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THE MAN OF THE WORLD, by John Galt.

ROYAL BALL.—The Globe says that the report of her Majesty intending to honour the ball at Devonshire House with her presence, is without foundation.

PEEL DINNER.—It is said that 310 Members of the House of Commons have put down their names to the Peel dinner on the 12th instant.

LORD DURHAM.—Lord Durham arrived at Portsmouth on Monday evening. He embarked on board the Hastings on the following morning, and sailed immediately with a fair wind.

THE COUNTESS CADOGAN continues indisposed. Her Ladyship will confide to her apartments.

GENERAL HAYMONT.—The last accounts from Rome state that General Bournonville is recovering from his indisposition.

DEATH.—Mr. Cockerill, the proprietor of the firework premises destroyed on the previous Sunday, expired on Thursday week in St. Bartholomew's Hospital, from the injuries he had sustained in effecting his escape from the scene of conflagration.

RAILWAY.—At a county meeting called by the Sheriff, and held at Shrewsbury on Thursday week, it was unanimously resolved to construct a railroad from that town to Birmingham, and steps were ordered to be taken to carry out of the plans into effect.

RURAL POLICE.—A rural police is about to be organised in and around Bloxham, Oxfordshire. The resolutions on the subject were adopted unanimously.

NEW POOR LAW.—In the Malton Poor Law Union, no fewer than seventeen townships have refused to return Guardians to the Board.

A NEW COACH has been started between Brighton and Southampton. It professes to do the distance in six hours.

PRINCE OF MOSCOW.—The Prince of Moscow has written the entire music of a new Petite Opera, in two acts, of which reports speak highly.

DEATH.—Mr. J. J. Ing, the dramatic author, expired on Saturday morning, in his 33rd year, at his house in Beaufort-buildings, Strand. His works were written under the name of "Stafford," but for no particular reason.

MARRIAGE.—The Brussels papers state that the Belgian Minister of War is to be married to a sister of Sir Robert Adair, formerly English Ambassador to that Court.

SPRING FASHIONS.—The unfavourable state of the weather is so inimical to the introduction of spring fashions, that some of the Magazines say—"For Spring Fashions see December."

APPOINTMENTS.—Government have appointed one of the sons of Mr. Leigh Hunt, and the eldest son of Mr. Sheridan Knowles, to Clerks in the General Register Office.

A BRANCH RAILWAY from Northampton to the London and Birmingham line is in contemplation, and a survey has just been completed by an engineer, whose report is favourable. The cost would probably be between forty and fifty thousand pounds.

DEPARTURE.—Friday, the Hon. Algernon Curzon was escorted by a corporal's party, as a deserter, to his regiment lying at Chatham.

MR. HASTIE, M. P. for Paisley, has been presented by his constituents with a bust of himself, executed by Mr. Fildan, a self-taught artist.

THE EARL OF ESSEX, it is said, has settled on Mrs. Scobell, his second wife, £5,000 a year, and the major and demesne of Cuckfield, for her life. The Countess has two brothers, and a provision to her marriage disposed of her own property as she pleased, with the perfect concurrence of the Earl of Essex. It is a fact that, by permission of the noble lord, the Countess at present writes all his franks, signing them "C. Essex."

FUGITIVE.—There are at present in circulation a number of well-executed forged one pound Bank of Ireland notes. By this date, 24,543, dated 5th July, 1837, and signed W. Bennett.

CLERICAL.—We understand that the Bishop of Peterborough has filled up the vacant prebendal stall, and bestowed the favour upon the Venerable Archdeacon Strong, who is above 80 years old.

A FIRE PLANTATION of 30 acres, belonging to the crown, and situated near the Military College, Blackwater, was destroyed by fire on Friday morning week. It was first discovered between eight and nine o'clock; and no doubt was maliciously set fire to.—Huller Express.

The Monitor officially announces the appointment of Marshal Smith, as French Extraordinary Ambassador to England, on Her Majesty's coronation.

AEROSTATION.—This science will receive an additional impetus during the ensuing summer, from the launching about the middle of May of a vast machine of immense powers, constructed by a number of scientific gentlemen on the principle of Montgolfier. It is upon a globe, 20 feet in circumference and 130 feet high. No experiment has ever been made in England with a balloon of this description. It is to be called the "Queen's Royal Aeronaut," in honour of our gracious Sovereign, and the first ascent will take place at the Surrey Gardens.

CORONATION.—Some of our contemporaries have taken it upon themselves to announce that the Coronation of Her Majesty was to be postponed to August, not to the month of June, as it was originally intended, although we possess no means of knowing what is determined at Privy Council until the official announcement is made, we do, nevertheless, undertake in this instance, to state, not as a rumour, but as a certainty, that there is no intention whatever of postponing the coronation of our beloved Sovereign beyond the month of June. If we were the sons of our contemporaries, to indulge in conjectures on the subject, we should say that the 29th of June would probably be the day.—Observer.

ROYAL PLATE CLOSET AT WINDSOR.—The royal plate at Windsor is kept in one tolerably-sized room and adjoining closet, and is valued at £1,750,000 sterling! There is one gold service, formed by George IV., to dine 130 guests; some pieces were taken from the Spanish Armada, some brought from India, Borneo, China, &c. one vessel belonged to Charles XII. of Sweden, and another to the King of Ava; a peacock of precious stones, valued at £30,000; and a tiger's head (Tippoo's footstool) with a solid ingot of gold for his tongue, and crystal teeth; numerous and splendidly ornamented gold shields, one made from snuff-boxes, value 8,000 guineas; and 30 dozen of plates, which cost 26 guineas each. The magnificent silver candelabra, made by George IV., is encased with plate-glass; its superb chandelier and other ornaments occupy two years, and two full grown persons may sit in it without inconvenience.

