pure, disinterested, demo-letter the bala fore, to be published. Mr. Green moved—"That the thanks of the meeting be given to James Marshall, one of the victims of Whiggery confined in Northallerton Hell-hole, for his unbending and unflinching cratic principles; he had discovered the condition of the people, and would not rest until the people conduct in refusing to petition for his release had obtained their whole rights. Song—"Little pigs live on very good straw," by Mr. William Finnus. Toast—"Feargus O'Connor, and the Ex-ecutive of the National Charter Association."—Re-berry from Northallerton Gaol to York Castle. In sponded to by Mr. Moses Simpson, who eulogised Mr. O'Connor in a short speech, for the services he rendered to the producing classes of this country by hindlings was wanted to allow him the means of corhis able disquisitions on the small farm system, and responding with his family and others. He (Mr. H.) so far as to carry in his mind my trespassing, if mittee, therefore, conscious of this good opinion, upwards of an hour in an eloquent and masterly by his original and eloquent speeches. Toast—"The wished the meeting to take the matter up, that the manner." and proud of the esteem and friendship of all true patriots, are desirous of adding to their list of the influential Chartists in Britain) all who will pledge themselves to act in their respective locali-ties, in conjunction with the General Committee of Birmingham, to secure the return of Frost, Wil-bins original and eloquent speeches. Toast—"The manner. DUNDEE.—A trial of strength betwixt the pledge themselves to act in their respective locali-ties, in conjunction with the General Committee of Birmingham, to secure the return of Frost, Wil-ties and both factions is about to the holding of a birmingham, to secure the return of Frost, Wil-birmingham, to secure the return of Frost, Wil-ties and both factions is annual value of ten pounds. The police ties are desired to be so. The principles were carried out birmingham, to secure the return of Frost, Wil-birmingham, to secure Birmingham, to secure the return of Frost, Wil- house at the annual value of ten pounds. The police in Switzerland, in Norway, in America, and those "In conclusion, I beg to state that I have never liams, and Jones to their native land. By order of under the present superintendent have given the countries were nowin a prosperous condition, and the gone through the northern districts of the county the Committee, T. H. Shaw and F. Wilkinson, joint- most unqualified dissatisfaction to the great body of happiest nations in the world; and why not the Charseven o'clock. The chair to be taken at half-past seven. ter become the law of this country. This country was **BEIGHLEY.**—A delegate meeting was held at manner in almost every instance when they were the richest and yet there were more poor in it than Mr. Knowles's Temperance Hotel, on Sunday last. Delegates present :- Thomas Knowles, Keighley; called upon to interfere. If a Church party, an Anti- any other. The Charter hosaid would remove these with me since December last were copies of the People's Charter, and the rules and objects of the MRS. ROBERTS, THE WHIG-MADE WIDOW OF called a meeting where the face of a Chartist was by Mr. Isaac Cartledge. "Frost, Williams and worth; John Halam, Skipton; James Greenwood, forbidden to appear, the police were the willing tools Jones, and all political prisoners, and may they soon | Morton ; Samuel Widdop, Silsden, Chairman; John of the clique, ready at all times, with baton in hand, be restored to the bosoms of their friends."-| Garnett, Keighley, Secretary. The principal ob-TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR. SIR,-I again take the liberty of introducing the mitted. But this is not the worst; the "force" has land, Ireland, Scotland and Wales had done their villages, and establish a local missionary fund to case of this poor weman. She has got her youngest child dead in the house after a long and painful illness. The funds in my possession have been long sime ox-hansted; I now propose, as her hands will be somewhat as might have the effect of bolstering up a charge of I reland, and may their exertions be crowned with of his relieved by the death of her yougest child, a subscrip-sedition against some of the speakers. This has tions to purchase for her a mangle by which she says she could earn herself and children a living; and to been long connected with the establishment, and she could earn herself and children a living; and to been long connected with the establishment, and been long connected with the establishment, and she could earn herself and children a living; and to been long connected with the establishment, and been long connected with the establishment are control been long connected ings in Birmingham, was read from the Star. In the same place to aid the fund at Birmingham, I propose to get up for who acts as clerk in the office, has, in an unguarded exile, and said that so soon as the Irish people found number of members who may enrol their names. her exclusive benefit, at Lawrence-street Chapel a tea party and ball, to take place in about five weeks from the present time. Any subscription, no matter how small, will be thankfully received and duly applied, by tions (which take place on the 6th October) and put of women being admitted to the franchise, and ON TUESDAY LAST, Mr. Benbow lectured in the the real finale upon such treachery. Last year the showed as proof of their intellect the noble-minded Chartists came into the field at the eleventh hour; women of this country were entitled to it, such as Working Men's Hall, on the present awful state of however, they carried a number of their men. This Miss Woolstencraft and others. "The Northern year there is a strong and formidable union, in order Star and the Democratic Press"-Nobly respondour country, and the remedy for removing it. The Hall was crowded to excess. to return a majority of commissioners to the board | ed to by Mr. S. Robinson. Song, ably sung by Mr. NEWARK .- Mr. Dean Taylor lectured here on Thursday evening to a large audience. NEWCASTLE.—On Friday evening there was a TROWBRIDGE .- On Tuesday evening, at a public meeting held by the Chartists, &c., to cele-brate the release of Mr. O'Brien. There was a Whig ublic meeting held in the Democratic Chapel, Mr. Clewer, the Chartist lecturer, successfully deanti-Corn Law lecture at Ouseburn, and many thought that they would celebrate his release as fended himself against the slanderous and unchristian attacks recently made upon him. well by going there and swamping the Whigs, as the Star. who have no opportunity of seeing a local attending the meeting, which made the assembly paper, we say, be ready for the 6th of October- thinner than should be on such an occasion, until a HUDDERSFIELD,-Mr. Chas. Connor lectured thinner than should be on such an occasion, until a here on Tuesday evening, and gave a cheering late hour, when they flocked in with the tidings that account of the glorious reception of the patriots in the anti-Corn Law lecture-reader was completely Manchester, and the defeat of the machinations of floored. It was his first public attempt in Newcastle, the "plague" and its minions. and we belleve it will be the last; he is not prepared GLASGOW .- A lecture was delivered in St. Ann's to answer the reasonable questions of the working Church, by Mr. Hamilton, of Stonehouse, on the classes; and a consciousness of his incapacity to do evils of intemperance, and the propriety of all proso, induced him to go and hide himself. The followfessing Chartists abstaining from the use of intoxiing resolutions were moved and seconded, and carried cating drinks. unanimously at the Chartist meeting, Mr. Condon in the chair. Resolved, "That this meeting hail GORBALS.—A meeting of the inhabitants was held with extreme delight, the liberation from the Whig in their own Hall, when Mr. Currie delivered a lec-GORBALS.—A meeting of the inhabitants was held to form a library for mutual instruction. They have dungeon of that unflinching poor man's friend, our ture on the state of parties. also made arrangements for receiving a visit from representative James B. O'Brien, Esq, and as a THE GLASGOW SOIBBE COMMITTEE had a meeting proof of our respect for, and confidence in that noble in the L. U. S. Hall, College Open, when they of nature, we do hereby pledge ourselves to fall entered into further arrangements for that imporinto rank with him, and never to cease agitating tant affair. It was also stated that the Committee until the Charter becomes the law of the land." 2. had sold all the tickets which they could possibly "That inasmuch as we cannot more competently dispose of. show an attachment to the genuine principles and THE DEMONSTRATION COMMITTEE assembled in the first-rate talents of Mr. O'Brien, than procuring same place on Thursday evening week. The Steam for him, by union with the rest of his admirers throughout the empire, the means of establishing the boat. It was then agreed to call a public most Boat Committee reported that 123. was the price of an indpendent press wherewith to exercise those ing in St. Ann's Church, for the purpose of laying talents, this meeting are, therefore, of opinion, that before the Chartists of Glasgow their proceedings, manner they have come forward to assist in pro-viding the necessary means for getting up that grand display, to do honour to the man and the cause that we delight to honour. Which the person stated that, having been a true Which the person stated that, having been a true Which the person stated that, having been a true Which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true which the person stated that, having been a true this meeting be given to Mr. Fielden, M.P., and Dr. Bowring, M.P. respectively, for moving and second- PUBLIC MEETING.-A public meeting of the females ing the stoppage of supplies; likewise to the four of Glasgow was held in St. Ann's Church, Miss independent gentlemen who supported the same." Miller in the chair, for the purpose of considering 4. "That the thanks of this meeting be tendered to Mr. Wm. Atkins, of the Ducrow Inn, for his libe-rality on all occasions in contributing towards the second time of the contributing towards the association funds, and more especially on the occa- It was stated that O'Connor would not accept any sion of offering to make up any deficiency in defray- present ; but the ladies present declared their detering the expences of a delegate to welcome Mr. mination of compelling him to accept a present from O'Brien." 5. "That a reply be sent to Mr. Wil- the lasses of the Queen of Chartism : and we very liams, to the letter sent us respecting the public tes, and that the town be placarded with an address on be vanquished in the Bazsar Hall, at the soirce, the subject. After giving three hearty cheers for when surrounded by the lily-white hands and pretty the Charter, Mr. O'Brien and Mr. O'Connor, the faces of those who are determined to take him primeeting broke up at a late hour. Mr. Morgan lec-tured at the following places this week, to large and ettentize and interview of the ladies was then appointed to came the determined to take him pri-soner, and then bang round his neck the emblem of their affection. A large Committee of the ladies attentive audiences, Benton-square, Westmore, was then appointed to carry the desired object into North Shields, South Shields, at all which places effect. they pledged themselves to join the National Char-DUBLIN .- The Irish Universal Suffrage Assoter Association forthwith. cistion held their meeting on Sunday last. at their great room, No. 14, North Anne Street, Mr. Henry AT A MEETING of delegates at Seghill, on the 26th, Clark in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were confirmed. Letters were read from Mr. John ment was proposed and seconded in favour of what Mr. Wm. Bird in the chair, delegates were present is called General Suffrage, and the Repeal of the from Cramlington, Bedlington, Foreman's-row, Seg-Union, which, on being put to the vote, was declared hill, East Holywell, North Shields, and Newcastle, Copp. of Bristol, Mr. A. Russell, of Athboy, and to be lost, and the original resolution carried by a who were all instructed that their constituents would Mr. T. M'Denald, of Newry. Mr. Freebairn gave large majority. Mr. Sherman then stated, that he contribute for the support of a missionary. Bedling-trusted that a report of the meeting would find its ton handed in 93. 6d. and Foreman's row 83. 6d. to Island-bridge: Mr. Wood, after some remarks, begin with. The delegates passed resolutions pledg- moved the admission of Mr. Peter Dunn, whom he ing themselves to continue their exertions for the was preud to have the honour to propose, because of Charter. After some other business of less impor- the opposition he had given, but whom he was proud tance, the meeting was adjourned to Sunday, Oct. to say, had been weaned of his prejudices by the 24th, when it will be resumed at North Shields, at reasoning of the advocates of the People's Charter in that room. Mr. O'Higgin's seconded the admisten o'clock, s.m. AT THE USUAL weekly meeting, in the Clothsion of Mr. Dunn, which was agreed to. Thanks market, little business of public interest transpired. | having been voted to the chairman, the meeting disand Welshmen, in despite of all opposition. The resolutions were mostly those of thanks to va- persed, after reseiving posices for the enrollment of mosting resolved to meet again on Sunday week. rious individuals for services rendered.

NOTTINGHAM-KING GEORGE ON HORSEBACK. Mr. William Parker.

Mr. Christopher Bell. Mr. William Fletcher. Mr. John Herbert. Mr. Jonathan Barber. Mr. John Burbage. Mr. John Peters.

LAMBLEY .- At the village of Lambley, on Monday afternoon, 130 sat down to tea, after which Messrs. Dean Taylor, Harrison, and Sweet ad-

sealed their doom, and from thenceforward could expressly to honour that great political teacher. CHURWELL.-Mr. Smith, according to request, paid a visit to this place on Monday last, and preached in a school-room, most kindly granted for the occasion. His text was Acts, 28, xxii, and in Nuneaton, and other places. He is greatly admired of the preacher. in this district for his eloquence and energy. BIRSTAL.-T

Mr. Timothy Thatcher, sub-Secretary. Mr. John Gibson, Sub-Treasurer.

No. 14, North Anne-street,

Áug. 18, 1841.

CITY OF LONDON .- The Chartists of this city met as usual on Sunday morning, in their Institute, 55, Old Bailey, the account of the splendid meetings in Birmingham, was read from the Star. In the a full attendance, and a very attentive congregation. It is hoped by many, that the sermon will be printed in the form of a tract, and used by the City Political Tract Loan Society now forming. On Monday evening following, in the same place, Mr. Clancey, the founder and late secretary of the Dublin Repeal and Charter Association, delivered his second lecture, upon the subject of O'Connell, Ribonism, and Chartism in Ireland, for the benefit of Mr. R. Peddie. The lectures produced 7s., 2s. 6d. of which was given by the lecturer. The Chartists held their weekly meeting, Mr. Henderson, of Westminster, in the chair; new members were enrolled. Mcssrs. Watkins and Parker gave their report of the proceedings of the association, and the county council of Midclesex, which was received with fcelings of pleasure. Mr. Matthews was elected to the county council in

FINSBURY .- At a well-attended and respectable, fit companions only for beasts. They tell us we are afraid he would resign, and at a meeting of his of these pretended anti-monopolists, was unani- Henrietta-street, on Thursday next, the 7th instant,

> SOUTHWARK .- A glorious Repeal Meeting took place on Sunday evening last, at Mr. Roche's, Red Lion Maze, Tooley-street, Mr. O'Leary in the chair. A powerful address was delivered by Mr. Brown, business of the evening concluded by the carrying of a motion by a great majority that Universal Suffrage, with a repeal of the Union, would be beneland

"O! gratitade, where hast thou fied! Hast thou BERMONDSEY.—Several robberies have taken place we delight to honour. deserted men's bosoms altogether ! Bast week in this locality, viz.—Mr. Sherman, news-When it is stated the

will also be formed in other parts of the town : so Association, proves that his visit was not in vain. that it will be seen the cause is prospering rapidly COVENTRY.-A tea and dancing party was got it requires to be added that on Monday evening it Manchester. Through some circumstance or other

MR. MASON'S LECTURE .- Mr. Mason of Newcas-

the chair, when the memorial not being complete, eighty ladies and gentlemen sat down to a most exwas referred to the sub-Committee, to report pro- cellent tea, as many as the room could accomcharged, and letters received from various places, all party of more than forty was supplied the same as tending to show the prosperity of the Committee, the former part. Tea being over the chair was

BIRMINGHAM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR.

case of this poor weman. She has got her youngest acted in many instances as spies at Charlist meetings;

Your very obedient servant,

JAMES GUEST, Bookseller.

93, Steel-house Lane, Birmingham. P.S. Any amount may be sent in postage stamps.

TO THE MEN OF BIRMINGHAM.

MEN OF BIRMINGHAM .- You who so lately shewed your mighty armament and gigantic power to your enemies. You who have braved the taunts and sneers of the self-styled respectables. You who have dared Mr. Matthews was elected to the county council in the place of Mr. Parker; Messrs. Parker and Os-born were elected members to sit on the O'Brien Press Committee.

meeting, held at Lunt's Coffee House, Clerkenwell | ignorant, and therefore not fit to exercise the elective Green, on Monday evening last, 10s. was voted to franchise. They who build palaces for horses, and calumny in a style and with a spirit that does honour to human nature. This letter is to be found in the Freeman's Journal of the 31st of October, 1834. It the meeting to the conduct of Mr. Martin, one of make fires to warm themselves with your hard earn-Freeman's Journal of the 31st of October, 1834. It the meeting to the conduct of Mr. Martin, one of make fires to warm themselves with your hard earn-in his report as delegate to the County Council, and the meeting to the conduct of Mr. Martin, one of make fires to warm themselves with your hard earn-in his report as delegate to the County Council, and Mr. Walton, operative stone-mason, addressed the meeting. DEPTFORD.-Mr. Illingworth, of Leeds, lec-Corn Law meeting held that evening at the Court do it, come forward and let us instruct each other. "When Mr. O'Connell stood as candidate for the Room of the parish of St. Luke's, City Road ; and We need not colleges, nor fine institutions, to gather tured here on Sunday evening. City of Dublin, in 1835, he was, on the third day of a resolution for a vote of thanks to him for his bold true knowledge. Attend, therefore, a public meet-the election, so apprehensive of defeat that I was and manly opposition to the monopolising conduct ing, to be held at the Domestic Coffee House, 14, to form a library for mutual institution.

mously and enthusiastically carried, and ordered to at half-past seven, when and where business of importance will be brought before you. I am fellow-townsmen, Your friend,

T. H. SHAW.

THE BIRMINGHAM DEMONSTRATION.

beg leave to return their best thanks to the various his name and took up his card. A gent. then rose, friends and contributors, for the very handsome and inquired whteher they were for an unconditional manner they have come forward to assist in pro- Repeal of the Union, when he was stopped by the

the Executive, and Mr. Mason, of Newcastle, lecturer for this district, made their appearance about four o'clock. The large room of the George Inn.

who will do their duty to the people, and protect the liberty of the subject. Our Whig and Tory papers are alarmed beyond measure—the respecta-public n bility, forsooth, of the board is in danger. The people are, notwithstanding, steadily pursuing their course, leaving it to interested hirelings to talk about respectability.-As a great number of electors read

every householder has a vote. LONDON .- The Tailors held their weekly meet-

ing, at the Bricklayer's Arms, King-street, Golden Square, on Thursday evening, when Mr. Drew gave

WANDSWORTH.-The friendshere have agreed O'Connor, on his return from the north.

SOUTHWARK .- On Sunday evening last, a meeting of the Repeal Association was held at Mr. Roche's, Red Lion, Maza, Tooley-street, Mr. O'Leary in the chair. After some private business had been transacted, the Secretary asked if any person wished to join the Association. Mr. Jeans, a true Repealer The Committee, in bringing its business to a close, and member of the National Association, entered e delight to honour. When it is stated that the sum of £18 0s. 6d. was Repealer ever since his first entrance into political

"When Mr. O'Connell abandoned the high posibanker, in opposition to other bankers, and from my objections to Joint Stock Banks and banking-that the middle of the day. is to say, issuing of notes in general-he was no longer entitled to a tribute from his country. I looked upon it as a public collection to aid him in opposing other bankers, which means I considered urjust and unfair; and I thought that a great man like him should have kept himself aloof from banking projects altogether. I shall not now enter into a disquisition upon banking ; but, perhaps, Mr. O'Conneli may discover-I hope not too late-that I was more his friend than his enemy when I refused to contribute my mite to the tribute ever since he became a banker.

"When the anti-Tory Association was formed I declined becoming a member of it, though proposed by as honest 2 patriot and as worthy a man as ever any country gave birth to-the late Dominick Ronsyne, M.P. for Clonmel-because I saw nothing in the objects of the association but to form a coalition a a list of the division of the House of Commons, that Mr. O'Connell voted with Peel, Goulburn, Jackon, Shaw, Lefroy, and all the other Tories in the bouse against Mr. Crawford's motion for the total bolition of tithes, and that he subsequently told the shole world that Mr. Crawford's Radical propotions were ealeulated to turn out the Whigs, and ring in the Tories; in short, when I saw that he had bined the Whigs, and voted, np, n several occasions, formed at Ardsley. On Monday evening last, seventhe eternal gratitude of Ireland to them, I sould no teen of the good men and true entered into the holy

ager, without feeling myself atterly degraded in my | cause of Chartism.

man, 2, Grange Terrace, Grange Road, lost four pound neter, but became a banker himself, I thought journeyman baker, of Star Corner, twelve quartern are so determined. -but perhaps I may be wrong-that he, as a loaves-a poor man in the Grange lost nearly all

> BRIGHTON .- On Friday evening last, Sept. 24th, the men of Brighton assembled at their meeting room at the Cap of Liberty, Portland-street, to testify their joy at the release of their persecuted follows :the joy pictured on the countenances of every one present would have been to the persecuted Brouterre -a payment in part for the sufferings he had under

gone in the cause of the people. The old, the young, the gay and the sad, were all there to pay a welcome tribute, to an honourable and virtuous man. The females vied with the males in the enthusiasm and joy they felt at their teacher being again among them. Mr. Woodward occupied the chair, supported on the right and left by Messrs. Flowers, Giles, Page, Colling, Morling, and a host of the "good men and true" who had "fought the good fight" With the authors of the coercion act. When I saw, O'Brien at their head. Monday, the room was again a list of the division of the room was again crowded, and we should say more numerously than on the Friday evening; not a seat could be got, and hardly standing room; all was again enthusiasm, nothing is wanted in Brighton more, than that O'Connor or O'Brien should pay a visit to

give a zest to the cause.

ARDSLEY.-A Chartist Association has been

collected in the short space of three weeks, chiefly life, he would with pleasure join the Association, tion which he held in the country, and descended not sovereigns—the landlord of the Fort Tavern, from the working men, it is a proof (if any were and gave his name Mr. Brown, of Walworth. Mr. only to enter into petty squabbles with issuers of one Grange Road, twenty-five sovereigns—a poor wanting) that we can accomplish a great good if we B. then, in a neat speech, replete with interest, de-neated the source of the so

his clothes. Strange to say, all this was done in their flags and banners, but for their presence. The and after a speech of considerable length, sat down Committee assure them that if at any time they with cheers. The Chairman proposed that the health should wish for a similar favour, they will heartily of the new and talented member be drank with three comply. To our friends in the surrounding towns times three, standing and uncovered. Mr. Brown then returned thanks, and stated that after the and districts we are in like manner grateful.

£ s. d. Receipts...... 18 0 6 Expenditure 22 4 8

Due to the Treasurer ... 4 4 2

We have no doubt but that our friends both in town and country will come forward, and assist the of spirit, and called upon the meeting to join toge-ther in obtaining a Repeal of the Union, based on Committee in clearing off the above small sum. With these few plain and simple facts.

We remain,

On behalf of the Committee. WALTER THORN, Chairman. WM. HOPLAIN, Treasurer. W. PARKES, Secretary.

printer, Small-brook-street.

The balance-sheet lies at the National Association meetings, the Tablet having refused. The meeting Room, Freeman-street, where any riend may inspect was conducted with the greatest good feeling, and a it at any time during the various meetings on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Sundays.

Those books that are new out the Committee in on Friday next.

September 27th, 1841.

picted the cause of the present distresses both in To the various trades we are indebted not only for England and Ireland, ascribing it to class legislation,

The sum total of receipts and expenditure is as manner in which the opinions he had stated had

been received, he begged to move the following resolution, considering it to be the only remedy for the evil of both countries :- " That it is the opinion of this meeting that the Repeal of the Legislative Union based upon the principles of Universal Suffrage is the only remedy for Ireland and England." Mr. Sherman seconded the resolution in a speech full

the principles of the People's Charter. An amend-

All communications to be addressed to Mr. Taylor, way to the Northern Slar, as that paper was the

only one which would report the account of their

few such meetings as these would soon show to the Irish people that the English Chartists were not their enemies but their friends, and were determined would be obliged to the holders if they will bring to obtain the rights of the English. Irish. Scotch,

moeting resolved to meet again on Sunday week.

THE NORTHERN STAR.

Chartist Entelligence.

2

LONDON (GLOBE FIELDS) .- At the weekly meeting, held on Sunday, at the Hit-and-Miss Tavern, it was resolved, "That two persons be sent from this society, as part of a committee to be formed for the purpose of aiding to get up a press for J. B. O'Brien, to meet at the Dispatch Coffee Rooms, on Monday evening, October 4th, when Mr. J. Pickergill and Mr. J. Cooper were appointed for that purpose.

DUNPERMILINE.-The committee appointed to O'Connor, Esq., have issued a placard suggesting to the inhabitants a procession-a petition for the Charter-and the erection of a wooden hall, cap the of

MIDDLESBRO'.-The discussion on the Corn Laws was resumed last Tuesday evening, and was kept up with great spirit for nearly two hours. The speaking was chiefly confined between Mr. Holenshead, a Chartist, and Mr. Bormond, a grocer, &c., the latter observing that he thought he knew a deal about the workings of this law, and proceeded to give a very lively description of the evils resulting from them. At the conclusion of his address, he hoped the Chartists would at once endeavour to have them repealed, and was about to move a resolution to that effect, when Mr. Anderson stept forward, and said that he regretted he had not been in at the commercement of the discussion, as it deprived him of taking a part, as he would liked to have done : but, although he had not taken a prominent part in the business of this evening, he had heard nothing to induce him to change his opinion. (Hear, hear.) had done on the previous evening. The resolution was to the effect-" That the Corn Laws, and every Association. other bad law ought to be repealed, but, in order the People's Charter, so that when the poor man got a cheap loaf, he might have a vote to keep it in his possession." Mr. Bormond opposed this resolution, as he said it involved another question. After some three to Frost, Williams, and Jones. desultory conversation, it was agreed to adjourn the debate till next Tuesday night, when it is expected to be finally closed.

with the resolutions, for the purpose of having the said report published in the Northern Star." Proform themselves into a district for the purpose of Darlington, Stokesley, and Yarm be requested to join us in keeping up an agitation in favour of the People's Charter." Moved by Mr. James Hollenshead, seconded by Mr. James Quin. 3rd "That another delegate meeting be held this night lust a stranger called at the house of Mr.

from Mr. Duffy. The audience was numerous, in- for the privilege of governing ourselves. dee d the room was completely crowded; but the The common enemy is now dominant; and the same be st of all was, that Mr. Duffy, and a great many power that lifted him up is equally potent to pull him Diore Roman Catholics were enrolled as members, amounting, altogether, to sixteen in number. This is the way the Repealers ought to do.

BALIFAX ---- O'CONNOB DEMONSTRATION .-- The committee appointed for the carrying out of the O'Connor Demonstration, most respectfully call upon

the different trades of this town to follow the exammake arrangements for the reception of Fes rgus ple of their brethren in other parts, by joining in the demonstration, and showing their attachment to that cause which alone can better the condition of the labouring community. The committee meet every holding about 2,000 persons, in shares of one shilling Tuesday evening, at the Chartist Lecture Room, each. Swan Coppice. Those wishing to take part will be kind enough to communicate with the committee. The Third District Delegate Meeting for the Demonstration, will be holden in their room, on Sunday the 3rd of October, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which Delegates are expected from all the surround-ing villages. Various resolutions have been passed at the former meetings. One and all seem determined that the united energies of the whole of this district be put into active operation, to secure a glorious and triumphal entry of that tried friend and champion of the justice as well as necessity of yielding to us some time past. those rights which they have so long and so wrengfolly withhelden from us.

Chartism, at this place, is progressing most gloriously. The working classes are beginning to see that there is no remedy for the evils under which He would, therefore, move the same resolution as he | they groan, save in the people's Charter, and numbers are coming forward to enrol their names in our

WINDY BANK .- Mr. Marsden lectured in the to make a lasting benefit to the working classes of Chartist News-room here, fully exposing the manifold this country, it ought to be accompanied with an evils of the present system of class legislation, and extension of the franchise to the limits contained in strongly recommending a union of efforts to obtain

SKIPTON .- Mr. Knowles, from Keighley, delivered a lecture here on Saturday, the 18th inst., in the Temperance Hall, which was well attended. DELEGATE MEETING AT MIDDLESBRO' .- According The lecturer animadverted in severe terms on the to appointment, a delegate meeting took place on selfishness of the middle-class; he did not spare Sunday, the 25th, to consider the best means of the working men for the apathy they have shown Sunday, the 25th, to consider the best means of the working men for the spathy they have shown think if this, with her case, was made known to the keeping up a local agitation upon the most economical in this part of the country, in forwarding the great humane, something would be done to alleviate her displan. There was present Messrs. Quin, Cameron, and and glorious cause; he exhorted them to do their tressed situation. Mr. Claren, from Hartlepool, Messrs. Winspear and duty, and spoke in the most happy manner on Sir, hoping you Umbleby, from Stockton, together with the Council the necessity of union. Although this town is the of the Charter Association of Middlesbro'. On the hot-bed of Whiggery and Toryism, there is a demomotion of Mr. Maw, Mr. Umbleby was called to the cratic feeling springing up in the minds of the work-chair. He opened the proceedings in a near ing classes. There are numbers who would speak little speech, and concluded by calling on the out their sentiments on this subject, but dare not delegates to give a report of the state of Char- for fear of the consequences, as all are, more or less, tism in the various localities, each of which under the influence of Whig or Tory cotton lords. gave cheering accounts, but all complained There are a few, however, who know their rights, for the want of agitation, expressing his opinion and knowing dare maintain them. An Associa- to Mrs. Roberts, on Wednesday is that if a course of agitation was kept up, it would tion was established on Saturday night, September me and the donors many thanks. have a great effect in the furtherence of the prin- 25th, with every prospect of success; and we hope ciples of Universal Suffrage. After a considerable the men of Skipton and surrounding villages will deal of discussion, the following resolution was un- rally round us in this our glorious undertaking, and animously adopted :-- 1st." That Mr. Anderson be let the tyrants know that the days of their despotic requested to take a minute of this meeting, together misrule are fast drawing to a close.

BRADFORD.-SPRING-STREET.-At the weekly posed by John Man, seconded by C. Winspear. meeting, on Monday, several new members were 2nd. "That Stockton, Hartlepool, and Middlesbro', Hatbaunder and Mr. O'Connor to Henry Hetherington was read, and a resolution unanicarrying ont the objects of this meeting, and that mously passed, voting confidence in O'Connor and o'Clock, November 5, at two, at the Bankrupts' Court. Darlington, Stokesley, and Yarm be requested to the Star, and expressing the contempt of the meet-Solicitors, Messre Harrison and Dobree, Hart-street,

3rd. "That another delegate meeting be held this night last, a stranger called at the house of Mr. Corbet-court, Gracechurch-street; official assignee, Mr day fortnight for the purpose of forming a central. Tordoff, the Hare Inn, Horton, about ten o'clock, Belcher.

I am delighted indeed, at the prospect of being soon LEE DS .- On Sunday last, in the absence of Mr. Martin, Mr. J. Smith delivered an address to a large joined ('Ar I think it cannot be long) by the whole disauditince. On Monday night, we had an address interes tell people of Ireland in our righteous demand,

down; but he must be pulled down, on this occasion, upon a principle that will keep him down. He has got up, not from any opposition on the part of the people to reform, real reform; but from sheer disgust on the part of the people at the treachery and monstrous profilgacy of the Whigs.

Again most sincerely thanking you for the part you are now acting, and greatly hopeful that through your exertions and the exertions of your brother Chartists, the hard working, industrious people of Ireland may be relieved from the baleful domination of that trafficking band of villains who have so long been making a spoil of their sufferings, and sincerely praying that you may live to see the day when the people of Ireland may have some reason to be contented-having well-covered tables and well-covered backs.

I remain. My dear Sir, Your friend, and the friend of Ireland,

JAMES MOIR. 174, Gallowgate,

Glasgow, 14th Sept., 1841.

P.S. You will receive along with this my "Star" the people's rights, F. O'Connor, Esq., into this and "Patriot," for this week. I have been sending district, and engrave on the hearts of our enemies them to yourself or some other person in Ireland for

> DISTRESSED STATE OF THE FAMILY OF ROBERTS, THE BULL RING VICTIM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR.

SIR,-I shall esteem it a favour if you will inform the public, through your valuable paper, that the sum of 9s. 2d. was collected at the tea-party on Tuesday night, for the wife of Joseph Roberts, who was trans-ported on the oath of one Billy Hall, late prize-fighter, but now a member of the "blue-bottle" corps. The wife of Joseph Roberts is at this time in great

distress, having one child at this time lying dead in the house; the other, we think, cannot long survive. If our sympathising friends will contribute their mites, they will be thankfully received and duly acknowledged, either by Mr. Guest, Steelhouse-lane, or Mr. Taylor, printer, &c, Smallbrook-street.

Through grief, Mrs. Roberts is become quite deaf.

Sir, hoping you will make this known,

I remain, Yours respectfully, in the cause, WALTER THORN,

Tin-plate worker,

Birmingham, Sept. 25th.

P.S. Please to notice that I paid over the above sum to Mrs. Roberts, on Wednesday last, for which shegave

Bankrupts, &c.

From the London Gazette of Friday, Sept. 24. BANKRUPIS.

James Hammon, Great Portland-street. Oxfordstreet, plumber, to surrender October 2, at half-past two

WEST-RIDING OF YORKSHIRE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a SPECIAL ADJOURNED SESSIONS ADJOURNED SESSIONS of the Peace for the WEST RIDING of the County of YORK, on wednesday, the 13th Day of October next, at Twelve o'CLOCK at Noon for the purpose of taking into consideration the Report of the Finance Com-mittee presented at the last Pontefract Sessions; and also a Memorial from the Barristers attending

the West Riding Sessions respecting the removal of

Business. And Notice is also hereby given, that at the same Sessions, at the hour of One o'clock of the same day, the Report of the Committee, appointed to select a Site for the proposed New Gaol, or House of Cor-rection, will be taken into further consideration,

and such Orders for the Grant of Money out of the County Stock or Rate made thereon as the Justices then present shall deem expedient.

C. H. ELSLEY, Clerk of the Peace's Office, Wakefield, 27th September, 1841.

LEEDS BOROUGH SESSIONS.

Borough of Leeds, in the County of York, will be holden before THOMAS FLOWER ELLIS, the Younger, Esquire, Recorder of the said Borough, at the Court House, in Leeds, on WEDNESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, at which time and place all Jurors, Constables, Police Officers, Prosecutors, Witnesses, Persons bound by Recognizances, and others having Business at the said Sessions are required to attend. And Notice is hereby also given, that all Appeals, not previously disposed of, will be heard at the Opening of the Court, on Friday, the Fifteenth day

By order, JAS. RICHARDSON, Clork of the Peace for the said Borough. Leeds, 14th September, 1841.

CAUTION !

THE extraordinary demand for PARR'S LIFE PILLS has induced several shopkeepers of mean and dishonest principles, to try to impose on the incautious various counterfeits composed of the most pernicious ingredients, merely for the sake of dreadful consequences which must ensue. Observe, that each Box of the genuine Medicine 86, Lower Hurst-street has pasted round it the Government Stamp. on which is engraved these words, PARR'S LIFE PILLS in WHITE letters on a RED ground, none Law, and late Prisoner for Libel in York Castle. other can be genuine.

In no instance has this invaluable Medicine failed to effect a perfect cure where due patience and perseverance has been exercised. Read the following

from Mrs. Moxon, York:-"York, Sept. 7, 1841. "Gentlemen,-We shall feel obliged by your re-peating the last order for Parr's Life Pills, and forwarding immediately by Pickford's Rails. Instances of extraordinary cures are continually occurring to us by their agency. One woman who had been reduced almost to the last stage of existence by extreme asthma, was, by taking two or three boxes, restored to health. Another instance is a man who had been confined to his bed by rheumatism

other instances, but these will suffice to prove the value of the Medicine in ameliorating disease and Circular. coufirming health. This day is published, price Twopence, "I remain, your obedient Servant, " For M. Moxon, JAMES BAYNE." FROM MR. HOLLIER, CHEMIST, DUDLEY. To the Proprietors of Parr's Life Pills. "Dudley, Sept. 14, 1841. to every body."-Examiner. "Gentlemen,-I forward you a copy of a letter

PENNY !!

WITH ENGRAVING OF BALLOT BOX, the SCHEDULES, &c. &c.

Knaresbrough Christmas Sessions; and a Petition from certain Inhabitants of the Wapontake of Claro, relating to the same subject, and on other Special in Dublin, for High Treason, in the twenty-second year of his age.

EMMETT AND IRELAND!

Just published, price 1s., an interesting Memoir, from authentic sources, of the lamented patriot Robert Emmett; incidentally detailing the Origin, Progress, and disastrous Termination of the Irish Insurrection, 1803, &c. Embellished with a splendid steel engraved Portrait. This edition includes the Trial, celebrated Speech, &c. &c.

" This little work is calculated to keep in remembrance the name of one who felt, and felt deeply, his country's wrongs ; a man who, in endeavouring to redress them, fell a sacrifice to the schemes of the

most blood-thirsty faction that ever governed, or rather misgoverned Ireland. We hope the book may have an extended circulation."—Weekly Dis-

ASK FOR THE ENGLISH CHARTIST CIRCULAR!

PRICE ONE HALFPENNY !

"This noble, though humble, ally in the glorious cause of the People is, we are happy to perceive, pursuing its onward march, and, if properly en-couraged, cannot fail most efficiently to aid in the cause of right and justice. The number before us (25), besides other highly interesting matter contains the 'People's Charter' entire. Thus every working Opening of the Court, on Friday, the Fifteenth day of October next, and that all proceedings, under the Highway Act, will be taken on the First day of the Sessions. By order, JAS, RICHARDSON, perceive that the whole of the back numbers are in print, and can be obtained for one shilling ; a work at the price, containing so large an amount of really useful information, we are not acquainted with; and we hope that every Chartist will aid in its circulation."-Northern Star.

The work can be had in Monthly Parts 6d. each.

THE LABOURERS' LIBRARY, Containing the Remedy for National Poverty and reaping an extra profit, totally regardless of the Impending National Ruin : or the only safe way of Repealing the Corn Laws, by enabling each Working Family in Britain to produce a "CHEAP LOAF" AND A "BIG LOAF" for themselves at Home! By F. O'CONNOR, Esq., Barrister-at-Addressed to the Landlords of Ireland.

Every Young Man should read the Drama of

WAT TYLER; price Twopence (originally publishing at 4s. 6d.), by ROBERT SOUTHEY, Poet Laureate to her Majesty.

"Every lover of his species should make an effort to circulate this splendid and truly invaluable poem."-Patriot.

Price Twopence.

DISSERTATION ON THE FIRST PRIN-CIPLES OF GOVERNMENT; by THOS. PAINE. This Pamphlet is a masterly defence of the right of every man to the possession of the Elective Fran-

"We beg each and all of our friends to aid in circulating this invaluable tract.—English Chartist AN ADDRESS on the Benefits of General the signature of R. & L. PERRY & CO., on the Knowledge; more especially the Sciences of Miner- outside of each wrapper.) alogy, Geology, Botany, and Entomology. By the late Rowland Detrosier. Third Edition. "We most earnestly recommend this little book may be had as usual at 44, Albion-street, Leeds, and

THE WHOLE CHARTER FOR ONE HALF- poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, causing nicerations, blotches on the head, face, and bedy, dimness of sight, noise in the lead, lave, and body, dimness of sight, noise in the ears, deafness, obsti-nate gleets, nodes on the shin bones, ulcorated sore throat, diseased nose, with noctural pains in the head and limbs, till at length a general debility of the constitution ensues, and a melancholy death puts

أحمر المراجع والعرب المحا

a period to their dreadful sufferings. These Pills are mild and effectual in their opera-

tion, without mercury, or mineral, and require no restraint in diet, loss of time, or hindrance from business : possessing the power of eradicating every symptom of the disease in its worst stage, without the least exposure to the patient; they are particularly recommended to be taken before persons enter into the matrimonial state, lest the indiscretions of a parent are the source of vexation to him the remainder of his existence, by afflicting his innocent but unfortunate offspring with the evil eraptions ef a malignant tendency and a variety of other complaints that are most assuredly introduced by the same neglect and imprudence.

It is only by purifying the vital stream from insi-dious disease, that the body can be preserved in health and vigour. Hence the infinite variety of complaints an infected state of the blood induces,

and hence the new and deceptive forms a tainted habit puts on, which often deceive the most eminent of the faculty, and baffle the best intentions towards

In those disorders wherein salivation has left the patient uncured, weak, and disheartened, and when no other remedy could restore the unhappy sufferer to that health which he has unfortunately lost, the PURIFYING SPECIFIC PILLS will be found the only effectual and radical remedy; and have ever been successful, though administered in many desperate cases of Evil, Scurvy, and Loprosy, as well as removing Pimples from the Face, Sore Legs, or other disagreeable Eruptions on the head, face, and

body. Price 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. per Box.

Prepared only by Messrs. PERRY & Co., Surgeons, 44, Albion-street, Leeds, (Private Entrance in the Passage,) and 4, Great Charles-street, Birmingham.

Ger Observe, none are genuine without the signa-ture of R. & L. PERRY & Co. impressed in a stamp on the outside of each wrapper, to imitate which is

felony of the deepest dye. Messrs. PERRY expect when consulted by letter the usual Fee of One Pound, without which no notice whatever can be taken of the communication, (postage pre-paid.)

Patients are requested to be as minute as possible in the detail of their cases,-as to the duration of the complaint, the symptoms, age, habits of living, and general occupation. Medicines can be forwarded to any part of the world; no difficulty can occur, as they will be securely packed, and carefully protected from observation.

THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRIACUM

is intended to relieve those persons, who, by an immoderate indulgence of their passions, have ruined their constitutions, or in their way to the consumma-tion of that deplorable state are affected with any of those previous symptoms that betray its approach. as the various affections of the nervous system, obstinate gleets, excesses, irregularity, obstructions, weaknesses, total impotency, barrenness, &c. A perseverance in its use has been the happy means of relieving many thousands, and of restoring a great number to the permanent enjoyment of life. It is remarkable for its efficacy in all disorders of the digestive organs, and is especially recommended to those, who, from the irregularities of youthful age, habits of studious application, or a life of pleasure, have fallen into a despondent state of mind, and that distressing train of symptoms commonly deno-minated the nervous. In such persons the mental are not less enfeebled than the corporeal, and to them a remedy that acts with efficacy, without inter-

October 4, November 5, at one o'clock, at the Bank- but by simply taking two or three boxes of Parr's chise.

" Tipton, Staffordshire.

"JOSHUA BALL."

which is to be held on Sunday, the 9th October, at down, waiting the event; when about two o'clock, two o'clock in the afternoon.

CUSEBURN .- The Onseburn Chartists held their usual meeting for lectures on Tuesday evening, the List, when a lecture was delivered by Mi. Paiker, subject, the causes which led to the American and French Revolutions. We have the pleasure to state hood, headed "Newcastle and Gateshead Anti- the distress of the country. Corn Law and Free Trade Association," in which it was stated that being of opinion that it was essentially necessary that the working classes should be placed in possession of sound and useful political House, George-street. information, they had appointed Mr. Daniel Liddle to give lectures round the district, A lecture was to be delivered in the Primitive Methodist Chapel, Ouseburn, on Friday evening, at seven o'clock, when the Chartists of Ouseburn resolved to attend to get all the information they possibly could.