ACCIDENT.—A coast-guard man, named Parker, was blown over the cliff at Beachy Head, a few days ago. He had been conversing with a friend a few minutes before they had parted, when the latter heard a scream, and to his astonishment his friend had disappeared. Whether from a sudden gust of wind which blew a large cloak in which he was enveloped, or whether from want of caution, cannot be ascertained.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.—On Friday night week, a steamer boiler burst at the cotton factory of Messrs. Lane and Sons, in the higher Hillgate, Stockport, by which nine persons were dreadfully scalded, and one killed. The man who lost his life was a weaver, named Longbottom, about thirty years of age. He was buried in the ruins caused by the explosion, and was taken out a frightfully mangled corpse. The alarm caused by the explosion among the hands employed in the mill was so great that several men jumped out at the second floor window, thinking the building was falling.

SINGULAR SUICIDE.—On Wednesday week, a labouring man in St. Leonard's street, Edinburgh, attempted to take his life in the following extraordinary manner:—He had got into his daughter the key of his house, which he wanted, and locked him out. He then loaded a wooden tub, something like a pistol, into which he stuck a loaded powder, with a ball, which he intended to shoot into his head. He was taken to the infirmary; where his case was reported hopeless. He had been in a depressed state for some time previous.

DRIVER OF THE HIGHWAY.—MAIL KILLED.—Thursday week, as the Highland, or south mail, was proceeding from Perth to Inverness, when a Peter Smith, who is said to have been subject to fits, alighted from a stage coach, and was riding on the seat of the coach, he was thrown from the seat, and his head struck against the side of the coach, which took place shortly after the coach had left Perth. The remains of the deceased were buried in the church-yard of St. Andrew's, where they were attended by a respectable and numerous party. Smith was a native of Forfarshire, and bore an excellent character as an active and steady driver.

WRETCHEDED STATE OF THE POLISH REFUGEES.—We regret to find that the poor Poles are again reduced to the greatest extremity. We use the word "wretches" in a literal sense, for it is not only the wretched, but the wretchedly wretched, who are the objects of our sympathy. The funds applicable to the support of those excluded from the benefit of the government grant are completely exhausted. The consequences may be easily imagined. Starvation has actually commenced its frightful process, and many of those brave men, whose heroic valour in the cause of freedom and liberty has been the glory of every corner of the civilized world, "at this moment, in this city of luxury, have not tasted food for two or three days."

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.—The works of this railway are making considerable progress, both at the London and Bristol ends of the line. It is the intention of the company to open from London to Maidenhead in the beginning of June; a distance from town, by the railway, of about twenty-three miles. No day, however, has yet been fixed. It is contemplated to open the Bristol end of the line as far as Bath in about twelve months. The distance is about sixteen miles.

MAIL.—A WEEKLY MAIL COMMUNICATION by steam is about to commence between Aberdeen and Lerwick in the Shetland Isles.

STREAM.—A DIRECT STREAM COMMUNICATION is about to take place between London and Havre.

KENDAL.—REPORTED MURDER.—The greatest sensation has prevailed in the towns of Kendal and Milnthorpe, and the neighbourhood, during the last few days, in consequence of a well authenticated report of a pauper inmate of the Milnthorpe workhouse having been foully murdered by another inmate, with the knowledge of the governor. True it is, that a man of the name of Robinson was interred at Kendal on Thursday last, under the most suspicious circumstances, from that workhouse, and these have been strengthened by the information of the papers, when out of the house on Sunday, to that degree as to cause his disinterment for the purpose of an investigation before coroner's jury, and the person who is said to have committed the foul deed has been apprehended. Such, however, are the conflicting statements told of this horrid affair, that it would be unjust to enter in a newspaper previous to a full investigation into the case. The name of the person apprehended is Thomas Holme, who had been mysteriously discharged from the workhouse after the death of Robinson. A boy, who, it is said, would have been a material evidence, an inmate of the workhouse, has absconded.—Whitakerian Herald.

NOVEL FRAUD.—CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE.—The bans of marriage between Mr. Thomas Cox, of London-Trent, Staffordshire, and Miss Steer, of Middlesbrough, in the county of North Yorkshire, in St. Werburgh's church (both parties, of course, being parishioners of St. Werburgh's). On Friday, April 13, a couple presented themselves to the minister, and were married by him as Mr. Cox and Miss Steer; both were strangers to the reverend gentleman. No sooner had the new married couple left the church, than the minister was informed by the parish clerk, that the minister had performed a clandestine marriage, and that the minister had been guilty of a gross error. The minister, however, could not be prevailed upon to comply; he could not marry two couples with one pair of hands; and, after a considerable remonstrance, the dispirited party left the church, and obtained a license, by which they were married, we believe, in the same church, on the 24th inst. The honest proceeding of Mr. Cox was not only robbed of its crown for publishing the bans, but was put to the expense of getting a license.—Derby Reporter.

UNION-HALL.—Yesterday a strong able-bodied young man, named Jeremy, was brought before Mr. Jermy, charged with stealing a brass cock and a quantity of lead pipe, the property of a lady named Mitchell, residing at Kennington. The prisoner was discovered at the rear of the complainant's house, between 3 and 4 o'clock that morning, in the act of cutting away the leaden pipe communicating with the water-butt, a quantity of which material was found in his possession when taken into custody, as well as a brass cock, which he had dragged up from the water-butt, leaving the water to deluge the yard.—Prisoner. I don't deny the offence. I was starving at the time, and I was obliged to go to the water-butt to get myself some food.—Mr. Jermy said that he was a strong powerful young fellow, and ought to work for his living, instead of robbing people's houses.—Prisoner. I can't do any more than I do do. My parents are dead, and I have no friends to give me a farthing.—Mr. Jermy said that he was convinced if the prisoner sought for employment that he could obtain it, but the reason of his not having work was in consequence of his propensity for thieving.—Prisoner. If I had my own way, I would do it, but I have been starving about the streets, and would rather be at once sent to gaol than lead such a life as I have been doing.—Mr. Jermy said that he had just before been informed the prisoner had been in gaol before.—Prisoner. I don't deny that, but it was not for felony; it was for sleeping in a public house, and for being drunk.—Mr. Jermy said that he was willing to give the prisoner a chance, and that he would give him a farthing.—Prisoner. I don't want to give you a farthing.—Mr. Jermy said that he was convinced if the prisoner sought for employment that he could obtain it, but the reason of his not having work was in consequence of his propensity for thieving.—Prisoner. 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LEADS EVE AND EAR INFIRMARY.—April Report.—Admitted, 56; discharged cured, 67; remaining on the books, 170.