DEATH AND BUEIAL OF THE NEWCASTLE AND GATESHEAD ANTI-COAN LAW AND FREE TRADE Association.-On Friday evening, the 24th, Mr. Daniel Liddle, agreeable to public announcement, delivered a lecture on the evil tendency of the Corn Laws, &c., &c.; the wall near the pulpit was decorated with maps, and every one on his entering was most plentifully supplied with papers and tracts put out by the Anti-Corn Law League. The lecturer appeared to be highly delighted at the presence of so numerous an audience, the chapel being completely filled. His lecture was listened to throughout with the greatest attention, but at the conclusion Mr. Wm. Parker rose and objected to the accuracy of the lecturer's facts and position, and requesting to discuss the subject; this, much to the praise and : credit of the trustees of the chapel, was by them agreed to, but most evidently to the great chagrin of the lecturer and friends, when after very lengthened discussion, which was ably sustained by Messrs. Bruce, Catrine, Hall, and Parker on the part of the working population, the lecturer and his friends were completely silcneed; every man and woman in the well-filled chapel were satisfied of the fallacy of the Corn Law humbugs, and the lecturer shrunk away, and we are perfectly convinced that no more lectures will be attempted in this district, the Chartists having promised him that as he wished to give sound political information, which was their wish also, they would attend him in all his future lectures. At the usual meeting of the Ouseburn Chartists on Sunday, 26th inst., it was unanimously resolved, "Inat the above report be forwarded by the secretary to the Star, for insertion."

townsmen.

iana, 1634)-when I, by the approbation of the late every person who has been benefited is anxious to price 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and lls. per Box, are well are some of the many symptoms that distinguish James Morison, Esq., Hygeist, and upwards of recommend them, and assist his neighbour.-Enplace on Friday las:, the 24th instant, to deliver a of 500.600 fighting men, to put us down. Ah! my lecture on Charitism; but the Corn Law League of dear Sir, I also know that we are at present in the very this place had a lecturer, of the name of Recignistone, position that would enable us to return the compliment; engaged for the same evening, and the Charitists con-i but there is no wretch base enough, no damned villain the name of Recignition of the Venereal Disease, score is but there is no wretch base enough, no damned villain "Yaura respectfully" in both sexes, including Gonorrhœa, Gleets, Secon-dary Symptoms, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, Deficiency, and all diseases of the Urinary Passages, cluded to go along with Charles Connor to hear what with a heart black enough to make the proposition ; nection with the conflicting parties, who sell what "Yours repectfully, this champion of the League had to say, and if pos- if there were, I am convinced the people of Scotland each call Morison's Pills-nor with any, but my which are frequently mistaken for rheumatism, "JOSEPH NOBLE, &c. &c. sible to get a hearing for Connor, and to make the would spurn the wretch from their society, and on his own Medicines, which, after soven years' trial in "Printer, Bookseller, and Stationer. "23, Market-place, Hull, Jan. 18, 1841." without loss of time, confinement, or hindrance from business. They have effected the most surprising League meeting into a Chartist one, in which object off-going would cover him with saliva in utter disgust every disense, of young, and old, on sea and land, of they completely succeeded. Mr. David Mills was at his heartless proposition. Messrs. W. and Co.'s invariable rule is to give a a public or a private nature, stand unequalled for Card to each of their patients, as a guarantee for Cure, which they pledge themselves to perform, or IMPORTANT .- Many persons, after learning that so cures, not only in recent and severe cases, but when called to the chair, and introduced Mr. Roughstone, The people of this country have no interest in oppesi. Safety and Successful Cures; and which require who went through a number of threadbare assertions, tien to that of their Irish brethren; they ask no privi. only one trial, to be appreciated. many wonderful cures have been effected by PARR'S salivation and all other means have failed ; and when LIFE PILLS, have a great desire to procure the an early application is made to these Pills for the that if the Corn Laws were repealed, workmen's lege for themselves that they do not demand for the Dr. GREER'S Pills will be Prepared in London, return the fee. medicine which has done so much good. In doing cure of the above complaint, frequently contracted wages would be higher and employment plentiful, people of Ireland; although they have been treated by and 74, (102) South Portland-street, and 62, Nelsonroast beef and plum pudding the order of the day a set of unprincipled trafficking politicians in your street, Glasgow, by himself and six sons. They are For the accommodation of those who cannot conin a moment of inebriety, the eradication is generally this, however, caution must be observed, as certain with the working classes, &c. He concluded by ex- country, as if they had. I know the use that has been Sold in Boxes at 1s. 3d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and veniently consult Messrs. W. and Co. personally, individuals, without honour or honesty, are offering completed in a few days. they may obtain the Purifying Drops, price 4s. 6d., at any of the following Ageuts, with Printed Direc-tions, so plain that Patients of either Sex may Cure themselves, without even the knowledge of a bedhorting the assembly present to agitate for the Repeal made of cry of the physical force, (by the very same men Packets for Exportation, and Sea Captains. All The rash, indiscriminate, and unqualified use of a dangerous substitute, instead of the genuine of the Corn Laws, and he would go with them for the who carried the Reform Bill by threats of physical stamped by Gevernment. medicine. The proprietors cannot, of course, be Mercury, has been productive of infinite mischief Charter. At the conclusion of this expression, there | force the most palpable and most direct,) for the pur-General Agents and Shippers receive large per accountable for any untoward results that may under the notion of its being an antidote for a cerwas a general feeling of disapprobation manifested pose of deterring the people of Ireland from having centage. It being quite impossible I can faithfully in the body of the meeting, and a cry of "No, let us anything to do with the Chartists of Scotland and reply to all correspondents, without a clerk, thereensue to those who have been thus imposed upon, tain disease, the untutored think they have only to but they can point out an effectual means to prevent saturate their system with Mercury, and the busifellow. further imposition. Purchasers may be sure they have the genuine medicine if they find the words PARR'S LIFE their constitutions so broken, and the functions of have the Charter first." The lecturer sat down England. Yes, my dear Sir, and I have lived to see fore, it is expected that all Strangers will send En-Mr. HEATON, 7, Briggate; and scemagly dismayed, when Charles Connor rose, and the day when one of those very men-and no less a closures who wish the best Medicine and Advice Mr. HOBSON, Times' office, Leeds. shewed to the satisfaction of the meeting, with the personage than O'Connell's pacificator-general-should from me, who has given up all out-door practice, Mr. THOMAS BUTLER, 4, Chcapside, London. Mr. HARTLEY, Bookseller, Halifax. PILLS engraved on the Government Stamp, in nature so impaired, as to render the residue of life exception of a few shopocrate and cotton lords, that boast, in open day, of the facility with which a million for this purpose. the arguments of the locturer were all delusion. He of Irish pikes could be manufactured. To be used, I WHITE letters on a RED ground. Observe, also, that miserable. The disorder we have in view owes its JAMES GREER. Mr. DEWHIRST, 37, New Street, Huddersfield. Mr. HARRISON, Bookseller, Market Place, Barnsley Mr. HARRISON, Bookseller, Market Place, Barnsley Mr. HARGROVE'S Library, 9, Coney Street, York. Messrs. Fox and Son, Booksellers, Pontefract. the name of Mr. Edwards, 67, St. Paul's, London, is fatal result either to neglect or ignorance. In the Professor of Hygeianism. No. 1, has White, and No. 2, Green Labels on the made it clear that the object of the League was to suppose, by the moral-force-men par excellence. Out printed as Wholesale Agent on the directions which first stage it is always local, and easy to be extinkeep the working classes in ignorance and distress. upon the disgusting hypocrisy of such swaggering, fire-He sat down, loudy cheered, after which the meet- exting, bravadoes as these. ing gave three cheers for the Oharter, three for F. The people of this country are real genuine moral-O'Connor, and three for Frost, Williams, and Jones. force men; not a single breach of the peace so far a I Seven Hundred Times oftener through the Blood are wrapped round every box. Price 1s. 12d., 2s. 9d., guished by attending to the directions fully pointed out in the Treatise, without the smallest injury to Instances of cures, when every other remedy had the constitution; but when neglected or improperly and lls. each. Mr. HARRISON, Market-placo, Ripon. Mr. LANGDALE, Bookseller, Knaresbro & Harrogato Mr. R. HURST, Corn Market, Wakefield. Mr. DAVIS, Druggist, No. 6, Market Place, Mantreated, a mere local affection will be converted into The Chairman then read a memorial, which he in- | know, has been committed by them since the com- than that of No. 2, and is perhaps the most Exhilarfailed, are received daily. tended submitting to the meeting, praying her Ma- mencement of their agitation for Universal Suffrage, &c. ating Tonic ever discovered ; and the Essence of my GRATIS .- The Life and Times of Old Parr, who an incurable and fatal inalady. What a pity that jesty not to prorogue Parliament until her Ministers Not that they are cowards, for they have been both No. 2 Pills does not, like that of other strong Purlived to be 152 years of age, containing Remarks & young man, the hope of his country and the darling on Disease, Health, and the Means of Prolonging of his parents, should be snatched from all the proschester. had taken into consideration the distress of the work- flattered and bullied to deter them from the pursuit of gatives, carry the food out of the Bowels, before the ing classes, and to extend the franchise universally : their object, but altogether without effect. The Chartists lacteals take up its nourishment into the Blood ; Ir. JOHNSON, Bookseller, Beverley. Mr. NOBLE, Bookseller, Boston, Lincolnshire. Life, 32 pages with Engravings, Anecdotes, Poetry, pects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of after which it was moved, seconded and carried ; occupy the whole field of public opinion in this country, but it affords, (and allays the most acute inflamma-&c., may be had gratis of all agents. one unguarded moment, and by a disease which is Mr. NOBLE, Bookseller, Market-place, Hull. and after giving three cheers for the Chairman the and they are entitled to it, for they ask nothing that is tory pain also) full time for the Patient to be not, in its own nature, fatal, and which never proves Wholesale Agents-Mr. Edwards, St. Paul's so if properly treated. Mr. H. HURTON, Louth, Lincolnshire. meeting quietly separated, highly delighted that they not just, and they use no means for the obtainment of nourished by his food-so that eating well and had an opportunity of Cefeating the Whig League or Plague. It is a melanenoly fact that thousands fall victures in which are the constitutional character. It is a melanenoly fact that thousands fall victures in which are the constitutional character. It is a melanenoly fact that thousands fall victures in which are the constitutional character. Church-yard, London; J. HOBSON, Star Office, Mar-Iris Office, Sheffield. Chronicle Office, Lord Street, Liverpool. And at the Advertiser Office, Lowgate, Hull.

committee to manage the affairs of the district." and called for a glass of ale, and something to eat; Proposed by Mr. J. Anderson; seconded by Mr. S. the landlord supplied him with it, and during the Fox. 4th. "That J. Hollenshead, J. Anderson, and time the stranger was partaking of it, the dog be-J. Man, be deputed to attend the public meeting longing to the house went under the table, and the J. Man, be deputed to attend the public moeting longing to the house went under the table, and the which is to held at Hartlepool, on blonday, the 3rd landlord observed the man drop something down of October, and that Middlesbro' and Stockton bear and the dog partook of it. The man, as soon as he these expences." Moved by Mr. F. Andrew; see had taken his refreshment, bid "good night" and he horse-dealer, October 11, November 5, at ten o'clock, Solution of the second day is th conded by Mr. James Boardman. After some de-set off. He had not been gone very long before the sultory conversation and a vote of thanks to the dog showed symptoms of great illness, and in less Mesars. Makinson and Sanders, Middle Temple. suitory conversation and a vote of thanks to the dog snowed symptoms of great finness, and in loss Mesars. Makinson and Sanders, Middle Temple. chairman, the meeting broke up, highly gratified than an hour expired. The landlord on seeing that with the proceedings of the day. It is expected that his dog was dead suspected that his house was going Stokesley, Yarm, Darlington, and all the neighbour-to be broken into and accordingly prepared for an rooms, Manchester. Solicitors, Mesars. Milne, Parry, ing villages will send their delegates to the meeting, encounter. He loaded his gun and seated himself

> place, and could distinctly see three men at his back-window, and one of them with a lighted candle Mr. Munns, Fenchurch-buildings. in his hand, but as soon as they saw him and his formidable weapon, they made their escape.

CARLISLE .- At a meeting of the Council of the that the lecture was well attended, and most Carlisle Radical Association, a vote of thanks was Burfoot, Temple. attentively listened to, and the cause most prosper- given to John Fielden, Esq., M.P., for Oldham, Dr. PAR ously proceeds in this district. At the conclusion of Bowring, and the other members, who supported the lecture, reference was made to the newspapers, them in the House of Commons, for no more supand to a bill extensively posted round the neighbour- plies to be granted, until full enquiry be made into

CHELSEA.-Mr. Ridley lectured to the Chartists here on Monday evening, at the United Coffee Kirck and J. B. Falkner, Liverpool, paint-manufac-

NOMINATIONS FOR THE GENERAL COUNCIL.

COLNE.

Mr. Hartley Stansfield, Crows House. Mr. Abraham Schofield, Colne. Mr. Wm. Greenwood, Colne. Mr. Thos. Ridehalgh, Linches. Mr. Thos. Baldwin, News Agent, Colne. Mr. Josh. Brown, Colne. Mr. Benjamin-Foulds, Colne Lane. Jos. Holgate, Colne. Mr. Wm. Smith, Colne. Mr. Rebert Tomlinson, sub-Treasurer. Mr. James Morney, sub-Secretary.

WARLEY.

Mr. Moses Robinson. Mr. Jeseph Naylor. Mr. John Teal. Mr. George Bentley. Mr. William Neil. Mr. David Culpon, sub-Treasurer. Mr. William Culpon, sub-Secretary.

DEPTFORD.

Mr. Hogan. Mr. Jenner. Mr. Heywood. Mr. Adams. Mr. Burton. Mr. Morgan, re-elected sub-Treasurer. Mr. T. Wilshire, sub-Secretary, pro. temp.

TO MR. PATRICK O'HIGGINS.

MY DEAR SIE,-Although a total stranger to you, LOUGHBOROUGH .- On Sunday evening, the I scarcely deem it necessary to make a formal apology Council agreed to call a delegate meeting for October for thus addressing you. My object in writing to you Council agreed to call a delegate meeting for October for thus autressing you. By object in whiting to you the 10th, at five o'clock prelisely, at the Charter is to thank yon, which I do with most heartfelt sin-Hall, when the following places are requested to send delegates, viz. Mountsorrel, Hathern, Long your warm-hearted, generous, but too-couffding country-Whatton, Normabion, Sutton Witwick, Belton, your warm-hearted, generous, but too-couffding country-Whatton, Normabion, Sutton Witwick, Belton, your warm-hearted, generous, but too-couffding country-the result has been so very good, that, approving, as Doubled Fast Leabe and such other places in men. Many a time. Sir, while prosecuting the cause of the τ cinity as are favourable to the Charter. On our country's freedom, have I been forced to exclaim in Monuay, the members of the Association met, and, bitterness of spirit, will the people of Ireland never be after transacting other business, separated. A com- able to see the delusion which is being practised upon mittee was appointed to arrange for the coming visit them. My joy is indeed great at the appearance of the of the brave O'Connor ; they are to meet weekly, day star of their political salvation beginning to dawn and they solicit the co-operation of their fellow upon them. Although, Sir, I have not forgotten the disgraceful treatment of Mr. Lowery when sent on a friendly mission as the representative of the people of COLNE.-The Colne Radicals have incorporated England and Scotland, to greet the people of Ireland legal, peaceful, and constitutioual means. Neither,

HEYWOOD .- Mr. Charles Connor visited this made by the chief of the moral-force men of Ireland, PERRY'S PURIFYING SPECIFIC PILLS, nate enough to obtain a perfect cure. The following

Thomas Iredale Woodin, New-cut, Lambeth, victualler, October 1, at half-past two o'clock, November 5, at twelve, at the Bankrupts' Court. Solicitor,

at the Commissioners'-rooms, Manchester. Solicitors.

James Huime, Manchester, B. String Sent to me (as under), and the servant, "I am, your obedient servant, "E. Hollier." sent to me (as under), and which you can make he saw a light struck up; he then proceeded to the facturer, Oct 15, Nov. 5, at one o'clock, at the Bankrupt

Commission-room, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. Solicitor,

H. Lee and Co., Sheffield, table-kuife-manufacturers. September, 1841. Middleton, Newton, and Middleton, Sheffield, merchants; as far as regards W. Middleton. G. Wood and J. C. Wales, Manchester, warehousemen. Ibbottimonial from Mr. John Jolliffe, Lancer Tavern, Old son and Curtis, Sheffield, joiners'-tool-makers. M. W. Haymarket, Liverpool:turers. Hall and Gardner, Manchester, drysalters. "Gentlemen,-1 beg to tender my warmest thanks for the great benefit I have derived from your

From the Gazette of Tuesday, Sept. 28.

BANKRUPTS.

James Little, banker, Manchester, Oct. 11, and Nov. 9, at eleven, at the Commissioners'-rooms, Manchester. Johnson, Son, and Weatherall, Temple, London; Hitchcock, Manchester.

Benjamin Rushforth Broadbent, flannel-manufacturer, Rochdale, Lancashire, Oct. 11, and Nov. 9, at eleven, at the Commissioners'-rooms, Manchester. Willis, Bower, and Willis, Tokenhouse-yard, Lothbury, London; Alsop, Manchester.

John Richan, Thomas Richan, and James Blake, braziers, Sunderland, Oct. 22, at one, and Nov. 9, at eleven, at the Thompson Arms Inn, Sunderland. To the memory of OLD PARR, written on the dis-James Parkinson, cotton-spinner, Moorgate Fold,

Lancashire, Oct. 19, and Nov. 9, at one, at the Townhall, Preston. Ainsworth and Son, or Swift, Black. burn; or Bower and Back, Chancery-lane, London.

IMPORTANT.

TO Open the Eyes of the Deluded World, I ask L will any Medical Gentleman, from any quarter, contrast the honesty and success of his Practice, as Surgeon, Physician, and Accoucheur, with that of mine, during the last Twenty-eight Years? Surely this is the right way to test merit, medicine, and men.

Thank Providence that all honest Lawyers and Doctors, and Clergy, are no longer my Persecutors, and their own enemies, but, like other honest men, as their grateful letters to me, to publish their Cures, amply testify-are acknowledging the necessity of Universal Suffrage in Medicine, as in Politics, in order to establish the Health of Mankind.

FIRST LETTER.

attended by the happiest results.

I am, Sir, Your obedient Servant, JAMES THOMPSON Surgeon, Busby.

Important Work by the same Author. Now on Sale, price Threepence, Sixth Edition.

AN ADDRESS on the Necessity of an Extension of Moral and Political Instruction among the Working Classes. By the late Rowland Detrosier. With a memoir of the Author.

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"This high-minded woman has created an influence inquiries, either made personally, or by letter (post-baid), addressed as above.

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cautious into whose hands they commit themselves. in the National Charter Association. The next latter will be from an honest writer. plaints, Sick Head-ache, Coughs, Colds, and Dis-eases of the Stomach and Digestive Organs, &c. Friend, to be consulted without exposure, and with with the right hand of fellowship, and to request their The propriety of this remark is abundantly mani-CAUTION,-Since I conscientiously resigned, seven BARNOLDSWICK .- Mr. Marsden lectured here co-operation for equal rights and privileges by every fested, by the same party frequently passing the years ago, my lucrative situation, as Professor to the "From these Facts, more than from any mode of assured confidence of success. with very good effect on Thursday. ordeal of several practitioners, before he is fortu-Sir, am I ignorant of the impudent offer, that was British College of Health, London-(see Morison- advertising, the sale of the Pills is daily increasing;

From this auspicious hour shall evil cease, Mourning to joy shall turn,-discord to peace. Thy benign remedy to man gives power To lengthen out on earth his "little hour," Disease to conquer, anguish drive away, And sickly sorrow change to joyous day; Despair to banish from the dying man A God-like gift! O do not lightly scan A boon so great, nor wisdom's purpose mar:

by Parr's Life Pills; gratitude induced her to cause their insertion in the "Nottingham Review," and

I now do, of the Hygeian principles of Medicine, to the virtues of Parr's Pills in the cure of inveterate

cases are so numerous. One person was cured of a bad leg of fifteen years' duration; another of Rheubad leg of fifteen years' duration; another of Rheumatism of ten years' standing; others of Asthma, &c. &c. These are among the Cures; and numerous are the cases of Relief in Bilious and Liver Com-

The above lines were written by a Lady near Not-servations on the baneful effects of Gonerrhea, tingham, who had been cured of a grievous malady by Parr's Life Pills: gratitude induced her to cause

God gave the power-his instrument was PARR.

Medicine, for conquering disease, and prolonging human life. O, venerable Parr, lo, trumpet fame Again calls forth thy long-forgotten name; Mortal of many years ! how blest the plan Thy mighty secret does reveal to man.

"To the Proprietors of Parr's Life Pills.

pains in the chest; and, although I have been under

I am, Gentlemen, yours respectfully, "JOHN JOLLIFFE.

SONNET.

covery of his last Will and Testament, in which is

contained the method of preparing his infallible

"August 26, 1841."

390etry.

A GLEE FOR THE MILLIONS.

TUNE-" Scots Wha hae"

Britons now by Feargus stand, Spread his tidings o'er the land, Foremost of the patriot band, O'Connor, liberty!

Welcome, Feargus, to our shore, British hearts will thee adore ; British hearts can thee secure, For we shall be free !

Champion of the noble few, Ever straight and onward true, He will tyrants' power subdue, Death or victory !

For his country's rights he'll brave, Dangers dread, his kin to save ; From corruption's putrid grave, Who would from him fly.

Britons, onward at the call, Sound the trump of truth to all; By cur strength we stand or fall, Who would turn away ?

Bally round the Charter cause, Ye who tyrant's burden draws, Ye who value Briton's laws, Now for victory !

TO FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESQ.

Dear Feargus, these are awin' times, When folk mun going wi' empty wymes, Or emigrate to distant climes In searc o' wark: Or desp'rate, rush to dismal crimes, In actions dark

And yet there's plenty in the lan' To keep trae want baith beast an' man, If government would build their plan, Or equal rights; God grant they would, for weel they can Ease a' our plights.

But na! ye starvin', workin' men, Ye need na' seek relieve frae them, But a' unite, and a' condemn Unequal laws;

Let a' our actions be the same In freedom's cause.

Then let us trust in ane anither, An' put our shouthers a' the gither, An' soon oppression's tree will wither, An' tumble down; An' then we'll dance wi' son an' brither On slavery's crown.

Dear Feargus, now that you are free, I hope you will at once agree To come to Aberdeen, an' see Your Chartist friends; Perhaps your health may better be 'Mong Northern scenes. At ony rate, let nathing fear ye; Na Whig or Tory now can steer Je;

As lang's your frien's are standin' near ye, Keep up your heart; And when you come, we'll gladly hear ye, An' tak' a part.

Ye 've are been watchfu,' aye, observant ; Exposin' men sae weel deservin''t; Sae heaven preserve ye firm an' fervant, In freedom's fight;

While I remain your humble servant, David Wright

Aberdeen, Sept. 18th, 1841.

James Jarvis examined -I reside at No. 30, Fen- most cool and premeditated. The unfortunate part of the church-street. I am a porter. I was in the parlour of case was that the murderer had effected his escape, the King's Head on Tuesday night last. The parlour is which happened from the circumstance of there being resort in the City, on the subject of the easy escape of cold potato, when relief being refused him, he put up exception a little beyond the further extremity of the bar, at the no one available in or near the house to run after him the murderer, and very many persons attribute that his hands apparently in a state of desperation, ran Acland. R. and certainly the series s' little beyond the further extremity of the bar, at the no one avanuate in of next the nouse to the negligence of the premises. Shortly after ten o'clock, I, or secure him at the moment of the commission of the circumstance to the negligence of the City Police; in out of the house, and took refuge under the hedge. intended to n. is a discussion; and certainly the series consequence of this opinion, a lengthened conversation Upon further inquiry being made, it was found that of very bad jok. in his speech, was not in harmony took place between the Coroner, the Jury, and Mr. D. The public were liable to such occurrences, which were the sufferinge of th ceeding from the bar, and likewise struggling. I ran deeply to be regretted. It was for the jury, therefore, which was not langley, for upon the police inquiring of the landlord tuents which was not cut, and saw Mr. Burdon in the act of falling. I pre- to say if the man, Robert Blakesley, had not been reported in the newspapers. If the following state- of that inn, he told them that a respectable-looking Peel) admitted the them.

the street door. Heard Mrs. Blakesley exclaim, "It was

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

the doors closed. I was the first person who ran out of | It is stated that one of the brothers of Blakesley the parlour. I did not pursue Blakesley, as I had no was in the inquest room during the whole of the proidea that a murder had been committed, or what was ceedings.

the matter. I did not know Blakesley. Daniel O'Connell examined-I am foreman to Mr. Nicholls, tea-dealer, of No. 8, Fenchurch-street. I heard the screaming on the night of Tuesday last in the

J. P.

was cleared. John Haynes examined.—I was also in the parlour wrote to Mr. Bradley, high constable of Orford, near presence of mind of his sister-in law, the wife of the Saturday, uving upon charity. About two o'clock on over without bringing Parlament together to consider to consider to consider to consider to consider the without bringing Parlament together to consider the secured. followed the witness Jarvis, and caught a glimpse of, I respecting Blakesley, and to request that if he was in church-street, the ordinary medical attendant of the door. Secure 1 the door. Secure 2 the noichbourhood the might be secured. him as fast as I could in the direction of Gracechurch- man, states, in addition to the evidence given before befo street, when I was joined by another young man; and the Coroner, that her nuscand and placed of his Mr. Burdon's. Thinking that it was not a matter of that he had no home Mr. WALKER considered that the property of the that he was in great distress, and that he did not country was wasting away, from the absence of profit,

George Hallows examined-I am a hair-dresser, and and declined, as he believed it would do no good. This bar, and immediately perceived that to was dead, and conversation about his wife. He said he was going to reluctantly agreed, and her sister refurned, and they the severo injury inflicted upon herself, until Mr. tow at once recognised Blakesley, he having known said that he considered that the Savings Banks' returns be had been to the King's Head that morning to de- the door, before he entered some time. watching that blood that had flowed from her person, and in Hitchin, leaving Blakesley in the custody of inspector mand his wife; that he received the solvice, I think, of the place was clear, as she observed the door open and stantly directed that she should be conveyed to Halbin, of the Hertfordshire police, who refused to had a right to demand his wife He said when he de- the bar, she was convinced he intended some mischief. for a time any further hemorrhage. She was placed the Force. manded his wife, Mr. Burdon ordered him out of the His looks were flerce and determined, and he appeared upon a bed, and her clothes having been cut off, it was house, saying, if he did not go, he would turn him out so wild. She states that the description of his dress found that she had an incised wound penetrating the of the Hertfordshire police, and conducted before He then said, "If I had had a gun in my hand at the and person which has already gone forth is somewhat peritoneum, but not into the abdomen, on the right the Lord Mayor. time, I would have shot him," adding, "But I'll serve incorrect. She stated that at the time of the murder he side, through the thin portion of the stays which cohim cut yet, I will de for him, and get a search warrant possessed no other clothes than those he wore, except. vered the hip, and opposite to the nether region of the for my property." He then took a letter from his ing a buff waistcoat. They consisted of a dark invisible liver. Being perfectly insensible, restoratives were adpocket, which he said he had received from his wife on green Newmarket coat, with black buttons, light ministered to reproduce pulsation, and when they had Monday, and read it to me, appointing to meet him at drab trowsers with open buttons, and three buttons at taken effect the wound was dressed. She continued the same place that night as she had done on Sunday the bottom on cach side, a black sitin waistcoat and afterwards in a comparative state of delirium, and Mr. night. I asked him at what place that was, and he orange sprige, a light blue handkerchief, Wellington Euglish remained watening her progress during the said at the end of Eastcheap. He said Mr. Burdon dis- boots, and silk hat. He has a quick gait in walking, whole of the night. At intervals she broke out into liked him because he was unfortunate in business at and generally keeps his eyes fixed towards the ground. incoherent expressions, mentioning her brother-in-laws Sevencaks, where he had lived for about three months. He has black hair and whiskers, and all his shirts and name, and frequently her husband's, supposing he was He said he had some boxes left at a booking-office at stockings are marked "Robert Blakesley," in black by her bedside. It was not at all expected that she Sevenoaks, and he told the booking-office-keeper to ink. give them up to no one but himself, but Mr. Bur. Mr. D. W. Harvey, the city police commissioner, on he continued, on account of the unusual circumstances don had been down to Sevencaks and got them away. Friday waited upon Sir James Graham, Secretary of of the case, to watch her without intermission until

Coroner-Did he appear at all excited whilst telling State for the Home Department, recommending that a yesterday evening, when, seeing that she had slept you this story ? Witness-No, he appeared quite cool at the time, but of the murderer, or for information that might lead to mentally and physically having subsided, he examined

remarked that a man being refused his wife, was it; and a reward of £20 to any waterman who might the wound, and judged from its appearance that it was enough to drive any one mad.

unnoticed.

dressing-knife.

THE NORTHERN STAR.

bitants of the ward, and in the various places of public | would receive with the greatest thankfulness even a | ment ha out, and saw Mr. Burdon in the act of falling. I pre-vented his head hitting the ground by catching him as guilty of the crime of wilful murder, and absconding be meet falling. The description they gave, had been portance that they a guilty of the crime of wilful murder, and absconding should have escaped immediate detection. It was at his house on Friday ; that he appeared in a very character is indeed and that he was from the hands of justice. he was falling. The deceased exclaimed that no was iron the hands of justice. stabled, and asked me to fetch a doctor. I saw a The jury at once returned a verdict of "Wilful boldly asserted that four police constables were on duty distressed and low condition, and that out of charity Chamber of Commerce a bad formerly attributed the within a very short distance of the King's Head on he gave him a penny. Upon further inquiry being distress to the misconduct of ioint-stock backs, which The jury at once returned a vertice of the final out of the sector that is out of points constitutes were on dusy Murder" against Robert Blakesley. A juror suggested the propriety of the city authorities offering a reward for the apprehension of the murderer, and the jury acquiescing in it. is the unit, the vinish is my historic. Some others, who were in the parlour, ran out after Blakesley and another for a surgeon arrived in a few minutes, and the police soon after. The house was then crowded with people, but they were soon cleared, and the jury acquiescing in it. Mr. D. W. Harvey, the City Police Commissioner, istence of distress, ke (Sir Robert Peel) did not despair the days cleared and the jury between the sould be mest happy in laying the inght, and that he was in Pudding-lane when the cry night, and that he was in Pudding-lane when the cry 2d. out of charity, which, it appeared, he afterwards of murder was raised in the streets. The Jury ex- spent at the Three Horse Shoes, for a pint of beer. pressed themselves much dissatisfied at the long beats While he was at the Horse Shoes, he asked some which many of the constables had to go over, and the drover that was there to purchase the razor-strop, jocularly, the increase was a proof of the confidence of want of a sufficient number during the sittings of the cffering it for a penny. It appeared he did not give FURTHER PARTICULARS. (From the Sun of Monday. Ever since the issuing of the Coroner's warrant for heard the screaming on the night of Tuesday isst in the Ever since the issuing of the Coroner s warrant for bar of Mr. Burdon's house. I was in the parlour of the the apprehension of the murderer, Robert Blakesley, the King's Head at the time. I did not run out, as Jarvis police have been unremitting in their search for him, there is no doubt however in and had severe in a deliberate investige in a deliberate investige. King's Head at the time. I did not run out, as Jarvis police have been unremitting in their search for time, did, at first, as I thought it was only some family affair, and many houses, known to have been the occasional Hearing it again, I ran out, and saw Mr. Burdon resort of the assassin, have been visited, but without the data of the representations of the Jury, the fears He was afterwards traced to the Mcor Hens, on the Joudon side of Hitchin where he also solid for time. falling. I did not see any one geing out of the door, success. On Friday morning information was received excited by the recent murder, and the paucity of the London side of Hitchin, where he also solicited for time. but I ran for Mr. Croft, the surgeon, of Gracechurch- that two bodies had been picked up off Greenwich, and police in certain districts, that they will be speedily charity. On Friday he was at the Rose and Crown, Mr. M. RK PHILLIPS rese to declare his belief that

street, who attended immediately. The police had not Mr. Burdon, brother of the deceased, immediately pro- augmented, and their beats curtailed. arrived on my return after I had been for the surgeon, ceeded there to view them, in order to identify Blakes-

before the public. Mr. English, of 190. 44, difference on stabulary force, as no was passing church-street, the ordinary medical attendant of the beard of through Hitchin-market, thought he heard a person that an Transference and upon going large knife on the floor, covered with blood, I pursued Mrs. Eliza Burdon, the widew of the man states, and upon going him as fast as I could in the direction of Gracechurch- man, states, in addition to the evidence given before as he was about to take temporary reprise from his to the place whence the sounds proceeded, he disco-

street. I returned to the house in Eastcheap, and found money and cutlery for killing, &c., and it was nis inten- a low induces seven or equal persons arrived, announce Hitchin station-house as a vagrant. When there, he a large crowd round the door. I then heard Mr. Burdon to accede to the request; but happening to go ing the dreadful occurrence. He hastened to the King's asked the officers present if they had seen the London down to Sevenceks, he discovered how things were, Head, and saw Mr. Burdon lying on his back inside the papers with the account of Mr. Burdon's murder in

derer, Robert Blakesley. I should know him again were ley he should be glad to see him at any time, but he body's attention had been directed to the unfortunate Hitchin, and from information they received pro-I to see him. He same to be shaved, and entered into could not allow him to sleep in the house. Brakesley wife of the murderer, who scemed to be unconscious of ceeded immediately to the station-house, where Bris-

King's Head, and asked me if I knew him, and on my before the inurder, when words took place between be absorbed in endeavours to provide for the safety of seeing Bristow, Blakesley inquired how his wife existing distress would pass over, and that, in fact, dis-King's flead, and based my if I Addy fill, and on my being the method him is which the method him him. her brother in-law. She assisted in untying his cravat, in law, his wife there, and fixewise some property which be. That was the sole cause of their quarter, and branch of the bet with the ought to be treated. Mr. English then dis. he had acknowledged the murder. Inspector Hodlonged to him, and which had been living together. He said house. She is positive Blakesley was on the outside of envered that she was standing in a pool of son and Bristow arrived in town this morning from great question.

a police-constable named Bradshaw, who, when on shut several times be'ore he came in. The moment she her bed-room. In doing so, upon the stairs, she deliver him up until he had received orders to that the decision of a previous evening. But events were duty that morning in Leadenhall-market, told him he caught a sight of Blakesley's face, on seeing him enter fainted, and the syncope prevented fortunately effect from Captain Robinson, the Superintendent of taking place in the courty which justified the course The prisoner was taken on Monday in custody

A great crowd of persons assembled around the placed at the bar, that he was allowed a seat, and and Belton should form a part. his countenance (which was only now and then seen ingly pale and depicted great wretchedness ; when he spoke, he did so in a clear and firm tone. would survive the injuries inflicted by the wound, but

Robert Dean, of the Hitchen Police, said-Between eleven and twelve o'clock on Saturday night, the 25th instant, I was on duty in the market place, Hitchen, and I saw the prisoner, Robert Blakesley, distress. loitering about there. I had received instructions noticing the arrival of any stranger. After watching him some time I went up and spoke to him. He House.

Considerable discussion has arisen amongst the inhs- saying that he was almost starving, and that he ceptan to of office, nearly thirty members of the govern-A been returned without opposition, with the of the very formidable opposition of Mr. to be expected. He (Sir Robert xisting distress; but it was of imthe lavish accommodation of joint-stock banks, which united kingdom, during June and Augus t of the present, year, as a proof of his assertion. Per.haps ha said the country in the change of administration. The in-

3

at Hitchin, where he asked for a London paper, unless ...omething was done to relieve the existing distres, and to open up channels for the industry of the but they arrived in a minute or two after, and the place ley, should he be one of them; but he was not. Soon relates to the almost instantaneous death of Mr. and afterwards to frop it suddenly on the floor. It Cuntry, its peace and order were in danger. He imafter the commission of the murder, Inspector Brake Burdon, and to the magnanimity and extraordinary was supposed and he was in Hitchin all day or plored Sir Robert Peci not to allow the winter to pass

believe, the murderer going out of the door. Seeing a the neighbourhood he might be secured. large knife on the floor, covered with blood, I pursued Mrs. Eliza Burdon, the widew of the murdered family, stated to the reporter, that on Tuesdy night, moaning, and apparently in distress, and upon going vided that no uncertainty was allowed to exasperate the country.

we kept him in sight as far as Clement's-lane, when the most friendly terms, until ne was apprised of the source of that he was in great distress, and that he did not country was wasting away, from the absence of profit, we lost him up some of the courts in Graccehurch- conduct at Sevenoaks. Blakesley wrote to him for a few minutes seven or eight bergons article to do. Upon this he was taken to the bad debts, and depreciation of fixed capital. He did not we lost him up some of the courts in Graccehurch- conduct at Sevenoaks. Biakesicy wrots to him to have been or eight persons arrived, announce to the house in Eastcheap, and found money and cutlery for killing, &c., and it was his inten- a few minutes seven or eight persons arrived, announce Hitchin station-house as a vagrant. When there, he know what measures would be brought forward by the present Government, but he hoped Sir Robert Peel would do justice to his good feelings by bringing for-

get out a warrant against Burdon, the landlord of the were very comfortable until within three or four days English discovered it. Her whole faculties seemed to him for a number of years. Immediately on his were produced by Sir Robert Peel as a proof that the before the prorogation of Parliament to discuss this

> Mr. COBDEN said that Sir Robert Peel had expressed they were pursuing.

Captain CARNEGIE deprecated the course which the opposition was pursuing, as tending to no practical result. He had great confidence in the talents and cha-

racter of Sir R. Peel, and he hoped that he would be able Mansion-house ; and, besides the Lord Mayor, there to provide a remedy for the existing commercial distress. were also present, Aldermen Marshall, Gibbs, Car- But if he failed, he (Capt. Carnegie) would still consider roll, Kelly, Humphery, and Pirie. Mr. Harvey, the it to be his duty to legislate for the greatest good of the Commissioner of Police, was likewise in attendance. greatest number, and would offer no factious opposition The prisoner betrayed such weakness on being to a ministry, of which even the members for Stockport

Mr. THORNELY and Mr. BROTHERTON contended from his hanging his head down), appeared exceed- that the "sliding scale" was a prime cause of the distress, the latter stating that though the contraction of the currency produced distress, the cause of that contraction was the Corn Laws.

> Mr. AGLIONBY added his testimony, from local observation, to the extent and severity of the existing

Captain FITZROY commented on some of the statefrom my Superintendent to be very particular in ments made of Mr. Cobden. He also contended that the opposition was uselessly wasting the time of the The House then went into a committee of supply, and on the motion of Captain BOLDERO, the supplementary ordnanco estimates were voted, after some remarks. Sir Charles NAPIER pressed on Sir Robert Peel the propriety of having a naval officer on the Board of Ordnance; and considerable amusement was created by the

STANZAS.

1.

A parson call'd on me the other day, And hinted that I stood in my own light, By being a reformer, which would lay My rising hopes low in the dust, and blight My prospects; and by writing for that ray Of truth, the Northern Star, the poor man's might, I should be lef: without a friend till hoary ; For help, he said, was only from the Tory.

I 've hitherto been taught virtue's friends Are only of that stamp that's worth the keeping, Who, for a selfish purpose, vilely bends To swerve from truth in any track, is reaping The wages of iniquity, and vends His conscience for the paltry price of sleeping On downy beds, and in preferment's chamber Where meagre difficulty fails to clamiter.

II.

III. If my sole road to notice should be this, To flatter vice and act the hypocrite, I'll gladly sing unheard, and thereby miss The most opprobious chains that bind the wight. Africa's slaves in thought are fetterless, But this blacks'up would ahu: my eyes from light; Or if I maw some scenes of dire distress, Would have me wink at human wretchedness.

IV.

There is more pleasure in the paths of truth Than in the zig-zig road of deviation; For who would be divested of all truth, For worthless empire of a short duration ? Even such a suitor is at least uncouth, Who seeks alone for vicious exultation ; He'll swim at most but for a few short years, To sit beneath his abject doubts and fears.

Y.

I'd rather muse unknown, and sing unpaid, Than court the vicious sycophantic lay; May virtue, though in simplest garb array'd, Be mine to sing, throughout life's shorten'd day ; And may both truth and justice lend their aid To brighten up the poor's declining ray. So that the labouring class with joy may own Starvation and her manacles are flown.

VI.

Freedom must dawn, for reason breaks the gloom, The long dark night of ignorance recedes, And as the seeds of falsehood fail to bloom Within the hemisphere of truth, so speeds The fiend oppression to unwelcome doom, When met by knowledge of all-conquering deeds, The poor man's sword and buckler is the light, Reason and truth will put his foes to flight.

JAMES VERNON.

Southmolton, Sept. 21st, 1841.

THE MURDER IN EASTCHEAP.

On Thursday evening, at six o'clock, Mr. Payne, the coroner for the city of London, and a jury of twenty citizens, resident in the ward of Billingsgate, assembled in the coffee-room of the Blue Anchor Tavern, St. Mary-at-Hill, to investigate the circumstances connected with the death of Mr. James Burdon, the landbrutally murdered by a man named Robert Blakesley, cz the night of Tuesday last, some particulars relative to which appeared in the Star of Inst week.

Mr. Harvey, the City Police Commissioner, Sir J. Duke, Mr. Alderman Wilson, and several other of the civic authorities, were present.

Mrs. Eliza Burdon, the widow of the murdered man, Was first examined. She said-The sign of the house wound was an incised one, and about an inch and in which I reside is the King's-head, in Eastcheap. a half in length. Another medical gentleman by this | leaving Sevenonks, resided in Eastcheap. The original The age of the deceased, who was my husband, was time had arrived, and he assisted me in endeavouring is in the murderer's own handwriting :--25. On Tuesday evening I was sitting in the bar, at to return the bowels, but they could not be returned, the corner nearest the window. My husband was they were so swollen. We did not probe the wound, sitting in a chair at the back part of the bar. He was but I have no doubt but it extended into the cavity of Tan round the bar, and making a spring at his wife, Diunged it into my husband's left side. He then made policeman at the door cleaning the mob out. E plunge at me, but I jum ped on one side and avoided band just reached the bar door when he feil. Blakes. nesses. ley looked bock as though he means to return. He got as far as the street door and avain locked back, and then, I think, threw the knife down and ron away. I

find the body. This proposition, it is believed, was at going on favourably. Mr. English is now of opinion, Edward Briscow, Cay Police-constable 569, examined once readily acceded to.