VESTRY MEETING.—On Thursday last, a meeting of the rate payers convened in the vestry of the parish church for the purpose of electing trustees to superintend the management of the vestry office for the ensuing year.

INQUEST.—Yesterday morning, an inquest was held at our Court House, on view of the body of a boy named William Rhodes, who came by his death in consequence of being severely burnt.

COMMUNITAL.—Four persons were yesterday committed to the gaol at the North Brompton Sessions, for felony. James Young and John Smith, charged with stealing a pair of shoes, two silk handkerchiefs, and a bottle of medicine, the property of Mr. Joseph Pickering, of Vicar Lane.

SNEAKING ACCIDENT.—Yesterday morning, as the engine man of the corn mill at Lower Wortley, was cleaning the mill, his shoulder being fractured, and other engine began to work, dragged in the pool floor and smashed him to atoms.

THE LAST BLUE BALL.—On Wednesday night a two and sixpenny entertainment was held at the rat-trap in the shape of a "ball." About one hundred and fifty persons were said to be present, and such was the success of the evening, that the committee of twelve o'clock four or five policemen were sent for to lend their friendly interference in preserving the peace.

PARISH CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOLS.—On Sunday last, at the Parish Church in this town three sermons were preached on behalf of the above institutions, by the following Rev. Gentlemen:—In the morning and evening, by the Rev. R. M. Master, A. M., Incumbent of Burnley; and in the afternoon by the Rev. Charles Rogers, Incumbent of Sowerby Bridge.

OPPOSITION TO THE NEW POOR LAW.—Delegates from the different townships commenced in the Bradford Union, are invited to meet at Bradford, next Monday evening, to take into consideration the propriety of getting up a public meeting with a view of obtaining an extensive distribution of the Poor Law Amendment Act.

PHRENOLOGY.—Mrs. Hamilton, the female phrenologist, from Scotland, has delivered a course of three lectures on the above subject, in the Old Assembly Room in this town; the last of which was on the rights of women to an education equal with the men, taken in connection with science.

NORTHERN STAR.—The shareholders and other friends who are admirers of the Northern Star, met at this above-named paper, met at the Labour and Health, Southgate, in this town, on Wednesday evening last, for the purpose of celebrating, by a friendly dinner, the first half-year which has given birth to so distinguished an advocate of popular principles.

JOHN BELL, late Editor of the London Mercury.—At a meeting of the Bradford Radical Association on Monday night last, an amendment, namely, "That the Radicals of England, for allowing so warm and talented an advocate of their principles to have been (in consequence of their non-support of the Poor Law Amendment Act) expelled from the ranks of the party, and become Editor of the Tory Morning Herald, were the parties most censurable," was carried, by a majority of two to one, in opposition to a proposition of a vote of censure on the apostate Editor. Mr. Bell is known to have been the possessor of a splendid fortune by his speculations in Radical papers.

SOMETHING NEW.—The Tories in their attachment to their new name have lost no opportunity of blazoning it before the eyes of the public. The walls of Bradford, during the week, have been decorated with blue placards, announcing that "the Bradford Jubilee" will be celebrated on the 5th, and some of the more impudent of their numbers have been canvassing the town for subscriptions to their baby guggle; babies only and boys under the age of eighteen, are to be admitted. A meeting was held on the onward march of Conservative corruption. They would prejudice the child that they may enslave the man.

EXCLUSIVE DEALING.—The Juvenile Conservators had engaged the company of Glee singers, for their entertainment at their Tory Tea. For, however, that some of the company were not Tory and (horrible to relate) had actually exerted their talents at Whig feasts, the singers, were in consequence discarded, with the information, that the company of the evening must be pure undiluted Tory.

HOW TO GET A JOINT.—On Monday last, James Fletcher, of Bradford, a woolcomber, was brought up at the Court House, as a rogue and vagabond. It appeared that Fletcher and another man, went on Saturday night to the stall, in the market, of Joseph Jackson, butcher, and having selected a joint, went into the shop and had it weighed. The weight was 6 lbs. After it had been weighed, the other man walked off with it, and Fletcher remained for the apparent purpose of paying for it, but when the man had escaped, he said it must be a trust bargain, as he had no change. As this was not the first time the same trick had been played off, Jackson sent for the constable, and gave Fletcher into custody. The magistrates committed him to the House of Correction for one month, as a rogue and vagabond, he being found in the market for an unlawful purpose.

WAKEFIELD.—A suicide which has caused considerable sensation in this town, was committed on Sunday morning by Mrs. Elizabeth North, a female aged 68, who was very respectably connected. An inquest was held the same day before Thomas Lee, Jun. Esq., at the house of Mr. Rawling, the Fox and Grapes, East Moor, when the following facts were elicited:—

THE INGS GHOST AGAIN.—This mischievous invisible Ings from our correspondent, has again been at his tricks. A native of the "Land o' cakes," who has seen active service as a soldier, was last week caught in the spell, and instead of getting into the hands of the law, he was sent to the workhouse, where he found himself at two o'clock in the morning, near the foot of Low Hill, beside him. It is reported that poor "Sandy" was so terrified at the supposed visit of a certain black gentleman some time ago, as to alarm the whole neighbourhood which he resided in. He does not mend his ways, and will undoubtedly get his "fairing" some of these days.—York Courier.