-I knew the man Robert Blakesley. On the morning Mrs. Sarah Blakesley, the wife of the murderer, is under careful treatment, ultimately recover. His of Tuesday last, I net him in Gracechurch-street, and doing weil. A favourable change took place on Thurs-be told me his wife was detained from him against his day night, and strong hopes are now entertained of her and her will. He had met her on Sunday night, and he ultimate recovery. On Friday Mr. Burdon's brother will do her will do not detained from him against his day night, and he ultimate recovery. On Friday Mr. Burdon's brother will do not detained form him against his day night, and he ultimate recovery. On Friday Mr. Burdon's brother will do her will do not detained form him against he ultimate recovery. On Friday Mr. Burdon's brother will do her will do not detained to her when the cond met do her will do not detained to her when the cond met do her will do her wi wished to know if he could not demand her. I, at his visited her, and on asking "How she was?" the poor plexion, slightly inclined to obesity, but had never had solicitation, went with him to the King's Head, in creature, who is still in a very weak state, exclatimed any severe illness. Mr. English states that she is now Eastcheap. We saw Mr. Burdon, and Blakesiey said, "Oh God, I have been the cause of my brother's in the 25th year of her age. "Now James, I have come to demand my wife." Mr. murder." After a short time she became calm, and A post moriem examination was on Saturday made on Burdon replied, " I think you had better go about your entered into an explanation of the horrorible scene of the body of Mr. Burdon, for even amongst the medical

reward of £100 should be offered for the apprehension soundly for about an hour, and symptoms of irritation

business." Mr. Burdon then walked into the parlour, Tuesday night, which entirely corresponded with that profession it was rather a phenomenon that the wound and Biakesley said, "Do you mean to let me have my given by her sister. She expressed a surprise that should have caused almost instantaneous death. Dissec-wife. If she is not here, you know where she is." I Blakesley should have made an attempt on her life, as tion accounted for the hesitating opinion on the part of told Mr. Burdon, Biakesley had asked me to come as a she was on the most affectionate terms with him, and the surgeons. It was found that the norta was divided, witness, and he replied that he knew nothing about it. on their last parting on Sunday night he appeared quite preventing, of course, the circulation of the blood He and Blakesiey then went out, and Blakesley said, happy and cheerful. She said they never had the through the arteries and voins, and causing the flow of being separated from his wife made him very uncomfort- slightest quarrel, and she believed that he doated upon blood not to pass through the orifice, but to fall into the able. Blakesley then left him, and said he would meet her. They, however, differed upon the point of her cavity of the abdomen, and thereby produced in consehim at the Mansion Heuse to get out a warrant ; but he leaving her brother's house, she wishing to stay till he quence sudden death. The knife having been pointed did not do so. I did not hear of the murder until got into employment, She frequently makes inquiry upwards by a blow from the left hand, passed through eleven o'clock on Tnesday night. I then gave a if he has been apprehended, and appears exceedingly the aorta and interior portions of the body, until its previous to the murder, identified the prisoner as description of Blakesley's person to Mr. Blake, the anxious, and at times excited. If her life be saved it egress was stopped by striking against the vertebras or inspector; but he paid no attention to him, and ap- will be owing to the resistance presented to the knife back bone. A rough wound, such as would be caused peared much excited, he supposed, from the occurrence. by her stays, which caused it to glance off and pene- by definitive resistance to a sharp-edged instrument, He ordered me to go to the door, and clear the mob trate the abdomen horiz intally. The funeral of Mr. was found on the back-bone of Mr. Burdon. away. I told him I knew the man well, and I felt very Burdon took place ou Monday.

much surprised and hurt that my informatioe was se The unhappy father of the murderer has been known Mr. Inspector Brake, who holds the Coroner's warrant as a tradesman of great respectability in the city for for the apprehension of Biakesley, that a hat had been James Bradley examined-I am sergeant of the City nearly forty years ; he was a Common Councilman, and found in the river which was supposed to belong to the police, and on the night of Tuesday last was at the his brother is now a representative of one of the wards. | murderer. It appears that at high tide on Saturday Station-house in Tower-street. About three minutes The family of Mr. Blakesley, sen., consisting of two sons morning a waterman named Weare found the hat off the after ten o'clock, a report came that Mr. Burdon, the and two daughters; one of the suns was drowned some floating bath near Blackfriar's Bridge. Having heard of landlord of the King's Head, had been stabbed. I ran time ago, and the other has by his crimes now obtained the murder of Mr. Burdon, he at ence took it to the to the King's Head instantly, and with difficulty a melancholy notoriety. Since the 29th of last April, police station in Black Horse Court, Farringdon-street, obtained an entrance, in consequence of the great Blakesley, the murderer, has obsented himself from his and delivered it into the hands of Mr. Inspector Lloyd. crowd round the door, and in the bar front. On enter- paternal roof. He was brought up under his father's The Inspector sent it forthwith to Mr. Harvey, the Coming, I found the body of Mr. Burdon lying on the floor, eye, in his warehouse, and at the period stated Mr. missioner's office, and the fact of the finding was con-and the surgeon (Mr. Smith) leaning over him. A Blakesley. sen., gave him a sum of money for the pur-veyed to Inspector Brake. The latter Inspector waited female (Mrs. Blakesley) was being conveyed up stairs, pose of paying for a suit of clothes, and since then he upon Mr. Blakesley, sen., in Basinghall-street, and he and I saw spots of blood on them. I picked up a large has seen nothing of him. The murderer married with-tried the hat on, and expressed his belief that it belonged knife out of the fire-place behind the bar. It was out the knowledge of his father, and immediately after. to his son. In the bat is the name of Christie, the covered with blood up to the hilt, and it is the one I wards he and his wife went to Sevenoaks, where he maker, of Gracechurch-street, and the date when it was now produce. I had been there but a few minutes proposed setting up as a butcher, but was unable to purchased, 1st of May, 1841. Mr. Christie states when Mr. Owen, the landlord of the Yorkshire Grey, carry his intentions out in consequence of his credit get- that he so.d above 100 hats on that day, and six of at the corner of Bear-lane, came and said, " The per- ting into disrepute. In order to celebrate his marriage the same size as the one discovered were purchased, son you want," (meaning Blakesley) " is now in my he was obliged to have recourse to Mr. Vale, of Token- and two of the customer's names were not entered in ported by the two officers who stood in the dock house." I ran down there as fast as I could, and house-yard, an acquaintance of his father's, who his books. The hat is a beaver one, and Mr. Blakesley, searched the place all about, but he had gone, and I then lent him the sum of money he required. Since sen., told Inspector Brake that the murderer had a could not find him. I did not know Blakesley, but he then the following letter, in the handwriting of the positive aversion to silk hats. The Inspector next You have heard the statement made by the officers accosted me a little before four o'clack on Tuesday murderer, was addressed to Mr. Vale, and has been went to the King's Head, Eistcheap, and shewed the against you, and the depositions are now preparing, morning, in Leadenha'l market, and told me about his by that gentleman deposited in the hands of the hat to Mr. Burdon's widow and her mother, who, as and will shortly be read over to you. If you have wife being kept at Mr. Burdon's house against her will . police :-He did not appear at all excited whilst telling me so.

" Bradburne Cottage, Sevenoaks, Kent, " Aug. 9, 1841.

I think it was scarcely five minutes after ten before I was in the King's Head. I ran there the moment I "Dear Sir,-I shall feel greatly obliged if you will ceceived information that a man was stabled. John Charles Davis examined.—I am a cutler, and month. I assure you it will be the making of me. If received information that a man was stabbed. very actively engaged in dragging the river for the reside at No. 20, Aldgate High-street. The knife pro- you will oblige me, be assured you shall have it again body of Blakesley. The house of the deceased remains in one month from the present time. In fact, it will duced was purchased at my shop by a man answering closed. save me from something very unpleasant. Pray let me the description of Blakesley, about five minutes past one o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. He said he wanted by return of post if you can, or as much of it as you

a common sort of knife, such as is used by butchers. I can spare. "In haste.-Ever your's truly,

"R. BLAKESLEY.

"James Vale, Esq. Tokenhouse-yard." The request made in the above letter was not granted, relatives. A great crowd of persons followed the fune-

obliged to turn the knife. I showed him a shoe knife, and within a few days Blakesley's goods were seized, ral, but the police in attendance closed the gates of the which he objected to, but asked if it could not be and he returned to London, and for several days both | churchyard against the public. sharpened, as he wanted it. I said yes, and went and himself and his wife found an asylum at Mr. Burdon's, The Hue und Cry of Saturday did not contain ground it at the back myself. I told him it would not the King's Head. The murdered man, seeing that the offer of any reward for Blakeley's apprehension, stand hard work. It is what is called a butcher's Blakesley had no prospect of obtaining employment, in- but yesterday afternoon the following bills were timated to him that he could not remain at the King's generally circulated throughout the metropolis and

Mr. Cornelias Smith examined-I am a surgeon, and Head, and Mrs. Blakesley then went to No. 22, York suburbs:lord of the King's Head, in Eastcheop, who was reside at No. 56, Gracechurch-street. I was called to Place, City Road, and requested the murderer's father "£100 REWARD .- MURDER .- Whereas, on the see Mr. Burdon and his sister a few minutes after ten would allow him to come until he could obtain a situa- night of Tuesday, the 21st of September instant, o'clock on Tuesday night. I went to the King's Head tion, adding that she would be provided for by her James Burdon, landlord of the King's Head publicimmediately, and on my arrival I found a large number | sister and brother-in-law in the meantime. Mr. Blakes- | house, in Eastcheap, in the City of London, was wilof persons round the door. On entering I found the ley, sen., however, refused to receive his son, or even his fully and maliciously stabled so as to cause his deceased lying on the floor, near the bar, with the blood i clothes, which the wife begged him to do to prevent his instant death, and whereas a man named Robert flowing from a wound in the left side of the abdomen, rawning them. This was the only interview that the Bakesley stands charged with the said murder, who is through which the intestines were protruding. The father had with Mrs. Blukesley.

The following letter will shew that Blakesley, after and a half inches in height, apparently about thirty years of age, rather stout, dark hair, large dark whiskers, daik eyes, dark complexion, prominent nose,

" 44, Eastcheap, London, Aug. 28, 1841.

sible green coat (Newmarket cut), black silk waistcoat, "DEAR SIR,-As you asked me to apply to you if with light coloured sprig, and drab kerseymere sitting with a handkerchief over his face, asleep, with the abdomen. It had every appearance of having been you could do me a service, I am now about to solicit you trousers, tightly made, Wellington boots, and silk cre arm resting on the table. My sister, whose name inflicted with a knife with two suges such as that pro- to take a little trouble for me. I calculate that Wood is neckerchief. is Sarah Blakesley, was in the bar taking to me. She duced, and I have no coubt it was done with the in- still in possession of the cottages, and perhaps you will is the wife of my husband's murd-rer. His name is strument before the jary. The blood on the blade shows oblige me by seeing that he picks what plums, damsons, Robert Blakesley. About ten minutes after ten I was that it entered the body of the deceased to the hilt. I beans, and peas there are, and send them to be packed

though he never thought so before, that she will, told me he was almost mad, and that I might take the man who stabbed the landlord and your wife." He answered, "Yes, the landlord and my wife, and I do not mean to say any more." I took him to

the station-house, and he several times ejaculated. "Oh, I think I hear that shrick !- it is her's-I think I see her now." He was searched at the station-house, and the letters produced were found upon him.-(Letters from his wife and mother were handed in.) He had several trifling articles about same day. him, but no money. He said at the station-house, "I did not mean to kill Mr. Burdon, but he got

between us. I intended to kill my wife, and then myself." William Rattan, City police-constable 542, who

saw the prisoner in Leadenhall-market on the night being Robert Blakesley. His evidence was nearly the same as he gave before the Coroner at the inquest upon Mr. Burdon's body.

The Lord Mayor then questioned the prisoner as follows : -- Prisoner, what is your name ? On Saturday afternoon, the reporter ascertained from

Answer-(with much firmness,) Robert Blakesley. What is your age ? Twenty-seven. What is your profession ? I was brought up as

clerk in the counting-house of my father, who is in the cloth trade. Where did you reside ? In Basinghall-street,

Had you any other residence ? No, my Lord.

Edward Bristow, city police-constable, said havo known the prisoner three or four weeks, and no individual was singled out by the prisoner, as the I know him to be the person who went by the statute required ; and, thirdly, that prisoner had name of Robert Blakesley. I am acquainted with no intention to do grievous bodily harm to any one: his person.

In answer to the Lord Mayor, the witnesses said they had been bound over by the Coroner to appear at the Old Bailey.

The Lord Mayor asked if the prisoner was sufficiently recovered to stand up ? Blakesloy here rose, but was obliged to be sup-

The Lord Mayor-(addressing the prisoner)-

well as the servant and potboy, declared their bolief to anything to say, now is your time. be that the hat is that worn by Blakealey on Tuesday The prisoner—(holding down his head)—No, my be that the hat is that worn by Blakesley on Tuesday [Lord, not until the day of trial, when all the Lord, not until the day of trial, when all the truth will come out. It is not as Mrs. Burdon of the Tower-street Station, and has a quantity of sand and mud in it. A number of watermen, under has stated.

The depositions were then formally read over and signed, and in the interim the prisoner whispered to the officers next him-" I wish not to be left alone." This being repeated to the Lord Mayor, he replied,

Very well, his wish shall be attended to." At four o'clock yesterday the remains of Mr. Burdon, Dean-During the time he has been with us he the murdered man, were deposited in the churchyard has been supplied with books, and he wishes that of St. Mary-at-hill. The funeral procession (a walking indulgence to be extended towards him in Newgato. one; consisted of about ten couples, and amongst the The Lord Mayor-Very well, he shall have proper mourners were Mrs. Burdon, the widow, her mother, the deceased's brother and child, a little boy, and other books.

The prisoner was afterwards removed to Newgate in the post chaise that brought him from Hitchen, followed by an immense crowd of persons.

Emperial Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, FRIDAY, SEPT. 24. After some routine business, the bill providing a retired annuity to the Vice Chancellor (a supplementary bill to the Bill for the Administration of Justice) drew forth some observations from Colonel Sibthorp, Mr. Ewart, and Mr. Wakley, who considered the amount security, the parties retired.

of the following description :- About five fact eight

somewhat turned up, speaks quickly; dress-an invi-

discussion. The votes having passed the committee, the Speaker resumed the chair, and the report was ordered to be received on Monday next.