CONCERT.—The second amateur concert was performed in the Music Hall, Wakefield on Monday evening, with great satisfaction, though perhaps, too instrumental for a general audience.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL.—The architectural plans and designs intended for this building were placed before the committee, who met at the Lower George Inn, on Thursday last, for the purpose of deciding upon the best designs, and awarding the premiums thereon, which was as follows:—To Mr. Charles Child, of Eastwood, £20; and to Mr. Roger Hiving, of Halifax, £4. The entrance to the Hall, fronting Cabbage-lane, will be under a beautiful portico, and the building will be perfectly distinct from the Inn which is to be appended to the building, and the entrance to which will be from Victoria-street. There will be spacious ante-rooms on the same floor with the Hall, for refreshment rooms, committee rooms, &c. The architectural designs and plans are the production of Mr. Charles Child, of Eastwood, near Todmorden.

A QUABREL.—On Thursday evening last, betwixt eight and nine o'clock, at the Marquis of Granby in this town, two persons of the name of Godfrey Hutchinson and Henry Nichol, pipe makers, were with others of their trade, drinking together, when some altercation ensued between them. Hutchinson, however, left the house to proceed home, but he was followed by Nichol, who when they got into the street, threw Hutchinson down and kicked him violently in the face and on the head, from which the blood flowed copiously. Two passers by happening to come up at the time, prevented what otherwise might have followed of more serious consequence. Nichol was taken to the Lock-up, and on the Friday morning was held to bail before J. Ralph, Esq., to appear when called on by the magistrate. Hutchinson lies in a dangerous state, his shoulder being fractured, and his face so dreadfully bruised as to be hardly recognizable.

BRADFORD.—WATER WORKS.—We last week stated that one hundred and eleven shares had been taken; it should have been eleven hundred shares. The committee of management have determined that the sale of shares shall close on Monday next.

PRATTY SESSIONS.—ASSIZES.—Mr. Samuel Bower and George Bower, of John Bower, Mr. CLAYTON, solicitor, appeared for the complainants, and stated that Samuel Bower was the owner of property at Bunker's Hill, Bradford, to which his brother, the defendant, had made a claim, but was legally ejected. Shortly after possession being obtained, under writ of Ejectment, Samuel Bower and his son George (the other complainant), were proceeding with Mr. Leonard Metcalf, a builder, to take levels for the erection of certain buildings on the property, when the defendant, who lives near, observing them, went and threw down the level, struck his brother, and knocked him down; and upon George going to the assistance of his father, the defendant struck him away and hit him on the head with a heavy piece of wood, and the blow broke his hat crown. The defendant's misconduct rendering it impossible to proceed with the levels the complainants were obliged to desist, and resort to a court of justice for protection. Mr. JOHN BOWER, appeared for the defendant, and stated that he contended that the magistrates had no jurisdiction, alleging that the assault arose out of dispute to property; besides which the Lord of the Manor put in a claim. Mr. CLARSON replied that possession being legally obtained, the dispute was ended; and called Mr. Samuel Atkinson, who offered, who produced the warrant, under which he had possession of the premises, and Samuel Bower. Witnesses were also examined, who proved the assaults, and the defendant was convicted—penalties and expenses—£2 10s.

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DR. HOOK.—CHRIST CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOL.—On the afternoon of Sunday last, Dr. HOOK, in his sermon, in support of the Poor Law Amendment Act, was very successful. The Church was crowded to excess; dissenters in abundance had repaired thither, to listen to the bold and eccentric mathematician. The preacher virtually claimed for the members of the Church of England, an exclusive right to the felicities of Heaven, and implicit submission to its doctrines and observances, as the summa bonum of Christian perfection. The collection at the close of the sermon amounted to £51. The morning's collection was £17, and the evening's £14.

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CONCERT.—The second amateur concert was performed in the Music Hall, Wakefield on Monday evening, with great satisfaction, though perhaps, too instrumental for a general audience.

DRUNKENNESS.—Thomas Holmes, a stone mason was charged before the magistrates, on Monday, with being drunk and disorderly at the Bricklayers' Arms, on Sunday evening week. Mr. Brierley stated that on the night in question, he called with Roberts at the above named house, about a quarter past ten o'clock, and requested the company to separate, which they all seemed willing to do, with the exception of the defendant, who said he would not go till he pleased, as he did not care for the constables or magistrates. The defendant denied going to the house, and declared that he had not used the language ascribed to him. He called as a witness, Richard Harris, who stated that he came from Pembroke, in South Wales. This witness deposed that Mr. Brierley had used a good deal of "sauce" to the defendant. Mr. Maude: "Did you mean by 'sauce,' my man? Witness, why, when Holmes was lighting his pipe, the constable knocked his head against the chimney side, and pushed him about. Mr. Maude: "Well my good fellow, I think that's more like 'basting' than 'sauce'." (laughter.) Now you have stated that Mr. Brierley savoured the prisoner by his supposition you mean, he made use of improper expressions, we are not going to tell us what he said. The witness fence up to a direct question, but would not be induced to give a direct answer. Mr. Maude: "Mr. Brierley has denied what you say, and we believe he would be sorry to speak anything but the truth, we want you to do the same. Witness: "Has done, I was spoke the truth. Mr. Maude: "Will you do me the whole truth, and if you will not do so, I will send you to the gaol." Mr. Brierley said, he always used his best endeavours to get the people out quietly, and with as little disturbance as possible.—Roberts having been sworn as to the truth of the complainant's statement, the defendant was ordered to pay 14s. penalty and costs. Defendant had been stopped on the highway, I should then say you would rob somebody? "Why, do you mean to say you would rob somebody? "No, you do, there is a law for that as well as drunkenness. Defendant: "I mean to say it's a drunk robbery, and it's no use bringing witnesses or anybody else here. The defendant then left the box, muttering something to himself.

BRADFORD.—WATER WORKS.—We last week stated that one hundred and eleven shares had been taken; it should have been eleven hundred shares. The committee of management have determined that the sale of shares shall close on Monday next.