The Poor Law Commission Bill was postponed to the

~~~~~~~ LORD HOWICK, A BAD BARGAIN.-The "liberal"

electors of Sunderland appears to have got a precious bargain in my Lord Howick. At a dinner got up for his Lordship on Monday, the crotchety legis-lator told his assembled friends, in terms not to be misunderstood, that upon the first occasion that might arise he should, without scruple, abandon them and their interests, and try to regain the seat for his native county, from which he was lateley elecjed .- Newcastle Journal.

THE ALLEGED OUTRAGE ON LORD HOWICK .-- The actiourned examination into this mysterious affair took place in Sunderland, on Tnesday, before a full bench of magistrates. After some further evidence on the part of the prosecution had been heard, but which was merely correborative of what had been heard before, Mr. Wright, on the part of the defendant Liddle, contended-first, that the gun was not loaded with destructive materials; secondly, that therefore, that the charge could not be sustained. After some witnesses had been heard for the defence. Mr. Moore, in reply to Mr. Wright's defence, contended that the charge was made out. It was by no means clear that the gun had not been loaded with shot when presented by the prisoner, as between the outrage and the time of Liddle's arrest, sufficient time had olapsed to allow him to draw the charge; and it was in evidence that the ramrod, though too short to draw the paper, was sufficiently long to extract any substance that might have been over it. But even admitting, for the sake of argument, that no shot, had been in the gun, the paper pellet over the powder was quite sufficient to inflict serious injury, if discharged at the short distance of a few yards, as spoken to by the witnesses. Further. it was clear, from the previous gathering of stones and the cleaning of the gun, that the attack was premeditated; while the evidence of the first witness, Sedgwick, placed it beyond all dcubt, that Lord Howick was the individual to whom a malicious injury was intended. The magistrates then retired, and, after an absence of three quarters of an hour, returned into court with a decision to the following effect :- That, having taken into anxious consideration all the circumstances of the case, they were unanimously of opinion that the charge of felony was not satisfactorily borne out by the evidence; while they were equally agreed that the prisoner had been proved guilty of a most abominable and outrageous assault, for which the Bench were somewhat disposed to send him to take his trial at the Quarter Sessions. However, taking into consideration the serious pecuniary loss the prisoner had sustained in consequence of his bad conduct, the magistrates thought the demands of justice would be answered by imposing on him a fine of £5, and calling on him to enter into recognizances, himself in £50, and two sureties in £25 each, that he should keep the peace for twelve months. Mr. George Hudson and Mr. William Storey having joined Liddle in the requisite

CORONER'S INQUEST .- DREADFUL DESTITUTION .proposed to be too large. Sir RODERT PEEL defended the amount, as also did Sir JOHN EASTHOPE. On the motion for going into a Committee of Supply, Mr. P. M. STEWART rose to call attention to a petition Strade in the body of George Hows, aged 18, a which he had presented, on the 21st September last, bricklayer's labourer. Sarah Hows, of 110, New from the provost, magistrates, and town-council of Gravel Lane, the sister of the deceased, said that she Paisley, on the present distressed condition of the ma-lad not seen her brother for a month until last nufacturers of the county of Renfrew. Mr. Stewart Saturday evening, when, on passing through Gravel read some statements respecting the appalling distress Lane, the deceased, who was sitting on the step of existing in Paisley and its neighbourhood, which one a door, jumped up as well as he was able, and recog-"For the better apprehending and bringing to of the writers said was a disgrace to a Coristian coun- nised her. He appeared very ill, and was scarcely punishment the above-name: Robert Blakesley, the Lords Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury hereby titled to some mere consideration than being merely living, and gave him a cup of tea. She also offered Elarmed by hearing hurried steps on the outside of the have do donot that the infliction of that wound was the in one of the baskets 1 left with him, and if the grass bar, and on looking up I may the man Blakesley. He cause of death. I have since made an external exami-tan round the bar, and making a spring at his wife, nation of the body, and it is my opinion that the blade. I will then settle about the price of it. I have written Peel, was not likely to satisfy the country. The ma- London Bridge, and with the greatest difficulty had jority of the present Parliament was constituted by the crawled to where she found him. He had not slept representatives of the English counties, and it was, in a bed for a fortnight, nor tasted food from the therefore, a landlord's majority. After commenting on Thursday morning previous. The last two nights the speeches made by Sir James Graham and Lord Stan- he had slopt in some stables belonging to Mr. In the opinion of the medical attendant of Mrs. ley to their respective constituents, Mr. Stewart con- Wheatley, at Greenwich, for wheat some time before cluded by declaring that the prorogation of Parliament, he had worked. He had applied to the relieving without entering into the consideration of the distresses officer of the Greenwich Union for relief, who refused of the people, was not only unwise, but fraught with to give him any, saying that "there was plenty of danger." He stayed with her danger. ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS. Upon inquiry at the station house, in Tower-street, in Tower-street, Big of Mr. Burdon in their endeavours to capture financial statement of the Chancellor of the Exchequer getting worse, she applied on Monday morning to on Saturday afternoon, it was ascertained that the Blakesley, on Saturday afternoon last, having ob- was put off, if the whole result of his meditations was Mr. Sergeant, the relieving efficer, for relief. Whilst police had not received any intelligence respecting the tained some ciue to his recreat, started off for Hert- merely an addition. Agricultural as talking with that gentleman, information was sociations, instead of being confined to their legitimate brought that he had expired. By the Coroner-The objects, were converted into political societies. On being called upon to name any society so per- unable to swallow, and took only a small quantity of barley water. Six years back he was in a similar Mr. GIBSON replied that the Agricultural meeting at destitute state, and being taken before Colonci Fore-Saxmundham, the other day, manifested its political man, one of the Greenwish magistrates, was by him sent to the Greenwich Workhouse. He was a very quiet lad, and had a great repugnance to asking for Mr. PARKER, as one of the representatives of an relief. The relieving officer of the Greenwich think my husband lived about four or five minutes tered into explanations as to the extent and position of evinced great readiness to assist the police. On the morning, at nine o'clock, the same individual was important manufacturing town, spoke the sentiments of Union said that the deceased was known to him Liter he fei), but he was quite insensible, and never their beats on the night in quistion, and there being no night of the tragical event a constable went to No. 22, seen at Bell bar, about two miles from Potter's-bar. his constituents in attributing much of the distress of by the cognomen of "Ginger," and had been the country to restrictions on trade. Sir ROBERT PEEL said the plan which he intended never applied to him for relief, but had he done so

# them ran after Bickesley, who was at the moment better be made to his office.

Ep: le a word.

Coroner.-Are you quite sure that your husband was

catght hold of her hands, exclaiming " My wife or her of the weapon entered the main artery, and that the to Mr. Saunders by this post respecting the cottages, to his apprehension and conviction, by application to life!" He then stabled her in the right side, and internai bleeding was the cause of Mr. Burdon's speedy. Mrs. Blakesley joins with me in kind remembrances to Inspector Hodgson, at the chief Police-office, Basingbefore I could get up he drew it away from her, and death. I think when I entered the house there was a yourself and Mrs. Harman.

Thomas Quinlan, a private watchman in Eastcheap, the blow. I think he then had the knife in his left James Raid, a pot boy at the King's Head, and William hand. Blakesley then made towards the bar to go out; Protton, a city police constable, 542, were examined, and my husband and sister went siter him. My hus- and corroborated the evidence of the former wit-

> A long discussion here ensued as to the conduct which had been pursued by the police.

showed him a drawer full. He chose the one produced,

saying that it would do if it was sharpened at the back

towards the point, as he wanted it to graft trees. He

wanted it to cut the bark up and down without being

A Juror remarked that they paid a large sum for the screamed, and my sister exclaimed, " Oh, it is my protection of life and property, and yet at ten o'clock Lusband; he has committed murder !" She appeared at night, in the city of London, a most cold-blouded then to discover she was stabled, and I saw blood murder was committed, and the perpetrator permitted Erwing from her side. When I locked towards my to escape. He really thought it was the province of husband, he was lying with his back on the floor, and the jury to ascertain if the man had escaped through

there was a large pool of blocd on the floor. My any negligence on their part. there was a large pool of blocd on the floor. My any negligence on their part. that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had reported that he had that the friends of Biakesley had repo Who were in the parlour to cur assistance, and one of present, he thought any application on that point had justice, has added to their mental anguish. It is two o'clock, a person, supposed to be Blakesiey, objects by various indications, such as that of the way

going out at the door, and the other for a doctor. I Ultimately Inspector Brake and other policemen en- groundless, Mr. Blakesley, sen., having from the first charity at several public-houses. On the following further evidence.

their beats on the night in question, and there being no might of the magnet of the magnet of the magnet of the the country to restrictions on trade. further evidence, The Coroner said the present was a case which and their two daughters. Having requested that the jected state of mind. Upon the police obtaining this Sir ReBERT PEEL said the plan still sitting and askeep when the blew was aimed as would require from him very few observations, as there ladies might retire, he communicated to Mr. Blakesley, information they made further inquiries on the sub-

"I am.

" Your greatly obliged, " R. BLAKESLEY.

" Mr. Harman, Bradbeurne Vale, Sevenoaks, Kent.

### ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

retr. at of Blakesley, and hence the belief gains ground fordshire, a person answering the description of His respectable parents are in a state of deep iffliction, bourhood since Wednesday last, in a distressed and and the heartless statement that has been circulated, agitated state. From information received on the verted,

hall-street, or to Inspector Brake, at the Station house, Tower-street, in the City of London." Blakesley, she continues to improve.

### CAPTURE OF THE MURDERER.

Inspector Hodson and policeman Edward Bris-

that he has committed self-destruction by drowning. Blakesley having been wandering about that neigh- objects, were converted into political societies.

almost unnecessary to add that the insinuation is totally was seen in the noighbourhood of Potter's bar, asking in which the Queen's health was received.

this and that it was infinited with his left hand. Winterse-1 on to positive as to she the solution they must come with a sperse for equite trem bin very tew observations, as there indices might tetre, le communicated to lif. Blakesley, information they must come being sen, the communicated to lif. Blakesley, information they must come being sen, the communicated to lif. Blakesley, information they must come being sen, the communicated to lif. Blakesley, information they must come being sen, the communicated to lif. Blakesley, information they must come being sen, the communicated to lif. Blakesley, information they must come being sen, the communicated to lif. Blakesley, information they must come with a sperse answer-ing to description of the man who had been scen at infinited with his left thand. Infinited with his left the description of the man who had been scen at infinited with his left thand, but I am guite certain that the had no intention erity as conveyed into the back period; I be had no intention of bringing forward a general his husberd was conveyed into the back period; I believe, and my sister up steirs to ber believem. Woodside, where he told a very distressing tale, believe, and my sister up steirs to ber believem.

# THE NORTHERN STAR.

### Emperial Parliament.

### HOUSE OF LORDS .- MONDAY, SEPT. 27.

Lord BROUGHAM called the attention of their Lordships to the state of prison discipline in this country; and, amongst other matters, observed that, in consequence of the short diet given to the prisoners, a peculiar disease called land scurvy prevailed in many parts of the country. The Duke of WELLINGTON said that the subject

was one upon which Parliament ought to have every information, and promised that every facility should be given to the production of the returns moved for.

### Tuesday, September 28.

The Administration of Justice Bill was brought up from the Commons, and read a first time, after which their Lordships adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS .- MONDAY, SEPT. 27,

The House resolved itself into a committe of ways

and means, and The CHANCELLOR of the ExcHEQUER stated that of the Exchequer, as it would be a needless repetition. In the present session there had been voted on exchequer bills, amounting to £740,000, and these two items comprised the sum which the House was then called upon to supply, and this sum was as nearly as possible coincident with the sum which the late Chancellor of the Exchequer had estimated that it would be necessary to supply. The step which he had thought it right to adopt-namely, that of funding exchequer bills, had been quite successful. He did not wish to have recourse to new taxes to make up the deficiency, and he should therefore resort to temporary expedients. He proposed that either exchequer bills or the sale of stock should be applied to this purpose ; and he proposed that the option should be given to the Government of adopting either of these expedients.

Mr. T. F. BARING contended that the proposition of the Right Hon. Gentleman was injudicious, and ment. If Mr. O'Connell now thinks that we are protested against the course he was purshing, in adding to the funded debt of the nation.

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER defended the course he had pursued, and referred, as a precedent, to the course pursued, under nearly similar circumstances, by Lord Monteagle. Mr. WILLIAMS contended that the difficulties o

the country could be met by a system of rigid economy, and moved, as an amendment, "That it was inexpedient to add to the funded debt of the country."

Dr. Bowning adverted to the want of economy in the collection of the revenue.

Robert Peel should state the principles upon which his Government was to be conducted.

Mr. EWART and Mr. Scorr followed, and dwelt upon the distress prevailing in the manufacturing districts.

Sir ROBERT PEEL said that Hon. Gentlemen opposite must not deem him disrespectful if he still adhered to his resolution of not entering upon the question of the Corn Laws. He admitted the existence of great distress, but it was most mischievous

to deal in exaggerated descriptions. Lord PALMERSTON said he would not object to the particular proposition of the Chancellor of the

Crawford was negatived by a majority of 139 to 41. Mr. S. CRAWFORD then moved his second in-

to prevent the Commissioners from refusing outdoor relief.

The House then divided, and the motion of Mr.

Mr. WARLEY supported the motion. Mr. DARBY opposed the motion, which gave too great a latitude and removed everything in the shape of a test.

The House again divided. and the motion was negatived by a majority of 146 to 32. The House then went into committee, the clauses

were agreed to, the House resumed, and the report was ordered to be brought up the next day. Sir J. GRAHAN said he should move the third read

ing of the bill on Friday.

THE " SIGHT."-One would think that starvation was an oddity in London, as the "Faculty" have engaged the Hanover-square Rooms, to exhibit their

voluntarily starved or fasting man, Bernard Ca-vanah, for a sight of whom they charge one shilling per (fool's) head. Whether the disposers of such shillings could make a better use of them is not for he had no occasion to go into the details already us to state, it being rank presumption to dictate communicated to the House by the late Chancellor to the rich; suffice it to say, that many noodles who go to see this ten days' starved man, pass by many who have not tasted what can be called food for ten £1,727,432, to which was to be added the interest years, or more. O miserable system ! but not so "iberal" New Poor Law.

DANIEL O'CONNELL AND THE CHARTER.-A cor-respondent thus writes:-"I perceive, from the list of answers to correspondents, in last week's Star, that Patrick Ryan wishes to know what were the words of Mr. O'Connell, when he placed the original document of the People's Charter in Mr. Lovett's hands; Mr. Waddington (a most zealous London Chartist) informs me that they were-'There, TO FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESQ. Lovett, there's your Charter; take it, it is yours; The Address of the Sheffield Artizans, and others, in you have a perfect right to it;' meaning, that the industrious classes, in general, had a right to it, and that he told them so through Mr. Lovett. This was at Mr. Lovett's house; and after he (the renegade Dan) had signed his name to that important docu-'wrong' in demanding that which he himself has acknowledged to be a 'right,' the fault is his, not ours.'

Mr. L. T. CLANCY, founder, and late Secretary of the Dublin Repeal Charter Association, addressed an English assembly for the first time on Tuesday O'Connellism in Ireland; Ribbonism in Ireland, and Chartism in Ireland."

THE NORTHERN STAR. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1841.

THE glorious demonstrations at Lancaster, Liverthe rejection of the measures of the late Govern- a mass of intellectual provision that to add to it or succumb to the tyranny of the oppressor,

GLORIOUS DEMONSTRATION

AT SHEFFIELD.

For some time past, the Committee appointed to

superintend the getting up of the Demonstration in

O'Connor, Esq., had been unremitting in the dutice

assigned them. The Theatre Royal was engaged.

Four hundred tickets were printed, 260 men's and

had postponed applying for tickets, until the Monday

" TO THE MASTER CUTLER.

holders of the borough of Sheffield, do hereby

request you to convene a public meeting, to be held

on Wednesday, September 29th, to consider the

propriety of presenting a congratulatory address to

Feargus O'Connor, Esq., on his arrival in Sheffield.

[Here followed the names of the requisitionists.]

on Wednesday, September 29th, at two o'clock in

At length the day-the long wished for day arrived

"The Master Cutler having declined to call a

" SIR .- We, the undersigned inhabitant house-

to us from a great many localities.

struction to the committee, the effect of which was Six small white flags from Rotherham, each with

Inscription-"Doncaster Charter Association," Two beautiful tri-coloured flags.

Large white fiag, with the motio-'Unien.' "England expects every man to do his duty."

Green flag, decorated with white rosettes. Motto—" More pigs and less parsons." Large black banner— Inscription—" Tories behold, and tremble ! Manchester massacro-Poland-Rathcormac."

About twenty carriages, filled with ladies, were in the procession-while one mighty mass-one living tide of men, whose numbers 'tis impossible to calculate, followed the banners of freedom, ever and anon rending the air with their approving and joyous shouts.

Mr. O'Connor and the Council were the only parties who reached the Square in their carriages-the whole of the other carriages were shut out by the mighty mass of human beings who filled every nook

and corner of the Square. So far as we could see, the number of people in the procession would have filled the Square nearly three times over—as such, many thousands neither saw, nor heard Mr. O'Connor in the Square. Silence being obtained-

The CHAIRMAN called on Mr. HARNEY to present the address before adopted

Mr. HARNEY then read the following address :-

Public Meeting assembled, Sept. 29th, 1841.

PATRIOTIC SIR,- Upon the occasion of this you public entry into the town of Sheffield, after sixteen months' incarceration in the dungeon of despotism. we deem it our duty to briefly address you, expressing.our approbation of your past career, and our esteem of your public conduct; at the same time giving you to understand what we require of you in the future fer our continued and hearty support.

As Englishmen, free in heart and soul, though politically and socially held in the chains of thraldom, we seorn to play the part of sycophants. The language of week, at Lambeth ; the subject of his discourse, or flatterers shall not be ours. But, in all sincerity, we lecture, which occupied above three hours, was award you our heartfelt approbation of your political career. From the first hour that the name of O'Connor became familiar to the public ear to the present CITY OF LONDON .- Mr. L. T. Clancy, late Secretary time, we have watched closely your conduct; as a of the Dublin Repeal Association, lectured at the member of what ought to be the Commons' House the collection of the revenue. Colonel SIBTHORP said the Opposition side of the House was attempting to bully the Govern-ment, but they would find it too strong for any ment, but they would find it too strong for any Meek, for the benefit of Mrs. Peddie; "O'Connellism in the Convention of 1839—as an suvotate of the in Ireland, Ribbonism in Ireland, and Chartism in Ireland, "was to have been the subject of his lec-or the assertor of their rights through the press. We have seen nothing to condemn; much, very much to have seen nothing to condemn; much, very much to o'clock, he could only deliver so much of it as admire. Your ever-to-be-remembered services in behalf referred to the renegade O'Connell, reserving the of the Dorchester Labourers, and Glasgow Cotton other portions for the two following Thursdays. Spinners, entitle you to the lasting thanks of the trades of this country, whose rights were invaded by the unjust punishment of their persecuted brethren; nor will the people of this country ever forget your un-

paralleled exertions in humanity's cause, when night and day you laboured, and thank God, successfully too, to save from the bloody sentence of the law. the virtuous, unfortunate, betraved John Frost and his compatriots.

Lastly, Sir, we have marked your unbending, unpool, Manchester, Leeds, and Sheffield, leave us flinching conduct in the prison-house, to which those literally no room for comment ; for, besides occupy- miserable hypocrites and traitors, the defunct Whig Exchequer, for it was the only resource, except literally no room for comment ; for, besides occupy- miserable hypocrites and traitors, the defunct Whig that of voting fresh taxes, which was left him after ing our whole space, they present to the reader such faction consigned you; and have in our hearts rejoiced that of voting fresh taxes, which was left him after ing our whole space, they present to the reader such that around you; and have in our hearts rejoiced denoties denoties and the space denoties of the space. that crueity could not make you cower before despotism.

them you would have been rejected by the people, and

the men of Sheffield would have been among the first to

support you shall have so long as an honest man and

sterling patriot you are faithful to your trust, and no

longer. But, Sir, faithful in the past, you have our un-

away-and our country's greatness established upon the

Mr. O'CONNOR replied. He thanked them from

his heart and soul. He thanked them for the ele-

gantly expressed address just read, and presented to him by his friend, Mr. Harney. It was not the first time he had stood upon this hustings-he had stood

the Whigs, so would they beat and put down the

Tories. (Loud cheers.) Since he last met them, they

had had a general election ; well, now they had a

State quack ; your disorder is so chronic, you have

laboured under it so long, you can bear it a little

longer, and can afford to do without medicine for

would bid for their strength, not to free the people

but for their own selfish ends. Remember what

were the promise, and what have been the perfor-

mances of the Whigs. (Lond cries of hear, hear.)

They began by giving my country coercion and

ended with giving yours starvation ; and yet now

they come forward and ask us to join them in their

constitutional opposition to Sir Robert Peel's Go-

vernment ; well, what do they propose to give us in

return for our support ? O ! just nothing ; you are

what God will send you !"-(laughter,)-but never

should the Whigs deceive them more ; he had saved

them from the wolves before, and he would save

them from the prowling wretches again. (Cheers.)

If the Whigs admire our principles, as some of them

say they do, let them join us; to them we will not go, so to us they must come. If the mountain will

not come to Mahomet-Mahomet must come to the

mountain. (Cheers.) The shopkeepers were be-

ginning to find out that an empty till on Saturday

classes were miserable, they could not be comforta-

into the question of free trade, completely upsetting

the fallacies of the "cheap-bread," "high-wages,"

and "plenty-to-do" gentry. Alluding to the recent demonstrations, he said-At Birmingham a gentle-

man wanted to get the Charter by fasting and pray-

ing, taking especial care that while he did the pray-

ing, the fasting should be performed by his flock

But glorious had been the demonstration in that

town : at the head of thousands, and tens of thou-

sands of the hard-handed sons of toil he had entered

the Bull Ring, renowned in the annals of their cause

The effect of his visit to Birmingham had been the

uniting of all sections of the Chartist body. The

Christian Chartist Churchmen had notified to their

" open your mouth, and shut your eyes, and see

equal rights and happiness of all.

Mr. C. Wood condemned the course pursued by would be presumptuous. We need offer no other We sympathise with you on your late incarceration, the Government, and dwelt at some length upon apology for the entire absence of what is called and do knost heartily congratulate you upon your re-

near five hundred persons sat down to dinner. The PHILO-ABGUS .- We have not room this week.

and were not slow in doing justice to the good things set before them. Each having partaken of the sub-stantials, and the cloth removed, the Chairman gave orders for the admission of the public waiting outside. The doors were no sooner opened than a rush was made from without, and simultaneously the boxes, pit, and gallery filled to overflowing, hun-dreds being forced to remain outside, for whom there WM. JONES.-We have not room. was no room within. The speakers now took up BLIND PADDY'S CATECHISM.—We have not room. their places in front of the pit, Mr. O'Connor being THOMAS M. WHEELER has sent us a very interesting oudly applauded on coming forward.

The CHAIRMAN gave,-"The people, the only source of legitimate

nower. Mr. GILL responded to the sentiment. Air-"Rule Britannia."

The CHAIRMAN then introduced Mr. Wm. Martin of Brampton, who presented an address to Mr. O'Connor from the Chartists of Chesterfield and Brampton. We regret our limits will not permit us to give this address, nor that of the ladies afterwards presented.

The CHAIRMAN next introduced Mrs. Clayton Mrs. Holbery, Mrs. Foden, and Mrs. Ward-a de-putation from the Female Chartists of Sheffield appointed to present a congratulatory address to Mr. O'Connor; Mrs. Ward read the address which was beautifully worded, setting forth the esteeem and respect in which he was held by the fair patriots whom they represented. The Chairman then gave \* Feargus O'Connor, Esq., the incorruptible and unchangeable advocate of universal liberty, may he live to see the rights of the people established, and the principles of freedom triumphant throughout the world.

Mr. O'CONNOR, who was received with the most tremendous cheering, then replied in a speech of an hour and a half's duration, of which it is quite im-

possible to give even a word Air-" See the Conquering hero comes." The CHAIRMAN next gave "The Charter, the only means of redress for the wrongs and grievances of the people-may it speedily become the law of the land."

Responded to by Mr. JULIAN HARNEY. Air -" Scots wha hae." The CHAIRMAN next gave-"The Welsh Mar-

tyrs; may the united people restore to their father-land the exiles in liberty's cause." Responded to by Mr. SAMUEL PARKES.

Air-" The exile of Erin."

The CHAIRMAN next gave-"Justice to Ireland by the Repeal of the Union, and independent Parlia-

Responded to by Mr. M'AETTRICA. Air—"St. Patrick's Day." The CHAIRMAN next gave, "The sacred memories of Tyler, Wallace, Tell, Washington, Kosciusko, Muir, Emmett, Fitzgerald, and the patriots of all ages and all nations, who have struggled and died to establish the rights of man."

Responded to by Mr. Hollyoake. The CHAIRMAN next gave, "Bronterre O'Brien, and all who have suffered to achieve the people's de-liverance; may they have their reward in the speedy triumph of the principles they have so nobly vindi-

cated. Responded to by Mr. MARSH. Air-" A man's a man for a'that."

The CHAIRMAN next gave-" The Northern Star. and the rest of the democratic press, may the people enlightened win their rights, and have the know-

ledge to maintain them." Responded to by Mr. Mr. Buxron. This closed the evening's proceedings.

We may, in conclusion, mention that, in addition

JOSEPH BROOKE, HORTON. - We have no room this week for his brother's letter. The tracts and

week for his proviner's letter. The tracts and some books shall be provided for him. Whight Swift may get the American newspapers by arranging with his friends in America to pay for them, and send them to him through the

report of Mr. Stallwood's lecture at the Doves Inn, Berwick-street, Saho, which the crowded state of our columns compel us to omit. A SUBALTERN, YORK .- We have no room.

SCRAPS FOR RADICALS shall appear. MR. SAMUEL JONES will be delegate from Hudders-field on Sunday next, the 3rd of October, at the West Riding Delegate Meeting, to be holden at RAPS FOR RADICALS shall appear. a. SAMUEL JONES will be delegate from Hudders-field on Sunday next, the 3rd of October, at the West Riding Delegate Meeting, to be holden at Dewsbury on the above day. ADDRESS and an invitation has been sent to Messrs. O'Brien and Benbow to visit Hudders-City The Sundary Meeting is the principle trade, and is in the hands of a few men, who all employ a number of persons, and have the work ander their own inspection. Some of them are

obliged to those gentlemen to state if they have received the above. Address E. Clayton, Sou-ing-row, West-parade, Huddersfield.

19, Bilton-street, Layerthorpe, York. D. GRIFFITHS - We cannot see any good which

P. H. E .- Mr. Hill's works on Grammar may be procured from any bookseller in Scotland who receives a London parcel. They are published in London by Cleave, 1, Shoe-lane, and by Simpkin and Marshall. The Rational School Grammar IRISH ABSENTEEISM .- Next week.

the Repeal of the Union, and independent Parlia-ment, based upon the praciples of Universal Suf-frage." Responded to by Mr. M'KETTRICK. Air—"St. Patrick's Day." IRISH ABSET FRISK. W. H.—We have no room. WM. Scorr has doubtless a good ground of action against the millowners by whose negligence, in not taking care of their machinery, the horrible support an action.

MARY HOLBERRY return her sincere thanks to the her husband.

M. JOCELYN .- We have no room. WM. HARDINGE.-Next week.

tunity. J. C.-We have not room.

J. D. H. asks : First-" Whether it is not the duty of

Large green banner— Inscription—"Hothernam Working Men's Assozia-tion. United to protect, but not combined to injure." Six small white flags from Rotherham, each with inscription—"The Chartists' safeguard." Large green banner— Inscription—"The Chartists' safeguard." Large green banner— Inscription—"The Chartists' safeguard." Large green banner— Inscription conclude by informing them that the masons have

In behalf of the Operative Stonemasons, THOMAS CARTER, Socretary.

London, September 27th, 1841.

### Local and General Entelligence.

GRAVELHOLE .- (NEAR BOLTON.)-In ne duct at which human nature has shuddered ; but he

field. The Secretary, Mr. E. Clayton would feel honourable men, and as moderate in their demands

ing-row, West-parade, Huddersheld. LDWARD BURLEY, Secretary for the East and North Riding districts of the county of York, will be glad to have the name and address of any Char-tist of Malton and Beverley, or any other town in the above Ridings; as he wishes to communi-cate with them on important business. Address for him-children under the age at which the mills at half price, some of which are not more than seven years of age ; yet they have to rise early and work could accrue from the insertion of his letter to late, and towards the end of the week-as if rest on could accrue from the insertion of his letter to the "Restoration Committee." D. G.—"To whom ought a requisition requesting the use of a vestry room to be presented?" To the Minister.—"May lodgers sign such requisition?" That depends on the purpose for which the vestry room is wanted: if on rate-paying matters, the the requisitionists should be rate-payers; if not, any parishioner may sign.—"Is there any pay-ment whatever required for the use of such vestry room !" No.

asked what had been the cause, and was pointed to the master, and was told that he, in a fit of anger had struck her with his fists. On inquiry I found that it was not uncommon to see her abused, and to hear the children cry. But it would require the is at present out of print; but a new edition of it is preparing by Mr. Heywood, of Manchester, who will shorily have it ready. cruel as the factory tyrants are, this man alone has made more crippled children than all the mills of Rockdale united. Well might the ancient penmaa ray, "The tender mercies of the wicked are cruel." -Correspondent.

HALIFAX .--- ANTI-POOR LAW ABORTION .--The vaunted Operative Anti-Corn Law Association not taking care of their machinery, the norrive accident happened to his daughter. We have no doubt that he would obtain damages, and to a good amount, if he can find the wherewithal to greatest importance was to be submitted to the BY HOLBERRY return her sincere thanks to the meeting; and lo, what was our surprise, (so close Brighton friends for their exertions on behalf of on the heels of the great Operative Anti-Corn Law festival, as reported in the Leeds Times and Mer. cury with so much pomp), to find that the candles WM. HARDINGE.—Next week. J. G. BROOKS.—This week our space is full; but we amazing number of thirty—there being just eighteen shall be glad to hear from him at a future oppor- of the former and twelve of the latter. The Secretary apologised for the paucity of their nunbers present; he could not tell the reason, but he assured his audience that there were 700 names on the Postmaster to keep an account of all letters posted at his office?" No. Second—"Whether it is customary to do so?" No. more wise than the rest stated his opinion, that the A YOUNG CHARTIST AND A CONSTANT READER if not an enemy in disguise is a very "young" labour could be protected, but was kindly reed that they LEEDS .- Weekly Contributions to the Unen ployed Operatives' Enumeration Fund. Brought forward ... 10 3 3 ... receipts and expenditure, from which it appears | Donation from Leeds Times Office 0 10 0 ... 0 1 0 ... 010 £6 19s. 21d. The accounts are audited by John From 62 contributors, at James Binns and Sons, per Samuel Henry Horn 052\*\*\* 48 ditto, at Tetley, Tatham, and Walkers, per John Rigg .... 53 ditto, do. do. do., per 53 ditto, John Keighley ... 0 0 2 3 Joseph Thompson " 24 ditto, do. do., per Edward Metcalf 02 14 ditto, at Boyle, Gill, and Co.'s, per John Jackson 0 1 9 18 ditto, at Rogers and Hartley's, per Wm. Cliff 0 1 16 ditto, at William Robinson and Co. per James Rattray ... 0 1 49 ditto, at Lord and Brooks, per Wm. Robinson 25 ditto, at Hargreaves and Nus-02 sey's, per Joseph Smith ... 22 ditto, at Mr. Pritchard's, per Wm. Watson 12 ditto, Mr. Cawoo'ds, fiax-mill, (two weeks) per Thos. Card .... ditto, Mr. Benyon's, per William Roberts .... 0 3 1 33 ditto, Mr. Cooper's, per Henry 029 Bolton ... 36 ditto, Taylor and Wordsworth, per G. Horner 10 ditto, Mr. Stephen Mitchell's, per Mark Hutchinson .... 63 ditto, Mr. Brownridge, per Edwin Gaunt per Wm. Giles 22 ditto, ditto, per James Branson 45 ditto, Mr. Halliley's Hope-street 0 1 10 Mill, per Humphrey Bloomfield 0 3 9 23 ditto. Dickenson & Barraclough's, 0 1 11 £ 8. d. Jackson's (old side) per L. Smith ... 42 ditto, do. do. do. 0 2 0 2 0 ... (machine makers) per. Wm. Hesketh .... 26 ditto, at Mr. Pearson's, per T. Jacob Wood 18 ditto, at Robert Wood and Son's, per James Stewart ... 11 ditto, at Mr. Porter's, per Joseph n 27 ditto, at Brown and Co.'s, Mar-02 skall-street, per J. Murphy .... " 15 names omitted to be given in by mistake ... ... 013 ... £14 10 6 891 contributors COMMITTALS .- James and Thomas Walsh, brothers, respectively only eleven and thirteen years of sto were on Tuesday committed to Wakefield House of Correction for two months, on a charge of having been found in a house with the intention of commit ting a felony. Though young in years they are old offenders. On Monday, Joseph Wilkinson, 18, was committed for trial on a charge of having stolen a silk handkerchief, the property of Adam Halliday. Zaccheus Parker, 18, for trial, on a charge of pocket picking. Mary Tracey, a very old frequenter of the police-office, for trial, on a charge of pocket picking. FIRE.—On Friday night last, a fire broke out in the premises of Mr. Yewdall, grocer, Briggate, which but for timely discovery might have been attended with serious consequences. It was, however, early discovered, and was got out without This, to us, is preposterous : more particularly when much damage. We understand it is supposed to have we are aware that the source whence it came has ac- originated from a man having taken a candle into a staircase amongst some dry goods, from which it is presumed a spark must have fallen amongst the rub-

the necessity of an alteration of the Corn Laws. The resolutions of the Chancellor of the Exchequer were then agreed to, Mr. Williams not being able to put his amendment owing to some

point of form. Sir J. GRAHAM moved that the House should resolve itself into a committee of the whole House upon the Poor Law Commission Bill.

Mr. YORKE moved that it should be an instruction to the committee to insert a clause to the effect "that the commissioners be not empowered to enforce indiscriminate separation between man and wife, and that in no case shall they sanction or permit separation when the application for relief shall be substantiated as arising from positive inability to obtain work, or from physical infirmity, and not from idleness, vice, or crime."

Sir J. GRAHAN said it was impossible to overestimate this subject ; but if he entered into the discussion of the Poor Law Amendment Act upon this motion, he could not refuse to do so upon others; and he should thus be carried into details contrary instead of four hundred, no doubt all would have and we, the Artizins of Sheffield, pledge you our untirto the intention of the Government, which was been sold. But it was now too late to make further | ing help and aid until the Charter shall be law-every anxious to have time to consider the subject with proper care and caution.

arrangements, consequently, immense numbers who despotic institution annihilated-every unjust law swept Mr. S. WOBILEY supported the course pursued by evening and Tuesday, could not have their applithe Government : and, while he condemned the sepacation granted, and as may be supposed, were bitterly ration of man and wife to the extent to which it was disappointed. Large green placards, posted throughcarried, he still hoped the Hon. Member would out the town, on Tuesday morning, announced the withdraw his motion to a more favourable oppor- arrangements for the day following. We subjoin a tunity. copy :---

Mr. V. SHITH said that it would have been more manly for the Government to have at once declared for how long a time they meant to continue the Poor Law Commission.

Sir R. PEEL said it was intimated to him, in the early part of the session, by the Noble Lord the member for the city of London, that he intended to bring in a bill for the continuance of the Commission for one year, and he only now brought forward that Bill. The Hon. Gentleman should have made himself acquainted with the opinions of his leader before meeting for the above purpose, we, the requisition-he threw away so much excellent indignation as he ists, hereby call one, to be holden in Paradise Square, had wasted upon this point.

Mr. S. JERVIS said there was time, if they gave the afternoon precisely. After which, the members up their hanting, shooting, and other recreations, and friends of the National Charter Association will proceed to the Railway Station with carriages, to inquire into and adopt measures to ameliorate! the deplorable condition of the labouring classes of banners, and music, to meet Mr. O'Connor, who House of Tories and Sir Robert Peel, that great will arrive at Sheffield by the quarter to three o'clock the people.

Mr. PAKINGTON Supported the course proposed to train, and will then return to Paradise Square, be pursued by Sir J. Graham. where he will address the assembly; and then in the

Mr. C. BULLER supported the Government, in the same order proceed to the Theatre, where he will be the next six months. (Laughter.) Now, he would ourse which it was, under the circumstances, bound honoured with a public dinner. &c. &c." course which it was, under the circumstances, bound i honoured with a public dinner, &c. &c." to adopt.

Colonel Woon, of Brecon, said he never supposed (The provides of the rents, and caused no little unpleasant leening in the rents, and caused no little unpleasant leening in the breasts of our fair friends, fearing, as they did, that breasts of our fair friends, fearing, as they did, that similar weather might be their ill fortune on the similar weather might be their ill fortune on the similar weather might be their ill fortune on the similar weather might be their o'clock, we

Mr. H. HINDE opposed the motion of the Hon. found that a stiff breeze had dried the streets won-Member for York. derfully in the course of the night, and although the

Mr. GRIMSDITCH hoped the Hon. Member for Mr. GRIMSDITCH hoped the Hon. Member for clouds overhead looked anything but propitious, we York would not press his motion, though he be- (had faith that all would be well; but about halflieved the Poor Law Act was destructive of the past seven the rain came pouring down, considerably social system.

damping our hopes. About eight o'clock it ceased, Mr. WIGNEY said if the Hon. Member for York and again the friendly breeze speedily dried the divided the House upon the question he would vote soaking streets. From this hour the day began to for him. wear a better aspect ; and after twelve o'clock the

Lord SANDON could not support the motion of the sky looked gloriously fine, and all dark forebodings Hon. Gentleman (Mr. Yorke), though he entertained vanished. very strong opinions upon the Poor Law Act.

At two o'clock precisely, the Council and members Mr. C. Wood supported the course adopted by of the Association moved from their rooms, accom-Government. panied by the various banner bearers, and an im-

Mr. HARDY hoped that during the ensuing winter the severe clauses of the Poor Law would not be arriving at the hastings, on the motion of Mr. Gill, made an ugiy whe on Sunday motions, were beginning to find out that if the working enforced, and that out-door relief would be more Mr. Otley was unanimously elected Chairman. generally extended.

Mr. WAKLEY said if Hon. Members instead of the business for which they had been called to- Die; nence they were how other remarks, then entered being the administrators of the law, were for a short gether ; it was to agree to a congratulatory address time its victims, they would form a different opinion to be presented to Mr. Feargus O'Connor on his of its provisions from that which now seemed to arrival. Mr. O'Connor was expected to reach the possess them.

railway station before three o'clock, he, (the chair-The House divided, and Mr. Yorke's amendment man) would not therefore, detain them by any further remarks, but would call upon Mr. Harney was negatived by a majority of 187 to 36. The consideration of the main question was then to propose and read to them the address prepared

postponed until Tuesday, when Mr. S. Crawford will by the Council. bring forward his amendments.

### Tuesday, September 28.

On the third reading of the Administration of Justice Bill.

Mr. WARD again brought under discussion the question of compensation to the Hon. Mr. Scarlett. Mr. C. BULLER said that it was hard upon the copying clerks of the Exchequer, some of whom the Station, there to meet their friend and champion. Immediately the vast mass assembled—proceeded he might look for a congregation elsewhere.

lease from the felon's cell. "Leader" in the Star of the present week; nor country had immured you. for the omission of much, and the condensing into

honour of the Chief of the People's Choice, Feargus pronounce your condemnation. Our confidence and

150 women's. By the 27th, these were all sold, and diminished confidence for the future. Go en, then, patri-

so great was the demand then, when there was no otic Sir, go on in the noble course you have hitherto pur-

so great was the demand then, when too late, and. Fear not the plots of your enemies, nor the ca-had there been six or seven hundred tickets printed, lumnies of false friends; the people will support you;

to

to parties from Doncaster, Barnsley, Rotherham, and And now, Sir, permit us to state why we honour you. Chesterfield, there were persons present from almost the smallest possible compass of much more, of It is not because you belong to the aristocratic portion all the villages and towns within 30 miles of Sheffield valuable Chartist and local intelligence, forwarded of the state; it is not because you have moved, or may we conversed with a gentleman who had walked move, in a different sphere of society to us, who belong forty miles from the Tory town of Newark, much to mainly to the toiling masses; nor is it because of your our gratification. He assured us Chartism was talents, which we are bound to admire. No; we honour making steady progress in his locality; and similar you because we found you the honest and incorruptible. cheering information we received from all quarters. We are no " man-worshippers," and had you, Sir, like In Chesterfield, Doncaster, and Rotherham the cause unto others in whom we once confided, stept aside from is gloriously progressing. the straight-forward path of political rectitude, like

Wednesday was a day glorious for Sheffield-how must the miserable factions have quaked in their hearts to witness the peaceful moral exhibition of the people's struggle, to see them in their countless BRIGHTON.-Mr. Wm. Morling begs us to acknowledge thousands throng the streets, and hear their lion-voices shouting the death-knell of tyranny. Ye have done well, men of Sheffield; see that ye resolutely and wisely follow up your glorious display on Wednesday last, and the hour cannot be far distant when you will have the reward of your patriotic toils in seeing your hopes realised-Your Charter law.

To Beaders and Correspondents.

We regret much that we cannot persuade our friends practically to observe the very clear and plain directions which we have so often given and repeated about the sending of matter for the Star. The extent of our circulation obliges us to go to press on Thursday afternoon ; and, therefore, our friends seem to think that if their communications reach us by Thursday morning it is quite soon enough. This is a great mistake. They should remember that every word of the paper has to be put together by single letters, and the whole space filled before we can go to press, and it is impossible to do this in one forenoon. Our men are busily employed in filling up the paper with matter which, from one source or other, we must supply during the whole week, and it seldom happens that more than one or two columns, besides the necessary space for editorial comment, remain to be filled on Thursday merning. This shews the importance and necessity of all matters of news, occurrences of the movement, reports of meetings, &c., being sent to us at once, immediately they occur. Instead of which, it often happens, that on Monday and Tuesday we have scarcely any letters, and on Wednesday comparatively few till the night post arrives. The From a few Chartists at Micklethwaite, consequence is, that those letters which do arrive in the early part of the week are carefully attended to and given generally at length ; while we are obliged to have recourse to the London papers, and various sources, for matter to fill the remaining portion of se many columns of the paper as must be set up before Wednesday night. Wednesday night and From T. Ireland, Dunfermline .... Thursday morning's posts bring us a shoal of letters from all parts of the country ; these come upon us just in the hurry of writing and attending to what are called the leading articles ; while in the early part of the week we have more time to attend to correspondence. The consequence is that one From Finsbury, London, per J. Watts 0 10 0 half of these letters are passed over entirely; and the other half compressed into the smallest possible amount of space-and the next consequence THE STRIKE AT THE NEW HOUSES OF is, that in the following week we have letters of complaint from various parties about their communications being treated with neglect. Some whose letters or reports may have been omitted for want of space, refer occasionally to the police reports-the column of "varieties," or some other portion of the contents of the 2nd, 3rd, 6th, or 7th pages of the paper, which are always set up first-and ask indignantly if their communication was less important than such or such a thing which appeared in the same paper from which it was excluded "for want of space"-others accuse us of partiality and unfairness in cutting

TO THE CHARTISTS .- There is not a man in England or Ireland more devotedly attached to the principles of the People's Charter than the Rev. Mr. Ryan, P.P., of Donabate. BILSTON friends have sent us a balance-sheet of their

Cudley, Joseph Jarvis, and James Damaine. R.-Send an order and the money with it to Mr.

Joshua Hobson, 5, Market-street, Leeds, and he may have as many Parr's Pills as he pleases. R. SMART.-Next week.

for him the receipt of £1 from Notlingham, per Mr. Smart, and 5s. from Salisbury, per Mr. Wilkinson, for the O'Brien Press Fund. JONATHAN WOOLEB .- We have no room for his letter

nor do we see any point in it. THE VICTIMS. - The donation of £5, through Mr. Cleave, named in our last, and of which the appropriation of £4 was accounted for, was intended also to include 20s. for Mrs. Holberry. Mr. Cleave will be glad if the parties will furnish him with their precise address.

HALIFAX. - We are sorry we have no room for their address.

THE SECRETARY of the Irish Universal Suffrage Association begs leave to inform the friends of freedom in England that his address now is-P. M. Brophy, 14, North Anne-street, Dublin. REPUBLICAN. - Wo have no room.

THE STOCKPORT CHARTISTS request that all communications on behalf of the Chartists resident in Stockport, be sent to their Scoretary, Mr. John Wright, Wharf street, Portwood, Stockport, Cheshire.

COXONY. DURHAM. - The Plates of Emmettweere sent to Mr. France, Newcastle, same time as all the others : how it happens that Mr. Sutherland has not received them, Mr. France or Mr. Sutherland must say-we cannot. THOSE AGENTS who have received their accounts are requested to remit the amounts due, or their Papers will be stopped. FOR THE WIVES AND PAMILIES OF THE INCAR-CERATED CHARTISTS. near Bingley ... ... the Masons of the National Charter Association, Lambeth, London ... ... 1 1 0 FOR O'BRIEN'S PRESS. ... 0 1 A FOR DEFENCE OF O'BRIEN'S SEAT FOR NEWCASTLE. ... From Mr. Wood, Sudbury ... 0 2 83 FOR THE EXECUTIVE.

PARLIAMENT.

### TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR.

SIR,-Various reports having been circulated. through the medium of the journals of the metropolis, and which, if not contradicted, are calculated to prejudice the public mind against a body of men who are at this time struggling for their rights, we therefore take the opportunity of soliciting a favour, to disabuse the public mind through your columns: and trust, as your journal is the only one on which working men can depend for the truth, that you will lay its columns open for them.

The Observer states that the men lately employed at the Houses of Parliament have struck against their foreman for no fault whatever ; and that sixteen or seventeen have been the means of persuading 220 to leave their work without a cause. knowledged that the generality of the masons on that work were rational and thinking men. In order to give the public an opportunity to bish, and afterwards broken out into flame. The loss

judge for themselves, whether the men have any will not be much. cason to complain or not, we will give you detailed account of facts (which we challenge the would appear that some of the swell mob, advocated world to deny,) relative to the conduct of ALLEN, of the "appropriation" clause, are taking advantage foreman at the above works. gence from Manchester of the death of his mother exchanged pockets, and it behoves all who attend and very naturally felt a wish to see her interred; to mind what company they happen to sit by the he informed Allen of his desire to go to Manchester side of. for that purpose, stating that he would be back in a

down their reports to a mere annoucement, while those of other towns are given at greater length. We have had many most angry letters of this description, the cause for which has rested entirely with the parties themselves. Now if our friends will but bear in mind that we are filling up the paper every day; that the same column cannot be filled twice over; that we must give out such matter as we have JUST WHEN THE MEN WANT IT, or there would be no Star on Saturday, and that therefore we can't wait for the next post-we must go on; if they would remember all this, and send their communications promptly -in the early part of the week-all would stand a fair and a good chance ; and if they would also remember that we have only one weekly paper for all England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales, and that, therefore, no one place can be allowed to monopolize an unreasonable portion of the paper. we should have no complaints of institution to any party-because we know there would be no ground for them. Our anxious desire is to make week or fortnight, when the black monster turned round upon him and told him "if that was the case the Star a truly national organ, equally representing all; but we cannot de this unless the country he might go away altogether," asserting " that he would not keep a job open for any man that length of time under such circumstances." As another will aid us rightly in the sending of their matters of communication. The above remarks apply, of ceurse, to news, facts, specimen of his conduct, one of the men had his leg broken by a fall from the scaffold, and on his return meetings of the people, Chartist intelligence, &c. Original papers, letters to the Editor, personal to his work, expected of course, that as he had correspondence, poetry, &c., must be here at the been lamod in the service of his employers, that beginning of the week, or we shall not hold our-selves bound even to notice them.

POCKET PICKING AT THE PARISH CHURCH.-It of the crowds attending the parish church to exer-One of the men received the unwelcome intelli- cise their vocation. Several handkerchiefs have

there when there was danger to brave-when every minion of tyranny was on the watch to entrap him. (Cheers.) He stood there again, aye, after sixteen months' incarceration in a felon's cell-he stood amongst them to hurl defiance to the oppressors, and to tell them that vain had been their efforts to subdue his spirit by persecution. (Loud cheers.) Thank God, he could now congratulate them on the proud position of their cause. One of the vile factions had fallen, the miserable truckling Whigs were no more. (Cheers.) They had now the Tories in front ; and, by God's [blessing, as they had beat

compensation whatever was to be given to them. After some further discussion, the Bill was read the third time and passed. Upon the motion for going into Committee upon

the Poor Law Commission Continuance Bill,

Committee, that it should not be lawful for the to wait till near half-past three o'clock, when a beaucourse of next session.

Mr. W. BUSPEILD FERBAND seconded the proposition.

Sir J. GRAHAN said the measure before the House only the details, but even the principle of the Poor Law, until the next session of Parliament.

Mr. M. PHILIPS supported the course pursued by the Government.

Mr. WARLEY said it was now svowed that the principles of the Poor Law were to be maintained Tories might be considered as pledged to its sup-

Mr. WARD defended the Poor Law, and expressed great pleasure at the manly course adopted by Sir J. The Union Band. Graham, in avowing his adherence to the principles Feargus O'Connor, Esq., in an open carriage drawn three for the Charter and no surrender; and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and three for Mr. O'Connor , when the minibian and of that measure, whatever amelioration might be-

instruction to the committee, and argued in favour of the necessity of out-door relief.

Colonel SIBTHORP supported the motion, and said he was always opposed to the whole system of the Poor Law as unconstitutional and degrading to the people.

Immediately the vast mass assembled-proceeded with all haste to the Railway, any thing like order was out of the question-so intense was the desire of the thousands who, from the Square, and every street at the head of the trades, marshalled under

The CHAIRMAN observed they would be aware of

Mr. Harney then read the address intended to be

presented to Mr. O'Connor, and in a few words pro-

The CHAIRMAN took the sense of the meeting.

when a forest of hands declared the address unani-

posed its adoption.

Mr. GILL seconded the motion.

Commissioners to declare any new Union after the tiful Union Jack, waving within the gates of the passing of this Bill until the question of the Poor' Station, borne by the sturdy veteran, Duffy, who had Laws should be brought before Parliament in the accompanied Mr. O'Connor from Leeds, announced the arrival of the people's leader. To adequately describe the enthusiasm with which Mr. O'Connor

was hailed, is a task we are not fitted to perform.

Enough, that again, and again, and yet again, the was one. which pledged no one, as he reserved not mighty multitude made the very sky to ring again with their thundering cheers.

> The following is the order of procession :--Splendid green silk banner of the Sheffield Chartists.

Motto :- " The National Charter Association"-"Justice to all-privilege to none." by the present Government, so that Whigs and The Reverse-" The greatest happiness of the greatnumber for the greatest length of time.'

Association in an open carriage.

by four grey horses.

made in some of its details. Mr. S. WOBILEY and Mr. YORKE supported the Motto:-" Feargus O'Connor, Esq., and the Barnsley Northern Union." Reverse :- " Universal Suffrage, Vote by Ballot, Equal Representation, No Property Qualifica-tion, and Payment of Members." Green flag-Inscription :--

"Worsbro' Common, Barnsley District."