PRATTY SESSIONS.—ASSIZES.—Mr. Samuel Bower and George Bower, of John Bower, Mr. CLAYTON, solicitor, appeared for the complainants, and stated that Samuel Bower was the owner of property at Bunker's Hill, Bradford, to which his brother, the defendant, had made a claim, but was legally ejected. Shortly after possession being obtained, under writ of Ejectment, Samuel Bower and his son George (the other complainant), were proceeding with Mr. Leonard Metcalf, a builder, to take levels for the erection of certain buildings on the property, when the defendant, who lives near, observing them, went and threw down the level, struck his brother, and knocked him down; and upon George going to the assistance of his father, the defendant struck him away and hit him on the head with a heavy piece of wood, and the blow broke his hat crown. The defendant's misconduct rendering it impossible to proceed with the levels the complainants were obliged to desist, and resort to a court of justice for protection. Mr. JOHN BOWER, appeared for the defendant, and stated that he contended that the magistrates had no jurisdiction, alleging that the assault arose out of dispute to property; besides which the Lord of the Manor put in a claim. Mr. CLARSON replied that possession being legally obtained, the dispute was ended; and called Mr. Samuel Atkinson, who offered, who produced the warrant, under which he had possession of the premises, and Samuel Bower. Witnesses were also examined, who proved the assaults, and the defendant was convicted—penalties and expenses—£2 10s.

OPPOSITION TO THE NEW POOR LAW.—Delegates from the different townships commenced in the Bradford Union, are invited to meet at Bradford, next Monday evening, to take into consideration the propriety of getting up a public meeting with a view of obtaining an extensive distribution of the Poor Law Amendment Act.

JOHN BELL, late Editor of the London Mercury.—At a meeting of the Bradford Radical Association on Monday night last, an amendment, namely, "That the Radicals of England, for allowing so warm and talented an advocate of their principles to have been (in consequence of their non-support of the Poor Law Amendment Act) expelled from the ranks of the party, and become Editor of the Tory Morning Herald, were the parties most censurable," was carried, by a majority of two to one, in opposition to a proposition of a vote of censure on the apostate Editor. Mr. Bell is known to have been the possessor of a splendid fortune by his speculations in Radical papers.

DR. HOOK.—CHRIST CHURCH SUNDAY SCHOOL.—On the afternoon of Sunday last, Dr. HOOK, in his sermon, in support of the Poor Law Amendment Act, was very successful. The Church was crowded to excess; dissenters in abundance had repaired thither, to listen to the bold and eccentric mathematician. The preacher virtually claimed for the members of the Church of England, an exclusive right to the felicities of Heaven, and implicit submission to its doctrines and observances, as the summa bonum of Christian perfection. The collection at the close of the sermon amounted to £51. The morning's collection was £17, and the evening's £14.

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HULL TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—This important Society is daily increasing in usefulness. On Tuesday, an animated and interesting meeting was held in the Freemason's Hall, which was addressed by Mr. Hewitt, from Leeds, and several other gentlemen. The branch societies of Barton, Briggs, and Bealby, are also progressing most favourably. CHARGE OF STEALING.—Charles Greenwood, steward of the steamer, Lee, was charged before the Police Court, on Wednesday, charged by Allen, an active Custom-house officer, with having in his possession, about half-past eight o'clock on Tuesday evening, about 20lbs. weight of tobacco. On being taken next morning, the board of the Lee, by John Hayden, of the Lee, gave him an excellent character, which was confirmed by Mr. Allen himself. Greenwood denied the charge, and called John Chiltern, mate of the Lee, who swore that he had seen to near ten o'clock, that about half-past seven to near ten o'clock, he had seen in his house several times during the evening, and that he left for the last time about half-past eight, but remained at Chiltern's till after nine. Mr. Allen produced no witnesses, and failed to elicit any counter evidence. The magistrates retired to deliberate, and on their return into Court declared their belief to the establishment of all present that they did not consider the *adibi* established; and that they should, therefore, adjourn the case for a fortnight, but would give a prisoner to bail in consideration of his good character.

THE REHABILITATION.—A disagreement having arisen in this important body, we are glad to learn that an amicable separation has taken place, the majority withdrawing by mutual consent. This is far better than remaining together in a dissatisfied and disunited state. We hope that the two tents, or Societies, will both prosper and be useful. LECTURE.—On Sunday evening last, an eloquent and well-digested lecture, on the Nature of the Human Soul, was delivered to a most attentive congregation in Bethel Chapel, by Mr. Firth. The arrangement was good, and the arguments clear and vivid. ODD FELLOWSHIP AT RAWCLIFF.—On Tuesday week, the Lodge, Wm. the Fourth, belonging to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, dined together at the house of Mr. B. Laverick, sign of the Royal Oak, at Rawcliff, where a sumptuous and elegant repast was provided by the Host and Hostess. The members of the Brethren formed a procession, with banners, regalia, &c., and attended by the Knottling band, proceeded to the house of Mr. 189, where an excellent and appropriate discourse was delivered by the Rev. — Lloyd, Rector. After which, the procession marched to Crakes Hall, the seat of T. Crakes, Esq., the band playing several fine national and popular airs. On returning to the Lodge, the Brethren dined in order, and on the 10th being received, the Chairman of the meeting, "The Queen," which was drunk with the accustomed honours, and was followed by "The Members of the Lodge," "T. Crakes, Esq. and his daughters," "Rev. — Lloyd," and several others. On Wednesday, the wives and friends of the members took tea together, and all parties appeared highly gratified with the entertainments provided for them.

KEIGHLEY.—SERMONS.—On Sunday last, on the occasion of the re-opening of the Lord's church, in King-street, Keighley, two sermons were preached by the Rev. Wm. the Fourth, in the morning, on the true nature of the human mind, and in connection with the doctrine of redemption and salvation." On both occasions the church was filled, but in the afternoon it was crowded to excess. The importance of the subjects commended the most implicit attention on the part of the congregation, and a great effect was evidently produced by the most impressive and thoroughly argumentative manner in which the important matters were handled by the preacher. The forenoon's discourse might more properly be considered a lecture than a sermon. It embraced a full consideration of all the objections urged by materialists of every grade against the existence of spiritual immortality of the soul. It also exposed other misconceptions of the popular character upon this subject. The motto of the discourse was the very appropriate words from the 8th Psalm, "What is man?" The afternoon service was unusually long, being extended from a quarter past two o'clock, till after five—the sermon occupying nearly an hour in the delivery, during which long period the congregation manifested the most marked attention, though they were so closely packed as to render the heat excessively oppressive. Collections were made after each service in aid of the trust funds.

ROCHDALE.—MR. AGLAND'S VISIT TO ROCHDALE.—This gentleman has been here to defend the Poor Law Amendment Act against all objections, and to prove it in respect to the benevolent and humane enactment. With respect to the objections of the Radicals, he has nothing more need be said, than that the Radicals, in need of measureless impudence, insolence, and petulance, on the part of his advocates, he is perfectly equal to the task. He was, however, very well met in discussion, and he failed in every instance to establish his position. The discussion occupied two nights, Monday night the 23rd, and Friday night the 27th. It was of the highest importance to the Radicals, in testing the public feeling. The opinion of the working classes and the Radicals is well known, and stood in need of no such circumstance as this to manifest it. But the importance of the discussion could not be attached to the bill, in its present point of view, the discussion was comparatively of no moment, by demerits of the bill being beyond all discussion. The working classes have long since made up their minds as to the propriety of the Poor Law Amendment Act. The Radicals here detest both the bill and all who advocate it. They conclude, and very justly too, that those who hold with the bill, be they of what party they may, are their bitterest enemies. They know it will be the means of bringing the working classes to coarser food. They have, therefore, on all occasions, given vent to their opinions and feelings most openly and unreservedly. This opinion of theirs is so well known, that the names of those who are dared to say any thing in favour of the Poor Law Amendment Act, except when paraded together, or sitting in close committee. So convinced were they of its unpopularity, that their candidate at the late election, felt it necessary to declare himself opposed to the introduction of it into the manufacturing districts, and also, that if he found it not to work well in the farming districts he would vote for its total repeal. The Tories, for the very same reason, were flaming opponents of the bill, and all who were called "No Bill! No Bill! No Bill!" were all their own. The Whigs here were considered to be of a better breed than many Whigs, but Mr. Agland's visit has done more to bring the bill into disrepute, than any sneaking, mean, unprincipled, and dirty faction, in its true colour. At the meetings the Whigs must have been the cause of the bill, by whom he was the influential of their party; and they manifested most unequivocally their ardent love of the bill. The people are now open; the bill is removed; the Whigs are exposed; their hypocrisy is made manifest, and the hidden love of cruelty and contempt for the people has risen to the surface. We now know fully who we have to deal with, and what we have to do. Henceforth, there is not, there cannot be, any bond of union between the Radicals and the Whigs here themselves. The thread is cut, and the knot is broken. It is worthy of notice, that Mr. Agland was challenged to the public discussion of the merits or demerits of the New Poor Law, by a young man in his audience, on condition of the proceeds of the house should be given to some charitable institution. This, however, the Patriot positively refused to accede to. FERRY SESSIONS, Monday, April 30.—This day John Howarth was brought before the magistrates on a charge of being drunk on Sunday morning, before day light, he was found in a pig-sty, belonging to Charles Whitworth, in which were five pigs, one of which he had severely tortured, by tying its four legs together with cord, until its feet were most severely injured. The case of the poor animal brought the magistrates to the bench, and the poor man was taken to the lock-up. When arraigned before the magistrates, a person came forward to state, that he was a magisterial mind. A person was in court to prove that on the previous evening, he had been driven out of another pig-sty, and that he had been driven out of another pig-sty, and that he had been driven out of another pig-sty. The Court committed him to a vagrant for two months.—Elizabeth Turner and Betty Ashworth, two prostitutes, were also committed for two months to the House of Correction, for being found in a public house, on the Sunday morning previous. He was lodged in prison. HULL.—On Tuesday night, some villains broke into the premises called "Lumber Hall," a lonely way a portable saw-mill, and carried off twenty-five pounds in money, and other property.