(Cheers.) At Manchester they had had six hundred thousand in procession. He had marched leading to the Station, now poured down to the place their respective banners. It was said that where they expected to behold O'Connor once more. He would be assassinated if he went to Manchester; Mr. S. CRAWFORD moved as an instruction to the Their patience was, however, put to the test, having him that his countrymen would assassinate him well, he went ; and he did receive a letter telling though even six thousand of them should perish in effecting his destruction ; he heeded not this ; he attended the meeting, and the men who chiefly crowded round the hustings were thuse whom he was told would assassinate him; but did they attempt to injure him ! No ; on the contrary, they had expressed their satisfaction at his conduct, and expressed their readiness to join the English people in their struggle for their liberties. (Cheering.) At Leeds they had yesterday a glorious exhibition of their numbers and their strength; and to-day, he was proud and happy to see that Sheffield was more determined than ever in the good old cause. Mr. O'Connor concluded an eluquent address by warning his hearers to have nothing to do with secret societies; no threats of physical force were now Members of the Council of the National Charter | needed, they were too proudly strong in their moral might. (Loud and continued cheering.) Three CHESTER.-We are sorry the crowded state of our hearty cheers were given for Frost, Williams, and three for Mr. O'Conner; when the mighty multi-R. tude formed in procession as before, proceeding up the principal streets of the town to the Theatre Royal.

### THE DINNER.

As before stated, four hundred tickets were sold by Monday afternoon ; but a large number of persons were accommodated in addition to the above number; and as near as we could judge, something

THE MEMBERS of the Newport National Charter Association trust that Feargus O'Connor, Esq., will not trouble himself again with the "new

columns compel us to reserve their communica-tion for next week.

WATHING sends us the gratifying intelligence that also been quite customary for this monster to order WATHINS sends us the grangying interrigence that also been quite customary for this monster to order the society of tailors, meeting at the Red Lion, many a good tradesman, in the most domineering Great Windmill-street, London, have joined the manner, to " pick up his tools and be off," before National Charter Association, to the number of they have been many hours on the job, without the fifty-five.

CARLISLE .- The memorial next week. JAMES WOOD, SUDBURY. - The non-payment of church

or not.

Robbing Lodgings .- On Tuesday last, William Dean left his lodgings at Mr. Thomas Driver's Pottery Field, and stole therefrom a pair of black trowsers, a black waistcoat, a black silk handkerchief, and other articles, the property of his land. lord.

PICKPOCKET .- During the proceedings at the Anti-Corn Law meeting, on Monday, a gentleman of the name of Marsh detected a man in the act o taking a silk handkerchief from his pocket, and be was immediately taken into custody.

Robberies .- On Monday last, a pair of wheels such d-d hobbling fellows as him there; again, the property of Mr. Shann, spirit merchant, Bond-there was one of the men who had got leave from street, were stolen from near the Clarendon inn-the under foreman to attend the death-bed of his On Tuesday, a claret coloured pilot coat, with dark wife, and on his return, Allen asked him where the buttons, and the skirts lined with plaid stuff, where d-l in h-l he had been ! The man replied that stolen from the house of Mr. John Hutchinson, Gar-his wife was dead, and he should want to go to bury land Fold, Marsh-lane.

BRADFORD. MAGISTRATES' COURT. - OR Wednesday last, Mr. Wm. Martin preferred a com-plaint against Michael Dowling, bacon-factor, fer an assault committed by him upon the former, immedileast consultation as to whether they were blameable ately after the recent Borough election. The witnesses fully supported the charge but which was rates will not vitiate his vote. The qualification the public of the sophistry and falsehoods contained had without Mr. Martin's knowledge inflicted full.

in the journals of the metropolis, and will therefore | mary justice.

home, dark fustian jacket, small black and white been unsuccessful. plaid waistcoat, dark fustian trousers, and round cloth cap. He is about five feet four inches in height, rather stout, light complexion, with a little

**KEIGHLEY.**—EASTER DUES.—Messrs. Weatherhouse and Rhodes, the two obnoxious Chartists who neglected to pay Mr. Busfield, the rector, his Easter Dues, have again been summoned pears to stagger them, although they declare they burst of applause at the wonderful progress of Char-would pay, if he would only accommodate them tism in Ireland. The meeting was then addressed with a list of the items in a tradesman-like manner. by Messrs. William Collins, Daly, Bradley, and As the summonses contained no information of that others, who severally commented upon the progress kind, they wisely posted them in the public streets, of Chartism in Ireland, and recommended the to let the other inhabitants know the unreasonable members who took the Star to send their own, and nature of the gentleman's bills, and what they might to strive to prevail upon others to send their expect in case he compelled them to pay.

Opp Frilows .- The anniversary of the above society took place on Monday last, when the members and friends sat down to an excellent dinner.

CULLINGWORTH (NEAR BINGLEY.)-----A CAUTION TO GOOD NATURED BEERSELLERS .- A person in the village of Cullingworth has just commenced into a breach of the law, and then fining them fordoing so. He went ever to Wilsden one night last of the meeting. week, and called at a beer-shop kept by one Smith. It was after the time at which beer is allowed to be sold, but as he represented himself as a poor widower from Cullingworth, and said that he had been slacking lime all day, and was very thirsty and hungry, and begged them to let him have something to eat and drink, they took pity on him, and let him have what he wanted, and charged for it. He then went away, and these kind people were brought up before the magisirates on Tuesday, and fined for selling ale at an improper hour to this fellow. He had been at a poor cottage house somewhere in the neighbourhood also, and by pitiful tales had induced the people of it to let him have a pot of beer, for which he paid them and then fined them for selling without a license. This will be enough to cause our unsuspecting neighbours to be aware of him in future; he generally goes by the name of Little Mick at

**BICHMOND.**—At the Petty Sessions held st Richmond, for the divison of Gilling West, Mary Ann Lewis, a girl about 17 years of age, whose parents live in Richmond, was brought before the sitting magistrates, charged with obtaining at Hauxwell, certain articles of wearing apparel, and 1s. in money, under falso pretences, stating that her name was Mary Ann, daughter of a person of the near Reeth, who keeps a beerhouse, was charged by the officers of excise, with having in her posses-sion certain spirits and British compounds, she being a person licensed to retail beer, &c., the room or this said he is the opinion of William Martin of cellar where the spirits were found, being entered this said he, is the opinion of William Martin, of for drinking on Sanday, the 5th of Sept. last, before one o'clock. Guilty. Fined £5 and costs, ton Green, a licensed beer-house keeper, was charged stick and left the town.

ABSCONDED.-On Saturday last, a boy of the Messrs. Grissell and Peto, and endeavoured to pre- has rendered to the cause of democracy, and they name of Ellis Mawson, son of Benjamin Mawson, vail on them to forget the past, and expressed a hope further request the co-operation of the men of Surrey, Spink-well Terrace, absconded from home, to the that in future there would be no cause for complaint. and that the persons appointed meet at the Dispatch and industrious. A neighbour's boy had ineffectual. Captain Reus subsequently waited upon evening, at eight o'clock precisely, to form them-lately associated with some travelling musicians, the Earl of Lincoln, the First Commissioner of the selves, and proceed to carry out the above objects." and it is supposed that he and Mawson have gone Woods and Forests, and endeavoured to prevail upon in pursuit of two of these travellers, who lately left the noble lord to use his influence between the parhere for Sheffield. Mawson had on, when he left ties, expressing his regret that his own exertions had that he in any way originated the rumour of a secret

BARNSLET.-A committee has been formed and subscriptions opened for the purpose of supporting height, father stout, light complexion, with a little colour, and hair rather flaxen. He has a mark across his nose, the effect of a wound, and is sixteen years of age. GLASGOW.-MEKTING.-A public meeting of to thereby prevent the powers that be, from Clayton-

the electors of Glasgow was held in the Trades' Hall ising him. Notwithstanding the dreadfully depress-on Wednesday week, at one o'clock at noon, for the ed state of the town, the people have come forward purpose of adopting a memorial to the Queen, nobly upon the present occasion to support their requesting her not to prorogue Parliament until her Whig-dungeoned townsman, which clearly proves present Ministers come to some resolution on the that the spirit of democracy still pervades their Sa duty affair. A memorial was adopted. pounds have been sent him to provide himself with

the infernal skilly tub. THE CHARTISTS met on Monday evening last, at by the benevolent man, to show cause why they their usual place, when a goodly number mustered. refuse to comply with his demands. The reverend Mr. R. Hesketh having been called to the chair, and gentleman's claim upon the individuals for allowing the enrolment of several members having taken them the liberty of wearing their own heads, and place, letters were read from Bronterre O'Brien, transacting business for them with St. Peter, ap- and Mr. Hague, of Cork, which caused a general

now beginning in good earnest to throw off the garb of deceptive O'Connellism, and are in the true spirit of democratic liberty, declaring for the Charter. After the Chairman had called upon all the business of betraying beer-sellers and others persons to forward their Stars to Ireland, the meeting seperated highly gratified with the business

> MANCHESTER.-Mr. West of Macclesfield, lectured in the Tib-street room, on Sunday evening, to a crowded andience, in answer to the assertions con- o'clock. tained in Cobden's pamphlet. Mr. Griffin will take Lond up the same question on Sunday night next.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NORTHERN STAR.

DEAR SIR,-By inserting the following in your valuable paper, you will oblige,

Yours, very truly, GEORGE JULIAN HARNEY.

TO MR. MARK CRABTREE.

SIR,-I yesterday received a letter from Dewsbury, of which ihe following is a copy :---

### "Dewsbury, Sept. 23, 1841.

"MB. HARNEY, SIR,-I am instructed by your friends in Dewsbury to lay the following statements before you : - After the district meeting on Sunday last was over, a few delegates repaired as usual to Mr. Charles Armshaw's, to have a little conver-sation, when Mark Crabtree, accompanied by a bro-to be patronised by the Radicals of the neighbour-to be patronised by the Radicals of the neighbour-to be patronised by the Radicals of the neighbour-to be patronised by the Radicals of the neighbourther of his, came into the room, when, after a little hood. chat on different subjects, he (Mark Crabtree) asked, BR name of Nelson, residing at Richmond. Guilty, if we, the Chartists of Dewsbury, would take part Committed to the House of Correction at Northal-lerton to hard labour for one month, as a rogue and Hours' Bill? Our answer was, that we would join vagabond. Elizabeth Raisbeck, of Longthwaite, in no sgitation short of a whole measure of justice 

# THE NORTHERN STAR.

Coffee-house, Bride lane, Fleet-street, on Monday evening, at eight o'clock precisely, to form them-selves, and proceed to carry out the above objects." A letter was received from one of Mr. Hetherington's committee, alluded to last Sunday, denying committee; the council decided that no notice be taken of the subject. After the transaction, of con-

siderable minor business, the council adjourned. Mr. Ridley gave notice of a motion respecting the letter of Mr. O'Connor in the English Chartist Circular, calling upon the men of London to do that which they had already carried into successful Dractice.

# Forthcoming Charlist Pleetings.

BIRMINGHAN.-Mr. G. White will deliver a lecture at the the Domestic Coffee House, Henrietta-street, foed, and by this time he will have been a week off on Thursday evening next, at half-past seven.

HARTLEPOOL.—A public meeting will be held here on Monday next, for the purpose of propagating the

Stars also to Ireland, as the only means principles of Chartism. Delegates from Middlesbro' and Stockton will address the meeting on the above our hitherto deluded and benighted brethren of that unhappy land, though thanks to the Star, they are well-being of the country are requested to attend. LEEDS.-Mr. Daffy will preach in Cheapside to-

morrow evening.

HUNSLET.-Mr. T. B. Smith will preach at the Association Room, Hunslet, on Sunday evening, at the usual time. Mr. Duffy will lecture on Tuesday evening, to commence at eight o'clock.

DEWEBURY .- Mr. Duffy will lecture at Dewebury, can. in the Market-place, on Wednesday evening, at six

LONDON.—A concert is to be held in the Associa-tion-rooms, Hit or Miss Tavern, 19, West-street, Globe-fields, on Monday evening, Oct. 11th, towards defraying the expences attending the public meeting held in London, to welcome Feargus O'Connor on his liberation from York Castle; tickets threepence each. It is hoped also that all members will be careful to attend the meeting at the above rooms London.—A concert is to be held in the Associa-tion-rooms, Hit or Miss Tavern, 19, West-street, Globe-fields, on Monday evening, Oct. 11th, towards his liberation from York Castle; tickets threepence "all his possibles" to get the people there and each. It is hoped also that all members will be careful to attend the meeting at the above rooms to-morrow night, as business of importance is to be discurred discussed.

LONDON .- Mr. Balls will preach next Sunday rescue from the merciless Chartists. We were evening, in the Institute, 55, Old Bailey; and Mr. amused no little at the evident trepidation of our Wm. Carrier, the following Sunday. To commence worthy ancient the Mercury. He need have enat seven o'clock.

FINSBURY.—A general meeting for the nomination made up their minds not to interfere; of the General Council, and election of a local but for once to let the poor fellows have committee for the borough of Finsbury district, will a holiday and enjoy themselves. We were not pretake place on Monday evening next, at Hunt's Coffee sent at the meeting. We had no reporter there; vinced that the Corn and Provision Laws are the House, Clerkenwell Green. The indefatigable and but from all that we can hear we learn that the principal cause of the cruel privations and embar-

BRADFORD.-Messrs. Edmonson, Dewhurst, and Warriner will lecture at the Delph Hole, Little Horton, on Monday evening next, at eight o'clock, on the principles of the People's Charter.

MARYLEBONE.-Mr. G. Watkins will lecture at

# CORN LAWS AND PUBLIC DISTRESS.

# PUBLIC MEETING AT LEEDS.

were passed:-

# Moved by HAMER STANSPELD, Esq. Seconded by PETER FAIRBAIRN, Esq.

Ist. That great and increasing Distress has been experienced during the last four years, by the Mer--Stafford, on Monday; Wolverhampton, on Tues-day; Kiddderminster, on Wednesday; Stourbridge, Bad on Thursday; Bromsgrove, on Friday; and Red-ditch, on Saturday. The various towns in the dis-trict are requested to send their money immediately, directed to Mr. G. White 3 Convt. Essex street above-mentioned.

employment for labour-a lower rate of remunera-

extreme variations in the price of the Raw Material

and the Bankruptcy of their Customers. Moved by WILLIAM WEST, Esq.; Seconded by THOMAS PLINT, Esq.

2nd. That this Meeting is clearly of opinion that the distress experienced in this District, and gener-ally throughout the Manufacturing Districts of the Thursday 7, at Coine; Friday 6, at Marsden; Satur-day 9, at Accrington; Monday 11, at Blackburn; Tuesday 12, at Sabden; Wednesday 13, at Burnley: Thursday 14, at Haslingden; Friday 15, at Darwen; Saturday 16, at Chorley. The district Secretary will feel obliged to those places who have not already sent in a part of their subscriptions towards the construct of the lecturer to do so as soon as they vests, and prevent the Farmer from deriving any Benefit from productive ones,—practically deny the right of the People to exchange the produce of their Industry for the food and Productions of other in years of scarcity causing a serious Derangement of the Currency, of which the immediate and inevit-able effects are falling Prices, Commercial Alarm and Embarrassment, a frightful destruction of the Property of the Capitalists, and appalling Distress Property of the Capitalists, and appalling Distress Commercial Alarm amongst the masses of our Operative Classestertained no such alarms. The Chartists had

Seconded by J. O. MARCH, Esq.

3rd. That that this meeting being thoroughly con-

### WEST RIDING OF YORKSHIRE.

### MICHAELMAS SESSIONS.

every lover of freedom is desired to attend. Sr. PANCRAS. MIDDLESEX.—A public meeting will be held at the Vestry rooms, on Monday evening, the 4th of October, 1841, to take into consideration what measures should be adopted in the present alarming state of the country. Feargus O'Connor, Esq. will attend. The chair will be taken at seven o'clock precisely. Mr. Fussill will lecture on Sunday even-precisely. Mr. Fussill will lecture on Sunday even-precisely. Mr. Fussill will lecture on Sunday even-ting the taken at seven o'clock the following Resolutions the following Resolutions the Forenoon of each of the same days - and also. the Forenoon of each of the same days ; and also, by further Adjournment from thence, will be holden at SHEFFIELD, on Monday, the 25th Day of the same Month of Uctober, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, when all Jurors, Suitors, Persons bound by Recognizance, and others having business at the said several Sessions, are required to attend the Court on the several Days and at the several Hours

### ORDNANCE SURVEY.

at the the Domestic Coffee House, Henrietta-street, on Thursday evening next, at half-past seven. Whirtschapel, Lowdow, -A grand ball will be given in aid of the Council funds, in the Social Institution, 81, High-street, Whitechapel, on the Ational Charter Association-room, Water-treet, Bethnal-green ; Mr. Fox, 3, North-street, White-street, Mile End, New Town ; Mr. Newley, 12, White-street, Mile End, New Town ; Mr. Newley, 12, White-street, Bethnal Green Road ; and at the Social Institution. And Notice is hereby further given, that Ap-plication will be made at the said Sessions, or and Division of, and within the said West Riding, pursuant to the provisions of Stat. 4 and 5 Vic., c. 30, intituled, "An Act to authorise and facilitate the completion of a Survey of Great Britain, Ber-wick-upon-Tweed, and the Isle of Man."

C. H. ELSLEY. Clerk of the Peace.

### Clerk of the Peace's Office, Wakefield, 28th September, 1841,

ADDRESS.

SUFFEBING COUNTRYMEN AND COUNTRYWOMEN,---If ever there was a time that called upon you to exert your moral power to save this our beloved and once-happy country, that time is the present. Up then and do your duty, for there is not a moment to be lost. Look around you and you will find abun-dant cause for your best exertions. Witness the thousands of men and women who are walking our streets for the want of improvement, our bastiles are full, and our prisons are full. Hundreds are starving for food and clothing; this, too, at a time when our storehouses are full. Thousands more are leaving the land of their births to find shelter in a distant land. Oh! England, England!

Ireland is in a deplorable condition; witness the an hour of liberty is worth an age of slavery.

Yours, in the cause, JOHN WRIGHT, Wharf-street, Portwood, Stockport, Sub-Secretary.

LEICESTER .- We have had another battle with congregating in the Cloth Hall yard of about 1200 delay in the application of a Remedy will alike add persons, nearly half of whom were Tories; the Chartists having determined to stay away. We find a report of this meeting in the Morning Chrenicle of Thursday, which we haven doubt has gone forth from the Mercury. And we find in that report that, after the usual recitations by Mr. Hamer Stansfeld that cry of suffering, and that urgent prayer for Legislative interference and relief which has been the Corn Law Repealers; but that, and all other sixty-two. Mr. Cooper preached twice in the Market-place to large audiences on Sunday, and lectured on Phrenology, to a crowded assembly, in the Guild-hall, on Monday. We are too throng to make a gave in their names for the next meeting night.

ing next, in their rooms, to commence at seven o'clock-subject, "The distress of the people and the necessity of their organisation." MR. MASON'S ROUTE FOR THE FOLLOWING WEEK.

on Thursday ; Bromsgrove, on Friday ; and Reddirected to Mr. G. White, 3 Court, Essex-street.

DEWSBURY DISTRICT.—A Delegate Meeting of the Dewsbury district will be held at Dewsbury to-morrow (Sunday), at five o'clock in the afternoon.

MR. RICHARD MARSDEN will lecture in the following places:—On Monday, October 4, at Preston; Tuesday 5, at Lancaster; Wednesday 6, at Clithero; Thursday 7, at Colne; Friday 8, at Marsden; Satur-

support of the lecturer, to do so as soon as they

valued the continuance of Whiggery to come to its

Moved by Joseph Bateson, Esq.

### STOCKPORT .- Mr. Doyle, of Manchester, will lee ture in the National Charter Association Room Bomber's Brow, Lower Hill Gate, on Sunday next,

at the chapel of the Holy Trinity, in the morning and afternoon, by the Rev. J. B. Birtwhistle, M.A., the incumbent. Collections were made after each service, amounting to £13 11s. 9d. in the Parish Church, and £6 6s. 7d. in the Holy Trinity, in sid Society.

ARRIVAL-The Earl and Countess of Zetland arrived at Aske last week, his Lordship's seat near Richmond.

MONEY MARKET.-Extreme dullness pervades the at our meeting." money market; however, to enliven the drooping spirits of the jobbers, jews and money-changes, we give the following narrative of the BOTTLE MAIL, as given by a London cotemporary. "In the absence of anything of more gravity it may be mentioned that some diversion was created in certain City circles today, about the receipt of a letter from abroad at the office of a respectable wine-merchant by a novel kind of mail, mail packet, or sailing conveyance, to the evasion, scandalous or not as it may be variously construed, of her Majesty's Post-office, and in defiance of Lord Lowther and Mr. penny-postage Hill. The letter in question was thus introduced under effect that Mr. Harney, like himself, was in the pay cover to the notice of the party to whom addressed by the intermediary agent :-

<sup>4</sup> Scilly, Sept. 20, 1841.

'SIR,-According to the request of the writer I have forwarded the enclosed letter, which I picked up on the | classes." 15th, I hope you will send me an answer.

" Yours, "PHILIP WILLIAM EDWARDS,

"Weaver, St. Mary's, Scilly."

The enclosed letter runs thus :--

#### ' Brig, Lord Sanmarez, Sept. 9, 1841.

MT DEAR COUSIN,-It is possible that you get this, although there are a hundred chances to one that you do not. I enclose it in a bottle with a request that the finder will forward it to you. We have had head winds almost the whole time since we left, but we are now 200 (or 300, for the figures may read either) miles south of Cape Clear-passed every ship or vessel that we met (qr. got sight of.) All well, fat and hearty. The Captain, Alexander and Charles join in best respects. "My dear Consin,

"Yours. &c. 'To -----, Esq., Old Broad-street.'

'The wine-merchant by whom this extraordinarily

despatched missive was received, had not only the gratification of hearing most unexpectedly from his friends, but in the fact of the bottle emptied of the is letter was read from Feargus O'Connor, Esq. recontents with which it went loaded brimful from his cellars recognises the symbolical intimation that the stowing away another cargo from his vanlts on as the underwriters say, may God speed on her Council. Yoyage.

for storing beer. It appeared from the evidence of Bradford and poor George Julian Harney. You Mr. J. Hopkinson, an officer of Excise, behaved in a most shabby manner to poor Harney, that on the 12th of May last, he entered said he; you paid him as your lecturer, a paltry the cellar, and found five stone bottles and one of thirty shillings per week, while I paid him five-andglass, containing about two gallons and a half of forty shillings per week, while I paid him five-and-glass, containing about two gallons and a half of forty shillings per week during the late West Riding rum, and upwards of three gallons of British spirits. election. With this expression, he struck the table, Guilty. Penalty, £50; but mitigated to £1210s., had it not been British oak, a blow sufficient to and the spirits forfeited.—Edward Stephenson, of the prove his expertion on the Market Guilty. Whaston Green, near Richmond, a licensed beer- to prove his assertion on the Market Cross next house keeper, was charged, on the information of morning at ten o'clock, and he (Thomas Wass) Mr. Snowden, police-officer, with opening his house would at the same time engage to prove to a majority of the inhabitants that Mark Crabtree was a lying, two-faced political villain. Thomas Wass thers, Warren-street, Fitzroy Square, on Sunday sent, Mr. Gardner had not even provided a seconder next. stick and left the town. Tower HANLETS.—A ball and concert will be being the second offence .- Robert Garbutt, of Whas- attended time and place, but the rascal had cut his

The persons ready to come forward to prove what is here contained are John Haigh, of Ossett: Joseph Atkinson, of Heckmondwike ; Thomas Wass, of Dawgreen; and Benjamin Simpson. "The affair has been laid before a meeting of of the fund of the Ripon Diocesan Church Building Chartists in Dewsbury; the opinion of which you will understand by the enclosed resolution.

"Signed on behalf of the Chartists of Dewsbury,

"WM. MOSELEY, STOTT, Secretary."

"P.S. Enclosed you will find the resolution passed The above letter is dated September 23rd, but bears

the Dewsbury post-mark of September 27th. Perhaps Mr. Stott can explain this.

The following is a copy of the " resolution' alluded to in the postscript of the above :--

Moved by Adam Brander, seconded by James Newsome—" That we, the Chartists of Dewsbury, have every confidence in George Julian Harney, one of our late candidates for the West-Riding of the County of York, and we consider the assertion made by Mark Crabtree, of Dawgreen, which was to the tives. of the Tories during the last election. to be a direct

attack upon the character of Mr. Harney, who we consider to be one of the most upright, bold, and unflinching patriots that in our day has come forward to advocate and demand the rights of the working

### WH. MOSELEY STOTT, Chairman.

On this resolution I have only to remark that I return my thanks to the men of Dewsbury for the good opinion they have of me been pleased therein to express. I assure them they will find their confidence in Julian Harney has not been misplaced. Mr. Crabtree, I have copied the above letter ver-

batim as I received it. My answer shall be summary and to the point. Your statement (if that statement you made) that you paid me five and forty shillings per week during the late West Riding Election, is a wicked and calumnious lie; and I challenge and defy you to prove it.

GEORGE JULIAN HARNEY.

Sheffield, September 29, 1841.

### FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

London, Wednesday, Sept. 29. SAINT PANCRAS.-At the last meeting of this body

specting the late meeting at the Archer's Rooms, and stating that he will attend at the St. Pancras Vestry Rooms, on Monday next, Oct. 4th, at eight MANCHESTER.—Mr. James Bronterre O'Br contars recognises the symbolic intrimation that the Vestry Rooms, on Monusy next, occurrence, captain and his friends were lastly at work in Vestry Rooms, on Monusy next, occurrence of his having the "jolly ma-lightening the vessel and throwing the "jolly ma-vines" exclosed to as to make a clear hold for declaratory of a want of confidence in Mr. H. B. Morley, in consequence of his having joined the the return home of the good ship Saumarez, which, "new move," and removing him from the General

CHELSEA .- On Tuesday evening last, a ball and THE STRIKE AT THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT. - concert was given, on behalf of Mr. Wheeler, the the Three Doves Inn, at eight in the evening. Captain Rons has been using his influence as a me- Secretary to the County Council, at the Manor diator between the masons who recently struck at House, Chelsea. A most efficient band attended. A the new Honses of Parliament, and Messre. Grissell number of patriotic songs were sung, and the ball, and Peto, with the humane effort of getting the men which consisted of country dances, qadrilles, &c., back to their work, but he has not been successful. was spiritedly kept up till the hour of closing, to the

the Large Room, Fig Tree Lane, on Sunday evening, at seven o'clock.—Subject, "The crimes and horrors to every man of twenty-one years of age, of war !'

of sound mind, and untainted with crime." LANBETH.-Mr. Fussell will lecture at the Fea- As a proof that the Chartists as a body was not pre-

Con Green, a licensed beer-house keeper, was charged with keeping his house open for the sale of beer, on Sunday, the 19th of Sept. last, before one o'clock. Guilty. Fined 403. and costs.
CHURCH BUILDING SOCIETY.—Two excellent serming and evening last, by the mond, on Sanday morning and evening last, by the sait the charpel of the Holy Trinity, in the morning
Sinck and left the town.
"In conclusion, it is the desire of your friends in and about Dewsbury that you should challenge him in the Northern Star to prove what he said, which, if he refuses, the Chartists of Dewsbury will then caution the Chartists of Dewsbury will then caution the Chartists body against this Tory-paid scoundrel, as they consider Mark Crabtree as the charpel of the Holy Trinity, in the morning
The persons ready to come forward to prove what TOWER HANLETS.-A ball and concert will be

six o'clock, in the Council Room, North Tavern, that the amendment had it. (Continued applause.)' North-street.

Mr. Martin, will lecture at Bradford Moor, on Monday evening, at eight o'clock.

DELPH HOLE .- Mr. Smyth will lecture at Delph Hole, on Monday next, at eight o'clock in the evening.

Monday evening, at eight o'clock. The Chartists of sequent conduct of the Honourable and Reverend

will be brought before them.

on Sunday next, the 3rd of October, at the Temper- was not inconsistent with it, he should put the ori- strict the supply of Human Food. ance Hotel, Paddock, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

ROCHDALE-Mr. James Shaw, of Huddersfield, in favour of the amendment was very large, but that will lecture at Rochdale, on Sunday next, the 3rd in favour of the original resolution was much larger. day of October, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the benefit of the Stockport unemployed opera-tives.

MILN Row .- Mr. Edward Clayton, of Huddersfield, will lecture at Miln Row, on Sunday next, the the amendment was carried, as the Chairman had 3rd day of October, at three o'clock in the afterdeclared it to be, it set aside the original resonoon, for the benefit of the Stockport unemployed lution. If the Chairman did not know his duty operatives.

he would tell him. (Great cheers and confusion.)-ME. MORGAN'S ROUTE.-Mr. Morgan will preach The Chairman said that the amendment was cara sermon on Sunday the 3rd. inst., at six o'clock in ried, and formed a separate resolution. The ori-the evening, in the Goat Inn long room, Cloth Mar-ginal resolution was carried, and, therefore, became ket; at Blue Quarries, on Monday the 4th, at seven o'clock; Grindstone Quay, Telling Shore, on Tues-day the 5th, at seven o'clock in the evening; Unsworth, or Wedneedsy the 6th at seven o'clock in the evening; Wasworth, on Wednesday the 6th, at seven o'clock; Wrecking- ment, many of whom voted for the original resoluton, on Thursday the 8th, at seven o'clock; Bedling- tion, to burke the resolution. Mr. Plint said he ton, on Friday the 8th, at seven o'clock; Goat Inn wished to ask the gentleman who proposed the alterations have been made whereby Agents will be long room, on Sunday the 10th, at six o'clock.

NOTTINGHAM.-On Sunday next, Oct. 3rd, a County them from memorialising the Queen on the Corn Delegate meeting will be held in the Democratic Laws. He claimed a short, distinct, and direct Delegate meeting will be held in the Democratic Laws. The original conditions and loud cries of "hear, hear.") during the last sixteen years have realised consider-Chapel, Rice-place, Barker-gate, at one o'clock; and answer. (Long and loud cries of "hear, hear.") able Sums by the Agency, without one Shilling let as Monday commences Goosefair, a greater number than usual of country delegates are expected to attend. On Sunday afternoon, Mr. Dean Taylor that the distress in the country was mainly attributable to the Corn Laws. He denied this, Appli will preach on the Forest ; in the evening, at six and stated that the cause of distress was class o'clock in the chapel, Rice-place. On Monday, Mr. legislation. His amendment went to shew that Taylor lectures at Carrington, Tuesday at Hucknall-they never could get a repeal of the Corn Laws till Torkard, Wednesday at Sutton, and Thursday at the suffrage was extended. (Cheers.) The object of Mansfield, each evening at six o'clock. The friends his amendment was to set aside the original resoat the above places are requested to make it as pub- Intion. (Disapprobation.) They might send a cartlic as possible.

EDINBURGH.-A County Delegate Meeting, for Mid-Lothian, will be held in the Whitfield Chapel, MANCHESTER .- Mr. James Bronterre O'Brien will

o'clock. THE LEEDS DEMONSTRATION COMMITTEE are parti-calarly requested to meet in the Association Room, Shambles, on Sunday morning next, at ten o'clock, for the purpose of auditing the treasurer's accounts, and finally settling the Committee's business. The Leeds defined to the meeting, to dissent from this and finally settling the Committee's business. The defined to the meeting, to dissent from this absurd falsehood; and therefore proposed an amend-the defined for the meeting that the the callest opportunity of presenting the same to the callest opportunity of the presenting the same to the callest opportunity of the presenting the same to the callest opportunity of the presenting the same to the callest opportunity of the presenting the same to the callest opportunity of the presenting the same to the presenting the the LIDGET GREEN.—Mr. Joseph Alderson will preach at Lidget Green, on Sunday evening at six o'clock. SHEPPIELD.—Mr. Julian Harney will lecture in butable to the monopoly of the franchise, and that it butable to the monopoly of the franchise, and that it Address :—

[The Memorial was in effect an echo of the Resolutions: the following was the concluding sentence :-- ]

Under these circumstances we humbly approach your Majesty with the prayer, that your Majesty last; and, after the weekly contributions being will vouchsafe once more to recommend the public distresses, and their main cause, the Corn Laws, to the consideration of Parliament, and that you

ness, and the prosperity of your Reign.

### Moved by Dr. Smilles; Seconded by JOSEPH CLIFF, Esq.

triumphant power of truth, or that the principles of Chartism are true ; that in a meeting composed ex-5. That the following Petition to the House of Commons be adopted by this Meeting; that it be clusively of the adherents of the factions the simple doctrines of truth, when presented, were at once signed by the Chairman ; and that it be transmitted Hole, on Monday next, at eight o'clock in the evening. IDLE.—Mr. John Arran will lecture at Idle, on Monday evening, at eight o'clock. The Chartists of Idle are requested to make it as public as possible.

Mr. Edwards will also lecture at the same place. The Council in Bradford are requested to attend at six o'clock in the evening, as business of importance will be brought before them. The Council in Bradford are requested to attend at six o'clock in the evening, as business of importance will be brought before them. The Council in Bradford are requested to attend at the difficulty; and the difficu "headded, that as Mr. Gardner had not objected to to deliberate upon measures for relieving that Dis-PADDOCK -Mr. William Canningham will lecture the original resolution, and that the amendment tress, and especially to repeal the Laws which reginal resolution." A show of hands was accordingly taken, and the Chairman then said that the number

Moved by Mr. C. CUMMINS, Seconded by Mr. J. W. SMITH.

6. That the Resolutions of this Meeting be advertised in all the Four Leeds Newspapers. The Chair having been vacated by John Good-

man, Esq., it was taken by Hamer Stansfeld, Esq. and, on the Motion of Mr. J. W. Smith, seconded the front of the steps, exclaimed that the proceedby Mr. G. S. Nussey, a Vote of Thanks was unaniings were a disgrace to the town of Leeds. When mously passed to Mr. Goodman for his impartial Conduct in the Chair.

### EAST INDIA TEA COMPANY.

**DERSONS** having a little time to spare are apprised that AGENTS continue to be appointed in London and Country Towns by the East India Tea Company, for the sale of their celebrated Teas-(Office No. 9, Great St. Helen's Churchyard, Bishopgate-street). They are packed in leaden Canisters, from an Ounce to a Pound; and new

The licence is only 11s. 6d. per Annum, and many during the last sixteen Years have realised consider-

Applications to be made, if by letter, post paid. to Charles Hancock, Secretary.



14, GOREE, PIAZZAS, LIVERPOOL.

Construct of establish a newspaper press. LONDON.—BERWICK-STREET, SOHO.—Mr. Fusell will lecture to the Chartist tailors, on Wednesday, at the Three Doves Ian, at eight in the evening. CHELSEA.—Mr. Cleave lectures here on Monday evening. WANDSWORTH.—Mr. Ruffy Ridley lectures here to-morrow evening. Subject—Priestcraft. Time— half-past seven. Class legislation; yet the Chartman gravely affirms are consistent that these two propositions are consistent on may be both adopted by the meeting, and Mr. Edward Baines, jun., be-lieves that those who voted for the amendment did not mean to reject the resolution !! In this way, half-past seven. Class legislation; yet the Chartman gravely affirms are consistent by the meeting, and Mr. Edward Baines, jun., be-lieves that those who voted for the amendment did not mean to reject the resolution !! In this way, half-past seven. Class legislation; yet the Chartman gravely affirms are consistent by the meeting, and Mr. Edward Baines, jun., be-by the meeting being actually in igno-the resolution read from the chair, but having half-past seven. Class legislation; yet the Chartman gravely affirms are consistent by a Post Office order, Berths will be secured, and the secured, and the spinners

ACCRINGTON .- Mr. Marsden lectured here en Saturday evening last.

LEEDS FEMALE CHARTER ASSOCIATION .--- A moeting of this society took place on Wednesday night paid, a discussion took place respecting the propriety of having lectures in the room every Wed-nesday night, and Mr. Parker was requested to will not exercise your prerogative to prorogue the two Houses until those important subjects shall have undergone full discussion. And we will loyally and affectionately pray for your Majesty's health, your domestic happi-GENERAL COUNCIL

GENERAL COUNCIL.

HUNSLET. Archibald Mitchell, Abraham Smith. Robert Walker, Francis Smith. Lambert Marshall. James Longbottom, Charles Newell, George Nichols, William Hick, Treasurer.

Benjamin Gibson, sub-Secretary. LEEDS MUNICIPAL ELECTION .- A meeting of the Leeds Charter Association will take place in the Association Room, Shambles, on Monday night, Oct. 4th, at eight o'clock, to elect a committee to

question the candidates who may be put in nomination as Councillors at the next municipal election.

THE PARLIAMENT .--- The House of Lords did not sit on Wednesday; and the House of Commons rose at five o'clock in the afternoon, having only sat for an hour. The business transacted was unimportant.

WEST RIDING SESSIONS .- An announcement amongst our advertisements fixes these Sessions to be held at Knaresbro', on Tuesday, the 19th instant; at Leeds, on the following day, Wednes-day, the 20th; and at Sheffield, on Monday, the 25th instant.

CRICKET MATCH AT DALTON .- On Wednesday last a match of single wicket, for £20 aside, was played at Dalton, between Jarvis, of Nottingham, and Crossland, the pet of the Dalton club. Jarvis won by 17 notches ; the numbers being-Jarvis, 25 ; Crossland, 8. In the first innings the parties were equal; in the second, Jarvis scored 17, and Crossland's wicket fell at the first ball.

LOCAL MARKETS.

LEEDS CORN MARKET, TUESDAY, SEPT. 28 .- There is a large arrival to this day's market, other kinds of Grain small. Old Wheat has been in fair demand and last week's prices fully supported; fine dry New, but little alteration, but the damp qualities are

rather lower and very difficult to quit. Very little alteration in Oats. Beans, heavy sale.

LEEDS CLOTH MARKET.-There still continues to be a fair share of business doing in the warehouces, but at the Cloth Halls, the demand for goods is very trifling. It would seem as if the merchants had almost ceased their purchases at the Halls; indeed, goods are now more than ever carried direct from the manufacturers to the warehouses.

HUDDERSPIELD CLOTH MARKET, TUESDAY, SEPT. 28.-We had an excellent market to-day for fancy woollens and plain superfines. There is every prospect of a considerable reaction in trade, as the staplers are very busy. There is no variation

by putting the amendment and resolution again." Now was ever tricky villany equal to this ! Were MANCHESTER.—Mr. James Bronterre O'Brien will deliver a lecture in the Carpenters' Hall, on Monday, October 4th, at eight o'clock in the evening. The proceeds after defraying expenses, to go to aid Mr. D'Brien to establish a newspaper press. LONDON.—BERWICK-STREET, SOHO.—Mr. Fusell ith at these two propositions are consistent with at the other and may be both adopted

amendment, whether his intention was to prevent enabled to compete with all rivals.

load of memorials to the Queen if they pleased .-The Rev. Thos. Scales suggested that the wishes of the meeting might be made to harmonise

Can anything prove more forcibly than this the

| baes to their work, but he has not been successful. was spiritedly kept up this the nour of closing, to the                     | half-past seven.                                      | the resolution read from the chair, but having                                              | by a Post Office order, Berths will be secured, and                                                  | provement in this branch of trade, and the spinners    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Having offered his services to them, a deputation great gratification of the company present, which,                            | -                                                     | confidence in the Good-man who occupied it, and                                             | it will not be necessary for them to be in Liverpool                                                 | appear to be acting in self-defence by only working    |
| from their body waited upon the cantain, and stated, through the uniavourableness of the day and evening,                       | DEPTFORD.—The Chartists of Deptford and Green-        | in their oracle, Mr. BAINES, the juggling<br>wretches manage to get several persons to hold | till the day before sailing.                                                                         | their machinery short time, nor is it generally to be  |
| the principal foreman had acted in a hasty and was not hearly as numerous as could have been                                    |                                                       |                                                                                             |                                                                                                      | expected that anything beyond day-light will be        |
| incomperate manner towards them: that he had wished and hoped for.                                                              |                                                       | up their hands for the rejected resolution and declare                                      | N.B. The Ship never finds provisions for Second                                                      | required to supply the wants of the consumers dur-     |
| committed acts of tyranny and oppression, and had to yourry - On Tuesday evening last Mr Ruffy                                  | October next, at eight o'clock precisely, to pass the | both carried! The next part of the Chronicle's report                                       | Cabin or Steerage Passengers, and Emigrants are                                                      | ing winter. The quantity of unemployed combersis       |
| made nimself so objections that they had been to all differend a lost who have to a numerous and                                | rules of the locality, and other important business.  | we do not believe ; for it would make Mr. GARDNER,                                          |                                                                                                      | considerable, and we fear their calls on the parish    |
| obliged, with pain to themselves, to adopt the unplease and interest and innee at the Association Booms                         | CRAMLINGTONOn Sunday morning, at eleven,              | a working man, to be as great a fool as the Chair-                                          |                                                                                                      | will be numerous, unless something shall strike up     |
| sale alternative of leaving their work. They fur- Tomboth Walk                                                                  | and in the afternoon, at two o'clock, Mr. Williams,   | man and Mr. BAINES. It says that "after some                                                |                                                                                                      | to increase their employment. Piece-The demand for     |
| ther stated that they had in several instances ad-                                                                              | of Sunderland, will address the people of this place. | conversation" Mr. GARDNER withdrew his amend-                                               | Ship. Capt. Register. Burthen. To sail.                                                              | goods is scarcely so active as we observed a few       |
| dissed Iner employers by letter, and waited upon! MIDDLESFX -London Delegate Meeting, Sun-                                      |                                                       | ment. We don't believe this, for two reasons.                                               | Tons. Tons.                                                                                          | weeks ago, nor can we look for any decided improve-    |
| and by deputation, representing the difficulties of day. Sept. 26th. Mr. Cuffey in the chair. Uredentials                       | ten, Mr. Binns will address the inhabitants of        | ment. We don't believe this, for two reasons.<br>Firstly, Mr. Gardner had no power to do    | INDEPENDENCE,                                                                                        | ment till the result of Leipsic fair is known, which   |
| activition; pointing out the great inconvenience) were received from Mr. Rowland, of Hackney, and                               | Southwick.                                            | so. The amendment having been adopted by the                                                | NVA 820 1409 2311 Sept.                                                                              | is now on. Prices are generally fair, and the stocks   |
| which must arise to them by being obliged to leave Mr. M'Angus, from a section of the tailors' body;                            |                                                       | meeting was gone out of his hands, and he had                                               | RICHARD AN-                                                                                          | on hand far less than we have noticed at this season   |
| their work, having brought their families to London a resolution was received from Finsbury, continuing                         | SUNDERLANDOn Sunday alternoon, at nail-past           | nothing to do with it. Secondly, we cannot suppose                                          | DERSON, Bennett 600 1050 7th Oct.                                                                    | since 1836, which augers well if any demand should     |
| on the faith of lengthened employment. That their Mr. Hogg. as a delegate, but recommending to their                            | two, Mr. Binns will address the people at the Life    | any working man would be so arrant a fool as to                                             | SIDDONS, Cobb 1020 1600 13th Oct.                                                                    | take place.                                            |
| employers stated their entire satisfaction with the delegates a temperate line of conduct. Satisfactory                         | Boat House, and on Tuesday, a lecture by Mr.          | thus lend himself as a goat's horn to the nasty foxes                                       | FOR NEW ORLEANS.                                                                                     | SALFORD CATTLE MARRET, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 29.            |
| conduct and industry of the general body of the men., reports were received from the tailors, shoemakers,                       | Williams will be delivered in the Long Room of the    | to climb out of the well by. The fact is, that                                              |                                                                                                      | -The show of Beasts to-day was good as regards         |
| and also that they had great confidence in the ability masons. Hackney and other fresh localities, and de-                      | Arcade.                                               | they found they had made fools of themselves, that                                          |                                                                                                      | the numbers, but indifferent as to quality. The same   |
| and integrity of their forement that he was a rough instations were appointed to wait on them. Resolved                         | DERBYSHIREMr. Bairstow will lecture at Derby          | they would be laughed at by everybody for a                                                 | Will be despatched punctually on the appointed                                                       | remarks apply to Sheep, whilst of Lambs the supply     |
| <b>UNION</b> d, and was not nortionly in his expressions to 1 <sup>44</sup> That each delegate bring in at the ensuing meeting. | on Monday, October 4th ; at Spondon, on Tuesday,      | parcel of nincompoops, and they have recourse                                               | Days, Wind permitting.                                                                               | was limited. The prices for prime Beef and Mutton      |
| <b>Wards</b> them The men than stated other grievels report of the number of naving members in the i                            | Oct 5th at Ticknall, on Wednesday, UCL, 011 at (      | suerciore to this sneer invention. about Gardner's                                          |                                                                                                      | must be reported as last week, whilst middling and     |
| ances, and concluded by expressing their determina- locality." The sum of £1 11s. 7d. was received                              | Burton, on Thursday, Uct. 7th; at Swadincole, on [    | williarswing his amendment after it had been car-                                           | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                                                | inferior were the turn lower. A few Beasts and         |
| tion, let the consequence be what it might, of not towards defraying the expence of the late meeting,                           | Friday; and in Derby Market-place, on Sunday          | ried, to get out of the mess. Such, at all events                                           | The Anna Liver Dive an accommonded                                                                   | Sheep of inferior quality unsold. Best Beef 6d, to     |
| returning to their work under the same foreman, and the localities earnestly requested to send in the l                         | evening, at half-past five O'Clock.                   | must be our conviction until we have Detter                                                 |                                                                                                      | Eld inferior 5d to 6d hest Matter Eld to 72            |
| They further stated that the whole hody of masons proportionate quotas. Mr. Parker moved, and Mr.                               | Surgarn The Rev W V Jackson will preach               |                                                                                             | as an Anti-bilious medicine, to every sufferer from                                                  | middling and inferior 6d to 6dd. Lamb 7d and 14        |
| throughout the United Kingdom had sanctioned their Humphrey seconded the following resolution,                                  | a cormon on Sunday next at half-nast two o'clock in   |                                                                                             | bilious complaints and indigestion, or from an in-                                                   |                                                        |
| - usermination, and would not only support them, but I which was unanimously carried :                                          | the champer in the National Charter Appaintion        | Whig cousin the new fledged Baronet. In                                                     | active liver, and are procurable at all Druggists, and                                               | WAKEFIELD CORN MARKET.                                 |
| Would also refuse to work under this foreman. The cil fully appreciate the talent and perseverance dis-                         | Design Relieved when a collection will be made for    | any case the sagacious honest cunning of Mr.                                                | at the Northern Star office. It is only necessary to<br>see that the stamp has "Dr. John Armstrong's | (BY EXPRESS.)                                          |
| AVAYTINY INGENING TAG CONCENT ASTRON WANT IN THAT UNATED. AND SUBCINESS CHUMPED BY ARMES FURDERING (                            | 1 L. C. C. C. L. Sundar Sabool in connection with i   | Goodman, Mr. BAINES, and the Rev. Mr. SCALES in                                             | See that the stamp has Dr. John Armstrongs                                                           |                                                        |
| office of the contractors, in York-road, Lambeth, and O'Brien, on behalf of the oppressed millions of this                      | the percent of the Sunday School in connection with   | asserting for the carrying of their point, that two op-                                     | Liver Pills" engraved on it in white letters, and to                                                 | OCTOBER 1Our arrivals are very large of Wheat.         |
| had an interview with Messre. Peto and Grissell, country, and recommend to the various localities of                            | the above rooms.                                      | posites were consistent with each other-Inst the                                            | I to we one but lot on used any other burns.                                                         | The quality of New gives it little favonr with the     |
| Who stated must be the third of the second taking motionaling the proposition of experimental and                               | MANCHESTERMr. Clarke, of Stockport, will              | parties who voted black, did not repudiate white-                                           | N.BThe Pills in the boxes enclosed, in marbled                                                       | millers, and is slow sale at about last week's prices, |
| Plaints were unfounded that they wave and avone 1 more individuals scommittee to set in conjunc-                                | lecture at Oldham, on Sunday evening, and Mr.         | and that it might "harmonize all parties to put again"                                      | paper, and marked B., are a very mild aperient,                                                      | whilst Old finds plenty of buyers, at an advance of    |
| ing to tyrannise over them, and compel them to do tion with the committees already formed at Leeds                              | Griffin, Tib-street, Manchester.                      | a resolution deliberately adopted, will remain in all                                       | and are particularly and universally praised. They                                                   | fully 2s. over the rates of this day se'nnight. Bar-   |
| 30 set of interations of an interation of an interation of a minimum of a minimum of a minimum the above t                      | Dependence On Wednesder evening ligt fith MF          | its brilliancy before the public; while we cannot                                           | are admirably adapted for sportsmen, agriculturists,                                                 | ley does not meet with much attention; rates are       |
| WER determined and a state that is the sector of an in order to a stablish a paper of his own in order to                       | D O'Drive of Dontford will give his much admired      | acquit the Loads Chartists of neglect of duty in                                            | (men of Dusiness, naval and miniary men : as they (                                                  | rather lower of New. Usis and Shelling fully as        |
| departed to meet a large body of the masons, at least that his resplendent powers may be secured to the                         | entertainments, entitled "O'Brien at home ! of an     | not being there to teach these quibbing the boots a                                         | Contests no morcury or canomor, and reduing norther (                                                | acar. Doans in named request, without material         |
| 150 in number. He communicated the stateme \$ of people, and in testimony of the many services he                               | actor's reminescenes."                                | little plain dealing.                                                                       | confinement to the house, nor restraint in diet.                                                     | variation in value.                                    |
|                                                                                                                                 | · •··· ·                                              | - '                                                                                         |                                                                                                      |                                                        |

LANCASTER.

CONGRATULATORY MEETING ON THE LIBERATION OF JAMES BRONTERRE O'BRIEN, ESQ., FROM TYRANNIC WHIG IMPRISONMENT IN LANCASTER CAS- people's petitions-when he found that the people duce of the land smaller. Out of a farm of 500 acres, imperishable; and that each surrounding day she is TLE.

As Friday last was the termination of Mr. Brenterre O'Brien's eighteen month's incarceration, the friends of the people in Lancaster, and the admirers of a patriot

"Who dares be honest in the worst of times"

resolved upon giving a public demonstration of the grateful feelings they entertain towards him for the noble services which he has rendered to the cause of humanity and freedom, as well as to testify to him how deeply their hearts sympathise with him in the suffer- in this room, who will not be ready to sacrifice life and splendid room was engaged for the occasion, in which, previously to the more important business of the day every man's right to have arms to defend life and probeing gone into, about a hundred of both sexes of the industrious classes partook of tea, &c. At halfpast seven o'clock, Mr. O'Brien entered the room, certain classes to arm; making no such invitation to competition in the towns; and thus will the evil conaccompanied by a number of friends, who, with hands willing to labour for their livelihood, have hearts deter- that he would find them with arms for that which never could have taken place, if a portion of you mined upon having these rights which the commands purpose, although they had the least likelihood to get had been upon the land. It is the interest of every of God, as well as the dictates of reason, alike deelare ought never to have been wrested from their possession. Lancaster Castle-(laughter)-I worked a dodge ano- none; and this will go on, so long as the people have On Mr. O'Brien's stepping upon the platform he was ther way. I issued my rescript to the principal inha- no share in the administration, producing riots, greeted with loud clapping of hands, which lasted for a bitants, but there was this difference between us-he tumults, disturbances, insurrections, and rebellions, considerable time.