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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.—THE QUEEN'S PLATE OF ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS.—Lord Exeter's Yelver, 4 years, owned by Conolly 1; Mr. Filbeck's La Marquis, 4 years, owned by 2; Mr. Clark's Battersea Lass, 4 years, owned by 3; Mr. 3 to 2 on Yelver. Won in a canter. The 2,000 Guineas Stakes, a Sweepstakes of 100 sovs. each, for three years old, colts, set 7 lbs; fillies, set 6 lbs. R.M. 29 subscribers. Lord G. Bentinck's gr e Grey Monarch, Day 1; Mr. 2; Mr. 3; Mr. 4; Mr. 5; Mr. 6; Mr. 7; Mr. 8; Mr. 9; Mr. 10; Mr. 11; Mr. 12; Mr. 13; Mr. 14; Mr. 15; Mr. 16; Mr. 17; Mr. 18; Mr. 19; Mr. 20; Mr. 21; Mr. 22; Mr. 23; Mr. 24; Mr. 25; Mr. 26; Mr. 27; Mr. 28; Mr. 29; Mr. 30; Mr. 31; Mr. 32; Mr. 33; Mr. 34; Mr. 35; Mr. 36; Mr. 37; Mr. 38; Mr. 39; Mr. 40; Mr. 41; Mr. 42; Mr. 43; Mr. 44; Mr. 45; Mr. 46; Mr. 47; Mr. 48; Mr. 49; Mr. 50; Mr. 51; Mr. 52; Mr. 53; Mr. 54; Mr. 55; Mr. 56; Mr. 57; Mr. 58; Mr. 59; Mr. 60; Mr. 61; Mr. 62; Mr. 63; Mr. 64; Mr. 65; Mr. 66; Mr. 67; Mr. 68; Mr. 69; Mr. 70; Mr. 71; Mr. 72; Mr. 73; Mr. 74; Mr. 75; Mr. 76; Mr. 77; Mr. 78; Mr. 79; Mr. 80; Mr. 81; Mr. 82; Mr. 83; Mr. 84; Mr. 85; Mr. 86; Mr. 87; Mr. 88; Mr. 89; Mr. 90; Mr. 91; Mr. 92; Mr. 93; Mr. 94; Mr. 95; Mr. 96; Mr. 97; Mr. 98; Mr. 99; Mr. 100. The following also started, but were not placed:—Lord Exeter's Yelver, 4 years, owned by Conolly 1; Mr. Filbeck's La Marquis, 4 years, owned by 2; Mr. Clark's Battersea Lass, 4 years, owned by 3; Mr. 3 to 2 on Yelver. Won in a canter. The 2,000 Guineas Stakes, a Sweepstakes of 100 sovs. each, for three years old, colts, set 7 lbs; fillies, set 6 lbs. R.M. 29 subscribers. Lord G. Bentinck's gr e Grey Monarch, Day 1; Mr. 2; Mr. 3; Mr. 4; Mr. 5; Mr. 6; Mr. 7; Mr. 8; Mr. 9; Mr. 10; Mr. 11; Mr. 12; Mr. 13; Mr. 14; Mr. 15; Mr. 16; Mr. 17; Mr. 18; Mr. 19; Mr. 20; Mr. 21; Mr. 22; Mr. 23; Mr. 24; Mr. 25; Mr. 26; Mr. 27; Mr. 28; Mr. 29; Mr. 30; Mr. 31; Mr. 32; Mr. 33; Mr. 34; Mr. 35; Mr. 36; Mr. 37; Mr. 38; Mr. 39; Mr. 40; Mr. 41; Mr. 42; Mr. 43; Mr. 44; Mr. 45; Mr. 46; Mr. 47; Mr. 48; Mr. 49; Mr. 50; Mr. 51; Mr. 52; Mr. 53; Mr. 54; Mr. 55; Mr. 56; Mr. 57; Mr. 58; Mr. 59; Mr. 60; Mr. 61; Mr. 62; Mr. 63; Mr. 64; Mr. 65; Mr. 66; Mr. 67; Mr. 68; Mr. 69; Mr. 70; Mr. 71; Mr. 72; Mr. 73; Mr. 74; Mr. 75; Mr. 76; Mr. 77; Mr. 78; Mr. 79; Mr. 80; Mr. 81; Mr. 82; Mr. 83; Mr. 84; Mr. 85; Mr. 86; Mr. 87; Mr. 88; Mr. 89; Mr. 90; Mr. 91; Mr. 92; Mr. 93; Mr. 94; Mr. 95; Mr. 96; Mr. 97; Mr. 98; Mr. 99; Mr. 100. The following also started, but were not placed:—Lord Exeter's Yelver, 4 years, owned by Conolly 1; Mr. Filbeck's La Marquis, 4 years, owned by 2; Mr. Clark's Battersea Lass, 4 years, owned by 3; Mr. 3 to 2 on Yelver. Won in a canter. The 2,000 Guineas Stakes, a Sweepstakes of 100 sovs. each, for three years old, colts, set 7 lbs; fillies, set 6 lbs. R.M. 29 subscribers. Lord G. Bentinck's gr e Grey Monarch, Day 1; Mr. 2; Mr. 3; Mr. 4; Mr. 5; Mr. 6; Mr. 7; Mr. 8; Mr. 9; Mr. 10; Mr. 11; Mr. 12; Mr. 13; Mr. 14; Mr. 15; Mr. 16; Mr. 17; Mr. 18; Mr. 19; Mr. 20; Mr. 21; Mr. 22; Mr. 23; Mr. 24; Mr. 25; Mr. 26; Mr. 27; Mr. 28; Mr. 29; Mr. 30; Mr. 31; Mr. 32; Mr. 33; Mr. 34; Mr. 35; Mr. 36; Mr. 37; Mr. 38; Mr. 39; Mr. 40; Mr. 41; Mr. 42; Mr. 43; Mr. 44; Mr. 45; Mr. 46; Mr. 47; Mr. 48; Mr. 49; Mr. 50; Mr. 51; Mr. 52; Mr. 53; Mr. 54; Mr. 55; Mr. 56; Mr. 57; Mr. 58; Mr. 59; Mr. 60; Mr. 61; Mr. 62; Mr. 63; Mr. 64; Mr. 65; Mr. 66; Mr. 67; Mr. 68; Mr. 69; Mr. 70; Mr. 71; Mr. 72; Mr. 73; Mr. 74; Mr. 75; Mr. 76; Mr. 77; Mr. 78; Mr. 79; Mr. 80; Mr. 81; Mr. 82; Mr. 83; Mr. 84; Mr. 85; Mr. 86; Mr. 87; Mr. 88; Mr. 89; Mr. 90; Mr. 91; Mr. 92; Mr. 93; Mr. 94; Mr. 95; Mr. 96; Mr. 97; Mr. 98; Mr. 99; Mr. 100.

THE DERRY.—7 to 1 against Lord Jersey's Phoenix—offered—take 8 to 1 on 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—2 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—3 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—4 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—5 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—6 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—7 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—8 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—9 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—10 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—11 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—12 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—13 to 1 against Lord G. Bentinck's Grey Monarch—14 to 1 against Lord G. Bentin

FACTORY QUESTION.—GREAT MEETING AT BRADFORD.

On Tuesday evening last, a meeting was convened in the Bradford Temperance Hall, for the purpose of representing to Parliament the feelings of the inhabitants of that town on the Factory Bill, now before the House of Commons.

Mr. Burgess had proposed to adopt in their schools an excellent regulation; and if they did not know how to do it, there could be no doubt that they would soon be some eminent philosophers by means of the hon. book of Her Majesty's Ministers.

Mr. GOWARD MILLS seconded the resolution, stating that so much had been said by Mr. Walker, and so much good purpose, that he had nothing further to advance on the question.

Mr. PERZA BUSSEY was next introduced to the meeting, and was received with very loud cheers. He said it devolved upon him to propose that a remonstrance be sent to the House of Commons.

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LITERATURE AND REVIEWS.

THE WANDERER'S DEATH-BED. BY S. GOWEN.