Mr. J. T. LUND, of Lancester, being unanimously called to the chair, briefly opened the proceedings. He said they had on that evening met to congratulate a gentleman, who was second to none in the cause of a right to arm, a man must keep his arms at home, who have entered the town must consent to take under humanity, upon his liberation from a long and infamous unless when opposed to tyrants should be ever be wages, before they who have money in their pockets imprisonment. He hoped that those present, to whatover party in politics they might belong, would pay altention to what might be said—that they would reflect upon what they heard; and not be disposed to country. That is what I call sound constitutional doc- do you stand in this predicament? It is because you receive any thing which might appear extraordinary trine-is voice in the crowd, so do I);-and here am have no power in making the laws, that you have no dangerous and wrong upon the mere ipse diait of those I, after an eighteen months' imprisonment, for its ad- property. What a damning piece of impudence then who were enemies to the rights of the people.

tion; he said he perfeculy sequiesced in the sentiments embodied in it.

Mr. JOHN PARKINSON seconded the resolution, mations, and clapping of hands.

"That, in the opinion of this meeting, the practice of persecuting men for their political principles is not in the country. (Continued laughter.) If a farmer goes to eat, much less to have any wherewith to educate only inconsistent with justice, but a manifestation of out with his gun loaded with powder and shot to drive your children. (Applause.) But then if you become duct in the chair, the meeting broke up. the worst species of tyranny; we, therefore, hail with away the rocks stealing his crop, is the farmer to possessed of a certain amount of property, however delight the liberation of Mr. Bronterre O Brien, from whom the field belongs to drive away those rooks, or uneducated you are, you can vote. I deny the right of almost to suffocation. a cruel and unjust imprisonment of eighteen months, they are to drive away him-(universal laughter ?- and property to qualify a man to vote. The most ignorant for advocating the rights of the poor and unrepresented and if he knows how to do the former without alarming man amongst you has intelligence enough to vote at an bilitated Mr. O'Brien, the friends of the noble uncompart of the people of this country."

J. B. O'BRIEN, Esq., then came forward, when the cheering was long and loudly resumed. He said, my good friends of Lancaster, 1 am extremely sorry that upon this occasion I feel so physically weak as to be their natural lives. (Hear, and cheers.) Alarm without any political knowledge he knows that unable to de you and myself that justice which your kindness to me entitles from me at your hands. I return you my mest sincere thanks for the honour you have paid to me; and it delights me to behold the sympathy which, through me, you have shown for the public cause. Your presence here to night fully convinces me that political knowledge has penetrated the working classes even of Lancaster : and that the threats for you to absent yourselves have been thrown away by your employers. (Applause.) It is a true gratification to me to see so great a body of honest men and women that they had heard right principles, entitled to weight you think me clever among the Chartists; but I am ready, in spite of them, to do this great act of public. from every thicking man in the community. But Mr. not so: but supposing I am, then you know many Justice. I am not vain enough to suppose that it is Duidas, said I, if I did alarm a few rogues, had I not things which I don't know; yet if opposed to pinch to-night I cannot think so vainly of myself, and I will as much right to make a speech to alarm them, as you pauper-a Poor-Law scoundrel, you would choose me to-night I cannot think so vainiy of myself, and I will have to make one to alarm me, for I never was so instead of him-not for my sake, but your own. You CHARTIST DE MONSTRATIONS. to night to tell the Government that instead of having alarmed in all my life as I was by your opening would be great fools if you did not. As want of your unqualified undisguised, detestation of their oppreshave undergone imprisonment during the last two years. I will tell you what mine was for, and it will then be for you to say if you ever heard of so strocious a piece of injustice before. I was incarcerated eighteen months on the felon's side of Lancaster Castle; having been accused of having made a good speech. (Cries of Skame and laughter.). In the body of the indictment were set forth sundry charges against me. But it was for nothing more than appearing before an assemblage of my countrymen at Manchester by invitation, precisely in the same manner as I appear before you on the present occasion ; so that if they were conspirators then, you are conspirators now; and If I were a conspirator then, so am I now; for I am here again, as you see, in precisely the same capacity as I was then: as that meeting, in its character, was literally and identically the same as your own. The sentiments which I shall deliver to-night, are exactly those which I delivered then: for none shall escape from me this evening which are not in strict accordance with those for which I was imprisoned. (Cheers From the framing of that indictment many have been taught to believe that I was tried for something like a Cato-street plot-for something done in the dark-for some secret diabolical act, where the magistrates could not come to take cognizance of it. Aye, and if the Government of the country, and the magistrates of Lancashire could again lay hold of me to-morrow, upon the same fabricated protext of having made a speech in Lancaster tending to rouse you, its loyal inhabitants, to routs, riots, tumults, insurrection, and rebellion against the peace of our Sovereign Lady the Queen. as the big-headed lawyer said (such being some of the words in the indictments, they would most gladly do so. Neither do I doubt that they would have any difficulty in finding twelve of the shopocracy ready to find me guilty upon the testimony of a poor reporter; who, upon the trial conferred to me, that he was only learning reporting. (Laughter.) Now it is a very curious thing that it never occurred to this bigheaded lawyer, who has £2000 a year for prosecuting the people, that I have addressed upwards of two millions of my countrymen, at meetings consisting of ; from 50 to 100,000, without either rout, riot, tumult. insurrection, or rebellion against the peace of our Sovereign Lady the Queen being produced amongst them, and without the least tendency to any such a thing likely to be produced. To judge of a man's acts cught to be from the tendency which arises from them. (Hear, hear, hear.) If no breach of the peace did take place ; if every meeting was as quiet and peaceable as any that ever was held within four walls; if those present sanctioned every sentiment which I uttered; if I sppeared there only at their own request; is it not monstrous the people without their consent, should make me a conspirator up in the evidence of a silly Whig reporter belonging to a silly Whig newspaper ? That this fellow, who was a notorious Whig hack, should have been allowed to have given evidence against me : " that of six thousand persons ready to have come forward to depose to what I uttered should go for nothing-that this contemptible fellow should point out a conspirator against the Queen, her crown and dignity, in direct opposition ! to that which actually took place? If this is the reward for fighting the battles of your rights and liberties for so many months, is it to be wondered at by your enemies that you should feel for those who, on that account, have been imprisoned for so many months. (Cheers) Let me tell you the character of my speeches, even according to the evidence of this Whig reporter, rather than reply to them to-night. The doctrine which I laid down was

THE NORTHERN STAB.

which was certain to make them desperate: he also exen, sheep, and so forth. But if the 500 acre farm

Russell had then advised them to arm; every man has you will have better opportunities of making more

perty, and I knew that that was the law when I saw to the great farmer, it is nothing to him: through it,

Lord John Russell making these invitations to those he supports his farm, for he aids in the great deadly

another class more useful and numerous-telling them | tinue increasing till you are completely ground down,

them. When I found out this 'dodge,' as they say in man who has money to keep down him who has

meant his to the drones, I meant mine to the bees. until the poor man is as rotten as Mark Authony.

(Applause and laughter.) The Atterney-General did (Hear.) If 200 men out of employment go into

not tell the Jury that the Government there had ad- a town, where 200 men are employed belonging to

vised the people to arm. Bat still, if, I say, they have that town, wages always become lower, for they

when called upon, to drive his enemies out of the in cheapening whatever labour can produce, and why

merry as sky-larks. "Oh ! but you did alarm some entrusted with that power. Why, from the oppres-

was divided into smaller ones, more would necessa-

rily be produced than now, as more hands would be

employed in their cultivation ; consequently there

would be a greater demand for your labour : and then

favourable terms for yourselves with your employers.

increased by the money-monger. Speak of these things

will engage them. Every man who owns money has a

deep-rooted interest in cheapening labour, consequently

called upon the Lord Lieutenants of the counties to

issue their rescripts, and call upon certain of the in-

habitants to arm to defend life and property; and he

would find them with arms. Mind, if Lord John

a right to arm-for no man has more right to do so than

another. I hope that there is not a man nor a woman

the exclusive right of arming. I knew that it was

threatened to be invaded by them : for it is the duty

then of every man to carry his musket out of his house

them, he is a great deal wiser man than I am. (Re-

Junes bronterre O brien never du surve the people tanty du entering funy into all the minuties, make ne bend the knees at the surface to the survey of the s what was advised by other of their leaders. That people having the slightest property benefit in them. hope you will allow me to call you so, your act of this charge should have been brought against Lord John | Would that have been, had they had a share in making night sweeps away from my mind the verdict of the Russell. For when he found that he was pecked at by the laws? No ! not for a moment. As the landlords Jury, and obliterates for ever from my heart the sorrow the millions-when he found the House of Commons have the power of making laws, the statute law is it occasioned-deep-seated joy is now beating there met with most indignant feelings by a bridge of the the law of usurpation. They have also made the pro- instead; for you have proved to me that liberty is

would not be put down by proclamations-(for pro- there is not so much produced as there used to be out more loudly called upon; until at last she will come, clamations are not law)-he commenced a system of of one of fifty, which everybody knows. Large rejoicingly, to overshadow our land with her snow-white persecution, he commenced a system of spying, and farmers employ as few hands as possible : and wings." After thanking the company, Mr. O'Brien sat sending persons into their houses in search of arms, will throw their land into pasture for beeves, down amidst deafening cheers and clapping of hands. Mr. JOHN HARBISON moved the seconded the reso-

Intion :---

"It is the opinion of this meeting that the misery, destitution, poverty, and slavery endured by the incustrious millions of this country is caused by class legislation ; and the only effectual means of removing these If a thousand persons out of Manchester, Bolton, or evils from amongst us, is, by making the principles Blackburn were on farms, they would be increasing contained in the People's Charter the law of the land; the British nation."

> Mr. WM. FOTHERGILL seconded it, and it was carried by acclammation.

> frequently during his very excellent speech. Mr. O'BRIEN then arose, and most feelingly ex-

Mr. JAMES MAWSON rose to move the first resolu- (Loud clapping of hands.) "But, O!" cries the Whig shall have no voice in the legislation, because you have acts, such as had taken place at Nottingham and spy, "Mr. O'Brien's language was sufficient to alarm no property." That beats Bannagan, as Bannagan Bristol, through the infernal machinations of Govern-her Maiestv's peaceable subjects. (The tone of voice beats the devil. (Cheers and laughter.) The right of ment spies, who were sent out under the guise of in which 'peaceable' was pronounced produced roars of the people to vote is admitted, but then the Govern- friends, to lead the people into outrage, so that a prebills, and other measures, were passed to enslave persons," they say. No doubt of it at all-every rogue sion of the laws you are left little enough to obtain food them.

Thanks being given to Mr. Lund, for his able con-

Although long confinement has evidently much de-

election. The right of property does not give it-a promising patriot will be glad to hear that his spirits newed laughter.) Well, then, if I did alarm any por- man knows his friend from his foe-he knows when he are as good as ever; his courage is unsubdued: his long transported beyond the seas for the term of Tom Styles is the most fit for the ballot-box, for Charter becomes the law of the land, indomitable. I as much right to alarm them, as they to make acts of wife or child be ill, without having studied maleria and resolution.

Parliament to alarm you and me. I mentioned this to medica, or pharmacopæia, you find out a good doctor Sir Robert has succeeded Lord John. But let him the prosecutor, Mr. Dandas, and the judge, at New- from a quack. In this town, though a stranger, I could turn away with indifference at the presentation of the castle, and the counsel; but as they did not soon find out the good lawyer from the bad one, and people's petition for the Charter, and his downfall succeed there, they sent me over to Liverpool, and from the good master from the bad one. I could soon get in from that moment is doomed; and he and his party thence to Lancaster Castle, although no one ever went a list of the pinch-paupers, who would shave a mouse shall stink in the nostrils of men. From thence any of them-they went away under the impression with the list. You know who are the clever men. Now and scorn amongst men.

GRAND

Noble Patriots,

Yours, in the cause of freedom, In behalf of the National Charter Association. GEORGE LINDSAY, (Signed) Sub-Secretary.

The address was beautifully written on an emboased sheet of paper, and was neatly edged with green ribbon and decoroted with the portraits of O'Cennor and O'Brien.

Mr. DAVID MORRISON. in a few words, seconded the address, which was put by the Chairman, and carried unanimously amidst tremendous cheering. The Chairman said that Feargus O'Connor, the cele-

brated advocate of the people's rights and popular liberty, would next address the meeting.

Mr. O'CONNOR, in coming forward, was received with enthusiastic cheering. On its subsiding, he said, Mr. Chairman and brother Chartists of Eccles, I think ings and wrongs which he has endured Mir. Pilling's limo before any class of man in this country shall have food. But this chances for them has been knocked on and that the thanks of this meeting are due, and hereby I now stand in a better position than does Sir Robert the head by the monopolist, and this great evil is given to Feargus O'Connor, Esq., the dungeon-preof Peel, the Prime Minister of England. (Hear.) He patriot, and all the other brave men who have suffered is only a quack called in by a faction to cure their imprisonment for advocating the the cause of the poor disorders; but I stand here with my diploma-fexhioppressed; and we pledge ourselves to give them all biting the Eccles address ]-and called in by the men the assistance in our power until the principles of of Eccles to cure their disorders. (Laughter.) Now, universal liberty be firmly established as the laws of | without saying one word about the sacrifices which I have made, as stated in the address, which I deny; but

if I had, the expressions in this document is my best reward. (Hear.) When I came amongst you at first, I found very few adults advocating the principles of

Mr. BEAGLEY, delegate from Accrington, then spoke the Charter, but that you were split into sections and very effectively. He condemned the Tories to perdi- factions; but what did I find this morning?-not only tion, and said that he would rather go to the bottom- the congregation of men grown grey in the good cause, less pit, to rake up one of the vilest of its imps, to but a youth, a mere strippling, addressing you upon the send into Parliament, sooner than vote for a Tory. No principles of democracy. (Hear.) I listened to a por-corrupt Government should ever put him down, for he tion of his observations with some interest; and to one would stand up the advocate of liberty, universal thing I beg to differ, which was, that when the Charter liberty, to his last hour. He then ranged over the became the law of the land, that we should have been prepared for them by the Manchester friends. points of the Charter, with the principles of which the neither standing army, nor police. Now, when readers of the Charter are by this time so familiar, the Charter is passed, every man will become a headed by the Eccles band of music, towards Man. that it is not necessary to follow the worthy delegate. sort of national soldier, and the sons of place-He was loudly cheered at the conclusion, as well as men and statesmen would receive promotion acaccording to their merits - (hear),-and that policemen

would be the first to promote the peace of their counvocacy, ready to advocate the same doctrine again. it is for the scoundrel money-mongers to say "you horted the Chartists not to be entrapped into overt try instead of breaking it. (Hear, hear.) It is one of the tactics of a good general, before he storms a garrison, to get possession of the outposts ; and really, if Manchester was backward in the good cause, which, thank God, is not the case, why, I should certainly take which was carried amidst the most enthusiastic accla- laughter.) Nothing of the kind; I made them all as ment says they have not intelligence enough to be text might be given for butchering them, whilst gagging it from the Eccles side, and fall back upon some of the other villages near thereabouts. (Cheering.) In those villages fortunately for us the enemy has not got so valuable a footing even with the aid of their splendid houses. There are plenty of huts; and may be they The room throughout the proceedings was crowded | will pass into one of those huts, and from thence into the workhouse yet. (Laughter and hear.) But they begin to smell a rat. They have no objections to the Charter. (Hear.) "Oh po," they say, "we have no objection to the Charter, not we, indeed, provided we can derive more benefit from the working classes, than tion of her Majesty's subjects, it was the worst portion goes up to the poll for whom he intended to mind seemingly, if possible, more active; and his de-of them—that portion of them which should have been vote, and whether the name of Jem Thempson or termination to battle even unto death, until the People's true.) The working classes have now been robbed by both the Whig and Tory factions; and the working peo-

Oh ! it is a glorious sight thus to behold the Heaven- ple now come forward and say, "all that we want is, such of her Majesty's subjects, indeed ! Have not one man is wiser than another man. If your called leaders of the people with renewed energies to let all classes live honestiy and at peace." (Much cheering) We do not want war-we do not desire bloodshed-we do not threaten violence. All that we

want is Universal Suffrage. (Hear, hear.) Yet, those whose rights we wish to share, would, after all, breach of the peace ever occurred at them, or followed (Cheers and laughter.) Some of you could furnish me ever, whilst their very names shall become a bye-word next thing. (Hear.) They have picked the bones and then they say that the Chartists may come in and pick them-just a day after the fair. (Laughter.) God has left us sufficient for our wauts, if all of you had what belongs to you, I mean common justice and honesty; and in advocating which, there are not many who have

suffered more than myself. (No, no.) But we must

James Bronterre O'Brien never did advise the people | tunity of entering fully into all the minutize, make me bend the knee at the shrine of Mammon. | divided support in all your constitutional endeavours, have administered a little wholesome advice to their thieves and frebrands. If, however, they would come forward and meet him, he would endeavour to con. vince them, by fair argument, that the Chartists were in the right. (Hear and cheers.) He congratulated them on their noble position, and hoped they were determined to join hand in hand, and stand side by side until they obtained the Charter. (Cheers.)

Mr. O'BRIEN, who had only arrived a short time before, here came forward, evidently labouring under declining health. He was received with tremendom cheers, and addressed the assembly in very few words, expressive of his pleasure at meeting them; first, be cause it was a preof that he was not a prisoner; se cond, because he saw they were glad to see him; and thirdly, because he saw before him so many happy faces-a sight to which he had long been a stranger, a within the dungeon walls there were few happy faces to be seen. He rejoiced in the opportunity which was afforded to him of returning thanks for the excellent address which had been presented, and congratulated them on the noble position they had in so short a time attained, and which he had no doubt they would improve. He retired amidst cheers.

Mr. WM. GUTHRIE proposed that the thanks of the meeting be given to the joint friends of Manchester and Salford, for the assistance they had given, and the attention they had paid to the interests of the Eccles Chartists, since they had formed their Association. The resolution was seconded by Mr. Shearer, and unanimously carried.

Three times three hearty cheers were then given for Frost. Williams, and Jones, and, after a few observa. tions from Mr. Bond, of Chester, thanks were proposed to the Chairman, and the meeting broke up.

Mr. O'Connor, Mr. O'Brien, Mr. Benbow, and the Rev. Mr. Jackson, then entered an open carriage, which had and the procession having been formed, it proceeded chester. The Eccles men had provided several banners, which were carried in the procession, the men walking four abreast, and extending a considerable length. The curiosity of all classes on the road was very great, and the patriots were everywhere received with the greatest courtesy. Amongst the mottos on the Eccles flags we noticed the following :---

" More pigs and less parsons."

The People's Charter; it is built upon justice, and against which the gates of hell and the world shall never prevail."

Universal Suffrage, Annual Parliaments, and Equi table Adjustment ;"

And on the obverse side-

"Repeal of the New Poor Law Bill."

" Down, down with class legislation,

Wherever it reigns it's a curse to the nation." "For a nation to be free, it is sufficient that she willa it !"

Middle classes ! make common cause with the indus trious millions, and give freedom to your country."

" Equal rights and equal laws for all classes." The memory of Emmett, and those who have died for

the cause." "Frost, Williams, and Jones must be free."

According to the arrangements of the Demonstration Committee, the Manchester procession formed in Steven have recourse to physical force rather than yield up any son's square, where the different trades contribute of their monopoly. They have thrown you upon your their numbers towards the immense throng which away from any of my speeches alarmed; although no asleep and a cat awake, a cow-headed hog or a devil. Tories and Toryism are banished the Kingdom for whose direction they were led through the crowded streets. About two o'cleck, the procession met the one from Eccles at the Crescent, Salford. The scene was here almost without parallel in the history of Man chester, both for denseness and enthusiasm. The demonstrators, on catching a glimpse of either Mr. O'Connor or Mr. O'Brien, wormed their way to the cr. all be brief. I have got to speak again to day : I have riage as fast as they could ; and greeted the patrice also to address the people of Manchester, Leeds, and with warm and fervid congratulations. Nor where the Sheffield ; and therefore I'd better save my breath to fair ones behind the storner sex in their anxiety to tend cool my porridge with there. (Laughter.) Besides, their tribute of partiality, and respect, and confidence In the last week's Star we reported at great there are others who wish to say something to you, in in the wearer of the suit of fustion, and his equally consiastic parents was no less amusing than interesting; cheering which sprung from different parts of the Mm. chester procession. The processions having united. they proceeded on their prescribed route towards Manand laughter.) When I was in the House of Commons chester; and in its progress, was like a snowball, which gathered by its motion, until the numbers were the House when I was a member. (Hear.) Peel knows to us absolutely incalculable, and its length may be imagined when we state that it occupied twenty-five very well that although he may bully the Whigs; that minutes in passing a certain point, a great number of it is of no use bullying us. We are not made of that vehicles bringing up the rear. It was indeed a noble sort of stuff. It is a remarkable fact, and to the credit sight to behold; and worthy of such a cause. Bren of the Chartists be it spoken, that out of nearly 500 persons incarcerated by the Whigs for advocating the the balconies, turrets, windows, and house-tops was People's Charter, we have not had a single traitor. all crowded with persons anxious to satisfy them. Will not this convince them of the righteousness of our selves of the bona fide existence of the patriots, after cause. But we see plenty of traitors both amongst the so long a period of incarceration in gleomy dungeons:

### Chartist Intelligence.

That every man has as good a right as every other man to the protection of the state in which he lives, and of which he forms a part.

pay taxes to a state, becomes rightfull; entitled to his did: if under that epithet a poor fellow was brought up, convicted murderers used to be placed. He then share of equal protection from that state.

right to have a voice in making that law.

Government, should have a share in forming that Government.

all the rest. (Vehement clapping of hands.)

for not only is the class of the people the most useful. him to defend you, but oftener to shoot you. (Hear.) pression that he wished to say or even to payed for good government, and equal justice to each presented to him, but for their determination to be free. Instruments and to all. An address had been prepared to present to him, but for their determination to be free. that class (the useful and numerous in all countries be make it what rent he likes; he can give it out in allot- man's property, even by law. (Hear, hear.) He to the patriots, the adoption of which he had great The Rev. Mr. JACKSON, of Manchester, was next anthat class (the useful and numerous in all countries be make it what fent he make it what fen of the Government which they indour to support, and a drives out of the country, to consolidate several sinait making make as to property die redest man in the of assisting in framing the nature of the laws by which ones into one large one, and small farmers are thus country sheuld remain in undisturbed possession of his MOST NOBLE AND UNDAUNTED PATRIOTS, --We, them cordially and sincerely for the address in which they are to be governed? Loud clapping of hands. Sent into the towns to compete with your labouring, wealth : but as scon as his breath was out of his body, the Chartists of Eccles, and surrounding districts, meet his name was associated. He agreed with his friend Who is it, I ask, who builds the bridges, cuts the manufacturers, and this increases the landlords gross then all his estates, whether land, funds, or bank stock, you on the present important occasion with hearts full Benbow in the propriety of a general national holiday, Who is it, I ask, who builds the bringes, cuts the induced and the brought into the market to be sold. His of gratitude and esteem, for having the moral courage and hop-d they would never ceres their agitation till the houses, plants the garden, rears the flower, sows farmers, and their servants into the lower, heirs should get for the property what in the market it to brave all the storms and perfecutions of Whigh the Charter became the law of the land. The greatest the seed, reaps the field, mans the navy, recruits the ing of wages, he makes manufactures cheaper; and thus would bring; but it (the property itself) should go to tyranny, with that spirit of fortitude, z-al, and deter-enemies against which they had to contend were the army, and fights the battles of our country, but the he gets out of that cheapened produce of your labour, an government. By his plan every man in the community mination, which becomes you as honest and disinterested ministers of the Gespel; -- (hear, hear,) -- and to bring PEOPLE-the poor abused, despised, degraded PEOPLE. increase to his income, by obtaining the same quantity of would be comfortable-not rich; he would show men philanthropists. Yet, for slocating their rights, the knave of a Whig source for much less money, or a much greater quantity how to get bread by honest means, without grinding It is not our intention of pointing out the many reporter store that I was advocating routs, riots, for the same moncy, than he did forty years ago. This is their fellow-men down. He was willing to protest that proofs of your sincerity and attachment in advocating led to join the ranks of the people. (Hear, hear.) He tumults, insurrection and rebellion, against the perceathe case with muslins and calicos, silks, and cottons, they who have all the wealth, he cared not how dis- the cause of suffering humanity, which is apparent to of our soverign laly the Queen, her Crown and dignity if the farmer, the tenant, gives them the same rent, the ignated whether as money in the funds, bank stock, or every lover of his species, and which would take out to advocate the Charter, and he was prepared, if -bat nothing of the kind was likely to occur, any andlord's income, by the depreciation in the price of whatever it might be called, (though there was no such volumes to do justice to your worth. Suffice it to say, more than it is now. There is one thing which has; manufactured articles, will be increased ten-fold. It is things in ancient times, for the Pope would have ex- that you have nobly and manfully defended our rights, something extremely contemptible about it. It is the the same with other articles in Birmingham, Sheffield, communicated the possessors for usury) should keep it; and for so doing, have suffered Whig vengeance and pretex: of which the Government availed themselves, and other places; so that not only is the income of the but he should not be allowed to add any more to it. persecution unparalleled in the history of this our in their present a person having £10,000 stock in Thread. oppressed country. While your bodies were entombed speeches were seditions and violent-that I advised the taxes have likewise increased ; the more yeu, the pro- needle-street, receives it back again every twenty years. in the loathsome and silent dungeon, your spirits soared receives were sedificus and violes into instants in the national debt was no party concerned in such ducers, have to pay, consigurative the poorer you must The national debt was one hundred and forty years old. aloft to commune with those of former ages, in order Livesey, who, though present was so very modest recipie to arm; but I was no party concentration and to restore peace and comfort to the industrious peasant, that he dare not show his face. (Loud cheers' and But as to arming-the scoundrel who gave evidence the landlerd, not only as to his income increa- they to whom they sold it also gets five per cent. and wrest from our tyrants' grasp those rights and privi- laughter.) aroinst me. forgot to tell the jury that, for iw years sing, but also as to the value of that income. bringing back the originial sum every twenty years; so leges which God gave to man in the beginning, as a previous, the constry had become familiar with the In 1812, if an individual held stock in the Three per that what was borrowed one hundred and forty years punishment for his disobedience. notion of arming; for Oastler, Stephens, and O'Connor, Cents, he could only get 260 for it; but if he sold out 280 has been paid seven times over! and this too by a Yes! noble patriots, you have sacrificed everything had stated that to arm was the people's constitutional the same stock now, he could get £90 for it, so that so that is only without the consent of dear to your physical onjoyments in the search after had stated that to arm was the people's constitutional of and get 250 for it. But the people. It was not until Henry Vill'the time that comforts to the human family; but, thank God! you never be done to this country until the whole people. called upon to project life and property : but they never not only that, that includy is increased twofold. Why? there were no laws against usury; so it appeared that are now amongst us once more, to cheer us on in the called upon to protect lite and property : but they never act only that, that money is increased tworoto. Why: advised them to arm to destroy life and property. They | because your indeur has become cheaper, so that he can | if one Parliament made a law, it was not inviolable but good work of human redemption. merely said "We are menaced by tyranny; it is right, buy more of it for less money. This is property in- that another might alter it. In conclusion, with therefore, that every man in England should arm in steased in one way, whilst Government increases it in glowing animation Mr. O'Brien said, "Although for return to breathe the fresh air of heaven; hoping you until our exertions have been crowned with success, therefore, that every man in England should arm in diensed in one way, whilst trevernment increases it in eleven and in or heaven; hoping you should arm in diensed in one way, whilst trevernment increases it in eleven and in or heaven; hoping you and the charter into the will live to enjoy many happy days under the Charter by the Charter, and nothing less arms for that purpose; and for that purpose; and for that purpose; and for that purpose the law of the laws of God, and the cause of the laws of the law of the of England compelled him to have them, when the waly stating to you things into which, at some more common sense, I have been sent to Lancaster Castle. services, having full confidence in your future course, Constitution was much more pure than it is now. About a bond time I hope I shall have an oppor- No Government, however, shall put me down, nor we are determined, at all hazards, to give you our un- that had there been mere time is had intended to

your support of their recent recreant conduct, they have speeches. Never was an article in the Times, against knowledge does not prevent you from finding out a the good doctor, the not knowing how to draw out the Whig Government, when in Downing-street, sive preceedings. (Cheers.) Many of you may be Whig Lord Chancellor, the ten Whig judges, or the Parliament would not prevent you from selecting a ignorant of the real circumstances why myself and others three Whig ambassadors, without alarming them, - clever man as your representative. The moment you (laughter,) and still more would they have been elect me for Lancaster, if you should do so, I will stand length the interesting proceedings of the Chartists respect to the address. As for myself, the assembly I sistent compatriot O'Brien. The presentation of seven alarmed if they knew that they were to have been by you, and would go up to the House and face those of Birmingham in doing honour to the man of the see before me, will, if I have been at all short, propel young Fearguses to the devoted leader, by their entity. taken up and prosecuted on a charge of wrongfully half hypocritical ecoundrels who reject a Ten Hours' people's choice—Feargus O'Connor. This week we pocketting the public money. Is it not monstrous Factory Bill, and in the next breath tell you to go to have a repetition of his triumphant progress, if pos-then, that such men should have the power of making Courch and believe all that the parson says. (Lughter.) sible, on a greatly extended scale at Manchescrimina's of others, when they themselves should have 'Then again look at those setting up to instruct the ter; in fact, the oldest man living remembers not a now, we would not take the Russell purge, and I am been placed in the dock. It is the same case now; country, Brougham, Birkbeck, and Knight. The doc- scene even in that important town equal to what was sure you will never swallow the Peel elixir. (Cheers there is no difference between Whig and Tory. They ter talks about the increase of the capital of the coun- presented on Monday last. In proceeding to narhave made a law proclaiming trial by jury, and that try. He says, " the more the stock in the country, the rate the occurrences of the day we must begin at the other day, I thought I never saw such a set-regular no man shall be tried but by a jury of his peers; and more the capital"-the more means he should have said yet, by the law, keeping a working man from being a to increase the despots of the country. He tells the country village, occupying, as it did on that day, the juror. They had no right to make such a law; I was people, too, in a letter, when there is a greater domand post of pioneer to one of the most glorious demonnot tried by a jury of my peers; but by a jury for labour than can be supplied; for them to go out of strations ever held; and proceeding thus, we first of that class, the tools of that odions and despised the labour, and turn capitalists ! recommends men. notice the administration, the members of which, during the last who have not a penny to buy a red herring with, to nike years, have cast into prison more of their fellow- turn capitalists ! [ (Great laughter.) Another dissemicreatures than any other. I was tried by twelve rich nation of intelligence is the Penny Magazine, and what men; not by those who toil, "neither do they toil, does that consist of? How high is the ball of St. neither do they spin," yet they make others for them, Paul's in London, and how much higher is the dome of "gather into barns." (Applause.) Now, my friends of St. Peters at Rome-what's the extent of the parish of Lancaster, so long as the people have no voice in mak- Laguanain Jamaica-what's the distance from the base to ing the laws, and no share in administering the laws. the top of the Andes-what was the difference between So long as they have no power over the magistrates who a camel and a dromedary : how the first had got two deal out those laws, they never, never, never will, humps on its back, and the latter but one? It stated as a class, be possessed of any property. In this coun- how spiders had been lately discovered making diving try, England, Ireland, and Scotland, according, to the bells in the sea in fine weather-how the kangaroo census just taken, there are twenty-seven millions of hopped on its hind legs, and in time of danger took people. Out of these, there are full twenty millions; its young into its paunch-how a caterpillar before whose property, when gathered together, after all their changing had eighteen legs, but that when it became a debts had been taken from it, would not leave beyond butterfly it had only ten; but with all the cloverness of as much as would pay for a lawyer's wig. Now, if out writers they cannot discover what becomes of the of these twenty-seven millions, twenty millions make, other six. Now, is it not enough to make a quaker all the property, the devil's in it if they have not been kick his mother, or a parson swear like a trooper at such most egregiously humbugged by some one. (Cheers and trumpery trash. (Rears of laughter.) And, this too, laughter.) Now, no one will be a beggar, if he can help ; called educating the people. (Hear.) Why Chartism with political power. The Scriptures say, "The people full length, necessity forces a generalization.] Mr. equal to their rulers themselves by straightforward that either of them just as much represented the men the party nearly two hours. means. My place, therefore, was in the House of of Newcastle as he did the Great Mogul. It was not Commons, amongst the "Honourable Gontlemen," and till the reign of Henry VI. that any property qualifica- and a commodious hustings having been erected, not in Lancaster Castle among thieves. (Loud clap- tion was introduced; and there was never any going thousands were assembled to hear O'Connor's adging of hands) I have referred to Acts of Parliament to the poll, unless the show of hands was so nearly dress. It had rained heavily during the night, but on political economy to see what the landed interest balanced that a preponderating majority could not be the day was beautifully fine and the scene exhiladerive from the land. Were I to offer to enter into | determined on, and then they went to the poll; that was | rating. details now, I should keep you four times twenty four to count heads. As to Mr. Ord (said Mr. C'Brien). hours. But if you will just go back for eighty years although not a bad hearted man, was amply different in you will find that rents were not then one-fourth of the head. In the House he was called the silent memwhat they are now. At present the amount is sixty ber; and, as Sir Robert Peel had said of the late Chanmillions. You will find, in like manner, that the cellor, if he attempted to look for brains, or ideas for that a crown lawyer, living on the tax-s wrung from amount of funded property has increased fourfold a speech, he would find himself fishing in a bottomless during the last forty years. The taxes in the eighty sea of deficiency. There was one most important point years have been quadrupled; whilst in the same period upon which Mr. O'Brien most anxiously dwelt, consithe funded debt has been seven times increased. The dering it the very life-breath of Chartism. He wanted funded property increasing is only through the increase four hundred of the best men in the country to be of the produce of your labour-so also with regard to elected as the representatives : then for them to meet rents; for each is the abstraction of what should be in some central place, such as Manchester, being your funds; so with labour, your taxes increase, for vested with full plenipotentiary powers to act on the Government will then have more palaces for them- behalf of their body. They shall proceed with petiselves, and more soldiers to put you down, if, after tions to the House of Commons as times should listening to their spies sent out to entrap you, you are call forth. If five hundred thousand of the people unfortunatery led into outrages, such as at Bristol and would then stand by them, they could speak out a good the pleasure of hearing the addresses of those patriots rags, and were on the very verge of starvation. But Nottinghain, and into other "riots, tumults, insurrec- old-fashiened constitutional language to the different who were about to speak, further than to congratulate the day was not far distant when Englishmen would be tions, rebellions," and so forth. (Applause.) Then members. If it were thought not necessary for so many them upon the glorious rise and progress of the prin- free. They had already been taught how they were to again, the more wealthy the rich, so many more game- to go, the project would be given up, and the business ciples of Chartism in Eccles, and on the numbers then obtain their libertics, and, with God's blessing on the Beautiful green silk flag, gold letters, -- National Charter keepers and tenters do they keep to administer solely be transacted by a petitioning body. He was of opinion assembled in honour of the brave O Connor and his means, they would not long be deprived of their enjoyto their own gratifications and sport. There are eight that all other labour ought to be given up to look worthy compatriots. thousand keepers, each computed to have two tenters, after so great a national regeneration. If the Chartists formerly any body's property, and food for any body. —if their leaders were not indissolubly united, what-God Almighty had given it as such. But the aristo- ever exertions were made, or plans haid down, they cracy made a law, saying that no one should kill it but, would never succeed. Mr. O'Brien then described his

themselves; and they gave the ugly name of "poacher" imprisonment, as he sat upon a three-legged stool, made That every member of a community called upon to to any poor fellow for merely doing that which they of part of a gallows, and his cell was the one in which although in other respects he received the best charac- asserted it was class legislation that was the country's those the magistrates would transport him. (Loud ap- laws, such as the people would make for themselves, That every man, who paid taxes to support a plause and laughter.) Then, again, there was the pre- every man could get the comforts of life by fair and ventive service to keep the poor man from tasting a moderate labour. He complained of monopolies, espeforeign luxury. The local rates have increased four cially of railreads, which would be a tax of ten per

Above all-That if any class of men ought to be excluded from relief of the poor, the rest goes to retain persons shut protected by Act of Parliament, only estain persons privileges, it ought not to be the class more useful than up in workhouses, while, with all his exertions, the were benefitted by them. If they pay the Companies labouring man is daily becoming poorer. The land- ten per cent, they could have paid the Government, Buch are the doctrines which I advocated at Manchester, lord gives nothing as a guid pro quo. He does not give and then all classes would have been benefitted. He in obtaining the Charter. (Cheers.) They would then for that; he sincerely and the sincerely and the soldiers are not called out by begged of no one to go away under the in- have no cause for further agitation—the way would be thanked them not only for the address which the program to here the inderest of the big determines which to say or over to here the inderest of the big determines which to say or over to here the inderest of the big determines which to say or over to here the inderest of the big determines o

O'CONNOR AT MANCHESTER.

the beginning, and not omit due honour to even a nincompoops-considerably worse than those who sat in

PUBLIC BREAKFAST AT ECCLES.

Mr. O'CONNOR was met at Eccles at ten o'clock in the morning, at which place he arrived by railway-train, by hundreds of the brave lads of that Tory and Whig factions-(hear)-yes, Wakley, the and as the tributary applauses reached the ears of those village. The bridge at the railway station was Coroner, has turned traitor. We Chartists do not gentlemen in the carriage, Mr. O'C annor, in his usual crowded to excess, and no sooner was the well- intend to commit suicide, so that we shall not want the courteous manner, acknowledged the compliment vary known form of the noble patriot recognised, than a services of Mr. Wakley for an inquest; but both the frequently, with shout which rent the air was raised; the cheering Whig and Tory factions may commit self destruction was continued throughout his entire route to the and therefore may require Wakley, the Coroner. Hare and Hounds Inn, in the most enthusiastic (Applause and hear.) We have turned out the Whigs, manner, and it was indeed a sight calculated to in- and the Tories have succeeded them until we have an spire the coldest heart, when O'Connor, surrounded | opportunity of turning them out also. (Hear.) Our by a host of the recently liberated patriots, was struggle is the cause of the suffering millions-it is the hailed as the head of all. An excellent band of cause of right against might; it is the cause of the music was in attendance which struck up the air, blistered hands, the fustian jackets, and the unshorn "See the conquering hero comes," and the whole chins. (Cheers.) Yeu have only to be determined-to mass formed into procession, accompanied by the be united-and the Charter is ours. What man dare banners and music.

do for your cause, I dare; I cannot say more; and The broakfast was provided by Mr. Catterall, the wherever you go, I will go with you. (Hear, hear.) it; no one will work for another if he can help it; no has only made a partial way in enlightening the people worthy host of the Hare and Hounds, upon whom it That I suppose is ull you want, and I will go for one will grow poor if he can help it. The government says in true political knowledge, has been through want of reflected not only credit but absolute honour. It was whatever you want. We want the Charter for every the people have not sufficient knowledge to be entrusted union in the leaders. [After having gone thus far at a most substantial repast, and was served up in a male of sound mind, at the age of 21. This is what style, which few even of the first-rate houses could we want, and we will not give way one single inch. die because of their want of knowledge." How does the O'Brien, in proceeding, stated that he could have been excel, and all without the s'ightest confusion. The United, together we stand-divided we fall. (Cheers.) British Government offer to teach the people? By a elected at Newcastle by 11,000 against either of the number of tickets sold amounted to nearly two hun- My brother Chartists, there are other individuals process of crocked ways. I wanted to make them present members if he had the necessary qualification : dred and the discussion of the good things occupied named in the address, and therefore I must retire and make room for them. So my friends, I must conclude : but before doing so I must again congratulate you that

During this time, the band paraded the village. we have defeated the Whigs, and we have now got our feet upon them. (Hear, and hurrah.) We have pro vided their coffins and laid them decently in ; at any rate they cannot now get into our pockets. (Hear and laughter.) But mind what I may; the Chartists will also put down the Tories. We will then put them

Mr. O'Brien arrived at half-past eleven o'clock under the Whigs, and if the weight of the Whigs by the train from Preston ; the appearance of the won't keep even the d-1 down, why then I am no schoolmaster" once more "abroad," called forth judge. (Much laughter, which was succeeded by renowed plaudits. We were sorry to observe that reiterated burrahs, amidst which Mr. O'Conner retired. he was in a very delicate state of health, and had a care-worn appearance; his spirit, however, is unthanked them cordially for the proof of their affection broken, and his scholars are threatened with the conveyed in the address which had been just read, and terrors of his tongue, if they do not progress rapidly conveyed in the address which had been just read, and in their education. The fault will be none of his, if hoped ever to marit their confidence. In the course of first but excellent observations. We parked a few brief but excellent observations, Mr. Benbow they do not know how to agitate for their rights. contrasted the condition of the mass of the people with

At twelve o'clock, Mr. O'Connor and the other that of their oppressors, and ably exposed the iniquity patriots, accompanied the Eccles Chartists to the hustings, and Mr. Wm. Norris was unanimously was mainly to be ascribed. The rich oppressor enjoyed called to the chair. The CHAIRMAN said he would not detain them from | who toiled and produced everything, were clothed with

ment. (Cheers.) If the working classes were not

Mr. GEORGE LINDSAY said he was happy to have happy it was their own faults; they alone were to to secure that game to the aristocracy, which was followed this will-o'-the-wisp and that will-o'-the-wisp the opportunity of meeting so goodly an assembly as blame if they became indifferent to their own rights bearing the following inscription :-"The Charter, the bul wark of English liberty." he saw before him on the present occasion, when they and liberties. He should be ashamed of them if they On the reverse :were met to do honour to those who had sacrificed their did not work out their own political redemption " Freedom's battle once begun, liberty in defence of their principles -- principles which (Cheers.) The time was not distant when they must Bequeathed from bleeding sire to son. he hoped all present were determined to assist in car- have a national holiday; but it must be general, not Though baffled oft, is ever won." rying out. (Hear, hear, hear.) He regretted his in- partial. It must not be alone a holiday at Manchester Blue silk banner, carried in a cart, ability to do justice to the merits of and Eccles, but throughout the whole land, from the those brave, those noble patriots, by whom centre even to the circumference. Their henour as well That every man, called upon to obey a law, has a ter that man ever got, as sure as God made Moses, bane. He was able to prove that under a just system of he was surrounded; but though he was at a loss for as their happiness was involved in the issae, and he of a nation's greatness." Ancient Foresters' band. words to express his feelings, he would yield to no man called on them to make their voices heard. He asked Banner-" Frost, Williams, and Jones." in zeal and determination in the promotion of that them if they were prepared to go with him, to help cause in which they were engaged, and in the success of him by the sacrifice of one day to gain the Charter of and Vote by Billot." which they all felt so warm an interest. (Cheers.) He universal liberty. If they were determined, so was times what they used to be-whilst less goes to the cent upon the country. Since the proprietors were hoped that all would see the propriety of uniting heart he, but he would not work with a traitor; they must relief of the peor, the rest goes to retain persons shut protected by Act of Parliament, only certain persons and hand in encouraging those who had suffered perse- have none of them. If they were willing to help him have none of them. If they were willing to help him Men-four abreast. Droylsden band. cution and prosecution for the sake of the cause; and in this, he called upon them to hold up their hands. that they would come forward and lend a willing hand (A forest of "blisters" was at once elevated.) He A large white banner-" Welcome to the patriots; my points of the Charter. A variety of small banners. said that along with the preceding speakers he thanked other patriots. Large flag, commemorating the deeds at Peterlos, A splendid oil painting of now lead my people on to victory." them to, he advised them to stop the supplies, and they Reverse-" National Charter Association." Large banner. Motto-" Universal Suffrage and no surrender." we will stand the hazard of the die." necessary, to lay down his life in the cause. The sneaker retired anuidst great cheering. Mr. JOHN BARKER cordially thanked them for inpartaker of the fruits ; and he that will not cluding his name in the list of patriots. work neither shall he eat. The Charter Mr. WHEELER, the aged veteran of Manchester. and no surrender." the rights and liberties of the people.' bearing appropriate inscriptions." Mr. DAVID MORRISON, after a few brief remarks, Flag-" More pigs and less parsons" proposed the following resolution :---"That this meeting is of opinion that justice will Parliament; and that we pledge ourselves never to We, therefore, heartily congratulate you on your cease agitating in the glorious work we have begun Mr. SHEARER seconded the resolution, and said, ful to my fellow creatures."

Mr. BENBOW was received with loud cheers. He

of class legislation, to the existence of which the evil

"A spirit yet unquelled and high, That claims and keeps ascendency."

The procession moved along Salford, over Victoria bridge, by the Exchange, up Market-street, through Piccadilly, London-road, up Travis-street, down Ancotes-lane, and Lever-street, into Stevenson's-square. Of the number of those amongst the flags and emblems borne by the " blistered hands," were the following :-Emblem of unity-A bundle of sticks.

Three national flags-The harp, rose, and thistle A green silk banner of the calico printers. bearing the motto, " Union is strength ;" Reverse :--- " United we stand : divided we fall."

Another green silk flag :---Motto,-" Labour is the source of all wealth." Beneath which was painted, The rose, shamrock, and thistle. Reverse side :- " Liberty and equality."

Large green silk banner, bearing the bricklayer's coat of arms. Bricklayers four-a-breast.

Another large and splendid banner representing man falling from a scaffolding of a building, over

which was written "The accidental burial society." The Choriton-upon-Medlock Band. White flag-" May they who make the chains

of slavery ever want employment," surmounted by a cap of liberty. Men four-a-breast. Splendid green silk velvet banner, white border,

"Fustian cutters," large gold letters. Motto-" Improvement association; United we conquer, divided we fall."

A stage was erected upon a cart to bear this banner. Large green silk flag-"For a nation to be free it is sufficient

that she wills it." Splendid highly-executed painting, representing the three Welsh Patriots in full length, bearing

everything in abundance, while the poor oppressed, their names in gold letters. Reverse, the Six Points of the Charter. Large scarlet flag of the Royal Arms of England

A blue banner of the operative dyers of Sulford and

Association. This was succeeded by an elegant flag from Glossep,

" Prosperity to the productive classes, the foundation Reverse-"Universal Suffrage, Annual Parliaments

Green silk banner, bearing the Six Points of the

with the names of Feargus O'Connor, Frost, and Feargus O'Connor, with Henry Hunt pointing from the clouds, and giving him the following charge-"Welcome, Feargus! thou hast been found faithful; called upon them to unite as one man. He had come Reverse-"We have set our lives upon the cast; and Large green flag. Motto-" The husbandman that laboureth shall be find returned thanks on behalf of his son-in-law, John Reverse-"Down with every faction that is opposed to Here followed a variety of small flags and banners, Large highly finished oil painting of Bronterre O'Brien with his name in letters of gold, represente, sitting in his library, with "The Poor Man's Guardian" in his hand. On the reverse wascling to this transitory life only through my love of country and my thirst for justice. The more eager the monster to terminate my career here below, the stronger do I feel the necessity of fling up every hour that remains to me with actions use-

(Continued in our seventh nage.)

### THE NORTHERN STAR

### MANCHESTER DEMONSTRATION.

### Continued from our sixth page.

Another large, well-finished, full-length, oil-painted portrait of Feargus O'Connor, Eso. the Champion of the people's rights." Reverse-"A nation should have courage to schieve its liberty, with power to defend it, wisdom to secure it, and generosity to communicate it." Band of Music. Four large tri-coloured flags, which had a good effect at this part of the procession. Green silk flag, with " Feargus O Conner, the champion

of the people's rights ;" from Miles Platting. nnion."

#### Banner.

"A Government that neglects the physical and moral wants of the people ought not to exist." Portraits of Feargus O'Connor and Dr. M'Donall, decorsted with resettes. Oil painting of Mr. Benbow, with appropriate mottos. Very large green silk banner, with white border. " The people-the foundation-the source of all power." Reverse-" Remember the foul deeds of Peterloo." Brown-street white flag. " Liberation of Peargus O'Conner, Esq., the unflinching myself, nor to allow you to break the law; and thereadvocate of the people's rights." courage, and stern determination in the people never Oil painting of Dr. M'Douall. to resist an illegal attack against a political enemy. Motto-M'Douall is our friend." (Loud cheers.) Suppose, as the working man said, "Manchester Political Union." that Bobby did kill me, how funny all the Teries at Banner. Motto-"The People's Charter; and Repeal of the Unicn. Obverse-" The producers of wealth should be the first consumers." Green silk fing. " The Salford Branch Association." Banner. " Manchester Political Union-Pesce, Law, and Order."

The number of pedestrians, who walked four and six abreast, was beyond calculation, and to these followed a long line of vehicles filled with people of both EX 85.