THE MONTHLY CHRONICLE.

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Being £5 per head upon a population of 22 millions. Constitutional-National (or what you like) Taxation; as follows (viz) at that time: Customs £1,200,000; Stamp-duty £1,200,000; Excise £1,200,000; Post-office £1,200,000; Sinking Fund £1,200,000; Total £5,000,000.



FORMATION AND OBJECTS OF THE GREAT NORTHERN UNION.

In pursuance of a resolution passed on Wednesday the 26th of April, 1838, at a general meeting of the Leeds Working Men's Association...

OBJECTS.

First.—That inasmuch as the Reform Bill has failed to produce any practical benefit for the working classes, and inasmuch as all unions of working men have hitherto been divided by party...

of his audience, and conjured them to be united for the exercise and enforcement of that principle of justice which regards all men as entitled to the rights of freedom of speech...

Mr. JAMES BEDFORD in a lengthy and animated speech—describing the Bill as being rank Whiggery from end to end—as slippery as an eel in the hand...

Imperial Parliament.

HOUSE OF LORDS, Friday, April 27. Their Lordships assembled this day after the Easter recess...

The Marquis of SLIGO and other Peers presented a number of petitions in favour of the total abolition of slavery...

The Marquis of LANSDOWNE presented several petitions praying for an alteration of the law relating to copyright...

Lord MELBOURNE repeated the answer that any renewal of such order was not contemplated. The Earl of SELWICK said...

Lord MELBOURNE observed, that although it was not the intention of the Government to renew the Order in Council...

Lord MELBOURNE rejoined, that the Noble Lord might draw what inference he pleased, but he begged leave to protest against any such inference...

The Earl of LONDONDERRY inquired whether there was to be any alteration of the time fixed for the coronation...

Lord MELBOURNE answered that it was intended to defer the coronation for a day or two, but to fix it in the same week...

Lord MELBOURNE answered that if Mr. Torton had any objection to the day as the anniversary of the death of George IV...

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had already occurred under the new poor law measure. Their lordships were aware of the reports which appeared in the journals respecting the Leeds Bridgeway Union...

On the motion of Lord J. RUSSELL the Consolidated Fund Bill was read a second time and ordered to be committed.

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HOUSE OF COMMONS.—Friday, April 27. The St. Helen's and Humber Gap Railway Bill, which was read a second time...

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LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE RATES. Reduced 80 per Cent. per Annum. Being a Saving to the Public of £500,000 per Annum!

INDEPENDENT WEST MIDDLESEX ASSURANCE COMPANY. For Fire, Lives, and Annuities.

MANAGERS. Thomas Knowles, Esq. H. R. Perkins, Esq. Thomas Bell, Esq. James Drummond, Esq. Samuel Eyre, Esq. Robert Ferguson, Esq. Thomas Hope, Esq.

AGENTS. MR. WM. WORMALD, Solicitor, 11, Albion Street. MR. G. KEIR, Solicitor.

LAST WEEK. YORK CORN MARKET. April 28.—The supply of wheat at this day's market was owing to the farmers being engaged sowing...

REDUCED PRICES. Boxes, 2s. 6d. 1s. Gallery, 6d. NEXT MONDAY EVENING, MAY 7th, and every Evening during that Week.

LOCAL MARKETS. YESTERDAY'S WAKEFIELD CORN MARKET. The fresh arrivals of all Grain here to-day are short.

LEEDS CLOTH MARKETS.—In the Coloured and White Cloth halls during the past week, the demand has been very limited...

WAKEFIELD WOOL MARKET, May 4.—We had but little variation to report in the market this week...

ROCHDALE FLANNEL MARKET, April 30.—A heavy bloom still hangs over our market; no disposition is shown to purchase any description of goods...

WAKEFIELD CATTLE MARKET, April 30.—A very large show of fat Sheep at this day's market, but a beef only very limited...

ROTHAM CATTLE MARKET, April 30.—A very large show of fat Sheep at this day's market, but a beef only very limited...

PRICE OF TALLOW.—The price of Tallow in this town is 4s. 6d. per stone. DREWBEY CLOTH HALL, April 30.—To-day business was exceedingly flat...

WAKEFIELD CATTLE MARKET, May 2.—We had a large supply of Sheep at market this morning. The beasts were of a moderate quality...

MANCHESTER CATTLE MARKET, May 2.—The statement of the market is as follows:—There was more cattle at market, which met with good sale...

DRIFFIELD FORTNIGHT CATTLE MARKET, Monday, April 30.—At this market there was a good attendance of buyers, with a capital show of fat and lean beasts...

SKIPTON CATTLE MARKET, April 30.—We had only a short supply of Cattle, and the attendance of buyers being good, there was a brisk sale...

MALTON CORN MARKET, April 28.—There was a very short supply of all sorts of Grain at our market this day, which sold at the following prices:—Wheat, 7s. 6d. to 8s. 6d. per bushel...

HOWDEN CORN MARKET, APRIL 28. Total Quantities, &c. Pr. Qr. Tot. Amount. Imp. Measure. £. s. d. £. s. d.

BOROUGHBRIDGE CORN MARKET, April 28.—Wheat, 5s. 6d. to 6s.; Barley, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.; Beans, 5s. 6d. to 6s. 6d. per bushel...

BOROUGHBRIDGE FAIR, April 27 and 28.—We had a good supply of Cattle, for which there appeared to be a great demand...

HULL CORN MARKET, May 1.—The supply of Wheat at our market to-day was better than for some weeks past, but the farmers were generally demanding considerably advanced rates...

NEWCASTLE CORN MARKET, April 28.—We had at this morning's market a fair supply of farmer's wheat, and good arrivals costlier than weather continues cold...

LEEDS.—Printed for the Proprietor, FRASER O'CONNOR, Esq., of Hammersmith, County of Middlesex, by JOSHUA HOBSON, at the Printing Office, No. 12, and 13, Market Street, Brigatage, and by JOSHUA HOBSON, at his Dwelling-house, No. 5, Market Street, Brigatage...