In this order did the procession move on with its unwieldy quickened mass towards Stevenson's Square. On passing the Infirmary, the crowd was so great that people were carried along with the pressure, the whole tion while it is accomplished, would but tend to length of the street being lined to suffocation. On their arrival at the place of destination, the Square was so crammed, that it was with very great difficulty the general principle of universal justice. (Loud cheers.) the carriage could effect an approach to a situation where the speakers could be heard. Great inconvenience striking, and almost speaking portrait of Frost, Wildent, the vehicle was stopped, when Mr. O'Connor, at restore them to their families, to their country, and to half-past six o'clock, in order to arrest attention, at once commenced speaking.

Mr. O'CONNOR presented himself. The cheering was immense. He said it would be folly to go through the like liberty, while they are pining in a penal colonyformality of appointing a chairman to preside convicted upon the false oath of a Government officer, over such a multitude; therefore, according to his and upon the affirmation of hired Government spies. custom, he would go forward at once. (Hear.) He (Great sensation, and cries of Shame, shame.) Well, that was the Whigs. (Cheers, and "It was.") I fought sid, I am particularly happy to be present here today, for two reasons; and let no man hiss, hoot, or hard for the Dorchester Labourers. (Cheers, and "You groan, while I am explaining one of those enormities did.") I never saw them. I fought hard for the which will create a sensation of horror in every breast. Glasgow Cotton Spinners, and I had not seen Firstly, I rejeice at the overpowering multitude met them until they were arraigned. I have not rein the celebrated spot, Stephenson-square; and I ceived much thanks for either. But that shall not I am happy to be present because it proves that I am not to be dismayed even by the threats of the assassin. that I received a letter-not an anonymous one-but one bearing the signature of a man calling himself an Fishman and a Repealer; and in that letter I am told his person, and I knew him well, were centred all was advertised that that if I dare come to Manchester, that I should be assassinated, though thousands of lives were lost in the patriot, and the Christian. (Loud and long-continued struggle. Here a forest of Irish hands were held up, Williams, and Jones ? Why, they were expatriated tickets had been issued, with the necessity of refusing (Cheers.) Thus have our ranks been always thinned, with the announcement, " We're Irish, we're Irish; who would dare do it.") Mr. O'Connor continued. No; in a dingy transport ship, and one of the first hundreds of other applicants. The Hall is capable of and those state dependants, high and low, are taught, man would dare do it. My body guard into acts under a Charter Government would be, holding about 2,500 persons, including the gallery. during any excitement, either to uphold their support, Marchester from Eccles, a distance of four miles, con- to charter a Government man-of-war-(hear)-and The party holding tickets, the sexes being nearly in or to join in resistance against us. They are told that am here; where is the assassin ? (Loud cheers.) Let to lock them once more in one fend and affectionate order, and the utmost good feeling prevailed throughhim srike. Where are the heroes who are to put me embrace." Every eye was directed towards the indivi- cut the immense audience. down ? (Cheers and laughter.) Let not the Irishmen dual, and was followed by waving of hats and cheering, here mistake me; I would not allow my countrymen which lasted several minutes. At this moment the to wage so unequal a war as a few thousands against Rev. Mr. Schofield reached the carriage, from which Was formally opened by the Rev. James Schofield being let us, by this financial measure, test the financial hundreds of thousands. If they want to assassinate Mr. O'Connor was speaking, when he turned to called to preside, Mr. Feargus O'Connor, Mr. W. V. powers of that heaven-born Minister, who is to perme, they have only to unite with the enemy; and bim and said-" In the person and in the attendance Jackson, Mr. Benbow, Mr. Livesey, and Mr. Barker. you. Cheers.) They shall not then want any opponent, its height, and to go bail for me, when others would the platform. for I will go in the dead of night against them, and feel shame to have done the deed " (Loud cheers.) This At the lower part of the room, immediately beneath Irishman, who walked four miles to see me, to give up the recommendation of physical force, and the abusing publicly. I have no occasion to give up the recom- same which I continued to advocate, and from which I universal admiration. mendation of physical force, as I all along denounced poked themselves into office, and power, and rewards, by blustering about physical force, even out of the cannon's mouth; and because I would not desert, thrust i 1251y chargeable with a desire to preserve dissension duty to do so. (Cheers.) He is about to enter into his respond to it, who, on coming forward, was greeted power from the hands of one party to another party, countrymen. Hear me, then, Englishmen, Irishmen, and me; I am fortunately placed in circumstances to of applause. and Scotchmen, if it is to take away the pretext for render me independent of your support. He is not. The band-Marsellaise Hymn. disunion and to gratify Irishmen, I pledge myself not The advantage is mine, but the fault not his. (Cheers) of an English working man, and an Irish working amid thunders of applause. the present franchise? Cheers: How can you con- Whig and Tory would die as factions-(kear and cheers, pointed remarks, he ret. red anid loud cheering. tend against the oppression of the Law Church, with -and the Charter would become the law of the land. its enormous representative powers, and the standing (Hear.) The factions would rather that the kingdom army to back it? Hear, hear, and loud cheering) were a Sodom and Gomorrah, than you should enjoy How, I ask, can you do these things without altering your freedom. (Hear.) It was by such demonstrations as the principle of representation, which has led to the those simultaneously in that and other towns, that the Aggressions of both? (Hear, hear.) Aye, my beloved , people of this country could alone hope to become free.

called me Tory, because I directed my fire upon the these remarks he would close, having also to speak in upon awaking from its slumbers, so powerful became affairs to attend. There was one thing which caught in these places was occupied. enemy immediately before me and in power-where I the course of the evening, in the cause of liberty, free- its strength, that it was at a loss to recognise its own his attention, when Mr. O'Connor was addressing the ask are they? Where is their great courage in giving dom, and universal happiness. (Applause.) to that Heaven born minister the opposition with which The Rev. JAMES SCHOFIELD was happy to see them We have placed the corpse of Whiggery in the grave port their cause, he seemed to forget that it was very he sought to be met upon the very threshold of office. On the present occasion, and proud to see in their ranks which was dug for Chartism ; over it we will place the simple, which was merely that they wanted to be re-(Loud cheers) I have been a month at large, and during ( the old banners of freedom, which had for some months that time, show me the man of any class who has back been lowered. They were again unfurled in the opposed and registered his determination to oppose my glorious cause, and their colours could not be unfurled riends the Tories as I have done ? Not that I think on a more honourable occasion. (Hear.) He could not them much worse than the Whigs-not allow that opportunity to pass away without making

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that I think they would resort to more base one observation on an occasion set apart to welcome the Reverse-" May there henceforth be but one law, that or tyrannical means for represing my principles, or patriots home to their friends and families. (Hear.) of nature; but one code, that of reason; one for killing me, than the Whigs have; but because He was, however, sorry to see that the very head of throne, that of justice; and one altar, that of they are in immediate possession of power which I their body was somewhat poorly and looked indisposed, consider unconstitutional. (Cheers.) On my route and he was really afraid that the people would not here to-day, a fine bold-looking working man said to allow him that rest and repose from his labours which me, "Weil, Feargus, the Whigs havn't killed you; he appeared so much in want of. (Hear.) but, by G-d, Bobby will." (Shouts of laughter, and Mr. BEESLEY, of Accrington, in returning his

Nay, he weint.) No, I believe you; at least if he acknowledgments to the men of Manchester, for their establish, should not be a thing of accident, or of an man considers or looks upon nearly every other man does it will be a dear purchase. (Leud and long noble exertions in the cause of universal liberty, procheering, and waving of hats, which lasted for some posed the following resolution.

time.) And I'll tell you why, because I am deter-" That this meeting places the utmost confidence in mined that if a second attack is made upon me, it Feargus O'Connor, Esq., and hails with pleasure and shall be upon form and not upon law, as the last delight inexpressible the reappearance of that gentlewas; and I am resolved neither to break the law man, together with J. B. O'Brien, Benbow, Jackson, and the other suffering patriots, again amongst us, confore 1 believe there is sufficient honest intention, moral sidering them to be the undaunted, unflinching, and consistent advocates of the rights and liberties of the starving millions, and for their perseverance and late suffering on our behalf, place our unbounded confidence in them, not only for their labours, but for their great Manchester would look when the news arrived. (Hear.) sacrifices, and hope and trust they will receive the ma-Mr. O'Connor then entered into a review of the Chartist nifestations of gratitude and esteem tendered this day canse for the last two years, and in speaking of the by us, the working men of Manchester, as an indica-Corn Law said, will you just think of a parcel of fellows tion of such. We therefore hope that it will stimulate who think all the houses, large and small, too little . them forward in their patriotic and glorious career. for themselves, and yet talk of giving you a large They and we joined in one firm bond of union until loaf. (Cheers and laughter.) Well, then, am I to our efforts are crowned with success; the liberty of the join them? (No, no.) No! and are you to join people, and the restoration to their country and their them ? No, certainly not; and I'll tell you why. Beaffectionate families, those suffering exiles, Frost, Wilcause if we go a hair's breadth either to the right liams, and Jones."

hand or to the left, the strength which our imbecility Mr. M'CARTHY, of Liverpool, seconded the motion in would give to our opponents, and enable them to a few words and deprecated the opinion, circulated for throw us backwards, while they had wholly annihilated the people and their cause. (Cheers) That's my calumnious purposes, that the English portion of the population were opposed to the rights of his native reason, my friends, for giving and for counselling country (Ireland). to give, fair opposition in the way of argument to every clap-trup question which is proposed for your ameliora-

The resolution on being put, was carried by tremendous applause.

FEARGUS O'CONNOR, Esq., briefly replied to the strengthen the hands of the enemy in the resistance to esolution, in the name of his filend Frost.

The conduct of the people was beyond all praise. The "blue bottles" were marshalled in Lever-street; was evidently submitted to; and, to prevent an aci- linns, and Jones, asking you, in dumb eloquence, to but the Chartists would not be swerved nor intimidated, nor frightened by any such a formidable civilmilitary force. their homes (Loud cheers) Aye, don't cheer us;

The whole of the proceedings were conducted in the you have no sympathy for them. This night's festival best temper, and each man exerted his interest to was not made for them; and we now enjoy something mitigate the excessive annoyance arising from the vast concourse in the Square being propelled onwards by those in the rear who could not get in at all. This was

> " Leave pomps to those who need 'em. Adorn but man with freedom. And proud he braves The gaudiest slaves

### That crawl where monarche lead 'em."

The pressure upon the carriage, however, at length interfere with my duty to Frost. (Lond cheers.) become very great, and the density of the crowd was What should merit expatriation to a penal colony ? Is not unattended with danger. To remedy the inconve- possessing land, connected with trade, expectants Hear and cheers.) You all surely reproduce the and it the fact of being the best of Mayors-the best of nience, it was thought desirable and prudent that the nervinous invitation which you saw placarded upon magistrates-the best of Poor Law Guardians-the best business should here close; and the proceedings in and all that tribe of beggars to the State. of fathers—the best of husbanis—the best of frien.'s Stevenson's-square terminated, providentially without That was the heavy game, and it was left —the best of citizens, and the best of subjects? If so, a single accident. The postilions were then desired for the pigmies who followed him to try their hands at Frost was sufficient. your walls. But what will you say when I inform you, of fathers-the best of husbands-the best of friends Stevenson's square terminated, providentially without Frost was guilty ; Frost should have suffered, for in to drive to the Hall of Science, Camp-field, where it a " little go" of chicken hazard. This was effected by those excellent qualities which constitute the man, the

### A TEA PARTY

identity. (Loud cheers.) But, Sir, the biter was bitten. | meeting. In soliciting their attention, in order to supdead body of Toryism, and over both we will erect the presented in the House of Commons. He then shewed temple of Chartism :

"And then they will both be still if they are wise For they are damaed if they rise."

hard and fatiguing day's work, a mere spectator of the than five hours, while this immense building was being banquet, and in truth I could remain for five hours class against them; they had likewise granted that longer as a passive partaker of the innocent mirth. most atrocious of all, the Rural Police Bill. (Hear.) This, Sir, under the state of things which we seek to And society had come to that pitch, that almost every

unfrequent occurence, but should be the pleasure to as an enemy. He was glad, however, that the people await every working man and his family every day in by their conduct had refused to be gulled by the atro--here we commune together-here we interchaoge opinions here, by admiring virtue and decrying vice; we place bounds to poverty in beautiful contrast with idleness and consummate profligacy. (Loud cheers.) This proves your power when you combine; this is the work of your own hands, and I am told that the same parties are now engaged in the erection of a similar edifice at Stockport. Let these be encouraged. They are seminaries where knowledge can be diffused, before which the mist of ignorance will very speedily be dissipated. (Loud cheers.) Sir, I was in the House of Commons on Friday night last,-(laughter,)-and such a House man or beast was never in before. If a single eye. No, no, he would not be deluded, he would man rose by chance to throw in a word en behalf of the suffering millions, the close of the debate was anxiously sought, and the means resorted to for its accomcomplishment were most logical, conclusive, and convincing. They began and ended with Bor ! Bor ! Bor ! divide, divide, divide, boo, boo, boo, and such like only to the sons of the sister Isle, but for the working

powerful reasoning. (Shame, shame.) I fear, Sir, that men of England also. He hoped however, in conclumy excellent fellow labourer, Christopher Doyle, who sion, that they would make justice and equity their spoke so ably to the first sentiment, the people has polar star. He would not keep them any longer, but made a mistake in his calculation of that boily. I be- would give ample time for Mr. R. Jackson to give them lieve, Sir, in Parliamentary phrase, the Minister of four or five hours if he thought proper. (Cheers.) the day, with his apprentices, and sixteen reporters, in Mr. JACKSON was next introduced, amid vociferous

galleries in the House of Commons, are intended, governmentally, to represent the suffering people. (Cheers.) Let us, Sir, take a brief review from the days of the heaven-born statesman, Billy Pitt down to the resuscitation of the heaven-born Minister, Sir Robert Peel, and It had been said that he had left the cause of the (Great cheering.) let us see from the funding system of the former Charter, and was about to unite with a man who was down to the defence of the present Tory Government, and the refutation of the existence of the distress deduced from the draws from, and deposits in, the when it was necessary to labour for the Charter, and a savings' banks for the last four months, as used by the greater probability of its becoming the law of the land, latter, and who, be it observed, says that his Government possesses the entire confidence of the people. anti-popular party, created by the heaven-born Pitt, has been followed up by all succeeding heaven-born ministers, and how the present heaven-born one makes

prove who the people are, how the people are, and wherefore the people are, friendly to his administration. Now "Billy Pitt" bound almost every man, whether loud applause. The CHAIRMAN then gave "The Executive Council of from patronage, recipients from public bounties,

the establishment of Savings' Banks and the appropriation of the deposits to what they call national purposes. That was another link which bound another cheers) Well, what is the Charter to do for Frost, would be held at seven o'clock, and to which 1650 class immediately above the people to the State.

and heard her moans, all caused by the want of that their side, and the Whigs would yet become Chartists ped it in the winding sheet-he would have buried in in awe of such a thing as himself. He was put in mind inscribed, "National Charter Association." In addi-Charter which I look for as a healing balm for all her and oppose the Teries, in which case the Charter must Whig mould, but when he thought the that it was near one o'clock; he certainly did intend tion to the tickets which were issued for the ten, the wounds. And where, now, are those virtuous ones who prevail, and although both Whigs and Tories combine, monster was dead like Rip Van Winkle it to have addressed them at some length; but he would public were admitted as spectators into the boxes and so copiously abused me? Where now are all those who the cause of Chartism must prevail. (Hear.) With was bat entranced, and like Rip Van Winkle not do then, because he knew they had their domestic gallery, on payment of a triffing sum, and every seat

the inconsistency of the "League" in agitating for a

part, hoped he would always have sufficient reso-

lution to resist being united with a traiter-and if they

would do that, they would defy any kind of men in

the world from injuring them-if so, they would become

He would recommend them not to follow any man but the

cause, and, like the disciples of Jesns Christ, have a

keepa single eye fixed upon the man whom he considered

to be a traitor. After making several other remarks, he

said that he was an old Repealer of the Union-he

The arrangements were excellent, and r flected credit on those by whom the entertainment was managed.

The tea equipage having been removed, On the motion of Mr. AMBLER.

Mr. LLOYD was unanimously called to the chair, and measure which did not go to the root of the evil, and in opening the business of the meeting, he said he even if it would, they were not sincere in their advocacy trusted that by their kindness he should be enabled to of Repeal, whilst the Chartists on the other hand were shew to them how well a working man could preside Laughter and cheers.) Sir, I have been now after a asking for that which God and nature designed them to over a meeting composed of working men and women. possess. It was not right, honest or just that the Char- The meeting had been got up to do honour to those social happiness which I have seen around me for more tists should join them, but it was right that they should noble patriots who had been imprisoned for their advojoin them, the Chartists. (Cheers.) The Whigs had cacy of the cause, and for the especial purpose of four times replenished with those who crowded to the given them the Reform Bill which had set the middle hearing addresses from two of thoss-namely, Mr. Bronterre O'Brien and Mr. Feargus O'Connor. As candour in a Chairman, was the best under all the circumstances, he thought it his duty to at once state that on that occasion they would only have the pleasure of hearing one of those gentlemen-Mr. O'Brien. (Hear, hear.) And lest they might think that the Committee the year after a reasonable day's work. (Cheers.) This cious Whigs, or those more atrocious, if possible, the had taken any unfair advantage, he was instructed very room, Sir, and such buildings are auxiliaries, and | Torles, and had let them see that a spirit of liberty was | to say that were any persons present disappointed, and not mean ones in the cause of Chartism. Hear we meet still living in their bosoms. Mr. O'Connor had told | wishful to retire, they would have their money returned. them of a union-but he (Mr. Benbow) wished to know | He then explained the circumstances under which Mr. what sort of a union he meant ; he wished him to be O'Connor had entered into the arrangement to attend at distinct and definite. There was such a'thing as a black | Liverpool, and read the following letter which he had Union-a union of perjury and infamy. He for his just had put into his hands :--

" Mosley Arms' Hotel, Manchester, Sunday night.

" SIR .- I feel assured that you will give me credit for the sincere regret which I feel at not having it in my power to attend at your festival to-morrrow night, respectable--if so, they having truth and justice on intended to honour my excellent and much valued friend their side, would soon arrive at the haven of freedom. O'Brien. It was my intention to have made one of your party, nor was I aware till after my arrival at Manchester, that their arrangements would debar me of the plessure. However, your own good sense will point out the impossibility of both O'Brien and myself absenting ourselves from an entertainment got up at much expense. Of all men living, there is not one of joined Daniel O'Connell in order to get a Repeal of the whose public worth and private virtues I have a greater Union, because he conceived it would be a benefit not opinion than James B. O'Brien, and therefore, do I feel the disappointment more fully. However, he and you, will, I am sure, take the will for the deed, and receive my apology perhaps with less sorrow than I experience in making it.

> " Your faithful friend, " FEARGUS O'CONNOR."

cheering. He said that was the third time that day he Under these circumstances, he trusted the Committee had been brought before them, and he feit highly would be exonerated from all blame, and that at some honoured : if ever he felt proud, or feit willing to make future and not distant day they would be gratified by a sacrifice in behalf of the Charter, it was that night. having Mr. O'Connor amongst them at a free meeting.

The CHAIRMAN then proposed, as the first sentiment not a Chartist. Heaven forbid ! It had no foundation of the evening-"The people, the only legitimate source in truth ; for he believed that if ever there was a time of all power." (Three times three.)

Mr. AMBLER responded to the toast. He was sure that nothing could give him more pleasure than speakit was doubly so then. (Cheers.) John Edward Taylor | ing to such a toast, on such a convivial occasion, and was compelled to acknowledge the influence of the in the presence of one who had suffered in the cause of Chartists, for he said that a great deal of the success of the Tories gaining power was owing to the services between parties at the present day, that it was a diffirendered by the Chartists; although at other times he | cuity to discover who were the people; but he thought would assert that they were only the rabble. After it might be discovered by referring to the utility of the touching upon many other subjects in his usual lively parties. (Hear, hear.) He repudiated any ill-feeling and eloqucut strain, he sat down, by thanking them for against the lady who now held the sceptre of these the honour conferred upon him, and retired amidst lands, but in his opinion there was no necessity for such a personage. (Cheers.) It was necessary, certainly to have a presiding head over all assmblies ; but while the National Charter Association; and may their exer- he admitted that, he considered that a person holding such office should be selected for his fitness, and for his talent; but under the present system, a child or a fool might fill the office. (Hear and cheers.) But who are Mr. DUNAVAN rose amid loud cheers. He felt fa- the people ? The producers of all wealth-the workvoured to have the pleasure of responding to that toast, | ing classes. (Hear.) And there was another question, because it showed that he, an Irishman from Cork, "Why do you toast the people?' to which he replied too, (smiles from Feargus.) possessed their confidence, that they were indeed the legitimate source of all and went on to prove that the working men of Eng. power. The working classes were admitted to have manifested their power in various ways; they had (Cheers.) However, as to the toast, the country had manifested their power, and that very lately too, by elected the Executive, and reposing great confidence in taking, as they had been advised to do, the

an argumentative lesson to the enemies of the Charter. Let us see how the principles of the first union of the use of the last link of this golden union, in order to

What! am I to look around and see before me that

countrymen, you have annoyed me much, and annoyed Are you ready to become free? Yes, we are.) He Loud cheering,) which was renewed by the Chairman is this: that the poverty of the people, produced by me long. Hear, hear, and cheers.) But I have more wished they were. An old man on his left hand said calling upon Mr. Bailey to respond to it. than once told you that I was not to be irritated frem that he was ready. He wished most sincerely that a dancing masters came to their post, and the females, the General Hospital, near Nottingham. A con-

risted almost exclusively of Irishmen. (Cheers.) And bring the convicts home in triumph to their native equal numbers, were accommodated at three sittings, revolution must follow our agitation, and that their I believe I have shaken hands with nobody else land. (Loud and long-continued cheering.) Here Mr. upwards of 500 taking tea at same time, the others octoday. But although you would not sanction it, O'Connor made an allusion to a tall gentleman, who cupying the galleries and dancing room respectively. yet if the assassin had succeeded in the threat-and stood on the platform immediately under a splendid Considerable, though unavoidable, delay therefore if I was espable of being dismayed and intimidated \_\_ full-length striking likeness of Frost, Williams and arose before the tables were clear, and it was eleven to the State: but that link the State itself has snapped the same threat would only have to be repeated Jones. and who, Mr. O'Connor was informed was the o'clock before the chair was taken, at which hour in order to prevent my attendance at public meetings, son of Mr. Frost. He said "behold the living son, the intellectual part of the affair commenced. Great Hear, hear, and cheers.) But I am not dismayed : I standing under the father's picture. supplicating God praise is due to the procurateurs; and satisfaction.

come and be killed, unless you can disprove any and of the Rev. Gentleman, we have the man who was with their immediate friends, and the Committee of every charge which any or every man can bring against brave enough to defy prejudice when tyranny was at Management, or Demonstration Committee, occupying pray you to follow me through the reasoning of the sophist. In answer to the prevailing distress which is

admitted by every man, woman, and child, save the them alone, wheresoever I should be led. (Loud gentleman's presence, at all events, proves my consis- the gallery, were suspended two full-length representa- very parties to whom we are to look for its correction,theers I was requested this day at Eccles, by an tency, because heis the very nan who took the chair and tions of the invincible friend of the people, Feargus (cheers)-what does he present as a satisfactory answer presided over the first meeting, now six years ago, which O'Connor, Esq., and another, bearing also full length to this cry of stalking poverty and nakednees? Why, he I attended at Manchester. 1 trust that he will assure paintings of Frost, Williams, and Jones. They are shows us the returns for the last four months from the Saef Diniel G Connell, and they would all join me in a you that the very principles which I then propounded, well executed and highly finished portraits, and were vings' Banks, and ingeniously selects from the manufacbody. To that I gave no answer; but I now do it and my determination to agitate for nothing less, are the the same borne in the Manchester procession, and excited | turing districts his answer as to their present condition.

shall not depart. (Hear, hear, from Mr. Schofield.) The CHAIRMAN opened the proceedings by stating dissolution of the late bad Cabinet of bad men was Loud cheers, and "You did." But the very men Mr. O Connor then entered into striking arguments that he was in a peculiar situation, in consequence of doubtful, that the amounts drawn out considerably who put the Lord Mayor's chain upon their neck, why and wherefore the several trades of Manchester the appointment they had given him. He hardly knew exceeded the deposits; he then goes on to show that had so nobly swelled the ranks that day by their num- how to address them, whether as brother and sister the elections in July having proved that the trade-wind bers and strengthened the cause by their countenance. Chartists or not, he being one as well as themselves ; of Toryism had set in, produced a large excess of depo-He said he did not think that it was within the power however, he would call them brethren in the cause sits over the amounts drawn out. The same results, he ger of scorn, by those who live out of the people's isour me in in their stead. Hear, hear.) When I invite you and scope of possibility, in the present state of general of Chartism. (Cheers.) He felt great pleasure in thus said, were produced to a greater extent in the month of to physical force, or to any secret movement, or when distress, to have presented to the astonished spectators being called upon on that occasion, and he trusted he August, when his party's footing was confirmed. He Jou hear of me joining in any secret movement, such countless thousands, with such a magnificent should be able to discharge his duty with satisfaction to the lith of the present of Manchester much valued the paper referred to, then desert me; because you may rely upon it that I display of splendid flags. (Lond cheers.) One word those over whom he was called upon to preside. He month, although he could have had them to namely, the Slar, the advocate of the rights of labour. the desire he is because you may rely upon it that I deplay of epication into a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. It is a devote of the lights of labour. 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(Cheers.) labouring man was the greatest honour he could possess. nistration commands the confidence of the O'Connell; let us see who makes the opposition; and He was here to-day; but the immensity of your (Cheers.) After making a few preliminary remarks, whole people. ("Oh! oh"! and laughter.) Now, Sir, test, at all events, my desire to cohciliate my country. procession having postponed to a late hour he said he would give the first toast upon the list, each let me see if an ignorant Chartist can do that which the men by the answer which I shall give. I care not for our arrival on the spot, and the necessity of speaker being aware that their time would be short, English House of Commons either were ignorant of or personal abuse. I have plenty of it. I think I am the his being in Liverpool this evening, has deprived as, after the business was gone through, the ladies afraid to perform. (Cheers.) In the first place let us best abused man in the world. I am abused by both him of the pleasure of thanking you in person. I do would like to trip it on the light funtastic toe. He go to the principle; and though by no means a friend Whirs, Tories, and Repealers. (Cheers and cries of it for him, and I'll tell you more. It is in your power then gave-" The sovereign people, the legitimate to the Whigs, I answer his first assertion thus; that not by Repealers; My answer, then is, that I should be to make him doubly useful to the cause, and it is your source of all power," and called upon Mr. Doyle to upon any sudden change or fluctuation of political

Mr. DOYLE, after addressing the Chairman and the ness in the interest which they conjointly have in look-Even to mention the name of Mr. Daniel O Connell, so | You must, then, counteract the fault. He is going to numerous audience, said, that there was not perhaps a long as he abstains from abusing Chartists and the establish a newspaper-that newspaper is to be his toast or a sentence in the English language than the one or Chartist, upon a change of Government, would long Charter. I give him carte bianche to make me his daily bread, and to be another portion of your know- he had been called upon to respond to that had been whole stock-in-trade. Loud cheers I am not afraid ledge. The compliment between you will be recipro-bandied about by parties who, when properly tested, of Irishmen. If 19,500 were here to assassing me, cal. You must support him-let me shift for myself, were against extending political power to the working \$50,010 would be ready to arrest the assassing' blow. Put him upon his legs; he has i can well tried-- classes. It was most true that the people were the Here again, a forest of hands were holden up, and cheers - and do not allow your apathy to eff-ct that legitimate source of all power; yet they were, collegimmense cheering followed.) What, in God's name, which Whig tyranny has failed to accomptish. (Cheers.) tively and politically speaking, slaves, which he could mid Mr. O'Connor, can there be different in the interests After some more observations, Mr. O'Connor sat down, show, had he time, but it could not be expected that he

could justice to such an important toast in the limited man? and how can it be that all Englishmen see Mr. BENBOW said that this day, it would be admitted time of five minutes. However, he conceived that the necessity of making the Charter the basis by our enemies, had indeed been a glorious day in be- every man should be in possession of such power as of legislation, while Irishmen are taught to look upon half of the Charter. Both factions must say that this would protect himself and his labour against the Le possession of a House of Commons based upon the has been a most splendid demonstration. He was of capitalist and his capital; that every man who has an Very principle which we all seek to destroy as the only opinion that had a similar manifestation of opinion interest in society, and he trusted the working man thirg worth contending for. The Repeal of the Union and sympathy been made formerly, they would long who produced everything valuable in society would be without the Charter was a mere cuckoo cry. (Hear, ago have stopped the monsters from their wicked deeds) considered to have a material interest as to its welfare, hear, and cheers.) If the Irish wished for a Parlia- of blood-be meant as far as the Charter was concerned. should be protected. The Whigs have made use of ment in Ireland, and if the whole magic was in the Hear. He was afraid that few could hear what he the toast, and the Tories too, occasionally, yet both name of Parliament, we would make them a present of then said, such was the state of pressure from the would do all they could to prevent them, the people, curs, ready cut and dry; box and dice, and all. Hear.) crowd; he should, therefore, presently retire leaving from having such power. (Hear, hear.) He never felt joint-stock hells. (Cheers.) But yet I have not done How was the honesty of the advocates of the justice his friend, the Rev. Mr. Jackson, to follow him. He, more happy than he had done that day in witnessing principle to be tested? by their promises or their per- however, returned them his sincere thanks for that such a glorious demonstration, and to see such a large, formances? What he had done was before them, mark of their sympathy; but hoped he would be orderly, and respectable assembly met to do honour to What he promised to do was to get 4,000,000 of signa- allowed just to tell them that at some future day, honest and upright Chartists; and in doing which they, then, matter of notoriety that but few day labourers make tures, which would cost him £1,000, demanding a when they might be wanted, that they would come out the working people, had done honour to themselves. repeal of the Legislative Union. Loud and long-con- in the same numerous and social manner that they had (Hear, hear.) Sir John Campbell has stated that Chartimed cheering. How, give me leave to ask you, can that day manifested towards Mr. Feargus O'Connor, tism was dead; but he wished he had been there that It beat down the tyranny of the Irish landlords with bimself, and others, and then most assuredly both night to see its resurrection. After making a few other

> The CHAIRMAN rose, and said the next toast was-"The Charter, the only medium through which the labouring classes also contribute. (Loud cheers, and prosperity and real happiness can ever be attained by ("that's it.") Well, but I have not done: for now I the toiling millions."

Air-" Scots wha hae wi' Wallace bled."

Air-" Auld lang syne."

daty, heither that I was not to be inflated from my course by con- similar feeling prevailed in all the towns; if it did, to such a tenst, for he was sure if it was fully carried incomes—be they high, or be they great, or be they great, or be they great, or be they great, or be they about five hundred in number, took their turns in the stable apprehended the woman on the spot. On his

ruin must follow revolution. (Cheers.) Hitherto the license of the shopkeeper to gamble in duties, customs, excise, and all indirect taxes, has effectually bound them because the state has drained their customers and left them full shops. empty tills, protested bills, ugly wives, naked children, broken hearts, and the prospect of a cold bastile as the result of their mis-placed confidence in a trafficing oligarchy and a gambling government. of applause. (Loud and long continued cheering.) But, Sir, to come more minutely to this question of the Savings' Banks,

try and their homes." petuate in brass the union which his predecessor esta-

#### Air-" Exile of Erin." blished in gold. (Loud cheers and laughter.) Now. I

Mr. CARTLEDGE responded to this in his usual touching and affecting manner, having been called upon several times before on such occasions, he was quite at home, and shewed plainly his ability and willingness to the cause to do justice to this important toast. The CHAIRMAN in a very flattering manner gave "the

Chartist press."

tions be speedily crowned with success."

Air-" England for ever, and the land we live in."

land were not hostile to the working men of Ireland.

### Air-" Bonny breast knots."

Responded to by Mr. GRIFFIN, reporter to the North-Now, just mark this, he shows that in June, while the ern Stur, who returned thanks for the manner in which the Chairman had introduced the toast, likewise his sincere thanks for the merry manner in which the band had played the air, and for the enthusiastic manner in Mr. WILLIAM JONES responded to the toast. He which the crowded assembly had received it, because it convinced him that though he was pointed at by the fin--by buying chenp and selling decr,-(cheers,)-he at any rate was thought of by them. The working men tunity of thanking them for the glorious and triumphant manner, and for their tokens of respect to F. Counor, Esq., who established the Northern Star, which had done more to bring the people to a general understanding with each other, and had done more to spread instruction amongst the working millions; than all the other press put together besides. It might appear presumption in him to thus eulogise the Star, but such was the case that it made the people independent of the proprietor himself .-- (Hear, hear, from O'Connor.) were I to refuse even a greater request made by my natural element. There is this difference between him with loud cheers, clapping of hands, and other marks the same result will be produced. (Cheers.) Confidence He had weathered the storm in and out of danger, is paralysed for the moment, and the Tory-stakeholder, neither turning to the right nor to the left,-(lond and the Chartist-stakeholder, merge their distinctivecheers,)-advocating the rights, liberties, and immunities of the millions. In order to be short, having great a frightful mass of vice and depravity existed, but it ing to their own properties. That neither Whig, Tory, respect for the ladics, he would there and then pledge himself to, as far as his abilities would permit, hesitate to withdraw their deposits, whatever might be both with tongue and pen, defend right against might, the effect upon their political party. (Cheers.) So the weak against the strong, justice against injustice, much for that: and now for the facts. Did'nt this truth against falsehood, exposing tyranny and corrupcunning gentleman know, that June was a quar- tion, until freedom, happiness, and contentment were ter-day, and that the demands for rents, met the lot of the industrious yet starving millions of the by checks upon the saving bank, are at that kingdom. (Loud cheers.) period, as sure as death. (Loud cheers.) He

The CHAIRMAN then gave "The Female Chartists, also knew that the succeeding months were a period and the Ladies generally." Responded to by Mr. WHEELER, who kept the au-

when deposits were made to meet the coming quarter, and which is now: and I pledge myself that if the dience in convulsive laughter. Right Hon. Gentleman had waited for the whole Mr. O'CONNOR then rose, and when advancing to

quarter's return, of the first quarter's reign of Toryism. the platform, was met by several vociferous rounds that he would have found the result to be similar to of cheering, waving of scarfs, hats, and handkerchiefs, that in the last quarter of Whiggery, namely, an excess clapping, cheering, and stamping, which beggars dein demand over deposits. (Loud cheers, and " true.") scription. When it abated, he moved Mr. Schofield | company. Why, Sir, does not the very name tell us that it is the do leave the chair, and that Mr. Wheeler take his stock-purse fo those who are not of sufficient conse- place. quence to risk their stakes and have off's at the great

Here a little familiar sparring took place between Mr. O'Connor and the voteran Wheeler, the latter rising before his time, and the former putting him down again, and pulling each other by the coat tail, other deductions from the admitted fact of the which excited roars of laughter.

Mr. O'CONNOR then, in a very flattering manner, moved a vote of thanks to the Chairman. He did it deposits in the Savings' Banks. (Hear, hear.) Is it not only because he was an esteemed personal friend not a fact that the principal amount is made up by the of his, but as a public friend to them, hearing of his good services on behalf of the public. (Cheers.) Mr. JACKSON rose and seconded the motion, and giving three times three for each. The cheers were when put, was carried with long, loud, and enthusiastic cheering.

Mr. SCHOFIELD responded. Thus ended the oratorical part of the proceedings,

come to use the Rt. Hon. Baronet's sword against himit being about two o'clock. Mr. O'Connor, the Chairself-and what do I prove? Why, upon a small scale, man, and a number of the good and true, left the Hall, highly delighted and elevated by the glorious her husband in bed with another woman, fired at and orderly display of the day.

them, appointed them to direct the movement which power into their own hands of managing their was then going on, in the achievement of which the own affairs They had manifested their power, interests of Irishmen were involved. Those men he also, in the recent electioneering struggles, knew personally himself, and he believed them to be | they had stepped in amongst the candidates and offered sincere, honest, and persevering men in the cause of themselves to be the representatives of their own redemption. After exhorting his hearers to renewed body; and in doing so they had acted most manfully, exertions, having brighter prospects before them, as a and had given utterance to sentiments which, though sure token of which, they had only to witness the de- unpelatable, were nevertheless true, and were expressed monstration of that day as unparrelleled by anything in language not to be misunderstood. (Cheers.) He ever attempted in England before. (Cheers.) He sat toasted the people because they now proclaimed that down by thanking them for their repeated expressions | war should be no more, and because they had determined that the institutions of the country should be of

The next toast given was " the exiled and imprisoned a new kind, and should be of a nature far superior to patriots, and may they soon be restored to their coun- any that had ever been offered to them. (Hear, hear.) He toasted them because of their knowledge, as manifested in their inventions, which were of such a nature as to be capable of making the people such a people as they had never been before. (Cheers.) He toasted the people because of a long-neglected and downtrodden portion of that people, the brawny and industrious sons of old Ireland. (Cheers.) Some other observations occupied the remainder of the speaker's time; and, after congratulating them on their taste for meeting together for mutual improvements, he sat down amidst great cheering.

The CHAIRMAN then gave the next toast-"The People's Charter, and may it speedily become the law of the British Empire."

The toast was drank amidst the most outhusiastic cheering.

said, in coming forward to speak on that occasion, he had to regret that a want of experience might render his development of the principles of the People's Charter somewhat deficient ; but he trusted, in the few observations he should make, he should not trespass upon their patience, while he would leave to the gentlenian who had to follow him to supply that definition which he should be incapable of. (Cheers.) He looked upon Universal Suffrage as the chief point of the Charter, and without which it would be a dead letter, and not worth the attention of any real Reformer. (Hear, and cheers.) He did not recognise the accidental circumstance which gave to one man a vote, while it reduced another to the level of the brute. (Hezr.) So long as the working classes could boast of having produced from their ranks a Paine, a Franklin, a Burns, and a Bloomfield, so long would they be capable of exercising the rights of freemen, and claimed for him that distinction which raised him above the fool and the brute. (Hear, and cheers.) True, it was that was also true that a vast mass of misery and want were abroad, created by class legislation. (Hear.) The Government depended in a great measure for its support on the vices and immorality of the age, and so long as this existed-so long as the younger branches of the aristocracy were dependent for their existence on the professions, and the elder branches had the privilege of the entail, so long would the present anomalous state of things exist. (Cheers.) Mr. Jones went on at very great length, and with much eloquence, to expose the failacy of the present system of class legislation, to which source he clearly traced the evils under which the nation groaned, and for which the Charter alone would provide an efficient remedy. His speech occupied above an hour in the delivery, and was

frequently interrupted by the hearty cheers of the The CHAIRMAN said the next toast is, or was intended to have been, "The Guests;" but, as only one of those gentlemen was present, it placed him in a difficult position. He thought, however, there would be no impropriety in giving "The health of James

Bronterre O'Brien," and in associating with him the name of O'Connor, with best wishes for their future welfare and presperity, he went into a detail of the services rendered by the two patriots, dwelling upon the merits of both in a highly eulogistic style, and said that as they were so much indebted to them, he should call upon the meeting to repay part of the debt by given with great onthusiasm.

( Continued in our Eighth page.

On Sunday morning week, a woman named Musson, living at Cariton, near Nottingham, finding him with a gun, and shot away a large portion of The band then struck up, the forms were sided, the his right check and jaws. Musson was conveved to timely, slander, and threats of assassination. (Hear, not one month would clapse before the Charter would hear, and load cheers: What now is it, coupled with become the law of the land. (Applause.) He again the request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable, that had it not be request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable, that had it not be request of transmitter to be turned from my course by con-similar feeling prevaled in all the towns; if it did, to such a teast, for he was sure if it was fully carried hear, and load cheers: What now is it, coupled with become the law of the land. (Applause.) He again the request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable, that had it not the request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable, that had it not the request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable, that had it not the request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable, that had it not the request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable. The mirth was so profitable, that had it not the request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable. The mirth was so profitable, that had it not the request of transmitter to the mirth was so profitable. The mirth was so profitable, that had it not the mirth was so profitable. The mirth was so preduced aplace the mirth was so profitable. The mirth was so p

allow an interested partisan to judge for them, but that they had paid him. Tea is ready.) A voice had most efficient, the most intelligible, or the most practical not tresspass longer upon their time than by stating that political equality. He hoped, however, that they comes a deposit in the savings' bank, but is lodged in credit upon the Committee of Management, the Destructive Fire NEAR Woolwich.-On Thursmeans of allaying grievances, promoting union, and the meeting would teach the arrocious Whigs and more establishing freedom Loud cheers. Mighty Provi- atrocious Toriez that the working millions having the complish the possession of their rights and privileges; placed to the credit of the plundered operative. (Loud fustion jackets of this great emporium of commerce. a cottage on Plumstead-common, occupied by Mr. dence is it not high time that self-interest and expe- power in their own hands for their political emancipa-diency should cine should cine that peace and plenty would then and uproarious cheering.) Aye, and repeal the Corn Hurrah, then, for the Charter, O'Connor, and the Carrington, a builder. It is not known how the fire diency should give way to humanity and principle, and tion, were determined to exercise that power in the reign throughout the length and breadth or the land. Laws to-morrow, and machinery will make a drug of

that each, forgetting himself in the general want which | cause of freedom and justice. (Much cheering) Prevails, should now put his shoulders to the wheel, The Raw. W. V. JACKSON End, on coming before and try and shove onwards the only remedy for generally the people on that occasion, he could not sufficiently revailing distress? Loud cheers.) When we look express his gratitude to Almighty God that Mr. Feargus the names of the guests of the evening. Messrs. 'getting the "large loaf," and buying your produce at wand, and see the untenanted houses, the cottages O'Connor, Mr. Benbow, himseif, and the rest of their Frargus O'Connor, J. B. O'Brien, Wm. Benbow, W. tilled up, and the cellers seeming with the unhealthy friends, were once more found amongst them advocatbins of half-buried ghosts, who are suffering living ing the glorious, the mighty cause of freedom. (Hear.) Isbour, and the other patriotic guests who have sufteach by thousands, stalking abroad in nakedness, and The last time they were together for the dissemination the midst of warehouses filled with the produce of of similar principles, and at the time when Mr. Ben- most enthusiastic cheering, followed by volleys of Deir industry-where, I ask, can be the heart of the bow was addressing the people in favour of those prinhan who would, by any means, either assist in ciples, he (Mr. Jackson) and others were being chained

Tholding the system that has led to such hand in hand and conveyed to Kirkdale House of Cor-i state of things, or withhold his assistance rection. (Shame.) How very different on the present Sim the establishment of a system which is to destroy occasion-(hear)-and how different the feelings and Lond cheers.) Why am I hated by the aristocrazy number of the people. That day their friends were Ireland? Because I had the bodies of the murdered taken from their beds long before day-light, and con- several minutes. When the applause had subsided, atamed, when they came wrongfully by their death, signed to dark and dreary dungeons. (Shame.) But Ed had inquests held over them; because I attended thank God, they were assembled together in greater Irishmen, that even after death they are attached to the Ratheoremic, and there sought satisfaction for the power and strength than on any previous occusion. Very appearance of the departed, and nothing more conbool if my Catholic countrymen, shed by the tyrant Hear, hear.) We are yet unconquered-great solstory to his heart, than that the corpse shall present

and of the surpliced ruffians of the law-church, backed applause)—but the Whigs are dead never to rise again; a good appearance, and as I may be truly said, to be

the request of even then the mirth was so prontable, that had it how is it, coupled with become the law of the land. (Applauce,) he again, which he had the honour to respond, stated "that the and persons with small annuites, and those who even then the mirth was so prontable, that had it how is it, coupled with become the law of the mark of their sympathy charter is the only mediant through which happiness only spend their monies in the purchase of the been for having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the been for having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the been for having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the been for having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the been for having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the been having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the been having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the been having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the been having to attend to their other employments geon, Pelham-street, took away a portion of the The interested networks of the interested networks which had been that day conveyed to them; and many a point of the network which had been that day conveyed to them; and and prosperity can ever be attained by the tolling mil-working men's produce, are now by the working men's produce, are now by the working men's produce, are now by the working men's it would have been too soon. And thus ended one of upper and lower jaws, which had been broken by the and prosperity can ever be attained by the tolling mil-working men's produce, are now by the working men's and prosperity can ever be attained by the tolling mil-working men's produce, are now by the working men's it would have been too soon. And thus ended one of shot on the right side. He is still alive, and may poverty enabled to purchase the same annual amount the most numerous, splendid, and enthusiastic dis-recover if lock is w does not come on ; at present he the interested partian to judge for them, but that they had paid him. Tea is ready.) A voice had live did not, politically speaking, give us prosperity; of clothes and other manufactured articles for one half plays ever held in Manchester, and, in the opinion recover if lock jaw does not come on ; at present he plays ever held in Manchester, and, in the opinion recover if lock jaw does not come on ; at present he for themselves, whether he or I take the reminded him that tea was ready, he would consequently and the state in which we ought to live would give us their former price; the other haif, consequently, be of many, unequalled—and which reflects a lasting is not out of danger.

with this financial sophistry, which passed current

in the House of Commons. Now, Sir, I will draw

deposits exceeding the demands at any period. Is it not,

deposits of the newly created class who may be said to

have fixed incomes; I mean domestic servants, and

persons having small annuities? Little tradesmen,

small shopkeepers, and a few of the better employed of

would be stimulated to every exertion, in order to ac- the name of the privileged Unionist, instead of being females, the blistered hands, unshorn chins, and day morning, between one and two, a fire broke out in

people. (Hear.) If such principles were worth struggling your produce, which the foreigner may or may not for. such principles were worth dying for. (Cheers.) take for the promised food, as he pleases, and those The CHAIRMAN introduced, in complimentary terms, with fixed incomes will have the double advantage of a drug price, and making "deposits" of the surplus to V. Jackson, the unflinching advocates of the rights of

fered in the same cause, which was received with the ever at the command of the oligarchical unionists to be " consolidated" into blood money, person money, spy money, and commission money ; to shoot you, to pray clapping. The applause was quite deafeving.

you, to swear you, or in some shape to consign you to death. (Loud and long continued cheering.) This is When Mr. O'Connor came in front of the platform the whole company rose simultaneously, and remained one of your greatest causes of complaint presented by the minister as an answer to our demand for relief. waving their handkerchiefs and hats, and cheering for

[The remainder of Mr. O'Connor's speech, which was most rapturously cheered, would occupy more than five Mr. O'CONNOR said, Sir, it is a characteristic of columns of our space. Our readers will therefore see

LIVERPOOL.

The demonstration in this town, on Monday last, in honour of Mr. O'Brien and Mr. O'Connor, though deficient of a public procession, and confined to a soirce, was nevertheless of a most soul stirring character. For some time an active committee had been formed. who have been indefatigable in their exertions to give effect to the arrangements, and by their endeavours,

backed by the spirited conduct of the men and women of Liverpool, an entertainment was got up worthy of about one o'clock, a policeman named Berry, while the cause, and worthy of the patriots. The soirce was seizing a fellow who was climbing over a garden held in the Queen's Theatre, Christian-street, the inte- wall at the back part of Upper-Wharton-street. rior of which was adorned and decorated in most Bagnigge-road, was most brutally attacked, beaten. beautiful style; the stage was devoted to a cross table | and stabbed in several parts of the body by the ruffor the chairman, the guests, and the speakers; the pit fian and two of his companions. The ruffians left all coming upon us at once, precludes the possibility of the tables of which were placed him apparently dead on the ground, and made their all coming upon us at once, precludes the possibility of doing justice to Mr. O'Connor without doing injustice to five hundred persons, of both sexes. In front of the Scotchmer, and Colton, on passing by the spot,

which the present system of pre-and though the Tories are in power, we will convince one of the parents of Chartism, and being an Irishman builtion gives to the corporate and infidel Christians, them that the Charter must ultimately become the law must it not be baim and consolation to me, to see and infide Christians, them that the Charter must ultimately become the law must it not be baim and consolation to me, to see ability was suspended as an old and con-which was inscribed, "The speedy return of the and they immediately procured a stretcher and con-which was inscribed, "The speedy return of the land. (Chers, For himself he promised defunct Chartism presenting this night, so comely a sistent Radical, who rose amid loud applause, and said betwee all things does an Irishman chapter bis nature, the needed here is not be station-house. A surgeon was sent above all things does an Irishman charge his mature, the people that although he had been immured corpse, after having its nose pulled, and being laid out that he was ones more in a position in which he could portraits of the patriots, particularly O'Brien and for, every a sistance was afforded him, and he was ones more in a position in which he could portraits of the patriots, particularly O'Brien and for, every a sistance was afforded him, and he was ones more in a position in which he could portraits of the patriots, particularly O'Brien and for, every a sistance was afforded him, and he was ones more in a position in which he could portrait the bas ones more in a position in which he could portrait the bas of the could portrait in bandsome restored to bis series, and carried to bis residence in So; Why then should I less love Ireland now, though himself more than ever in the cause of freedom. Hear.) plain John Campbell. (Tremendous cheers and laugh-why then should I less love Ireland now, though himself more than ever in the cause of freedom. Hear.) plain John Campbell. (Tremendous cheers and laugh-then from hershores than when I was on her green lands, God was on their side, and public opinion was also en ter.) He would have laid it out-he would have wrap-would have laid it out-he would have laid it out-he would have laid it out-he would have wrap-

originated, but it is supposed the chimney must have been ignited and communicated to some of the wood work, of which the building was principally constructed. Mr. Carrington and his family, who had a short time previously retired to rest, escaped in their night clothes. Within a short period after the alarm was given the Royal Artillery engines and parties of men arrived, but could not obtain a sufficient supply of water ; the entire building was burnt to the ground; and almost all the furniture and

money, in cash and notes, were consumed. MURDEROUS ATTACK ON THE POLICE .- Friday.

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### LIVERPOOL DEMONSTRATION.

### (Concluded from our seventh page.,

Mr. O'BRIEN, who was received with tremendous cheers and waving of handkerchiefs on his rising, asked leave, on account of the delicate state of his health, to be allowed to advance more into the centre of the meeting, and to occupy a standing on one of the tables. This was at once conceded, and he proshe Lables. This was at once conceded, and he pro-ceeded with his address, which occupied nearly two hours in the delivery. He addressed them as men and women of Liverpool, and heped they would not be offended, because he did not know a more honourable title in existence than that of man, nor did be the title in existence than that of man, nor did he think the females would frown because he had not styled them ladies. He liked to be among the people-smong these with whom he was always the most happy, and he was glad to see them there for a great variety of reasons. He referred to the imprisonment he had undergone, and to the unsuccessful efforts which had been made for his liberation, although the influence of Tom Potter, the Mayor of Manchester, had been successful in the case of the Rev. Mr. Jackson. He mentioned this to contrast the influence of wealth with that of the working - classes, for while two millions of signatures could not procure his release, one man liberated Mr. Jackson. When he first went to Lancaster Castle, it was attempted not only to place him in the felon's ward, but to compel him to wear the criminal's uniform, both of which pieces of tyranny he had resisted and had overcome; but he was thus thrown upon his own resources, and while compelled to provide his own maintenance. was debarred the means of earning five pounds weekly, which he had had offered for writing for two newspapers. (Hear.) He had had much bad health, but had been enabled to weather out the storm; and all the time he had been in prison he had never set his foot on a board,-nothing but the damp stone floor, besides having only one seat, and that a three-legged stool. After he had been in some time, by the interposition of some of his wife's friends. Col. Yorke had waited upon the Marquis of Normanby, and remonstrated with him on the hardship to which he was subjected, particularly in being deprived of earning a livelihood by his pen; to which his Lordship replied, "Why, this O'Brien you speak of, is the most dangerous man in the whole partydecidedly the most dangerous (Langhter and cheers.) He then referred to the crime for which he had been sentenced, and glanced, in the course of his long and excellent speech at the form of his indictment-the recognizances he had had to enter into previous to his liberation-the class legislation which was the foundation of all the bad Government-the economy and retrenchment of the Whigs for the ten years they had been in office-his return as the member for Newcastle, and a hint or two for Mr. Ord-his liberation, which, though it only took place four days ago, had seen him address no fewer than six public meetings. He told them what he had never told before, that he was put down by one of his own friends-(hear, kear)-it was quite true that he owed his prosecution to the rascality of one of the leaders of his own party-(hear)-he would not mention national holiday-referred to the proceedings at the | for the working man. Bull Ring at Birmingham-explained his conduct Tyranny has done its worst upon it; but the with regard to the advice which he was said to have good Providence of God has guarded you. Your (Cheers.) If I could connect the principles of temper-given (but which he denied) to the people to arm-

### style; it is his own composition, and is as follows :--MR. O'CONNOR'S WELCOME TO LEEDS.

COMPOSED AND SUNG BY MR. J. DUPFY, AT THE SOIRER.

Duffy had volunteered a song. This he sung in good

Tune-" Rob Roy Macgregor, 0 !"

### WELCONE, from thy living grave, Brave, bold O'Connor, O ! The suffering millions come to save ; Brave, bold O'Connor, O !

Thrice welcome here, thou best of men. The widows' kope, the orphan's frien', Our country's pride, from hill and glen, We welcome brave O'Connor, O !

### Tyrants sought, but sought in vain.

Brave, bold O'Connor, O ! Thy great and noble soul to chain ; Brave, bold O'Connor, O ! Say, have they tam'd the lion's rage? Or chang'd him in their Whiggish care ? No, faith, they've not; I will engage, For brave, bold O'Connor, O!

Long may he live to take his stand. Brave, bold O'Connor, O !

Among the "workies" of the land ; Brave, bold O'Connor, O ! May Heaven bless the sacred cause. And crown his efforts with applause, And gain us just and equal laws, Brave, bold O'Connor, O !

The prince of patriots is here, Brave bold O'Connor, O! Brother Chartists rise and cheer Brave bold O'Connor, O ! Cheer him as an honest man, Despite of Whig or Tory clan. ' My dear" Ray or " royal" Dan, We welcome bold O'Connor, O!

### The conclusion of this seng called forth much applause, which having subsided,

The CHAIRMAN introduced Mr. WESTLAKE, who presented an address from the associated Chartists of Leeds and its vicinity ; and Mr. WH. HICK, who presented another from the Charter Total Abstinence Society, from whom also a large and beautiful rosette. suspended by a broad green belt, was placed round his neck by two of the females. It was inscribed, Universal Suffrage, and no surrender." An ad-The following are copies :--

### TO FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESQUIRE.

cerely welcome you to the renewal of that personal I trust that in future my conduct shall also meet their intercourse which the recklessness of despotism has for a season interrupted.

Permit us to express our grateful thanks for your long-tried, faithful, and ever ready services in the among those with whom he had acted. He then tinued; that you will still battle for the cause which no other place open to me; and willing to seek shelter went on rapidly to glance at the proceedings of the you have so long, so powerfully and so nobly advo- anywhere, where nine or ten could be called together, late convention-explained his conduct on the cated-the cause of right, of freedom, and of justice it was that or nothing. And now our cause we agitute

After an air by the band, Mr. Duffy was again an. of putting the amendment and the resolution, the of justice. At the Manchester demonstration, Chartists ; and paid a high compliment to the Northern acunced to deliver a recitation. He mid he had been Chairman put the amendment twice, and then declared yesterday, the scene was a most splendid one. Star and its Editor, but for whom the sufferings of one of those who had been imprisoned, and consequently it carried. That chairman, an alderman, and a very All the trades came out under their own banners; such those who had been incarcerated would have been he knew what the sufferings of the incarcerated were; singular man, though a Goodman too, also put the a procession was never seen there since Manchester was much mere severe, and, like Clayton, they might have but how severe scever his own had been, it was no resolution afterwards; and declared that bolk had been built ; and such a scence will never again be witnessed been murdered. His blood still cried out for ven matter; he was amply repaid by being present at the demonstration of that day, to congratulate in person the "uncaged" lion of all llons—the incorruptible patriot of break up the Chartist ranks. Now that the Whigs circumstances attending this demonstration? Why, all patriots. He was about to recite to them a little have lost their power, by their some days ago I received a letter from a repealer, say. ing. He hoped what they had heard would be imdoggerel of his own composition; it was composed in own deceit, and their own villany, they will endeavour ing, that in case I went to Manchester, I should be pressed on their minds, and that they would go home prison, where he was denied the use of pen, ink, and to hurl us once more into an agitation which will have assassinated, even if 6000 Irishmen fell in the strag- with a determination to come forward and join their paper, and it was suggested by having read some splendid cantos of Byron's Don Juan, and by the cir-

their speeches read prettily in Mr. Baines's paper, cumstances of a robin visiting his cell every morning, to partake of the crumbs of black bread which comwho is very ably represented here by a gentleman who posed his food. He begged that they would excuse, is taking no notes of what I am saying. (Cheers and langhter.) In my absence I always read in the Mertherefore any inaccuracies in the composition, and take the will for the deed. Mr. Duffy then gave, in a feeling cury that whenever Feargus O'Connor presents himself, manner, an excellent poem of eighteen stanzas, which we always meet him fairly and fight the question out; in thousands to welcome O'Connor in Stevenson'sreceived, as it merited, the applause of the numerous but whenever Feargus O'Connor is present I never see any of that ragged regiment which they have assemsompany.

The CHAIRMAN then rose and said, that had he been bled from God knows where. (Laughter.) I never pocket, nobody had heard of it till I had got into Steven-in company of a party of either Whigs or Tories, he hear any of the rhapsodies of those gentlemen who son'a-square; and when I arrived there, I stood up and might have felt great difficulty in fulfilling the task which had been committed to him in proposing the next toast, and in calling upon them to respond heartly to the sentiments it contained; but in the present com-part of the portion of the poor man that he has next to do (Hoor the task) and "bigh wages," and "plenty to do." Now they was no assassin at hand. I knew that no Iriahman may leave out that last point, for it is unfortunately a to the sentiments it contained; but in the present com-part of the portion of the poor man that he has to do (Hoor the task) of the poor man that he has to do (Hoor the task) of the poor man that he has to the sentiments it contained; but in the present com-part of the poor man that he has to do (Hoor the task) of the poor man that he has to do (Hoor the task) of the poor man that he has to do (Hoor the task) of the poor man that he has to do (Hoor the task) of the poor man that he has to the sentiments it contained; but in the present company, knowing that they had got Feargus O'Connor too much to do. (Hear, hear, and loud cheers) In showed the opinion that I held of my countrymen. amongst them-(loud cheers)-he had no such diffi- an address presented to me from Hebden Bridge, and And who were the parties that flocked round the carculty. He gave them, therefore, "The health of which has not been read, they say, "We are deter-Feargus O'Connor, Esq. the unpaid, the untiring, and mined never to rest till the Charter becomes the law of a word of English; it was all Irish. (Hear.) But the unflinching advocate of the people, and justice to the land." I tell them that they can't, because there mark the moral. If I have escaped whom have I to Ireland, by a speedy repeal of the union." Drank with is no rest for the wicked. I tell them that they are thank? But if I had shrunk from going what would tremendous cheering.

cheers on rising. When the applause had subsided, he loaf and small ; they have not only eaten up the public and from other places which I might propose to visit, said-Who would not go to York Castle for sixteen resources, but have thrown themselves upon the public and thus there would have been an end to the Chartist months? (Cheers.) If that experiment which the also. If this system be much further pursued, the cause. (Hear, hear, and cheers.) And now hear what Whigs so hopelessly have tried in vain, and if the public will help themselves; for hunger will break was the result. We had a very numerous tea-Tories have in store for me a similar punishment for through stone walls, and men cannot be kept honest by drinking which lasted from six o'clock till what I am doing, I only trust that a similar result Act of Parliament. (Hear.) But this Corn Law ques- near midnight, for the tables were replenished with upon my return to the people will await me. (Cheers.) tion is that upon which the Whigs will seek to elevate guests more than three times over. We had manufac-Sir, before I make any observations upon the sentithemselves, and keep out the Tories. It is hard to turers there, middle-class men, and shopkeepers, for ment which has been so enthusiastically responded to deal with the sophistries of those who advocate the by all present, allow me, in the first place, to return repeal of these laws. I wish I had some of them here; an answer to those addresses that have been presented I never can get hold of one; they are like pigs with to me. To that which came from the associated Char- soaped tails, I never can catch one. (Laughter.) I to this intimidation? Why, a deputation from the long continued cheers. tists of Leeds, and was presented first, allow me to say, have, in every shape, laid this question bare in all its that from it I derive peculiar pleasure, and for this nakedness before a well-judging and sound understandreason; that much of the time to which it alludes has ing people. But let us take that common-sense view now they would join the Chartists. (Loud cheers for been spent among them in person, so that although of it which has not been taken yet. We cannot, on some time.) What does all this mean? ("They join other persons in other localities might have taken my occasions of this kind, enter so minutely into details as us !") They join you. What ! and you cheer at it ? Sake and that of the meeting, that his time was character upon trust, from the Whig press or from the not to leave something for captious fools to cavil at. Tory press ; although they might have been ready to But suppose you required fourteen millions of quarters of dress was afterwards presented from Hebden Bridge. give me credit for the character which it was said I wheat, or any other quantity, for a year's consumption, deserved at Leeds, yet there can be no mistake about and suppose you grew two or three millions short of the that coming from the men of Leeds-(cheers)-there- entire quantity, and that the want of that two millions fore to them I return my thanks, and I only hope that greatly increases the price of the twelve millions that HONOURED SIR,-With feelings of delight and their confidence will be my retaining fee for the future, are left; our object can only be to increase the supply exultation for the adequate expression of which and that as it has hitherto (through the very worst so as to prevent that increase of price. But suppose own lack of bodily strength—his exertions since his our powers fail us, the Chartists of your own more agitation, for I consider that the most difficult part of that those two millions are introduced from some foreign peculiarly adopted locality, the town and neigh-bourhood of Leeds, respectfully, heartily, and sin-the Charter through the mire, even in rotten Leeds) corn, but to the same extent we make ourselves worse the Charter through the mire, even in rotten Leeds) corn, but to the same extent we make ourselves worse consumers of the products of our own trade than we approbation. (Loud cheers.) As to the address from were. The Corn-Law repealers would go all over the the Chartist Teetotallers, I receive it with not less continent to seek up the deficient two millions of quarpleasure. It gives me great delight and satisfaction ters; but instead of doing that give me half a million to find that I have been driven from the place where I of acres of land at home, and I will produce you the names, though he could do so, but such was the cause of freedom, and to renew the expression of cradled the infant in the first instance from the pitless two millions required. That would not only make us foot by the League with renewed vigour for the pur- let to reflect a midst the gloomy stillness of the night fact; he had fallen a sacrifice to a jealons feeling our confidence that those services will be still con- storm, to such a place as this. At that time there was producers of our own food, independent of foreign importers and foreign growers, but would also make us consumers of the value thereof in our own market. in sober earnest, and in consequence of that it is becomit would make bread cheap; but I begyou to remember ing a terror to the drunken factions of Whig and Tory. that in the exact proportion that bread has been and went through the various topics discussed in his and your presence among the people will heal up ing to a temperance society, I am entitled to that demand for goods for foreign markets, there is a of five acres of land would not only be able to pay a number of his bed would be taken down, and in the speech which we have so fully reported at Lancaster, breaches and dissensions where they may exist; will address. I know perfectly well that the cause of the dismissal of manual workies, and an increase of maand which in some measure renders unnecessary a raise the spirits of the drooping; confirm the courage teetotal society being formed was in consequence of the chinery. If to-morrow they required ten thousand ship more detailed report of his speech here, did not a of the bold; and so invigorate the whele, that factious baneful effects of moderation. Few men know how loads of your goods, new engines would be set up, and more detailed report of mis spectal here, du not a doing the bold; and so invigorate the where, that factions banefal effects of moderation. Few men know now want of room, and of time, prevent us from doing that justice to it which its merits demand. [Our that justice to it which its merits demand. [Our the bold; and so invigorate the where, that factions ball soon qual before us, and the reign to use it; but I, thank God, have had sufficient to use it; but I, thank God, have had sufficient to use it; but I, thank God, have had sufficient to use it; but I, thank God, have had sufficient to use it; but I, thank God, have had sufficient to use it; but I, thank God, have had sufficient to become in order to meet the foreign demand. (Cheera, I say is, that no power of the soirce, and found when he got there that the committee, not expecting him, had got there was posted a R-norter at Liverbool to furnish an the were use this day in earnest of con-

"cheap bread" and "high wages" for its object. I have gle. Last week they were invited to assemble in brethren in the struggle for liberty, by joining the Charheard a great deal of those men in my absence, and Carpenter's Hall, by placards, which clearly pointed me tist Association ; and then farewell, a long farewell to out as an object for assassination. They asked in large the Mercury pill in Yorkshire. letters, "who incited the people of Leeds to assassinate Daniel O'Connell ?" and then they answered the question in still larger letters, "Feargus O'Connor." Notwithstanding this, the working men of Manchester met square. And sure enough O'Connor was there to meet them. (Cheers.) Though I had the letter in my son'a square; and when I arrived there, I stood up and

system-made wicked men; for those who profess a desire have been the consequence? Why, that I should have Mr. O'CONNOR was greeted with the most vociferous to give them a large loaf, have eaten up both large received similar letters from Leeds and from Sheffield,

### "A fellow feeling makes us wondrous kind."

And what was the consequence of my refusal to attend Repealers, saying that they agreed with every word that fell from me in Stephenson's Square, and that You? ("Yes.") What ! the working men of Leeds limited to five minutes. He was little used to address join in cheering at the union with Irishmen ? (Loud meetings like that ; but his soul must have been cheers.) Well, you astonish me! and I do lack words indeed dead if, with the promptings of his own to express not so much my astonishment as my experience he could hesitate but one moment to recidelight. What! you, the "enomies of the Irish working procate the sentiment embodied in the toast. They classes." (Never.) What ! not for " seven hundred were all now comparatively happy, their mirthful years the enemies of Iroland." What ! not "the men countenances bespoke a glee of heart. aed their joy who gave a Coercion Bill to Ireland?" (No.) What at the reception of the lion from his cage, was a not the men who support the power of the law church? temporary overbalance for the sufferings and (We have no power.) Well; that is the very answer privations which they habitually endured; but that I have been giving for the last ten years; that you let him conduct them for a moment from that splen-have no power to do anything; and that if you had, it did saloen to the hells of Wakefield, Northallerton, would be applied to make Ireland a nation instead of and Beverley, where their brethren were languishing. a province. After some further observations on Irish What was the condition of the Chartist captive in topics, Mr. O Connor reverted to the subject of Anti- those abodes of misery at that present moment? He pose of harassing and anneying the new Government. upon the rampant reign of tyranny-to think upon And he entered into lengthened details to show his wife and on his little ones who mourned his that it would be immensely to the advantage absence, and to curse, in inward bitterness, the iron (Oheers.) The great argument of the repealers is that of Great Britain to encourage the growth of corn at which he felt within his soul. If he should dare to unhome, rather than to sanction its being imported from cover but hishands or to thrust his head from beneath other countries. He wished for a more extended culticheapened, wages have been reduced. (Hear.) It is vation of the land and an increase in the number of ruffian traversing the room in list slippers. "Hist !" well known that whenever there is an increase of the domestic farmers, as he was satisfied that an occupier would be all he would hear for that time; the reasonable rent, but to save as much at the year end as morning he would be had up before the Governor : would equal the rent and the value of the labour ex- and for the crime (!) fiercely reprimanded, and senpended on the land. In conclusion he said-My friends, tenced, it might be, to a day or two's solitary

Mr. Martin sat down amidst great cheering.

The CHAIRMAN next proposed " The speedy return of Frost, Williams, and Jones."

Mr. SKEVINGTON, being called upon to respond to the toast, said—That after the achievement of the people's rights, by the establishment of the princioles of the Charter, the object nearest his heart was the desire to see those expatriated patriots restored to their country, their families, and friends. Personally he was unacquainted with Williams and Jones, yet, through the medium of the press, he had learned sufficient of their characters to entitle them to his most strenuous exertions on their behalf. Of Mr. Frost he knew much : he had been a co-worker with him in the cause of political redemption-he had fought with him, side by side, in the campaign against despotism, and he ever found him a man of sound principle and sterling integrity. Mr. S., after passing a high culogium upon the public character of the exiled patriot and urging upon the audience the necessity of exerting themselves to obtain the full and immediate remission of the unjust sentence passed upon the three patriots, concluded by informing the men and women of Leeds, that being appointed lecturer of the East Riding with which the Chartists of Leeds had identified themselves, he should have frequent opportunities of addressing them, and that as the time allowed for each speaker on the present occasion, was limited to five minutes. he would enter more fully into the subject at some early period. Mr. Skevington's address was well received throughout, and he sat down amid loud and

The CHAIRMAN gave as the next toast-" The liberation of all incarcerated Chartists."

Mr. DUFFY was extremely happy both for his own

### THE NORTHERN STAR.

drank with cheering.

Mr. AMBLEB, in a few observations, acknowledged the toast on behalf of the ladies, and regretted that at so late an hour a question of so much importance could not have proper justice done to it. He enlogised the duties they were called upon to fulfil, and hoped the day was not distant when their influence and importance in society would be felt and acknowledged.

The CHAIRMAN announced thathe had been reminded of the object for which the meeting had been called, by having received from Mr. Ellis, the suctioneer, a sovereign for the press which it was intended to present to Mr. O'Brien.

Mr. O'BRIEN protested against the meeting being converted to one of a pecuniary nature to himself; it would detract from the pleasure he had experienced. He had come there to receive honour, and honour he had received.

The CHAIRMAN then dissolved the meeting, and chair, the meeting separated at near midnight.

### LEEDS.

of hero or statesman. In fact, at no previous period perity and peace. have the principles of which he is the advocate been so triumphantly-so enthusiastically honoured as on the present occasion. The arrival of the patriot called forth a burst of cheering which made the neighbourhood echo; while the joyous greetings with which he was individually hailed, stopped the formation of the procession to the town, and delayed its arrival for some time.

A committee had been appointed to arrange the manner of his entry, to marshal the procession, and they were, proving, as at all other places where the becomes the law of the land. " fustians" begin in right earnest, that they lack not intelligence to manage their own affairs ; but where all are determined to do their best, the management of even so large a party becomes pretty easy. This does not, however, detract in the slightest degree from the merit due to the committee; for if the under any circumstances, to have produced a gratifying result.

So soon as the enthusiasm at the Moor somewhat abated, and the people had fallen back from the carriage in which Mr. O'Connor had taken his seat, then the procession was formed, and the trumpet sounded the advance-the head of the column being about half a mile before the carriage. and a dense mass occupying the entire road, the pace was slow, and the approach to the town was delayed beyond the appointed hour. The procession was accompanied by two bands of music, and a large number of flags and banners, bearing the usual inscriptions; and hundreds of persons were decorated with green rosettes. There were numbers of well-dressed females, also, whose presence seemed to furnish greater inducement to order in the rougher sex.

At the time the procession moved there were not always fall immediately upon the aggressor; but if King It may be said that the Whigs are dead; but they are of. (Great cheering.) The speaker then went on to the proceedings terminated at nearly two o'clock in the posed to repeal the Corn Laws; but, whatever fewer than from fifteen to twenty thousand persons William did wrong, the Queen was threatened with the only dead to themselves as a party, they are not dead say that there was more land than was required to morning. might be others' opinions, their opinion was, that support the entire population of the country, from Thus ended a demonstration which will not be speedily present ; but these numbers formed no comparison the Charter, and nothing less, could ever restore change of her sex: she was put into breeches. (In- for mischief. They would rather see a majority of 200 health and prosperity to the country. (Cheers.) And creased laughter.) I am now shewing you how it is Tories in the House of Commons to-morrow than see which he argued that were the labouring classes treated | forgotten, and the salutary effects of which must be with those by which it was afterwards actually acthis, he was proud to say, the people were becoming that this local rule of tyranny has been so long kept thirty men of my principles amongst them. (Hear.) daily more and more determined to have. (Cheers.) up. I am now endeavouring to shew to you that in We have still much labour before us; and I believe and employed as they ought to be, they would be so far felt to the latest period of time, in the influence which companied through the town, while all along the rou:e, namely, along Meadow-lane, over Leeds withdrawn from the manufacturing districts, and it will have upon the advancement of those principles bridge, up Briggate, down Kirkgate, along Vicar-lane, up Lowerhead-rew, down Briggate, along He congratulated them that they were met to wel- each locality there was a petty tyrant who told the much of the onerous labour will fall on my shoulders : occupied in agriculture, as would render it unnecessary which are for the benefit of the whole human race. come an unbought and unpurchaseable advocate of people that the passing of the Reform Bill was quite and thank God, they are broad (cheers); and that females and children should any longer labour in Commercial-street, and down Albion-street to the their glorious cause-that they had met to do honour sufficient to redress all their grievances. From that thank God they are strong; and, thank God, I am of those degrading rattle-traps, the factories, because the Music Hall, the windows and house tops were to the now un-"caged lion"-Feargus O'Connor- time to the present, when you found out that the Reform that constitution, conformation and form, that I neither would support the mother and VALUABLE WORKS. Music Hall, the windows and house tops were crowded with persons, particularly ladies, by whom the approach of Mr. O'Conner was hailed by waving of handkerchiefs, green ribbons, &c. The progress through the town was triumphant in the extremes; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms; the Whigs had all shut the the held out have the bit of the back and the shuft have the bit of the bit of the bit of the bit of the bit AND SYNTAX OF THE ENGLISH LANthe Whigs had all shut themselves in back rooms-the Tories were silent as the grave-the Chartists (Cheers.) He called upon them to rally around him middle-class men, had an equal share with other bad always ready to shake the blistered hand, meet it where were also amongst the aristocracy some better neglected the study of Grammar. were every body, and every body were Chartists: whose past conduct so well merited their confidence, men in what could be pilfered from the people ; he I may. Neither do I do it for selfish purposes. I am and some worse; but still these would not BY WILLIAM HILL. at least every body did honour to the distinguished of which he had proved himself so well worthy; and knew that there was no staple commodity for always to be found among you; always mixed up with give the suffrage to the working classes for fear Also, Price One Shilling, bound in Cloth, leader and chieftain of Chartist principles-repaying with such a leader, and such a union as they had the those in his grade to traffic upon and speculate in, but your cause, and ready to advantage it in any manner they should send men who were better acquainted power to form, success must be certain. (Great what proceeded from labour; and he said to those that I think most conducive to its success. It is a with the circumstances of all classes to legislate for him richly for the sufferings he had endured, and PROGRESSIVE EXERCISES. compelling him to the adoption of still greater exercheering.) He concluded by proposing the first around him, if we cannot secure some of that to our-sentiment, "The people, the source of all power." selves we shall all starve together. (Hear.) Well, thing, for a man to stand up energetically in the prose-expose the protected much interview of the source of all power." tions, for the obtainment of still greater conquests. what did Edward Baines do? As soon as he made cution of a particular course, which has for its object style the labouring population the swinish multitude, in the foregoing Work, After the procession had arrived in Albion-street, The toast was received with great cheering. which was so densely crowded as to be completely Mr. VEVERS who had been delegated to represent money by vending his spurious opinions, and although he the amelioration of the working and spent their over time in the company of prostitutes, BY WM. HILL. blocked up, Mr. O'Connor addressed a few words the Huddersfield Chartists, responded to the toast. professes to stand by his order, he refuses to give classes. Yet I have made a just estimate of the danger and other even more degrading ways; though even they from his carriage to the masses by whom he was sur- He was happy to see that the time had come when the you any participation in the land. I have always thought which I run, and I am determined to persevere. Were obliged to admit that the working classes were that what was sauce for the goose was good sau Also, Price Fourpence, THE GRAMMATICAL TEXT BOOK, for the come seated in the Music Hall, where the Tes and power-that they at last dared to think and to act also. the gander; and I have heard it said that many per- course which faction has pressed me to enter on? use of Schools; in which the bare naked principles people were now getting too intelligent to be humthey would always be the victims of oppression. So the medicines they prescribe before they take them. Inform you as to a certain matter, a portion of which listen to the tales told to them at the hustings, and to long as they continued to exhibit themselves in the What then was Edward Baines's first sten when he are of Grammar, expressed as concisely as possible, are Soiree were to take place. exhibited for the memory. THE TEA PARTY AND SOIRES. long as they continued to exhibit themselves in the What then was Edward Baines's first step when he got you are cognisant of yourselves. You recollect the de-Published by Cleave, 1, Shoe lane, Fleet-street, London ; Hobson, Northern Star Office, Leeds ; About half-past seven o'clock, half of the company, character of cringing alaves they would never lack a money? Why, purchase a little bit of Chat Moss, monstration which was made in the middle of the them; for they knew now that all the talk was mere About hair-past seven o clock, hair of the bundred, being as riding aristocracy to sit closely on their backs. (Loud laughter.) snow in the dead of last winter, when the men and the humbug, and they were not to be led away with it. Heywood, Manchester; and all Booksellers. cheers.) He was not a Chartist of yesterday. He had Though he tells you that the land will not do you any women from distant parts crowded to Leeds in order He (the speaker) had been returned as the Member for many as the saloon would conveniently accommodate, borne the battle and the breeze for a long period of good, he took care to secure a little bit of it for himself, to do honour to the principles of the Charter, and Brauford at the last election by show of hands by a being seated. Mr. U'Connor entered, and was received being seated, Mr. O'Connor entered, and was received at the principles of right and justice as soon as ever he had the means; hay, so convinced to meet their reviler; you remember when the tremendous majority, and had not the other parties de-LEEDS :- Printed for the Proprietor, FEARGUS with designing cheers, waving or nanokerthics, at a under the principles of light and vocated the prin O'CONNOR, Esq., of Hammersmith, County which lasted for some minutes; he took in search and in this search and in another friends, rable Major Cartwright; he had enjoyed the happiness of the very worst description that could be laid hold of when the people were Marshalled under the suspices gretted that at a period like this the privilege of voting Middlesex, by JOSHUA HOBSON, at his Printtable with the Chairman (Mr. Brook) and other friends, ratio insjor carwight; he had enough of the mappines of the suspices greated index is a period fixe that at a period fixe ing Offices, Nes. 12 and 13, Market-street, Briggate; and Published by the said JOSHUA HOBSON, tials, for which great credit is due to the comtials, for which great credit is due to the contract of age; but the gratification he had experienced another piece of cajolery; and though there is great I was the caged lion then. (Cheers.) And yet Mr. not be different. Had the people the power, then for the said FEARGUS O'CONNOR.) at his Dwelmittee of management, and to those issues under years of age; but the grading the power, then whose more immediate superintendance the entertain- that day more than repaid him for all the toils he had great strife and dissension in his cabinet; though there of Connell, who did not venture to come to Leeds, told would a different system prevail, and isbour would be ling-house, No. 5, Market-street, Briggate ; an whose more immediate superintencance the enteristic and the people of Ireland that I had recommended the people of Ireland that I had recommended the people of the standard of the currency. (Cheers.) He exhorted ment was arranged. We should not lorger to mode, in a list of the same as " I," and Mr. Baines as " I," and Mr. Baines as " ire," eventually Mr. of Leeds to assassinate him if he came. (Shame) I them to unity, and to steer the same peaceful course internal Communication existing between the said also that the room was very tasterniny decorated with women, of whom he Baines declares for the Ballot. (Cheers.) One week would appeal to all ofyou who know what I said and did, they had hitherto done, by which the chemy would be No. 5, Market-street, and the said Nos. 12 and every series, bonquets of now what I said and did, they had in they was glad to see so large a number present, to add he says, in his newspaper, the Ballot is every thing; whether any one can say that I ever held out such an prevented from plundering them, and they would be 13, Market-street, Briggate, thus constituting the the guests at the tables partaken of tes, that whey we have be tabled to proceed on to victory. He warned them and the next week he mays that the repeal of the Corn intimation to any one? ("No, never.") Were not enabled to proceed on to victory. He warned them whole of the said Printing and Publishing Office restrut, and another large party, who may oner in victory. He warned them in desired, in the second on to victory. He warned them gallery, and an ante-room, took their places, and it was brothers, making firm their phalanx against the ene- Laws, with the Ballot, will dealerd. these my words-" They will endeavour to break the against being led away by spies, had it not been for one Premises. mariy mine o'dock before the tables were finally mice of right, and presenting to oppression as (Cheers and laughter.) I am told that you had a meet. peace, but let every man be a policeman to preserve the them the people would ere this have been in posses. Communications must be addressed, (Post-paid) to cleared. As an accompaniment, the Chairman an-nounced that while the tables were being cleared, Mr. The speaker at down amidst loud nounced that while the tables were being cleared, Mr. The speaker at down amidst loud that the tricksters tricked you again; and that instead acale of principle, and to accept no instalment, she choirs on behalf of the imprisoned J. HOBSON, Northern Star Office, Leeds. Saturday, October 2, 1841

prosperity shall wait on justice. Signed on behalt of the Chartists of Leeds and its vicinity,

### TO FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESQ.

HONOURED SIR,-The Chartist Total Abstinence tion at again beholding you free, unmanacled, and nothing daunted in your glorious zeal for liberty. They hail your reappearance among us as an carnest them onward to increased exertion. We beg you, as an earnest of our love, as a testi-

mony of our gratitude, and as a pledge of our attachthanks having been voted to him for his conduct in the purity, which we are satisfied must always be coeval

Praying that the time may speedily arrive, when your glorious efforts shall issue in the establishment. upon a legislative basis, of the Charter of our rights. and pledging ourselves to uncessing and continuous Mr. O'CONNOR made his public entry into Leeds struggle, while we express an unreserved confidence on Tuesday; he arrived from Manchester at five in your gallant leadership, which has already done o'clock, and was met on Holbeck-moor by such much, we look forward to the speedy accomplishment o'clock, and was met on Holbeck-moor by such of all our hopes-the establishment of the throne in numbers as scarcely ever before followed in the train righteonsness, and the universal prevalence of pros-

Total Abstinence Society.

### TO FEARGUS O'CONNOR, ESQ. MY DEAR SIR,-At a meeting of the National

to get up the soirce; and a very effective committee pledge ourselves never to rest until the Charter

Yours truly, On behalf of the National Charter Association of Hebden Bridge, HENRY BARRITT, Sub. Sec.

The CHAIRMAN then rose and said, they were well proved to the factions that nothing less than their just rights would satisfy them,—that they were determined to have the Charter and nothing less. (Hear, and cheers.) All parties were ready enough to admit the existence of great distress-to admit that distress unparalleled prevailed at the present time, source of all the ills under which the nation else. But the Chartists traced the evil to its proper source, and they said it originated in class legisla-To remedy this universal distress, one party pro-

Society desire to express their unmingled satisfac- the rosette)-and the motto inscribed on it, "Universal Suffrage, and no surrender,"-(loud cheers)-I said, of success, and they feel your exhilarating presence to has heretofore been arrayed, by the poor little creatures and shoukeepers, and Whigs and Tories, against the mighty power of a mighty people. (Hear.) That opposition must cease. And why? Because having beaten ment, to accept this simple emblem of liberty and the one faction who thought themselves sufficiently powerful, by their union, still to hold the reins of Government, we have now brought them into our ranks; and depend upon it that they will not adhere so much to their former principles, as to the means by which they themselves may be restored to office. (Cheers.) There are many of you present who will recollect my first appearance as a politician upon the Leeds stage; you will recollect my after appearance among you; and Whigs increased, as the law of primogeniture did not

engaged a Reporter at Liverpool to furnish an account to the Star; being unwilling to deprive uim tinued union. We renew our covenant with you— saw me tipsy since the day I was born. (Cheers) wanting a day's meal? Do you see Mr. Marshall wanting of this engagement, an arrangement was made that a covenant of mutual service and reward. Yours Having thus alluded to these two addresses, let me next a large loaf? the man who, by reducing his wages from he should sond a full report of Mr.O'Brien's speech, be the service of struggling for our rights-your turn for a moment to the ladies who have done me the 15s. to 14s. a week, can save £26,000 a year indepenhe should sond a full report of hir. O blen s speech, be the service of strugging for our rights—your turn for a moment to the ladies who have done ine the service of strugging for our rights—your turn for a moment to the ladies who have done ine the service of strugging for our rights—your turn for a moment to the ladies who have done ine the service of strugging for our rights—your turn for a moment to the ladies who have done ine the service of strugging for our rights—your turn for a moment to the ladies who have done ine the service of strugging for our rights—your turn for a moment to the ladies who have done ine the service of strugging for our rights—your turn for a moment to the ladies who have done ine the service of strugging for our rights—your honour to hang my principles round my neck. (Cheers.) dent of the advantage arising from speculation pur-heartfelt gratitude—our children's blessings: ours whether it was that I was not prepared for so great an be the task to uphold and strengthen you. Thus honour or so gentle a touch, or whether it was that I of the Charter, and that is a fact which must be impresgood instructors of the rising generation," which was shall our march be irresistible. The flag of liberty had had for sixteen months the gallows always within my sed upon the mind of every working man. (Hear.) No unfurled shall wave over the ashes of tyranny, and | sight-(laughter)-or whether it was that I remembered | matter what specious promises the Whigs may make in the prediction of the Birmingham Advertiser, which order to captivate the popular feeling and to get back said that I had mounted a ladder to a again to office; no matter what they may do, unless you triumphal car, but that perhaps it was not have extensive organic changes, far; well to every hope J. STONEHOUSE, Secretary. the last time I should have to mount a of redemption for the working class. (Hear.) We are ladder-I don't know; but I confess to you now in a position that we never were before. I have that I did not like to feel anything so close to my neck. dragged this question through the mire. Every politi-(Cheers and laughter.) However, when I turned round cal measure has to undergo its own share of slander and and saw the hands who placed this there—(holding up disapprobation. I admit that I was scoffed at and spat upon when I carried the little offspring under my coat in the dead of night; and my excellent friend, Mr. there is to be a suspension, but not of my body. That Duffy, who has to-night entertained you to the best of suspension is to be of all the factious opposition which his ability, will bear in mind that six years ago, at not been in the least changed by his imprisonment; brace the nerves of their determination, and to urge calling themselves middle classes, and upper classes, Irishman here?" Have Inot then lived down prejudice? than he was before he entered the dungeon's among the foremost to say "Welcome Irishman." (Cheers.) I started with reminding you of the great strength which the Whigs and Tories derived from the system of delusion they were enabled to practice upon persons in different localities ; and even yet the Leeds Mercury has not given up its old and flagitious practice. Yesterday, you had. I am told, from 1,200 to 1,400 persons assembled in the Cloth Ha'l Yard to petition on the subject of the Corn Laws; and, you may depend upon it, that we shall have that cried up on Saturday, how, upon each successive visit, the Whigs told us that as a great demonstration, the numbers being increased Chartism was losing ground, that the Radicals were in geometrical progression like the nails in the horse's to. (Cheers,) He had received a letter since his return so was a truism universally acknowledged; it was among themselves divided, and that from their opposi- shoe; and if the gentlemen from that office to whom tion no danger was to be anticipated. How do they I have before referred, will do me the honour to Signed on behalf of the Leeds Chartist treat us now? If they find us strong they say attend, I will dictate leading articles for next Sathat the Chartists are a weak, a divided, an turday's paper, both as to that meeting and the insignificant. powerless body, but if they want an present. (Cheers, and laughter.) Now, I will venture excuse for their own had deeds they say, it is not the to assert that I shall either be booked for a prophet, want of the confidence of the people in the Whige or shall drive the Mercury out of its intention. You which restored the Tories to power, but it was the will see in the Mercury all the speeches, with the Charter Association of Hebden Bridge, on Monday | Chartists. (Laughter and cheers.) See what a thing the cheers, and something more, at the Monday's meeting ; the 20th inst., Robert Sutcliffe was unanimously acquisition of this great power has become; is it a thing and, besides that, a long leading article, approving of appointed our delegate to represent us at Loods, on to be abused by a divided, inconsistent, and worthless the spirit of the resolutions, and telling the faction that Tuesday next, to assure F. O Connor, Esq., of party? My friends, they should not have told us our the proposer of the amendment was to be commended our unabated confidence in him, as our political own strength. Their great strength for years has con- for having seen the necessity of sinking minor difleader, and of our firm determination to persevere in sisted in the manner in which, through their organs, forences, and consenting to sail in the same boat. And the glorious cause of democracy. And we hereby they have been enabled to persuade you of your own you will have another article about the procession toweakness, What was my first step in promoting this day; for, if my eye did not deceive me, I saw some one which has become the universal cause of the people ? in the cockloft of the Mercury Office, counting the It was to overcome that pewer which the press had : to numbers as they passed. They had a man who counted shew the men of Glasgow that the men of Leeds the whole people who came to the Kersal Moor meeting, were with them in spirit; to shew the men of although they arrived by thirty-seven different roads Nottingham, of Sheffield, of Huddersfield, of Bir- and he made the number to be just 3,339 ! and I have mingham, of London, of Dublin-(hear)-of Bath, and no doubt but that in the next Mercury our procesall those of the same class in the other towns through- sion to-day will be set down as consisting management became easy to them their entire ar- met on a most gloriously triumphant occasion, an out the united kingdom, that among the working of 920 persons, twenty or thirty of whom were vation there could be only one object worth contending you. But presently the day will arrive when the tion according as the paupers belonging to the you persuade us, by lying and falsehood to wait till the time for something like union has well nigh passed by. but they were not of the same opinion as to the source allow them to be otherwise provided for; while the law That amiable, good-tempered, orderly, saintly, quintfrom whence such distress sprung. Some of them of population still went on augmenting the paupers in escence of gentility and good-breeding, Mr. Edward blamed the Corn Laws, and said they were the number. From that period to the present, what has been Baines, says that the Tories let me out of York the result? You had no King-that is, no monarch, living Castle for the assistance I had rendered to them ; was sinking-(hear, hear)-whilst others had a in London nine or ten years ago. You had no such but the Morning Herald says that the Whigs libe-different opinion, and laid the blame on something person as William the Fourth reigning here in Leeds ; rated Feargus O'Connor to let him loose at the Tories; you were under the guidance and governance of King and the Leeds Mercury says that it is quite a shameful Baines-he was the monarch of Leeds. (Loud laughter thing that Mr. O'Connor should now agitate against the tion. (Hear, and cheers.) They said it originated and cheers.) He was the monarch of Leeds, and it repeal of the Corn Laws, when he voted and speke in all laws being passed for the exclusive benefit of was almost dangerous for the monarch in London to against them seven years ago. In that, however, the the few, and not for the many ;-in the fact that give his assent to, or withhold his assent from, any. Mercury is quite mistaken. Now that the Whigs are every thing is protected except labour. (Cheers.) thing that the King of Leeds thought proper to say. out of power, their first move will be, and it is import-(Renewed laughter.) In fact, punishment did not ant to know it, to join in the suppression of Chartism.

persecution, or by intimidation, to give up one single Drethren.] The speaker then went fraction of one fractional part of the whole principles state that this was no fancy-drawn picture; contained in the People's Charter. (Loud and continued it was one in which he had himself formed applause.)

#### The CHAIRMAN said the next toast did not require any comment to recommend it. It was, "Tho Charter, and may it speedily become the law of the land." (Great cheering.)

Mr. PETER HOEY, of Barnsley, was received with cheers, and responded to the toast. This was, he said, tent-his nervous debility and general state of health the pleasantest evening he had ever spent in his life, and he rejoiced that he had travelled to Leeds to be a than three weeks, and so they let him out to die. witness to their devotion to the principles of the Thank God they were mistaken. He was now some-People's Charter. He was delighted for two reasonsto witness their enthusiasm, and personally to repay the compliment to his eloquent countryman for the eloquent manner in which he had ever advocated the people's rights. He had been imprisoned for his prin-now incarcerated; but of the destruction of the foul ciples, and he could assure them that his opinions had Sheffield, they cried "Hurrough Pat, what brings an but he stood before them a better Chartist, if possible, I go to-morrow to Sheffield, where, I can tell you. the gloom. (Tremendous cheering.) Since his liberation same men who cried "Hurrcguh Pat," in 1835, will be he had visited his native country ; that visit had not disappointed him ; nay he was delighted to have to announce to them that the great principles of the Charter to thank them most cordially for the compliment were steadily progressing throughout Ireland. (Tremen- they had paid that paper, in placing it at the head of dous cheers.) He had stood before a meeting of Char- the democratic press; nor was it of course the less tists at Dublin, and he could assure them that were pleasing to him after the four years' service he had there no other society but that in all Ireland, it was endeavoured to render them in the conducting of that enough to Radicalize the whole of the towns in Ireland. journal, to know that this was no idle compliment. Cheers.) They were united-they used their influence- but a simple acknowledgement of fact. If the senand it was not too much to say that with such a union timent upon which their proceedings had been based and such powers as they possessed, it was impossible was correct in its expression; if the people were that the spread of their principles could be put a stop indeed the source of all power, and that they were which fully corroborated these statements, and which surely then worthy of their best concern to consider said that let what influence soever be exercised, it was how the real power of the people could be best and not in the power of any party to stop the advance of most efficiently exercised for their own benefit. In that little band. (Cheers.) He would not detain them the absence of legislative means, which they had further than to assure them that what he was, that supposed to be filched from them, there was no lever would he remain, and that under no circumstances so effective in the hands of the masses as a sterling decould a change be made in his sentiments. (Great mooratic press-and while this existed, and was rightly cheering.)

at the late general election." (Loud cheers.)

Mr. WM. MARTIN, of Bradford, was called upon to communicate freely the results of their cogitations, respond to the toast. He said he was proud of being there was ever an amount of intellectual power in present on that occasion, not because Mr. O'Connor was the people to devise the means of effectuating their there, but because the men and women of Leeds had redemption from enthralment. He hailed it, then, that day shown so bold a front in favour of their own as one of the best tokens of the times, that the principles. proving to a demonstration that they were people had now learned to estimate the value of the determined to shake off both the factions, and to take democratic press. If there was any reason why the their affairs into their own hands. (Cheers) He was Northern Star should be by them placed at the head proud, certainly, to see the honour which was paid to of that press, he would seek it not so much in any his countryman,-(applause)-because in honouring him particular individual talent, or energy employed they had also honoured his uncle and his principles. upon it, as in the fact that it was, it ever had been, (Great cheering) Mr. Baines had on one occasion and while under his management it ever should be, been guilty of telling the truth. He had said in a an essentially democratic organ-an organ recogletter that the people of England were determined to nising broad principles and universal rights alonerangements were nevertheless of such a nature as occasion on which Leeds had shown its power-had classes there could be only one view, that for their sal. women. (Laughter.) And thus they seek to deceive do justics to the people of Ireland. (Hear and cheers.) an organ of their own, in which the people could He did not complain of the number of Irish members, read their own minds, write their own minds, and fcr. (Hear.) Year after year we saw the Whigs, hosts of the Mercury will rise up in judgment against the but of their quality, and he was quite determined to see their rights asserted, and redress claimed for while in power, obliged to feed their young by taxation, deceiver, and say, had it not been for your falsehoods, do his best to give them an opportunity of choosing their grievances. It was thus that the Northern by commissions, and by places, and augmenting taxa- we should have wedded the people to our cause; but members of their own-men who would advocate Star had become a terror to the people's enemies; their principles, and who would be chosen on the and upon these grounds he claimed for it a continubroad ground of Universal Suffrage. (Great cheering.) ance of that upholding favour which could alone They did not want men who would legislate for the make it capable of tearing down the towers of church, or for a profit mongering faction -(hear, hear,) corruption, and establishing the reign of right--but men who would legislate for the whole country, cousness.

weak against the strong ; but by degrees, and in pro- happy to say that he had secured the services of " quite cess of time, the aristocracy gained power, and used a lady's man" to respond to the toast; his remarks the people as stepping stones for their own aggrandise- would be brief, as after he had done, the band would ment .-- (hear, hear,)-and drew the labourer from his stay for a while, in order that the ladies, who were inheritance. in order that they might obtain possession | very wishful, might enjoy the pleasure of a dance. The of it for themselves. (Hear, hear, and loud cheers.) toast was received with much cheering. But Mr. O'Connor had proved that he meant to restore Mr. HICK, in a speech of some length responded, to them that which they had been so unjustly robbed after which thanks were voted to the Chairman, and

a figure in the foreground. The Whigs had

been mercifully pleased to remit a portion of his sentence. Why? because they imagined that by infernal tortures they had got rid of him. They had brought him to the verge of eternity. There were those present who saw him and who could testify that his body and limbs were swollen to an alarming exwas such, that they thought he could not live more thing like his own man again-he was there a living witness against despotism and class tyranny ! an by God's blessing he hoped to see their downfal, and system under which they and so many others have been made to suffer. (Loud cheers.)

The CHAIRMAN then gave as the next toast, "The Northern Slar and the democratic press." (Great cheering.)

Mr. Hill begged, on behalf of the Northern Star, heering.) The CHAIRMAN then gave "The Chartist Candidates no danger of permanent class legislation. With the

liberty to think, to reason, to argue, to inquire, and to

and who would give protection to labour. (Cheers.) The CHAIRMAN next announced that he had come to Governments were originally formed to protect the the last toast of the evening--"The ladies." He was